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JOURNALS

OF THE

HONORABLE SENATE

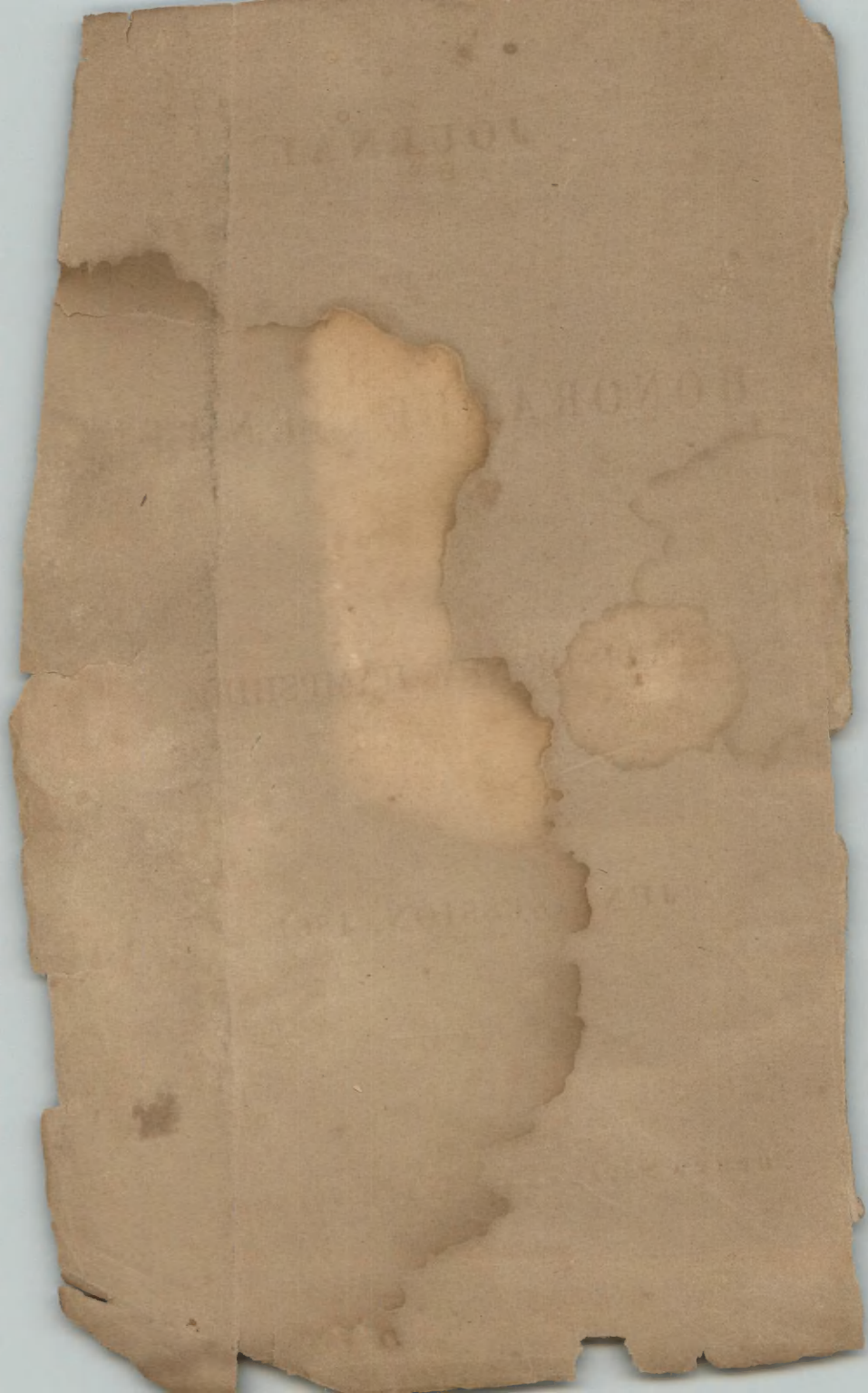
AND

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

JUNE SESSION, 1861.

CONCORD:
HENRY McFARLAND, STATE PRINTER.
1861.

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JOURNAL ·

OF THE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OF THE

STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE,

JUNE SESSION, 1861.

EDWARD SAWYER, CLERK.

CONCORD:

HENRY MCFARLAND, STATE PRINTER.

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JOURNAL
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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
JUNE SESSION, 1861.

WEDNESDAY, June 5, 1861.

MORNING SESSION.

A quorum of the whole number of Representatives from the several towns and districts in the State of New-Hampshire having assembled in the Capitol, in the city of Concord, in said State, on the first Wednesday of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one, being the day designated by the Constitution for the assembling of the Legislature, the following gentlemen, having presented their credentials, were duly qualified by His Excellency the Governor, as members of the House of Representatives, by taking and subscribing the oaths of office, agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution :

FROM ROCKINGHAM COUNTY.

Atkinson—Daniel W. Goodnow.
Auburn—George P. Clark.
Brentwood—Simon Gordon.
Chester—Daniel Bell.
Danville—Joseph W. Blake.
Deerfield—Joseph J. Dearborn, Sewell Goodhue.
Derry—Humphrey Choate, Henry E. Eastman.
East Kingston—Benjamin K. Webster.
Epping—George S. Rundlett.

Farmington—John H. Hurd, Joshua P. Richardson.
 Lee—Levi C. McDaniel.
 Madbury—Ezra E. Demeritt.
 Middleton—Ebenezer S. Pike.
 Milton—Enoch W. Plumer, Charles A. Varney.
 New-Durham—Balis B. Tebbetts.
 Rochester—Levi Meader, Franklin McDuffee, Micajah H.
 Wentworth.
 Somersworth—Edward A. Rollins, Oliver H. Lord, Thomas
 Snow, David H. Buffam.
 Strafford—Joshua Otis, Charles F. Montgomery.

FROM BELKNAP COUNTY.

Alton—George D. Savage, Jonathan F. Chesley.
 Barnstead—Charles S. George, John McNeil.
 Center-Harbor—Samuel S. Plaisted.
 Gilford—Abraham L. Morrison, Solomon Cole, Harrison G.
 Bennett.
 Gilmanton—John K. Woodman, Cyrus Gilman.
 Laconia—Augustus Doe.
 Meredith—Isaac Leavitt, Joseph W. Lang, Jr.
 New-Hampton—John C. Smith.
 Sanbornton—Bradbury T. Brown, Jonathan H. Taylor.
 Upper-Gilmanton—Morrison Rowe.

FROM CARROLL COUNTY.

Bartlett—Elias M. Hall.
 Brookfield—Deren F. Stoddard.
 Chatham—Moses Fife.
 Conway—Jacob Lewis, Samuel Hazelton.
 Eaton—Isaac Atkinson.
 Effingham—Andrew J. Milliken.
 Freedom—Cyrus Fowler.
 Jackson—Joshua Trickey.
 Madison—Josiah H. Hobbs.
 Moultonborough—Ezekiel S. Flanders.
 Ossipee—Joseph Q. Rolls, Asa Beacham.
 Sandwich—Langdon G. Clark, Caleb M. Marston.
 Tamworth—James Emery, Jeremiah H. Merrill.
 Tuftonborough—Levi T. Piper.
 Wakefield—John W. Sanborn.
 Wolf borough—John C. Young, Moses Thompson.

FROM MERRIMACK COUNTY.

- Allentown—Amos P. Blaisdell.
 Andover—John Proctor.
 Boscawen—Luther Gage.
 Bow—James Thompson.
 Bradford—Cummings Pierce.
 Canterbury—George W. Peverly.
 Chichester—Thomas Berry.
 Concord, Ward 1—David A. Brown.
 “ “ 2—John L. Tallant.
 “ “ 3—Ira Rowell.
 “ “ 4—Samuel Coffin, Charles H. Herbert.
 “ “ 5—Henry S. Shattuck, Enos Blake.
 “ “ 6—David J. Abbott, Lyman D. Stevens.
 “ “ 7—Benjamin Green.
 Dunbarton—Daniel H. Parker.
 Epsom—Edward H. Goodhue.
 Franklin—Stephen Kenrick, Warren F. Daniell.
 Henniker—Carlton S. Dodge, Cyrus Goss.
 Hooksett—Nat Head.
 Loudon—Abiel Ordway, Nathaniel L. Sanborn.
 Newbury—William H. Sawyer.
 New-London—Anthony C. Burpee.
 Northfield—Wesley Knowles.
 Pembroke—Martin H. Cochran.
 Pittsfield—Jackson Freese.
 Salisbury—John C. Smith.
 Sutton—John G. Huntoon.
 Warner—Augustine W. Harriman, Stephen C. Pattee.
 Webster—Albert Runnels.
 Wilmot—John Teel.

FROM HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY.

- Amherst—Jotham Hartshorn.
 Antrim—Nathan W. C. Jameson.
 Bedford—Henry Hale.
 Bennington—Henry H. Dunklee.
 Brookline—Francis A. Peterson.
 Deering—Reuben Lovering.
 Francestown—Daniel F. Frye.
 Goffstown—Thomas R. Butterfield, Albert G. Robie.

- Greenfield—John B. Favor.
 Hancock—Asa Simond.
 Hillsborough—Abel C. Burnham, Francis N. Blood.
 Hollis—Minot Farley.
 Hudson—William H. Chase.
 Litchfield—Jonathan A. Griffin.
 Lyndeborough—Israel Herrick.
 Manchester, Ward 1—Charles Brown, Reuben Hills.
 “ “ 2—Ezekiel A. Straw, Ezra P. Pearsons.
 “ “ 3—Elijah M. Topliff, John B. Chase,
 Frederick A. Morse.
 “ “ 4—Gilman H. Kimball, John C. Young,
 George Holbrook.
 “ “ 5—John Coughlin, Cornelius Healey, Jr.
 “ “ 6—Walter H. Noyes, Horace Pettee.
 “ “ 7—Daniel K. Mack.
 “ “ 8—De Lafayette Robinson.
 Mason—Thomas H. Marshall.
 Merrimack—Simeon Kenney.
 Milford—George F. Bartlett, William Lane.
 Mont-Vernon—Charles J. Smith.
 Nashua, Ward 1—Aaron P. Hughes.
 “ “ 2—Luther H. Clement.
 “ “ 3—Daniel Moore.
 “ “ 4—Edward P. Emerson.
 “ “ 5—Levi Robinson, George W. Blakeslee.
 “ “ 6—Hiram Campbell, John G. Blunt.
 “ “ 7—David A. G. Warner.
 “ “ 8—Stillman Swallow.
 New-Boston—James Danforth.
 New-Ipswich—Nathan Sanders, George Boyden.
 Pelham—Daniel Marshall.
 Peterborough—Andrew A. Farnsworth, Cornelius V. Dearborn.
 Temple—James Killam.
 Weare—Moses A. Cartland, Simon G. Gove.
 Wilton, William Barrett.
 Windsor—David Curtis.

FROM CHESHIRE COUNTY.

- Alstead—Paschal P. Banks.
 Chesterfield—John M. Richardson.
 Dublin—Calvin Mason.

Fitzwilliam—Josiah E. Carter.
 Gilsum—Daniel W. Bill.
 Hinsdale—Charles J. Amidon.
 Jaffrey—Charles H. Powers.
 Keene—Levi Chamberlain, George Holmes, Edward Edwards,
 Charles Chase.
 Marlborough—Charles K. Mason.
 Marlow—James Burnap.
 Nelson—Darius Farwell.
 Richmond—Hosea B. Aldrich.
 Rindge—Josiah Abbott,
 Roxbury—Gilman Nims.
 Stoddard—Silas Dinsmore.
 Sullivan—Dauphin W. Wilson.
 Swanzey—Enoch Howes, Oliver Capron.
 Troy—Abiel M. Caverly.
 Walpole—Augustus F. Maynard, Oliver Martin.
 Westmoreland, Anson Cole.
 Winchester—William Rixford, Mowry Sabin.

FROM SULLIVAN COUNTY.

Acworth—Zenas Slader.
 Charlestown—Charles C. Kimball, Harvey Abbott.
 Claremont—Solon C. Grannis, Timothy D. Kimball, Charles
 H. Eastman, James Goodwin.
 Cornish—Araunah Burnap.
 Croydon—Paine Durkee.
 Goshen—Jonas Parker.
 Grantham—Adolphus Hall.
 Langdon—Thomas Winch.
 Lempster—Ransom P. Beckwith.
 Newport—Paul J. Wheeler, William Nourse.
 Plainfield—Charles F. Gallup, Daniel G. Stickney.
 Sunapee—Daniel George.
 Unity—Lyman Rounseville.
 Washington—John McIlvin.

FROM GRAFTON COUNTY.

Alexandria—Schuyler Walker.
 Bath—Daniel Holt.
 Benton—James Page.

Bethlehem—Willard A. McGregory.
 Bridgewater—Thomas Hammond.
 Bristol—Frederick Bartlett.
 Campton—Amos Flint.
 Canaan—George W. Murray, Charles Day.
 Danbury—Wells Currier.
 Dorchester—Frederick A. Dolloff.
 Ellsworth and Waterville—James Randall.
 Enfield—James Edwards, Harry Huse.
 Franconia—Eleazer B. Parker.
 Grafton—Richard Cole.
 Groton—Asel Buel.
 Hanover—John Huntoon, William Tenney.
 Haverhill—Nathaniel W. Westgate, Daniel Morse, 2d.
 Hebron—Jonathan V. Morse.
 Hill—Albert Blake.
 Holderness—Aaron M. Gordon, Jesse Mudgett.
 Landaff—William L. Shattuck.
 Lebanon—Francis A. Cushman, George Blood.
 Lisbon—Moses A. Quimby, Carlton B. Hutchins.
 Littleton—Harry Bingham, Douglas Robbins.
 Lyman—Harrison Porter.
 Lyme—David Culver, Chester Dimick.
 Monroe—Horace Duncan.
 Orange—Truman F. Thomas.
 Orford—Daniel P. Wheeler.
 Piermont—Micajah Emerson.
 Plymouth—Caleb D. Penniman.
 Rumney—Daniel S. Ward.
 Thornton—Osgood Page.
 Warren—Ira M. Weeks.
 Wentworth—Thomas J. Smith.
 Woodstock and Lincoln—Jesse Jackman.

FROM COÖS COUNTY.

Berlin and Randolph—Fletcher I. Beane.
 Carroll and Hart's Location—Phineas Rosebrooks.
 Clarkville and Pittsburgh—George Washburne.
 Colebrook—Ethan Colby.
 Columbia—John R. Annis.
 Dalton—Thomas Smith.
 Errol, Cambridge, &c.—Moses F. Coolidge.

Gorham—Caleb S. Peabody.
 Jefferson—Charles L. Plaisted.
 Milan—Columbus Lane.
 Northumberland—James W. Abbott.
 Shelburne and Green's Grant—Joseph M. Thompson.
 Stark and Dummer—Gilman Twitchell.
 Stewartstown—James A. Morrill.
 Stratford—Ephraim M. Sweatt.
 Whitefield—Moses H. Gordon.

After administering the constitutional oath, His Excellency the Governor, attended by the honorable Council and Secretary of State, withdrew from the hall.

The House was called to order by Edward Sawyer, clerk of last year.

On motion of Mr. McDuffie, of Rochester, Paul J. Wheeler, of Newport, was elected temporary chairman.

On motion of Mr. Chamberlain, of Keene, the House proceeded by ballot to the election of Speaker.

The ballots being returned, sorted and counted, the chairman declared the result to be as follows :

The whole number of votes cast is	305
Necessary for a choice,	153
Aaron P. Hughes, of Nashua, had	114
Edward A. Rollins, of Somersworth, had	191
—and was elected.	

The chairman appointed Messrs. Hughes of Nashua, and Woodman of Dover, a committee to conduct the Speaker elect to the chair.

Speaker ROLLINS having taken the chair, addressed the House as follows :

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives :

In obedience to the Constitution and the lawfully expressed wishes of your constituents you have gathered here, to join with the honorable Senate in making, ordaining and establishing all manner of wholesome and reasonable laws, which you may judge for the welfare and benefit of the State and its subjects, and necessary for the support and defence of its government.

Beyond this, but for the security and guaranty of this, you are here to strike hands with the Federal authorities, in recogni-

tion of the duty of our State to do her righteous part in suppressing rebellion and arresting treason. For though New-Hampshire is not ambitious to furnish the battle-ground for this conflict in support of our national ensign and defence of our national life, she will be false to her history and false to humanity, treacherous to the memory of her revolutionary heroes, and reckless of her coming children, if, in this hour of our peril, her well equipped regiments are absent at the roll call, or falter in the fight. Therefore I rejoice to know that I do not breathe the spirit of a partisan, or do violence to the proprieties of the occasion, in adding that you are here to ascertain and approach your constitutional limits in the solution of this great problem of self-government—in telling the thronging, listening millions of the world, whether or not it is a cheat and a delusion.

The partiality of your ballots has requested me to preside over your deliberations. You have summoned me to a position, honorable, but arduous and responsible, from which I should shrink were I not assured that your coöperation and charity will never for a moment abandon me. These I shall look for and lean upon.

You know your duty,—it will be mine simply to subserve your pleasure, not to restrain it; to facilitate, not to obstruct, the proper expression of your deliberate judgment.

I thank you warmly for this proof of your confidence and kindness, and though I bring with me no large ability or experience, I pledge my honor that in the discharge of my official duties I will know neither indolence, favoritism, nor self-accusation.

Mr. Stevens, of Concord, introduced the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That Edward Sawyer, of Dover, be appointed Clerk of the House of Representatives, and Samuel D. Lord, of Manchester, be appointed Assistant Clerk of the House of Representatives for the ensuing year.

The clerks elect were then qualified, and entered upon the discharge of their duties.

Mr. Wheeler, of Newport, introduced the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That Edmund Brown, of Lancaster, and Uriel L. Comings, of Cornish, be appointed door-keepers of the House of Representatives for the ensuing year.

The door-keepers elect, appearing, were duly qualified, and entered upon their duties.

On motion of Mr. Emerson, of Nashua,

Resolved, That the rules of the House for the last session be adopted as the rules of the House for the present session, until otherwise ordered.

On motion of Mr. Collins, of Exeter,

Resolved, That when the House adjourns this forenoon, it adjourn to meet at 3 o'clock in the afternoon; and when it adjourn in the afternoon, it adjourn to meet at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and that those be the hours of meeting until otherwise ordered by the House.

On motion of Mr. Bartlett, of Milford,

Resolved, That a committee of ten, one from each county, be appointed by the chair, to select some suitable clergyman to officiate as chaplain of the Legislature during the present session; and that prayer be offered each morning of the session, in the Representatives' Hall, immediately preceding the forenoon session; and that the Governor and Council, and the Senate, be invited to attend.

Ordered, That Messrs. Bartlett of Milford, Nason of Hampton-Falls, Plumer of Milton, Taylor of Sanbornton, Milliken of Effingham, Coffin of Concord, Edwards of Keene, Gallup of Plainfield, Tenney of Hanover and Abbott of Northumberland, be said committee.

On motion of Mr. Coughlin, of Manchester,

Resolved, That information be given the honorable Senate that the House of Representatives, having assembled, have chosen Edward A. Rollins Speaker, Edward Sawyer Clerk, Samuel D. Lord Assistant Clerk, and are now ready to proceed with the business of the session.

On motion of Mr. Abbott, of Concord,

Resolved, That the Clerk be directed to procure one copy of each of the daily papers, including the morning issue of the Telegraph Bulletin, printed in this city, for the use of each member during the present session of the Legislature.

On motion of Mr. Coughlin, of Manchester,

Resolved, That the reporters for the New-Hampshire Patriot and State Gazette, New-Hampshire Statesman, and Independent Democrat, be allowed to occupy, respectively, the same seats in this House, during the present session of the Legislature, as were occupied by them last year.

On motion of Mr. Blood, of Hillsborough,

Resolved, That a committee of ten be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to wait on His Excellency the Governor, and inform him that a quorum of both branches of the Legislature have assembled, are organized, and are ready to receive any communication he may be pleased to make.

Ordered, That Messrs. Blood of Hillsborough, Dearborn of Deerfield, Wentworth of Rochester, Woodman of Gilmanton, Beacham of Ossipee, Freese of Pittsfield, Capron of Swanzey, Abbott of Charlestown, Shattuck of Landaff, and Gordon of Whitefield, be said committee, and that the clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

On motion of Mr. Abbott, of Concord,

Resolved, That a committee of ten be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to invite the Rev. Henry E. Parker to deliver an address before both branches of the Legislature to-morrow; and report the order of procedure in the public performances.

Ordered, That Messrs. Abbott of Concord, Clark of Auburn, Folsom of Dover, Taylor of Sanbornton, Merrill of Tamworth, Lovering of Deering, Powers of Jaffrey, Parker of Goshen, Emerson of Piermont and Plaisted of Jefferson, be said committee, and that the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

On motion of Mr. Abbott, of Rindge,

Resolved, That each member of the House be requested to leave with the Clerk, immediately after the adjournment this afternoon, a memorandum of his place of residence, age, boarding-place, occupation or profession, and the number of his seat.

A message from the Senate.

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate having assembled and chosen Hon. Herman

Foster President, William A. Preston Clerk, and Charles Henry Bartlett Assistant Clerk, are now ready to proceed with the business of the session.

Mr. Stevens, of Concord, introduced the following resolution, which was adopted, and the Clerk directed to request the concurrence of the honorable Senate therein :

Resolved, That the joint rules of the last Legislature be adopted as the joint rules of the two Houses during the present year, until otherwise ordered.

On motion of Mr. Wheeler, of Newport,
The House adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

On motion of Mr. Collins, of Exeter,

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to prepare and report rules for the government of the House for the present session.

Ordered, That Messrs. Collins of Exeter, Hughes of Nashua and Murray of Canaan, be said committee.

By leave Mr. Bartlett, of Milford, from a select committee, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That Rev. E. E. Cummings, D. D., of Concord, be and hereby is appointed chaplain, and that he be officially notified of his appointment by the proper officer of the House.

On motion of Mr. Coughlin, of Manchester,

Resolved, That a committee of two be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to prepare and report joint rules for the government of the two branches of the Legislature the present year.

Ordered, That Messrs. Wheeler of Newport and Goodall of Portsmouth be said committee, and that the Clerk notify the Senate thereof, and request their concurrence.

On motion of Mr. Emerson, of Nashua,

Resolved, That when the House adjourns this afternoon it adjourn to meet to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

Mr. Blood, of Hillsborough, introduced the following resolution, which was rejected :

Resolved, That the Speaker be authorized to appoint one or more "pages of the House," to act under the direction of the Speaker, within the body of the House.

On motion of Mr. Hills, of Plaistow,

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to assign committee rooms to the several committees during the present session.

Ordered, That Messrs. Hills of Plaistow, Abbott of Rindge, Green of Concord, Morse of Hebron and Abbott of Northumberland, be said committee, and that the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

A message from the Senate.

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the appointment of a joint committee to wait upon the Rev. Henry E. Parker, and invite him to deliver an address before both branches of the Legislature, and to report the order of proceedings in the public performances, and have, on their part, joined Messrs. Morrill and Chase.

They also concur in the appointment of a committee to wait upon His Excellency the Governor, and inform him of the organization of the Legislature, and have, on their part, joined Messrs. Patten and Burnham.

They also concur in the adoption of the joint rules of the two Houses of last year as the rules of the present session, until otherwise ordered.

Also in the appointment of a joint committee to prepare joint rules for the government of the two Houses the present session, and have joined, on their part, Mr. Allen.

Mr. Stevens, of Concord, introduced the following resolution, which was adopted, and the Clerk ordered to notify the Senate thereof :

Resolved, That the House of Representatives are now ready to meet the honorable Senate in convention, for the purpose of proceeding in the elections, agreeably to the requirements of the Constitution.

IN CONVENTION.

The Senate and House of Representatives having assembled in convention, the Secretary of State came in and laid before the convention the returns of votes for Governor in the several towns and places in the State of New-Hampshire, and the returns of votes for Councillors in the several councillor districts of said State.

On motion of Mr. Hackett, of the Senate,

Resolved, That the votes for Governor from the several towns and places in this State be referred to a committee, with instructions to open and record the same, compare and cast their numbers, and report thereon.

Ordered, That Messrs. Hackett of the Senate, Wheeler of Orford, and Hughes of Nashua, be said committee.

On motion of Mr. Patten, of the Senate,

Resolved, That the returns for the councillor districts in this State be referred to a committee, with instructions to open and record the same, compare and cast their numbers, and report thereon.

Ordered, That Messrs. Patten, of the Senate, Wentworth of Rochester, and Topliff of Manchester, be said committee.

On motion of Mr. Stevens, of Concord, the Convention rose, and the Senate retired.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. Durkee,

The House adjourned.

THURSDAY, June 6.

Prayer was offered by Rev. E. E. Cummings, chaplain of the House.

On motion of Mr. Coughlin the reading of the journal was omitted.

A message was received from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the appointment of a joint committee to assign rooms for the use of the committees of the Legislature, and have on their part joined Mr. Cooper.

The following message was received from His Excellency the Governor, by the hands of the Secretary of State :

COUNCIL CHAMBER, June 6, 1861.

To the honorable Senate and House of Representatives :

In compliance with a general desire of the citizens of the State to revive the ancient custom of an annual Election Sermon on the occasion of the assembling of the Legislature in June, I have invited Rev. HENRY E. PARKER, of Concord, to deliver a discourse at the commencement of the present session, and Mr. Parker has accepted the invitation.

Arrangements have been made for the delivery of the sermon at the South Church, in this city, after the adjournment of the two Houses this forenoon, and I would respectfully invite the Legislature to attend.

ICHABOD GOODWIN.

Mr. Abbott, of Concord, from the joint select committee appointed to invite Rev. Henry E. Parker to deliver an Election Sermon before both branches of the Legislature, reported that Rev. Mr. Parker has already accepted an invitation to deliver an Election Sermon, given by His Excellency the Governor, on the fourteenth day of May.

The committee on the part of the House also reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the House will attend the delivery of the Election Sermon, by Rev. Henry E. Parker, at the South Church, immediately after the adjournment this forenoon.

Mr. Blood, of Hillsborough, from the joint special committee appointed to wait upon His Excellency the Governor, and inform him that a quorum of both branches of the Legislature have assembled, are organized, and are ready to receive any communication he may be pleased to make, reported that they had been informed by His Excellency that he had no communication to make at this time.

On motion of Mr. Wheeler, of Newport,

Resolved, That when the House adjourns this morning, it adjourn to meet at one o'clock this afternoon.

On motion of Mr. Hughes, of Nashua,

Resolved, That the House of Representatives are now ready to meet the honorable Senate in convention, for the purpose of proceeding in the elections, agreeably to the requirements of the Constitution.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

IN CONVENTION.

Mr. Hackett, from the committee appointed to open and record the returns of votes from the several towns and places in this State, for Governor, and compare and cast their numbers, reported the result as follows :

Whole number of votes cast,	67,142
Necessary for a choice,	33,572
Estimated as scattering,	42
Levi Bartlett has	181
George Stark has	31,452
Nathaniel S. Berry has	35,467
—and the Honorable NATHANIEL S. BERRY, having a majority of all the votes cast, is duly elected Governor of the State of New-Hampshire for the ensuing political year.	

No returns have been received at the office of the Secretary of State from the towns of Albany and Surry.

The report was accepted.

Mr. Patten, of the Senate, from the committee to whom was referred the returns of votes for Councillors in the several Coun-

illor Districts in this State, with instructions to compare and cast their numbers, submitted the following report, which was accepted :

District No. 1.

The whole number of votes returned is	15,075
Necessary for a choice,	7,538
Estimated as scattering,	73
James H. Butler has	6,939
RICHARD P. J. TENNEY has	8,063
—and is elected.	

District No. 2.

The whole number of votes returned is	14,445
Necessary for a choice,	7,228
Estimated as scattering,	10
Moulton H. Marston has	6,916
DANIEL SAWYER has	7,519
—and is elected.	

District No. 3.

The whole number of votes returned is	16,006
Necessary for a choice,	8,004
Estimated as scattering,	51
James F. Briggs has	7,566
MOODY CURRIER has	8,389
—and is elected.	

District No. 4.

The whole number of votes returned is	9,864
Necessary for a choice,	4,933
Estimated as scattering,	35
Eleazer Jackson has	4,100
CHARLES F. BROOKS has	5,729
—and is elected.	

District No. 5.

The whole number of votes returned is	11,880
Necessary for a choice,	5,941
Estimated as scattering,	48
William H. Cummings has	5,834
DENISON R. BURNHAM has	5,998
—and is elected.	

No returns have been received from Surry, in District No. 4, and Albany, in District No. 2.

On motion of Mr. Hackett, of the Senate, the Convention rose and the Senate retired to their chamber.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. Goodall,

Resolved, That a committee of ten be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to wait upon the Honorable Nathaniel S. Berry, Governor elect, inform him of his election as Governor of the State for the ensuing year, and that the Legislature is now ready to receive any communication he may be pleased to make.

Ordered, That Messrs. Goodall of Portsmouth, Montgomery of Strafford, Reade of Dover, Piper of Tuftonborough, Blake of Concord, Blakeslee of Nashua, Rixford of Winchester, Goodwin of Claremont, Robbins of Littleton, and Thompson of Shelburne, be said committee, and that the Clerk notify the Senate and request their concurrence.

On motion of Mr. Topliff,

Resolved, That a committee of ten on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, be appointed to wait upon the honorable Councillors elect, and inform them of their election as Councillors of the State for the ensuing political year.

Ordered, That Messrs. Topliff of Manchester, Smith of Newmarket, Hurd of Farmington, Rowe of Upper Gilmanton, Marston of Sandwich, Sawyer of Newbury, Bill of Gilsum, Parker of Goshen, Morse of Hebron, and Washburne of Clarkville and Pittsburgh, be said committee, and that the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

• A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House in the appointment of a joint committee to wait upon the Honorable Nathaniel S. Berry, Governor elect, to inform him of his election as Governor, &c., and on their part have joined Messrs. Hackett and Burnham; and also in the appointment of a committee to wait upon the

Councillors elect and inform them of their election, and have joined Messrs. Cooper and Burns.

On motion of Mr. Wheeler, of Orford,

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to procure the printing of seven hundred copies of the Constitution of the United States, of this State, the rules of the Senate and House, the names of the members of both branches, with the officers thereof, the number of the seats they occupy, and their boarding places; also the committees of both branches, and to procure the same as soon as may be.

Ordered, That Messrs. Wheeler of Orford, Hobbs of Madison, and Aldrich of Richmond, be said committee, and that the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

On motion of Mr. Goodall,

The House adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

Mr. Goodale, from the joint special committee to wait on Hon. Nathaniel S. Berry, and inform him of his election as Governor of this State for the ensuing political year, reported that the Governor elect would meet the Senate and House in joint Convention, at one quarter before two o'clock this afternoon, and then and there take and subscribe the oaths prescribed by the Constitution, and would then make a communication.

The report was accepted.

Mr. Topliff, from a joint special committee, reported that they had waited upon the Councillors elect, informed them of their election as Councillors for the ensuing political year, and that they had severally signified their acceptance of the same.

The report was accepted.

On motion of Mr. McDuffee,

Resolved, That the select committee appointed to wait upon His Excellency the Governor elect, and inform him of his elec-

tion, be a committee on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to wait on the Hon. Nathaniel S. Berry at one quarter before two o'clock this afternoon, and conduct him, with the honorable Council, to the Representatives' Chamber.

Ordered, That the clerk inform the Senate thereof, and request their concurrence.

On motion of Mr. Holbrook,

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to wait on His Excellency the Governor, and inform him that the following gentlemen have been elected Councillors for the ensuing year, have been duly notified of their election, and have signified their acceptance of the same: From District No. 1, Richard P. J. Tenney; from District No. 2, Daniel Sawyer; from District No. 3, Moody Currier; from District No. 4, Charles F. Brooks, and from District No. 5, Denison R. Burnham.

Ordered, That Messrs. Holbrook of Manchester, Sanborn of Loudon, Boyden of New-Ipswich, Dimick of Lyme, and Dinsmore of Stoddard, be said committee, and that the clerk request the concurrence of the Senate.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker : The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the adoption of a resolution directing the committee appointed to inform the Governor elect of his election, to wait upon the Governor elect at one quarter before two o'clock, and conduct him, with the honorable Council, to the House of Representatives, and on their part join Messrs. Hackett and Burnham.

They also concur in the appointment of a committee to wait on His Excellency the Governor, and inform him of the election of Councillors, and have joined Messrs. Cooper and Burns.

On motion of Mr. Stevens,

Resolved, That the House of Representatives are now ready to meet the honorable Senate in convention, for the purpose of proceeding in the elections, agreeably to the requirements of the Constitution.

Ordered, That the clerk notify the Senate thereof.

IN CONVENTION.

The Senate and House of Representatives, being assembled in Convention, in the Representatives' Hall, His Excellency Governor Goodwin, and the Hon. Nathaniel S. Berry, Governor elect, came in, attended by the honorable Council, and escorted by the joint select committee of the two branches of the Legislature.

His Excellency Governor GOODWIN then addressed the Convention as follows :

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives :

Since the last session of the General Court a revolution against the progress of civilization and the liberties of the people has been attempted in our country. This revolution has been for years in preparation, and derives its principal strength from the efforts and influence of men holding place under the General Government, who have conspired to overthrow that Constitution which it was their solemn and imperative duty to uphold. This gigantic conspiracy against liberty and law developed during the past winter a formidable organization for the destruction of the best government which good men ever formed ; against which bad men ever conspired : and that our government, controlled as it has been to a great extent by its enemies, has not been entirely overthrown, is to be attributed to the self-adjusting power of free institutions, and the virtues and energies of a free people.

While it was yet uncertain how far this rebellion would extend, and with an earnest desire that nothing which honorable men could either ask or grant should be left untried, to preserve a Union consecrated by so many hallowed memories, and hitherto attended by such unexampled prosperity, I, in compliance with the unanimous commendation of our delegation in Congress, and in accordance with my own views of duty, requested the Hon. Amos Tuck, the Hon. Levi Chamberlain, and the Hon. Asa Fowler to attend, as Commissioners for this State, the Convention which assembled at Washington on the 4th of February last, upon the recommendation of the State of Virginia.

I herewith transmit the report made to me by our Commissioners, and recommend that the Legislature make them suitable compensation.

On the 15th of April last I received by telegraph, through the War Department, a requisition from the President of the United States, calling for one regiment from this State for three months' service, to be employed in suppressing the rebellion against the laws of the General Government.*

This requisition was followed by an intimation that another regiment might soon be required. The state of our militia organization was such that I could not, by a military order, fulfill the constitutional obligations of the State. Upon reflection, I came to the conclusion that I could meet this call with less delay and less expense by a voluntary enlistment, than by any other method, and this course was adopted. The prompt and liberal manner in which our banks and citizens placed a large amount of money at my disposal, removed the necessity of convening a special session of the Legislature.

The first regiment was promptly enlisted, well equipped and appointed in every particular, and placed under the command of Col. Mason W. Tappan.

This regiment was mustered into the United States service on the seventh day of May, at which time the Secretary of War was notified that it awaited his orders. I would here remark, that soon after this regiment was called for, I was notified by the Secretary of War that it would not be required before the twentieth of May; on which day Lieut. Gen. Scott requested me to send it to Washington. On the twenty-fifth of May it left Concord for Washington, at which place it arrived safely on the twenty-seventh, and I trust it will reflect credit upon the State, and perform efficient service in upholding our Constitution and Laws.

So unanimous was our whole population in resisting this attempt to overthrow the Constitution and liberties of the people, that the second regiment was filled as readily as the

*The requisition for the First Regiment was made on the 15th of April. On the 7th of May this regiment was mustered into the United States service, making only *twenty-two days* from the order to its execution.

first. While the second regiment was organizing, and after the appointment of Col. T. P. Pierce, of Manchester, to its command, I received information from the War Department that it was the desire of the government that all future enlistments should be made for "three years, or during the war," and that men enlisted for three months, refusing to enlist for the war, be discharged. In accordance with this suggestion I changed the term of enlistment, and over five hundred of those who had enlisted for three months reënlisted for three years, and the entire regiment of one thousand and forty-six men was promptly made up.

Col. Pierce, whom I esteem a valuable officer, in consequence of the change in the term of service, having resigned his command, the Hon. Gilman Marston has been appointed to his place. This regiment has also been mustered into the service of the United States by Major Eastman of the United States army, and is under drill at Portsmouth. It will leave in a few days for Washington. So generously have our patriotic citizens responded to the call of the country, that many of the three months men, left at Fort Constitution, and others who have enlisted for three years but are not required to complete the second regiment, will form a nucleus for a third regiment, the enrollment of which can be readily accomplished if required; otherwise they will serve to give efficiency to the reorganization of the State militia. A portion of the three months recruits has been placed by Maj. Gen. Wool, at my suggestion, in Fort Constitution, for the defence of the harbor of Portsmouth, and, by authority of Gen. Wool and the Secretary of the Navy, I have put that fort in a condition of defence.

I hoped to lay before you at this time the entire expense of the requisition upon the State for troops and defence of the harbor of Portsmouth, but I find it impossible. A very considerable portion of this will be repaid by the General Government.

Some time since, in conjunction with Gov. Andrew, of Massachusetts, who sent an agent to Europe for the purpose, I issued an order for two thousand stand of arms for the use of this State. I have recently been informed that the order has not been executed. As your session was so

near at hand I declined to renew it, and will refer to the Legislature to determine what action, if any, shall be taken on the subject.

The experience of the last few weeks has brought distinctly to my mind the necessity for some more efficient and available military organization than now exists in this State. With a view to facilitate your action upon this subject, which must necessarily be before you, I have requested the Hon. Ira Perley, Gen. George Stark and Col. Paul R. George to prepare a bill upon this subject for your consideration.

A rifle company, composed principally of Concord young men, of high character and sobriety, under command of Capt. Griffin, of Concord, were desirous of being armed with Sharp's rifles, to fit them as skirmishers to the Second Regiment. The citizens of Concord, together with many members of the company, subscribed an amount sufficient to pay for these rifles, provided the State would not assume the expense, and the arms have been furnished with the above understanding. I am assured that the United States will ultimately pay for them. It is for you to decide whether the State will accept the responsibility for the present, or whether it will rest with the patriotic subscribers.

I communicate herewith a circular from the Hon. Simon Cameron, Secretary of War, requesting that the several States will keep regiments enlisted and under drill, in their respective States, and prepared for service upon call, and that, when called into service of the United States, their places may be supplied by new enlistments.

I avail myself of this occasion, while closing my services as Chief Executive Magistrate of the State, to return to the people of New-Hampshire my grateful thanks for the generous support which they have uniformly accorded to me. In surrendering the power which I have held in trust for the people, I am gratified to know that it passes into the hands of one who will serve the State with ability and fidelity.

ICHABOD GOODWIN.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, June 4th, 1861.

The HON. NATHANIEL S. BERRY then signified his acceptance of the office of Governor of this State, and subscribed the oaths of

office and oaths of allegiance, before the President of the Senate, and in the presence of both branches of the Legislature: Whereupon Hon. Herman Foster, President of the Senate, made proclamation as follows:

Nathaniel S. Berry having been duly elected Governor of the State of New-Hampshire, accepted the office, and taken the oaths prescribed by the Constitution, I do therefore declare His Excellency Nathaniel S. Berry, Governor of the State of New-Hampshire; to hold the office during the ensuing political year. And I here present your Excellency a copy of the Constitution of the State, as your guide in the discharge of your official duties.

HIS EXCELLENCY then addressed the Convention as follows:

Gentlemen of the Senate and House of Representatives:

By the free suffrages of the intelligent and sovereign people of this State, and by appointment of the Constitution, we are here assembled, clothed with high and honorable executive and legislative powers. Having taken upon ourselves the solemn oaths prescribed by the Constitution, we enter upon the duties before us.

Under ordinary circumstances but little thought is given to the formal sanction of the oaths of office and allegiance, required to be taken prior to entering on the performance of official duties; the feelings of loyalty and allegiance spring up so spontaneously in the hearts of the people, as usually to render all other obligations immaterial. But a change has come over large sections of our country. New views have been promulgated as to our several relations to the State and National Governments, and the common rights and liberties under the great charter of our Union are alleged to be holden at the mere mercy and sufferance of any single State that, through whim, willfulness or crime, sees fit to break down the heritage won for us by the toil and blood of our fathers.

It may be well for us, then, as we enter upon the discharge of our several duties as legislators, to call to mind our true position in these respects.

We have all sworn to bear faith and true allegiance to the State of New-Hampshire, and to support the Constitution thereof.

What obligations have we thus imposed upon ourselves ;—clearly to maintain, intact and inviolate, all the rights and immunities secured to us by our Constitution as a free and independent State. No power on earth can claim to interfere, or will be allowed to interfere, with the local concerns or legislation of our own State ; and what we claim for ourselves we cheerfully render to others.

But the people of each State, by a solemn compact with each other, have entered into a common government, one and indivisible, with regard to great national objects and purposes, the powers of which they have expressly delegated to the “United States of America in Congress assembled.”

The class of duties to be rendered in either case are well defined and distinct. Each government is sovereign within its own limits, and the assertion of a paramount claim of a State over its citizens to retract, abridge or sunder their bonds of loyalty and duty to the general government, is destitute of any foundation to sustain it. We have each of us duties to discharge to our towns, our counties, our State and the United States, but they all harmonize ; and duty or allegiance to one in no manner justifies a violation of our obligations to the other. We place no State’s rights above or beyond the Union. To us our country is first, because it is our country ; and our State is next, and second, because she is a part of our country, and our State. Our oath of allegiance to our country, and our oath of allegiance to our State are interwreathed harmoniously, and never come in conflict. He who does his duty to the Union, does his duty to the State, does his duty to the Union, “one and inseparable, now and forever.”

While each State is sovereign and independent within its own jurisdiction, for its own local purposes, it has granted like powers of exclusive jurisdiction to the General Government of the United States over the District of Columbia, and over all places purchased “in any State by consent of the Legislature,” for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, and other needful buildings.

Each State has, also, under the provisions of the general Constitution, expressly prohibited itself from “laying any imposts or duties on imports or exports ; from keeping

troops or ships of war in time of peace, without the consent of Congress; from entering into any alliance, confederation or compact with any other State, or with a foreign power; from granting letters of marque or reprisal, and from any act impairing the obligation of contracts."

We, who have taken upon ourselves the oath of allegiance to the United States, can do all these acts — but in so doing we should violate our oaths, and the highest obligations we owe to society, as men and as citizens. There is no law or right of secession to justify such acts.

The seizure of forts, arsenals, mints and public property of the Union, and attacks on its flag, and the usurpation of powers of the General Government which we have recently witnessed, are high-handed acts of treason, without any justification, and based on the most groundless and frivolous pretences. No allegation or excuse has been given, or can be given, to justify the enormity of the offences committed. On this ground our people stand as one man.

The masses of the citizens of the different States may not be holden responsible for these acts of treason and rebellion, but their leaders *must* and will be so holden by the true men of this country and the indignant sentiment of the civilized world. The crimes committed against us, against the memory and labors of our fathers, and the common and best interests of humanity, we cannot excuse or tolerate.

We unite in the sentiments of Washington, of Webster, and of Jackson, as to the infinite moment of our National Union to the collective and universal happiness of the American people; that we can have but "one country, one Constitution and one destiny;" and that, by every hazard and by every sacrifice, the "Union must be preserved."

With the country divided into separate governments, having long lines of border communications, we should be subject to continued strife; we could not live in peace as independent adjoining communities. The way of our fathers under the Constitution, rigidly adhered to by all sections, in its true force and spirit, is the only sure way of national prosperity.

The position taken by our government in the recent

correspondence with the French Minister, is the only ground upon which we can stand: "That there is not now, nor has there been, nor will there be, any, the least idea existing in this government of suffering a dissolution of this Union to take place in any way whatever."

Under this enunciation of principles, the open, deadly, flagrant war which is now waged against the government of the United States, to compel acquiescence in the dismemberment of the Union, will cease and come to an end, when the Constitution is maintained and enforced, as under the better days of the Republic, under Washington and Adams, Jefferson and Jackson, *and not till then*. But in this view of our condition we have a high and important duty to discharge.

Most of the loyal States of this Union have already holden special sessions of their Legislatures, to act on the immediate necessities of the crisis. The regular session of our Legislature was so near at hand, that a special session was not deemed essential with us; especially, considering the prompt and efficient measures taken by my predecessor. The Legislature being now assembled, there is a pressing necessity for immediate attention to those measures that shall aid the General Government in resisting the rebellion now waged against our institutions.

No northern State has placed less than a million of dollars at the command of the General Government, in view of the present emergency of the country, and I trust New-Hampshire will not be behind her sister States in this respect, and that whatever we do may be done with perfect unanimity.

In connection with this subject I would call your attention to the admonition of the founders of our government, that "A well regulated militia is the proper, natural and sure defence of a State." A large force of militia is not necessarily the most effective, and is not essential to our position, but we should have at all times a number of regiments at least equal to that of our original counties, well appointed and fitted for any immediate emergency. I would urge your early attention to this subject, as vitally connected with the best interests of the State.

My predecessor has submitted to you the measures taken by him in complying with the requisitions made upon this State's troops in aid of the General Government. The amount thus far expended has not been definitely ascertained, but measures will be taken to ascertain the amount, and have the same accredited to the State as soon as may be.

The ordinary finances of the State are in a satisfactory condition. I refer you to the report of the State Treasurer for the details of receipts and disbursements. The books of the Treasurer show that the State debt, above assets, June 1, 1860, was \$50,087.15. The indebtedness has been reduced the past year \$19,318.22, leaving the debt of the State, June 1, 1861, \$30,668.93.

The full and intelligent report of the Bank Commissioners, which will be before you, shows that our banks are generally in a sound condition, and are fulfilling the objects for which they were chartered. In view of the general depression of business there will probably be no necessity for increase of banking capital at present.

The report of the Board of Trustees and the Superintendent of the Asylum for the Insane, will be duly presented, and I have no doubt that this highly efficient and well managed institution will continue to receive the patronage and encouragement of the State.

It is with pleasure that I call your attention to the interests and management of the House of Reformation. I view this institution next in importance to the Asylum for the Insane, and believe that it has thus far been managed with great care, prudence and economy, by Mr. Shattuck as superintendent, and his wife as matron, aided by the very faithful efforts of the board of trustees. It promises to more than fulfil the expectations of its most ardent friends. There have been admitted the past year 33 boys, 8 girls; discharged, 6 boys, 1 girl; remaining, 53 boys, 8 girls. The most of those discharged gave evidence of great improvement in education, morals and habits. If this institution could be wholly sustained by the State, or by liberal endowments by individuals, it would more fully accomplish the great and benevolent objects for which it was instituted. The tax on towns, of one dollar per week, as now provided by law, for each

individual committed by them, causes many of our idle and depraved youth to be denied the benefits expressly designed for them by this institution. The report of the trustees, giving a full statement of the condition of the institution, will be before you. They ask an appropriation to cancel the present indebtedness, and to promote the interests of the institution. I trust you will give the subject a favorable consideration.

The report of the Warden of the State Prison shows a full statement of its affairs. It is self-sustaining, and can be maintained so, ordinarily, with due care and economy. It is, however, an institution which always requires a strict supervision.

No department of our government is more important than the Judiciary. It is essential to the preservation of the rights of every individual, his life, liberty and prosperity. There should be both good laws and an impartial administration of them, by just and competent men. Stability in this department is greatly to be desired. I trust our courts will remain as now established until necessity for change, if any such occurs, shall be most clearly apparent.

The department of education, and the inculcation of sound sentiments of piety, morality and virtue, is never to be lost sight of under a government that rests on the enlightened intelligence and virtue of the people for its maintenance and prosperity. There cannot be too great an interest manifested by our citizens and the public on this subject.

In many of our States complaints are made of external mercenary efforts exerted in matters of legislation. This should be every where guarded against, and especially the corrupting influence of men habitually frequenting the sessions of our Legislature, tendering their brokerage assistance in the disposal of offices, and directing in matters of government. The tolerance in any way of such men or such influences about our public concerns is certain to be productive only of injury and mischief.

In the present condition of our country, it is desirable that the public attention be directed to the one great question of the preservation of our government, and that there be as little general legislation as possible; the

action of the Legislature being mainly confined to meeting the exigencies that have arisen in our national affairs. Party spirit, for the time, seems to be merged in a spirit of patriotism and love of country, and the best efforts of all our citizens are imperatively demanded in united action for the public good. Let the unanimity which now happily prevails be disturbed as little as possible.

The strictest care and economy in the management of public affairs are required more than ever before; and a short session, directed promptly to meet the public necessities, will best manifest this disposition.

In conclusion, permit me to recur to the great struggle with treason and rebellion, in which our country is now engaged. It is a rebellion against the most beneficent government ever established upon earth. It threatens with extinguishment our Republic, which has been, and under God will continue to be, the light of nations. In open defiance of the great principle that the final supremacy of the will of the majority, constitutionally expressed, upon which the stability of republican governments depend, this flagrant rebellion has been commenced. It is evidently the purpose of the rebel leaders to substitute, for the rule of the majority, the rule of the minority, with the natural result of anarchy or despotism.

The deep and holy enthusiasm with which the people of the loyal States have responded to the call of the government for military aid to put down the rebellion and crush out treason, can leave no doubt of the final result of the struggle. Never in the history of the world was there witnessed a prouder spectacle than the loyal patriotism which was aroused in the land by the guns of Sumter. Party spirit was hushed, and twenty millions of freemen, with one accord, joined hands in solemn pledge that the Union, Constitution and Government shall be maintained.

The result of the conflict will be the convincing of the world that a republican government can and *will* be sustained. It may be that our country must be shaken from center to circumference by the mighty struggle; that *liberty* must be again baptized in blood; but the principles upon which the republic was founded will be vindicated and made permanent; the Constitution will be sustained;

the constitutional rights of all American citizens, in all the States, will receive new guaranties; the freedom of speech and of the press every where in our land will be effectually secured, and the government will come forth purified and strengthened.

We acknowledge the dependence of all rulers and states on Him by whom all government is ordained. We cannot believe that he who was the God of our fathers, and under whose protecting care our country has risen from feebleness to strength, will permit the great experiment of free government to fail, or come short of the ultimate, complete security of our greatness and happiness as a united people.

NATHANIEL S. BERRY.

On motion of Mr. Cooper, of the Senate, the Convention rose.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

On motion of Mr. Griffin, of Litchfield,

Resolved, That the clerk procure the printing of seven hundred copies of the retiring message of His Excellency Governor Goodwin; also seven hundred copies of the message of His Excellency Governor Berry, for the use of the House.

On motion of Mr. Topliff,

The House adjourned.

FRIDAY, June 7, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Collins, the rules of the House were suspended and the reading of the journal was omitted.

Mr. Collins, from the committee appointed to prepare rules for the government of the House during the present session, reported the rules of last year, without alteration, and the report was accepted.

A message from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the

appointment of a joint committee to procure seven hundred and fifty copies of the Constitution of the United States, the rules of the Senate and House, &c., and have on their part joined Mr. Morrill.

On motion of Mr. Collins,

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed, to take into consideration the message of His Excellency the Governor, also the address of His Excellency Governor Goodwin, and report what disposition shall be made of the several subjects embraced therein.

Ordered, That Messrs. Collins of Exeter, Bingham of Littleton, and Cartland of Weare be said committee.

On motion of Mr. Emerson,

Resolved, That when the House adjourns this forenoon it adjourn to meet at 4 o'clock in the afternoon on Monday next.

Mr. Holbrook, from the committee appointed to wait upon his Excellency the Governor, and inform him of the election of Councillors, made a report, which, on motion of Mr. Stevens, of Concord, was recommitted to the committee, for amendment.

Mr. Chamberlain, of Keene, by leave, introduced the following joint resolution, which passed :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the thanks of the Senate and House be tendered to the Reverend Henry E. Parker, for the very impressive, eloquent and patriotic discourse before the different branches of the Legislature, on the sixth instant; and that he be requested to furnish a copy for publication.

Resolved, That a joint committee be appointed, to present the above resolution to Mr. Parker.

Ordered, That Messrs. Chamberlain of Keene, Hughes of Nashua, and Westgate of Haverhill, be said committee on the part of the House, and that the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate therein.

Mr. Sabin, of Winchester, introduced the following resolution, which was adopted, and the Clerk ordered to notify the Senate thereof, and request their concurrence :

Resolved, That the House of Representatives will be ready to

meet the honorable Senate in convention, for the purpose of going into the election of Secretary of State on Wednesday next, at eleven o'clock.

Mr. Holbrook reported that the joint select committee, appointed for that purpose, had waited upon His Excellency the Governor, and informed him of the election of the following gentlemen as Councillors for the ensuing year :

In District No. 1,	Richard P. J. Tenney.
“ “ “ 2,	Daniel Sawyer.
“ “ “ 3,	Moody Currier.
“ “ “ 4,	Charles P. Brooks.
“ “ “ 5,	Denison R. Burnham.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Buffum,

“An act authorizing the Exeter Mill and Water-Power Company to convey its property and franchises to the Exeter Manufacturing Company.”

By Mr. Stevens, of Concord, joint resolution relative to the time when the warden of the State Prison shall complete and deliver his annual report.

On motion of Mr. Coffin,

The House adjourned.

MONDAY, June 10, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Abbott, of Concord, the rules were suspended, and the reading of the journal was omitted.

The Speaker announced the following as the Standing Committees of the House, Tellers of the House, and the members on the part of the House of the joint standing committees of the Senate and House for the present session.

STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE.

On Elections—Messrs. Powers of Jaffrey, Griffin of Litchfield, Clark of Auburn, Brown of Sanbornton, Campbell of

Nashua, Edwards of Keene, Gallup of Plainfield, Harriman of Warner, Carter of Bennington, Blake of Hill.

On Judiciary—Messrs. Emery of Portsmouth, Woodman of Dover, Hughes of Nashua, Bingham of Littleton, Murray of Canaan, Topliff of Manchester, Dearborn of Peterborough, Hobbs of Madison, Eaton of South-Hampton, Kenrick of Franklin.

On Banks—Messrs. Wheeler of Orford, Folsom of Dover, Blakeslee of Nashua, McDuffie of Rochester, Kimball of Manchester, Simonds of Hancock, Hutchins of Lisbon, Rundlet of Epping, Blake of Concord, Durkee of Croydon.

* *On State Prison*—Messrs. Woodman of Gilmanton, Smith of Dover, Maynard of Walpole, Freese of Pittsfield, Herbert of Concord, Gove of Weare, Walker of Alexandria, Whorf of Londonderry, Parker of Goshen, Rolls of Ossipee.

On Insane Asylum—Messrs. Chamberlain of Keene, Coffin of Concord, Burnham of Hillsborough, Noyes of Manchester, Parker of Franconia, Eastman of Derry, Herrick of Lyndeborough, Beane of Berlin and Randolph, Hurd of Farmington, Flanders of Moultonborough.

On House of Reformation—Messrs. Wendell of Portsmouth, Pettee of Manchester, Green of Concord, Marshall of Mason, Pierce of Dover, Farnsworth of Peterborough, Blood of Lebanon, Howes of Swanzey, Lane of Milan, Shattuck of Concord.

On Public Lands—Messrs. Westgate of Haverhill, Tenney of Hanover, Robie of Goffstown, Bartlett of Milford, Dudley of Raymond, Gage of Boscawen, Crowell of Salem, Sabin of Winchester, Currier of Danbury, Plaisted of Jefferson.

On Agriculture—Messrs. Jameson of Antrim, Trefethen of Rye, Leavitt of Meredith, Ordway of Loudon, Burnap of Cornish, Demeritt of Madbury, Porter of Lyman, Clark of Sandwich, Weeks of Greenland, Favor of Greenfield.

On Manufactures—Messrs. Brown of Concord, Otis of Strafford, Carr of Portsmouth, Hills of Manchester, Clark of Hampstead, Peterson of Brookline, Cole of Gilford, Proctor of Andover, Gordon of Holderness, Mason of Dublin.

On Finance—Messrs. Straw of Manchester, Shattuck of Concord, Smith of Salisbury, Marston of Sandwich, Morse of Haverhill, Campbell of Windham, Chesley of Alton, Annable of Portsmouth, Robbins of Littleton, Smith of Dalton.

On Retrenchment and Reform—Messrs. George of Barnstead, Burley of Exeter, Knowles of Northfield, Lewis of Conway, Rowell of Concord, Brown of North-Hampton, Duncan of Monroe, Holbrook of Manchester, Meader of Dover, Morrill of Stewartstown.

On Military Affairs—Messrs. Emerson of Nashua, Collins of Exeter, Culver of Lyme, Barrett of Wilton, Nason of Hampton-Falls, Abbott of Concord, Head of Hooksett, Coughlin of Manchester, Doe of Laconia, Stickney of Plainfield.

On Education—Messrs. Cartland of Weare, Abbott of Rindge, Smith of Wentworth, Daniell of Franklin, Hills of Plaistow, Caverly of Troy, Dickey of Londonderry, Merrill of Tamworth, Varney of Milton, Page of Benton.

On Incorporations—Messrs. Goodall of Portsmouth, Horne of Dover, Warner of Nashua, Sanborn of Wakefield, Edwards of Enfield, Weeks of Warren, Eastman of Claremont, Thompson of Wolfborough, Huntoon of Sutton, Annis of Columbia.

On Towns and Parishes—Messrs. Blood of Hillsborough, McDaniel of Durham, Savage of Alton, Coleman of Newington, Burnap of Marlow, Peverly of Canterbury, Emerson of Piermont, Bill of Gilsum, Grannis of Claremont, Quimby of Lisbon.

On Division of Towns—Messrs. Stevens of Concord, Brown of Kingston, Plumer of Milton, Conner of Exeter, Emery of Tamworth, Hall of Grantham, Dodge of Henniker, Robinson of Nashua, Nourse of Newport, Butterfield of Goffstown.

On Railroads—Messrs. Wheeler of Newport, Lord of Somersworth, Beacham of Ossipee, Runnels of Webster, Boyden of New-Ipswich, Gordon of Whitefield, Martin of Walpole, Holt of Bath, Sawyer of Newbury.

On Roads, Bridges and Canals—Messrs. Tallant of Concord, Webster of East-Kingston, Meader of Rochester, Mudgett of Holderness, Ward of Rumney, Thompson of Shelburne, Kenney of Merrimack, Tarlton of Newcastle, Kimball of Charles-town, Curtis of Windsor.

On Unfinished Business—Messrs. Smith of Mont-Vernon, Cochran of Pembroke, Bell of Chester, Banks of Alstead, Marshall of Pelham, Berry of Gosport, Duncklee of Bennington, Griffin of Sandown, Day of Canaan, Washburne of Clarksville and Pittsburgh.

On Mileage—Messrs. Morse of Hebron, Gilman of Gilman-ton, Saunders of New-Ipswich, Hoit of Northwood, Goss of Henniker, Holmes of Keene, Slader of Acworth, Cole of Graf-ton, Abbott of Northumberland, Pearsons of Manchester.

Bills on the Second Reading—Messrs. Fowler of Freedom, Garland of Hampton, Abbott of Charlestown, Rowe of Upper Gilmanton, Pierce of Bradford, Peabody of Gorham, Dimick of Lyme.

On Printers' Accounts—Messrs. Colby of Colebrook, Robinson of Portsmouth, Smith of Newmarket, Bartlett of Bristol, Morse of Manchester, Parker of Dunbarton, McIlvin of Wash-ington.

On Military Accounts—Messrs. Buffum of Somersworth, Goodwin of Claremont, Harvey of Portsmouth, Bennett of Gil-ford, Thomas of Orange, Lovering of Deering, Teel of Wilmot.

On Claims—Messrs. Amidon of Hinsdale, Chase of Manches-ter, Hale of Barrington, Taylor of Newmarket, Burpee of New-London, Smith of Nottingham, Sweat of Stratford.

On Alteration of Names—Messrs. Rixford of Winchester, Chase of Hudson, Pike of Middleton, Huntoon of Hanover, Berry of Chichester.

JOINT STANDING COMMITTEES.

On Library—Messrs. Lane of Milford, Blaisdell of Allens-town, Penniman of Plymouth.

On Engrossed Bills—Messrs. Frye of Francestown, Young of Wolfborough.

On State-House and Yard—Messrs. Farley of Hollis, Brown of Manchester, Gordon of Brentwood.

TELLERS OF THE HOUSE.

Messrs. Clement of Nashua, for Division No. 1; Healey of Manchester, for Division No. 2; Stoddard of Brookfield, for Division No. 3.

Mr. Hills of Plaistow, from a select committee, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the different committee rooms be assigned to the several committees for the present session as follows:

- Room No.* 1.—To the Committees on Division of Towns, on Banks, and on Retrenchment and Reform.
- 2.—To the Committees on Towns and Parishes, on Bills on their Second Reading, and on Military Affairs.
- 3.—To the Committees on Incorporations, and on Roads, Bridges and Canals.
- 4.—To the Committees on House of Reformation, Insane Asylum, and on Public Lands.
- 5.—To the Committees on Railroads, and on Agriculture.
- 6.—To the Committees on Manufactures, on Finance, and on Engrossed Bills.
- 8.—To the Committees on Claims, and on Elections.
- 9.—To the Committees on State Prison, on unfinished Business, on Military Accounts, and on State-House and State-House yard.
- 10.—To the Committee on the Judiciary.
- 12.—To the Committees on Mileage, on Printers' Accounts, and on Alteration of Names.

Library Room—To the Committee on the Library and Education.

Mr. Wheeler, of Newport, from the joint select committee, reported the joint rules of last session, without amendment.

The report was accepted, and the Clerk ordered to notify the Senate thereof, and request their concurrence.

On motion of Mr. Shattuck, of Concord,

Resolved, That all bills, petitions and resolutions, the further consideration of which was post poned by the House of Representatives of last session to the present session, be referred to the Committee on Unfinished Business.

Mr. Amidon, of Hinsdale, introduced the following resolution, which was adopted, and the Clerk ordered to request the concurrence of the Senate therein :

Resolved, That the House of Representatives will be ready to meet the honorable Senate in Convention, for the purpose of going into the election of Warden of the New-Hampshire State Prison, on Wednesday next, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon.

On motion of Mr. Coffin,

Resolved, That the use of the Representatives' Hall be granted to the N. H. Historical Society, on Wednesday evening next, for the annual address to be delivered by Rev. Wm. T. Savage, of Franklin.

On motion of Mr. Chamberlain,

Resolved, That the use of this hall, on Thursday next, between 2 and 3 o'clock P. M., be granted to Mr. Turner, Principal of the American Asylum for Deaf and Dumb, for the purpose of explaining the advantages of that institution, and showing the proficiency of some of the beneficiaries of this State therein.

On motion of Mr. Woodman, of Dover,

Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire whether any further legislation is necessary for the protection of creditors, and for the speedy settlement of the accounts of assignees of insolvent debtors, and to report by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Abbott, of Concord,

Resolved, That the certificates of election of members of the House, now on the Clerk's table, be taken from the table and referred to the Committee on Elections.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in appointing Wednesday next, at 11 o'clock A. M., as the time to proceed to the election of Secretary of State and Warden of the New-Hampshire State Prison.

A message was received from His Excellency the Governor, covering the annual report of the State Treasurer.

On motion of Mr. Straw, the message and accompanying documents were laid upon the table and ordered to be printed.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The President of the Senate has appointed the following as the joint standing committees on the part of the Senate :

*On Engrossed Bills—*Messrs. Allen and Cooper.

*On the Library—*Mr. Burns.

*On State-House and State-House Yard—*Mr. Adams.

The Senate concur with the House in the adoption of the joint rules of the last session as the rules of the present session.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Stevens,

An act in addition to and in amendment of sections eight and nine of chapter forty-two of the Revised Statutes.

By Mr. Kenrick,

An act authorizing cities and towns to aid the families of volunteers, and for other purposes.

* On motion of Mr. Coughlin,

The House adjourned.

TUESDAY, June 11, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Coughlin, the rules of the House were suspended, and the reading of the journal was omitted.

PETITIONS &C., PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on Towns and Parishes :

By Mr. Bean, of Berlin, the petition of Henry Chandler and 43 others, praying that the farm of John Y. Dustan might be disannexed from the town of Milan and annexed to the town of Berlin.

By Mr. Hall, of Bartlett, the petition of Hiram Parker and others, praying that a gore of land may be annexed to Hart's Location.

By Mr. Rosebrook, the petition of Mark P. Rosebrook and others, praying that a certain tract of land may be disannexed from the State Grants, and annexed to the town of Carroll.

By Mr. Kenrick, the petition of Benjamin F. Gale and others, praying that certain land may be disannexed from the town of Salisbury and annexed to the town of Franklin.

To the Committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals :

By Mr. Westgate, the petition of Stephen M. Hanson and others, praying for an appropriation for repairing highways in the town of Lincoln.

To the Committee on alteration of Names :

By Mr. Conner, the petition of James Jackson Langley.

By Mr. Sabin, the petition of Helen Mason Ball.

By Mr. Dearborn, of Peterborough, the petition of Eliza A. Savage.

By Mr. Abbott, of Northumberland, the petition of Mary Jane Farrell.

By Mr. Martin, the petition of Mary Higgins and Thomas Daily.

By Mr. Hutchins, the petition of S. H. Gordon.

By Mr. Flanders, the petition of Eleazer Hamilton Hodsdon.

By Mr. Demerritt, the petition of Patrick Welch.

Severally paying for alteration of their names.

To the Committee on Claims :

By Mr. Abbott, of Concord, the accounts of B. Grover, John Albin, Nicholas Giles, W. R. Martin, Joshua Chapman, R. H. Sherburne, C. M. Saunders, Concord Gas Light Company, John Dame, G. B. French & Co., George W. Drew & Co., Samuel F. Cobb, J. M. Usher, and S. G. Sylvester.

By Mr. Shattuck, of Concord, the account of B. W. Sanborn.

By Mr. Stevens, the account of John Foss.

By Mr. Harvey, the accounts of Barker, Adams & Co., and John T. Dame.

To the Committee on Incorporations :

By Mr. Robinson, of Portsmouth, the petition of William P.

Jones and 300 others, praying for the incorporation of a new aqueduct company at Portsmouth.

Mr. Bell, of Chester, presented the petition of Jacob Chase and others, praying for a tax on dogs.

On motion of Mr. Woodman, of Dover, the petition was referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Bean, of Berlin, the petition of John Lynch ; also, of Greenleaf Coffin and others, praying for the repeal or amendment of an act to incorporate the Androscoggin Improvement Company.

By Mr. Amidon, the petition of William Haile and others, praying for the passage of a flowage act.

To the Committee on Railroads :

By Mr. Chamberlain, the annual report of the Ashuelot Railroad Company and of the Cheshire Railroad Company.

By Mr. Kenrick the reports of the Concord & Portsmouth, the Atlantic & St. Lawrence, the Boston & Maine, the Nashua & Lowell, and the Worcester & Nashua Railroads.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the appointment of a joint committee to tender the thanks of the Legislature to Rev. Henry E. Parker, for his election sermon, and to solicit a copy for publication, and have on their part joined Mr. Wentworth.

On motion of Mr. Buffum,

Resolved, That all claims connected with the New-Hampshire military recruiting service, and equipment of troops, and their supplies, shall pass through the hands of the auditing committee of the honorable Council, before presentation to the House.

Mr. Collins, of Exeter, from the select committee appointed to report what disposition shall be made of the various subjects embraced in the message of His Excellency the Governor, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That so much of the message of Governor Goodwin as relates to the purchase of arms, be referred to a select com-

mittee of ten, to be composed of one from each county; so much in the two messages as relates to the reorganization of the militia, to the Committee on Military Affairs; so much as relates to the finances of the State and the appropriation of money for war purposes, to the Committee on Finance; so much as relates to national affairs, to a select committee of ten, to be composed of one from each county; so much of the message of His Excellency Governor Berry as relates to banks, to the Committee on Banks; so much as relates to the Asylum for the Insane, to the Committee on the Insane Asylum; so much as relates to the House of Reformation, to the Committee on the House of Reformation; so much as relates to the Judiciary, to the Committee on the Judiciary; so much as relates to education, to the Committee on Education; so much as relates to the State Prison, to the Committee on the State Prison, and so much of the message of Governor Goodwin as relates to the compensation of the Commissioners to the Convention holden at Washington, on the 4th of February last, to the Committee on Finance.

A message was received from His Excellency the Governor, covering the reports of the Warden and other officers of the State Prison; also the reports of the Railroad, Bank and Insurance Commissioners.

Ordered, That the report of the Warden and other officers of the State Prison be referred to the Committee on the State Prison; that the report of the Insurance Commissioners be referred to the Committee on Incorporations; that the report of the Bank Commissioners be referred to the Committee on Banks, and that the report of the Railroad Commissioners be referred to the Committee on Railroads.

A message was also received from His Excellency the Governor, transmitting copies of the record of votes of the several towns and places in this State upon the question of a Convention to revise the Constitution.

On motion of Mr. Culver, of Lyme,

Resolved, That the return of votes of the several towns and places in this State upon the question of a Convention to revise the Constitution, be referred to a committee of three on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, with instructions to open and report the same, compare and cast their numbers, and report thereon.

Ordered, That Messrs. Culver of Lyme, Richardson of Farmington, and Danforth of New-Boston, be said committee on the part of the House, and that the Clerk notify the Senate thereof, and request their concurrence.

On motion of Mr. Dearborn, of Deerfield,

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to audit the accounts of the State Treasurer, and report thereon.

Ordered, That Messrs. Dearborn of Deerfield, Smith of Wentworth, and Gordon of Brentwood, be said committee, and that the Clerk request the concurrence of the Senate thereon.

Bills with the following titles were then introduced, read twice, and referred, as follows:

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Kenrick, an act authorizing cities and towns to aid the families of volunteers, and for other purposes.

By Mr. Stevens, an act in addition to and in amendment of sections 8 and 9 of chapter 42 of the Revised Statutes.

Mr. Stevens, of Concord, previous notice having been given, introduced the following joint resolution, which was read twice, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the annual reports of the Warden and other officers of the State Prison, shall be completed and delivered to the Secretary of State on or before the twentieth day of May annually; and the Secretary of State shall cause said reports to be printed and laid before the two branches of the Legislature at as early a date as may be.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Dearborn, of Peterborough, a bill relating to a tax on dogs.

By Mr. Abbott, of Concord, an act in addition to the act entitled An act legitimatizing children born before marriage, whose parents afterward intermarry.

By Mr. Straw, a bill relative to the Concord and Portsmouth Railroad.

By Mr. Proctor, a bill in amendment of the charter of the Andover Academy.

By Mr. Hills, of Plaistow, a bill in amendment of chapter 75 of the Compiled Statutes, relating to school houses.

On motion of Mr. Emerson, of Nashua,

The House adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

Petitions, &c., presented by leave, and referred.

To the Committee on Military Affairs :

By Mr. Barrett, the petition of the selectmen of Wilton, asking for legislation to legalize the acts and doings of a legal town meeting of said town. Also a circular of the Secretary of War, transmitted by Governor Goodwin.

To the Committee on Division of Towns :

By Mr. Quimby, the petition of John Poor and others, praying for a division of the town of Landaff.

To the Committee on alteration of Names :

By Mr. Powers, the petitions of Andrew Lacy and Charles H. Buss.

By Mr. Rounseville, the petition of Lucia M. Parker, severally praying for alteration of names.

To the Committee on Banks :

By Mr. Grannis, the petition of Edward D. Baker, praying for the incorporation of the Sullivan County Bank.

To the Committee on Education :

By Mr. Jameson, the petition of John Dennis and others, praying that certain lands may be disannexed from school district

No. 7, in Peterborough, and annexed to district No. 7, in Hancock, for school purposes.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the appointment of a joint committee on the revision of the Constitution, and join Mr. Burns.

Also in the appointment of a joint committee to audit the report of the State Treasurer, and join Mr. Adams.

By leave, Mr. Page, from the Committee on Engrossed Bills, reported that they had made choice of Silas Hardy, of Keene, as Engrossing Clerk for the present session, which report was accepted.

On motion of Mr. Burley, of Exeter,

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed, to inquire into and report upon the expediency of providing safe and suitable places of deposit for the records and valuable papers belonging to the State.

Ordered, That Messrs. Burley of Exeter, Daniell of Franklin, and Abbott of Rindge, be said committee.

The Speaker then announced the following as the select committee to whom was referred so much of the message of Gov. Goodwin as relates to the purchase of arms :

Messrs. Eaton of South-Hampton, Smith of Dover, Lang of Meredith, Hazelton of Conway, Thompson of Bow, Mack of Manchester, Richardson of Chesterfield, Beckwith of Lempster, McGregory of Bethlehem, and Colby of Colebrook.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Woodman, of Dover: A bill to reduce the compensation of county solicitors.

By Mr. McDuffie. An act in relation to meetings of bondholders and creditors of railroad corporations.

By Mr. Colby, A bill in addition to chapter 113 of the Revised Statutes, relating to offences against the police of towns.

By Mr. Buffum, an act in amendment of an act entitled An act to incorporate the Great Falls Mutual Fire-Insurance Company.

By Mr. Barrett, acts in addition to, and in amendment of, sections 12 and 19 of chapter 77 of the Compiled Statutes.

On motion of Mr. Culver,

The House adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, June 12, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Dearborn, of Peterborough, the rules of the House were suspended, and the reading of the journal omitted.

PETITIONS PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on Towns and Parishes :

By Mr. Burnham, the petition of Francis Glawson and others, praying to be disannexed from the town of Deering and annexed to the town of Hillsborough.

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Harvey, the petitions of the city of Portsmouth, praying for an amendment of its charter ; also for the passage of an act relating to the liabilities of cities and towns for defect in highways.

To the Committee on Alteration of Names :

By Mr. Lord, of Somersworth, the petition of Lydia E. Schlagu, praying for alteration of her name.

To the Committee on Claims :

By Mr. Shattuck, of Concord, the accounts of E. Jackson, D. J. Abbott, Thos. W. Sanborn, Willis & Harris, D. L. Guernsey & Co., B. W. Sanborn, G. P. Lyon, C. E. Savory, Daniel

Sawyer, T. B. Tumblyn, Mead & Mason, G. J. Prescott, Ephraim Weston, Warde & Humphrey, and T. L. Tullock.

To the Committee on Railroads :

By Mr. Shattuck, of Concord: The annual returns of the Concord Railroad and the Manchester and Lawrence Railroad.

By Mr. Kimball, of Charlestown: The report of the Sullivan Railroad.

Mr. Emery, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the joint resolution requiring the annual reports of the Warden and other officers of the State Prison to be made to the Secretary of State on or before the twentieth day of May, &c., reported the same without amendment, and the resolution was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Woodman, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of Greenleaf, Coffin and others, and the petition of John Lynch, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That said petitions be referred to the Committee on Incorporations.

Mr. Smith, from the Committee on Unfinished Business, submitted a report, when the bill entitled An act to incorporate the Grafton County Bank was read twice, and referred to the Committee on Banks. On motion of Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, the report was then recommitted to the committee.

Mr. Smith, from the same committee, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the petition of Levi Bartlett and others, for a bank at Bristol; the petition of Henry H. Hayward and others, for the incorporation of the Grafton County Bank, at Lyme, and the petition of Cyrus Eastman and others, for a bank at Littleton, be severally referred to the Committee on Banks :

That the claim of the State Capital Bank be referred to the Committee on Claims :

That the petitions of Alonzo Bascom and others, praying for the passage of an act relating to flowage; the petitions of Stephen Thayer and others, praying for the passage of an act prohibiting

slave-hunting ; the petitions of J. H. Clement and others, praying that the Court of Common Pleas be abolished ; the petition of Geo. W. Haven and others, praying for an appropriation for a statue of Washington, to be placed in the State House, and the resolution instructing the Committee on the Judiciary to inquire into the expediency of making provision for a general revision of the statutes, be severally referred to the Committee on the Judiciary :

That the petition of J. G. Graves and others, praying for the incorporation of a gas company at Nashua, be referred to the Committee on Incorporations :

That the petition of Joshua Lane and others, praying to be disannexed from Chichester, and annexed to Pittsfield, together with the remonstrance of J. N. C. Leavitt and others, against the same ; the petition of James L. Ward and others, praying that certain lots of land in the towns of Stark and Dummer may be disannexed from said towns, and annexed to the town of Lancaster ; the petition of Samuel Heath and Edward Leighton and others, praying that a portion of the homestead farms of said Heath and Leighton may be disannexed from the town of Northfield and annexed to the town of Franklin ; the petition of John Y. Dustan and others, praying that a portion of said Dustan's farm may be disannexed from the town of Milan and annexed to the town of Berlin ; and the petition of Henry S. Gibson and others, praying that a certain tract of land may be severed from the town of Mason and annexed to the town of Brookline, be severally referred to the Committee on Towns and Parishes :

That the petition of Newell Dow, for indemnity for losses and expense incurred by reason of the death of his son by small pox in the Insane Asylum, and the petition of John T. Blake and others, for the relief of Newell Dow, be severally referred to the Committee on the Insane Asylum :

That the petition of Jeremiah C. Tilton and others, praying for the division of the town of Sanbornton ; together with the remonstrance of Benjamin Colby and others against the same, be severally referred to the Committee on Division of Towns :

And that the petition of William P. Johnson and others, praying that Benjamin Ayers, with his taxable property, may be disannexed from school district No. 1 in Plainfield, and annexed to district No. 3 in Cornish, for schooling purposes, be referred to the Committee on Education.

Mr. Wheeler, from the Committee on Banks, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the report of the Bank Commissioners be placed on file in the office of the Secretary of State.

Mr. Wheeler, from the Committee on Railroads, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the several returns of railroads of this State be placed on file in the office of the Secretary of State, for future reference.

Mr. Culver, from the committee appointed to open, assort, compare, and cast the returns of votes upon the question of the revision of the Constitution, reported the result as follows :

The whole number of votes cast throughout the State upon the proposition for the revision of the Constitution is	20,831
Of which the number cast in favor of the proposition is	11,078
And the number cast against the proposition is	9,753
Majority in favor of the proposition,	1,325

The report was accepted.

A message was received from His Excellency the Governor, covering the report of E. A. Boardman, contractor for the sales of liquors throughout the State.

On motion of Mr. Stevens, of Concord, the message and accompanying documents were laid upon the table and ordered to be printed.

Bills with the following titles were then introduced, read twice and referred, as follows :

To the Committee on Incorporations :

By Mr. Procter, An act in amendment of an act to incorporate the Andover Academy.

By Mr. Buffum, An act authorizing the Exeter Mill and Water Power Company to convey its property and franchises to the Exeter Manufacturing Company.

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. McDuffee, An act in relation to meetings of bondholders and creditors of railroad corporations.

By Mr. Woodman, of Dover, An act to reduce the compensation of County Solicitors.

On motion of Mr. Wheeler, of Orford,

Resolved, That the House of Representatives are now ready to meet the honorable Senate in Convention, for the purpose of proceeding in the elections, agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution.

Ordered, That the clerk notify the Senate thereof.

IN CONVENTION.

The Senate having met the House in convention, on motion of Mr. Hackett, of the Senate, the Convention proceeded, by ballot, to the election of Secretary of State, with the following result :

Whole number of votes cast,	311
Necessary for a choice,	156
William H. H. Mason had	114
ALLEN TENNY had	197

—and ALLEN TENNY, having a majority of all the votes cast, was declared elected Secretary of State for the ensuing political year.

On motion of Mr. Coffin, of Concord, the Convention proceeded to the election, by ballot, of Warden of the State Prison for the ensuing political year, with the following result :

Whole number of votes cast,	309
Necessary for a choice,	155
John Gregg had	109
JOHN FOSS had	200

—and JOHN FOSS, having a majority of all the votes cast, was declared elected.

On motion of Mr. Patten, of the Senate, the convention rose.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, introduced the following resolution, which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary :

Resolved, That no bill or resolution shall be entitled an amendment of or addition to the Compiled Statutes, or refer to the same, or any part thereof.

Bills with the following titles were then introduced, read twice, and referred as follows:

To the Committee on Education :

By Mr. Hills, of Plaistow, an act in amendment of chapter 75 of the Compiled Statutes, relating to school-houses.

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Abbott, of Concord, an act in addition to an act entitled An act legitimatizing children born before marriage, whose parents afterward intermarry.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Hills, of Plaistow, a bill entitled "An act providing for the election of superintending and prudential school committees, and for other purposes.

By Mr. Blood, of Hillsborough, a bill entitled An act relating to the First Congregational Society in Hillsborough Center.

By Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, bill entitled An act in relation to the compensation of officers ;

An act explanatory of section 5, chapter 25, of the Revised Statutes;

An act relating to the competency of witnesses.

By Mr. Straw, a bill entitled "An act in addition to an act entitled An act to establish a corporation by the name of the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company."

On motion of Mr. Abbott, of Concord,

The House adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

The resolution relating to the reports of the Warden and other officers of the State Prison, was read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

A message was received from His Excellency the Governor, covering an authenticated copy of a joint resolution to amend the Constitution of the United States ; also resolutions of several State Legislatures, relating to national affairs.

On motion of Mr. Culver, of Lyme, the message and documents accompanying, were referred to the select committee on national affairs.

PETITIONS, &C., PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on House of Reformation :

By Mr. Coughlin, the petition of E. W. Harrington and others, praying for the passage of an act to enable Catholic clergymen to visit the House of Reformation, and give religious instruction to those of their faith in that institution.

To the Committee on Banks :

By Mr. Smith, of Salisbury, the petition of Cyrus Gookin and others, praying for the incorporation of the Kearsarge Bank.

To the Committee on Printers' Accounts :

By Mr. Barrett, the account of B. B. & F. P. Whittemore.

Bills with the following titles were then introduced, read twice, and referred as follows :

To the Committee on Railroads :

By Mr. Straw, an act relative to the Concord and Portsmouth Railroad.

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Colby, of Colebrook, an act in addition to chapter 113 of the Revised Statutes.

Mr. Chamberlain, from the joint committee who were instructed to request the Rev. Henry E. Parker to furnish a copy of his discourse for publication, reported

That Mr. Parker had complied with the request of the Senate and House, and submitted said discourse for publication.

On motion of Mr. Chamberlain,

Resolved, That the Clerk be directed to procure one thousand printed copies of the Rev. Mr. Parker's discourse, for the use of the House.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Murray, of Canaan, a bill entitled An act to incorporate the Mount Washington Telegraph Company.

*By Mr. Thompson, of Wolfborough, a bill entitled An act to incorporate the South Wolfborough Blanket and Flannel Manufacturing Company.

On motion of Mr. Coffin,

The House adjourned.

THURSDAY, June 13, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Buffum the rules were suspended, and the reading of the journal was omitted.

PETITIONS, &C., PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on Education :

By Mr. Berry, of Chichester, the petition of George W. Leavitt and others, praying that the property of said Leavitt may be disannexed from school district No. 2, in Chichester and Loudon, and annexed to district No. 6, in Chichester.

To the Committee on Alteration of Names :

By Mr. Gage, the petition of Joseph B. Knowlton, praying for the alteration of the names of Ellen Sargent and Charles Elfonzo Smith.

To the Committee on Railroads :

By Mr. Abbott, of Concord, the report of the Northern Railroad.

By Mr. Shattuck, of Concord, the report of the Contoocook River Railroad and of the Merrimack and Connecticut River Railroad.

To the Committee on Military Accounts :

By Mr. Washburne, the petition of Betsey Young, praying for remuneration for services of Josiah A. Young as commissary in 1835.

Mr. Emery, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the amendment of the rules in relation to bills being

entitled, amendment of the Compiled Laws, &c., reported the same without amendment, and the rules were ordered to be so amended.

Mr. Kenrick, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of George W. Haven and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That at this time it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject.

Mr. Woodman, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of J. H. Clement and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

Mr. Dearborn, from the same committee, to whom was referred a resolution instructing them to inquire into the expediency of making provision for a general revision of the statutes, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That it is inexpedient at this time to legislate on the subject.

Mr. Hobbs, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of the city of Portsmouth, for the passage of an act relating to the liabilities of cities and towns for defects in highways, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That any further legislation on the subject at this time is inexpedient.

A message was received from His Excellency the Governor, covering the report of the committee appointed by Gov. Goodwin, to prepare a bill for the re-organization of the militia.

Under a suspension of the rules, the bill entitled An act remodeling the militia, was read twice, and, on motion, the bill was laid upon the table, and the Clerk directed to procure 1,000 printed copies for the use of the House.

Bills with the following titles were then introduced, read twice, and referred as follows:

To the Committee on the Judiciary:

By Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, an act relating to the competency of witnesses; an act in relation to the compensation of

officers; an act explanatory of section 5, chapter 25, of the Revised Statutes.

To the Committee on Education :

By Mr. Barrett, An act in amendment of section 11, chapter 73 of the Revised Statutes, and of chapter 317 of the Pamphlet Laws.

To the Committee on Incorporations :

By Mr. Murray, An act to incorporate the Mount Washington Telegraph Company.

By Mr. Thompson, of Wolfborough, An act to incorporate the South Wolfborough Blanket and Flannel Manufacturing Company.

On motion of Mr. Murray,

Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire whether any further legislation is necessary to authorize an officer to sell personal property attached, after the action is entered in court and before judgment.

On motion of Mr. Woodman, of Dover,

Resolved, That when the House adjourns, it adjourn to meet at half past three o'clock this afternoon, and that Mr. Turner, the Principal of the Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb, have the use of this hall until that time.

On motion of Mr. Field,

Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be directed to inquire into the expediency of making any modification of the law in relation to granting bills of divorce.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate have passed bills with the following titles :

“An act relating to costs for trustees ;”

“An act providing for liens in favor of mechanics and others, in certain cases,” in the passage of which they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

The bills entitled An act relating to costs for trustees, and An act providing for liens in favor of mechanics and others, in certain cases, were then severally read twice, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Chamberlain, a bill entitled An act in relation to the Law Terms of the Supreme Judicial Court for the Third Judicial District.

By Mr. Dearborn, of Peterborough, a bill entitled "An act in amendment of chapter 55 of the Compiled Statutes, relating to the power of county commissioners to apportion expenses in certain cases.

By Mr. Barrett, a bill entitled An act to incorporate the Alpha Delta Phi Society.

By Mr. Stevens, a bill entitled An act to incorporate the Kappa Kappa Kappa Society, in Dartmouth College.

Also, An act in amendment of chapter 2373 of the Pamphlet Laws.

By Mr. Hoit, a bill entitled "An act relative to the creation and alteration of school districts."

By Mr. McDuffee, a bill entitled An act in amendment of an act entitled "An act to incorporate the Gonic Manufacturing Company."

By Mr. Coughlin, a bill entitled An act to repeal chapters 1667 and 1829 of the Pamphlet Laws.

On motion of Mr. Abbott, of Concord,

The House adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

Mr. Frye introduced the following resolution, which was rejected :

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to take into consideration the subject of an excursion to Portsmouth, and to confer with the managers of the Portsmouth Railroad in relation to the same.

By leave, Mr. Smith, from the Committee on Unfinished Business, submitted the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the bills granting the public lands of the

State to Dartmouth College, be referred to the Committee on Public Lands ;

That the bills entitled An act to prevent frauds in corporations, An act to incorporate the People's Gas Light Company, and An act relating to Gas Light Companies, be referred to the Committee on Incorporations ;

That the bill concerning the Peterborough and Shirley Railroad be referred to the Committee on Railroads ;

That the resolution regarding the Carroll Representative District, and the bills, entitled An act relating to registration of births, marriages, and deaths ;

An act to divide the county of Hillsborough into two judicial districts ;

An act to regulate the building of dams, and the mode of obtaining damages for flowing lands ;

An act providing for the appointment of county justices ;

An act relating to judgment on default ;

An act to abolish the May term of the Supreme Judicial Court for Strafford county ;

An act establishing county courts ;

An act in amendment of chapter 2228, Pamphlet Laws, relating to partnerships ;

An act to change the place of holding the term of the Court of Common Pleas in Hillsborough county from Amherst to Milford ;

An act providing for the office of Surveyor-General ;

An act relating to trials by jury ;

An act to constitute the county of Amoskeag ;

An act establishing town courts in all the towns in this State ;

Be severally referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By leave, Mr. Murray, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the petition of Stephen Thayer and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw.

On motion of Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth,

Resolved, That the Committee on Finance be instructed to report a bill as soon as possible, making provision for the payment of the military forces now in arms, under a call from the United States, and the necessary expenses incident to such call, and the expenses of future like calls.

PETITIONS, &C., PRESENTED AND REFERRED :

To the Committee on Claims :

By Mr. Shattuck, of Concord, the account of Morrill and Silsby.

By Mr. Eaton, the account of George W. Fitts.

To the Committee on Printers' Accounts :

By Mr. Emerson, of Nashua, the account of Albin Beard.

To the Committee on Military Affairs :

By Mr. Campbell, of Nashua, the account of Norman Fuller.

To the Committee on Railroads :

By Mr. Hughes, the annual report of the Wilton Railroad.

To the Committee on Elections :

By Mr. Murray, the remonstrance of Allen Willey, of Campton, against the right of Amos Flint to a seat in this House as representative from that town.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of a joint resolution relating to the reports of the Warden and other officers of the State Prison.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Clement, of Nashua, an act in relation to the preservation and protection of shade trees.

On motion of Mr. Wheeler, of Newport,

The House adjourned.

FRIDAY, June 14, 1861.

The reading of the journal was omitted, on motion of Mr. Coughlin.

PETITIONS, &C., PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Morse, of Haverhill, the petition of John Page and others, praying for the passage of a law authorizing ministers of the gospel, whose pastoral charge is within this State, but whose residence may be out of it, to solemnize marriages within their pastoral charge.

To the Committee on Alteration of Names :

By Mr. Smith, of New-Hampton, the petition of Eliza E. Carr ;
By Mr. Wilson, the petition of Thuza B. Kingsbury ;
Severally praying for alteration of names.

[Mr. EMERY, of Portsmouth, in the chair.]

Mr. Emery, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the bill entitled An act to constitute the County of Amoskeag, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That said bill be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Woodman, from the same committee, to whom was referred the bill entitled An act establishing county courts, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate thereon.

Mr. Goodall, from the Committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred the reports of the Insurance Commissioners, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That said reports be filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

Mr. Edwards, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relating to Gas Light Companies, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Huntoon, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act authorizing the Exeter Mill and Water-Power Company to convey its property and franchise to the Exe-

ter Manufacturing Company, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Sanborn, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in amendment of an act to incorporate the Andover Academy, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Thompson, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to prevent frauds in corporations, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate further upon this subject.

Mr. Dearborn, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act explanatory of section 5, chapter 25, of the Revised Statutes, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Woodman, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to abolish the May term of the Supreme Judicial Court for Strafford county, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to pass said bill.

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to change the place of holding a term of the Court of Common Pleas in Hillsborough county from Amherst to Milford, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is unnecessary to legislate upon the subject.

Mr. Dearborn, from the same committee, to whom was referred a resolution regarding the Carroll Representative District, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject.

Mr. Bingham, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relating to judgments on default, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject.

Mr. Woodman, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in amendment of chapter 2228 of the

Pamphlet Laws, relating to partnerships, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to pass the same.

Mr. Murray, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act establishing county courts, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon this subject.

Mr. Topliff, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act providing for the office of Surveyor-General, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject.

Mr. Hobbs, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relating to trials by jury, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject.

Mr. Kenrick, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act authorizing cities and towns to aid the families of volunteers and for other purposes, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the bill be printed, and the Clerk directed to procure the usual number of copies for the use of the House.

Mr. Eaton, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to divide the county of Hillsborough into two judicial districts, reported the following resolution, which was adopted.

Resolved, That the bill be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Bingham, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in addition to chapter 113 of the Revised Statutes, reported the same with the following amendment, which was adopted, and the bill ordered to a third reading : Amend by striking out the second section.

[The SPEAKER in the chair.]

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to reduce the compensation of County

Solicitors, reported the same with the following amendments, which were severally adopted, and the bill ordered to a third reading :

In 11th line, strike out the words "four hundred," and insert "three hundred and fifty."

In 12th line, strike out the words "three hundred," and insert "two hundred and sixty."

In 13th line, strike out the words "two hundred," and insert "one hundred and seventy-five."

In 14th line, strike out the words "two hundred," and insert "one hundred and seventy-five."

In 15th line, strike out the words "five hundred," and insert "four hundred and thirty."

In 16th line, strike out the words "four hundred," and insert "three hundred and fifty."

In 17th line, strike out the words "two hundred," and insert "one hundred and seventy-five."

In 18th line, strike out the words "two hundred," and insert "one hundred and seventy-five."

In 20th line, strike out the words "two hundred," and insert "one hundred and seventy-five."

Mr. Straw, from the Committee on Finance, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time, and ordered to a second reading :

STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

In the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the Treasurer of this State, with the sanction of the Governor, be, and is hereby authorized to borrow temporarily, for the use of the State, a sum not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent per annum, and that the same be placed at the disposal of the Governor, to be used for the purpose of paying for the equipment and facilitating the immediate departure of the Second Regiment.

On motion of Mr. Chamberlain, the resolution, under a suspension of the rules, was read a second and third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. Hills, from the Committee on Education, to whom was

referred a bill entitled An act in amendment of chapter 75 of the Compiled Statutes, relating to school houses, reported the same with the following amendment, which was adopted, and the bill ordered to a third reading:

Amend so that the title of the bill shall read as follows :

“An act in amendment of chapter 71 of the Revised Statutes.

PETITIONS, &C., PRESENTED BY LEAVE, AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on Military Affairs :

By Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, the petition of Col. Mason W. Tappan and others, praying that the officers and soldiers of the First N. H. Regiment Volunteers be paid by the State, until an appropriation be made by Congress.

To the Committee on Railroads :

By Mr. Bingham, the annual report of the White Mountains N. H. Railroad.

Bills with the following titles were then introduced, read twice, and referred as follows :

To the Committee on Railroads :

By Mr. Wheeler, of Newport, an act to enforce the payment of railroad taxes.

By Mr. Straw, an act in addition to an act entitled An act to establish a corporation by the name of the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company, which bill was read a first time, and was, on motion of Mr. Hughes, laid upon the table and ordered to be printed.

To the Committee on Incorporations :

By Mr. Stevens, an act to incorporate the Kappa Kappa Kappa Society in Dartmouth College.

By Mr. Blood, of Hillsborough, an act relating to the First Congregational Society at Hillsborough Center.

By Mr. Barrett, of Wilton, An act to incorporate the Alpha Delta Phi Society.

To the Committee on Education :

By Mr. Hoit, of Northwood, an act relative to the erection and alteration of school districts.

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Clement, an act relating to the protection and preservation of shade trees.

· A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate have passed a bill entitled "An act to disannex Charles Brooks and John Brooks from school district No. 3, in New-Durham, and annex the same to school district No. 10, in Farmington, in which they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

The bill entitled An act to disannex Charles Brooks and John Brooks from school district No. 3, in New-Durham, and annex the same to school district No. 10, in Farmington, sent down from the Senate, was then read twice, and referred to the Committee on Education.

On motion of Mr. Blood, of Hillsborough,

Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to examine an act entitled "An act to secure freedom and the rights of citizenship to persons in this State," and to report to the House upon the constitutionality of the provisions of said act, and the expediency of repealing or amending the same.

Mr. Hills, of Plaistow, introduced the following resolution, which, on motion of Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, was laid upon the table :

Resolved, That so much of the message of His Excellency the Governor as relates to the "external mercenary efforts exerted in matters of legislation, and the corrupting influence of men habitually frequenting the sessions of our Legislature, tendering their brokerage assistance in the disposal of offices, and directing in measures of government," be referred to the Committee on the House of Reformation, with instructions to report to the Legislature, forthwith, by bill or otherwise, what further legislation is necessary to compel such persons to receive the reformatory influence of that institution.

On motion of Mr. Murray, of Canaan,

Resolved, That when the House adjourns this forenoon it adjourn to meet at two o'clock this afternoon ; and when it adjourns

this afternoon it adjourn to meet at four o'clock on the afternoon of Monday next.

On motion of Mr. Amidon,

Resolved, That it shall be the duty of the Committee on Mileage to ascertain the distance traveled by each member of the House, computing the same by the most usual public conveyance, and report to the House, with the names of the several members, and the distance traveled by each.

On motion of Mr. Griffin, of Litchfield,

Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire into the expediency and necessity of passing an act for the protection of passengers on railroad trains, and report by bill or otherwise.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Topliff, an act to change the name of the parish known as "The Rector, Wardens, and Vestry of Saint Michael's Church, Manchester, N. H.," and to incorporate the same.

An act establishing the salary of the treasurer of Hillsborough county.

By Mr. Annis, an act altering and defining the southern boundary of Columbia.

By Mr. Farwell, an act to incorporate the National Mills.

On motion of Mr. Dearborn, of Peterborough,

The House adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

On motion of Wheeler, of Newport, the rules were suspended, and all bills in order for a third reading at 3 o'clock were made in order at the present time.

THIRD READINGS.

The following bills were then severally read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence :

An act authorizing the Exeter Mill and Water-Power Company to convey its property and franchises to the Exeter Manufacturing Company.

An act explanatory of section 5, chapter 25, Revised Statutes.

An act relating to gas light companies.

An act in amendment of an act to incorporate the Andover Academy.

An act in addition to chapter 113 of the Revised Statutes.

An act in amendment of chapter 71 of the Revised Statutes, relating to school-houses.

An act to reduce the compensation of county solicitors.

PETITIONS, &C., PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on Claims :

By Mr. Shattuck, of Concord, the account of Morrill & Silsby.

Mr. Coffin, of Concord, presented the petition of L. Downing, Jr., and others, praying for the amendment of the charter of the city of Concord, which was, on motion of Mr. Coffin, referred to a select committee consisting of the delegation from the city of Concord.

Bills with the following titles were then introduced, read twice, and referred as follows :

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Chamberlain, an act in relation to the law terms of the Supreme Judicial Court in the Third Judicial District.

By Mr. Dearborn, of Peterborough, an act in amendment of chapter 958 of the Pamphlet Laws, relating to the power of county commissioners to apportion expense in certain cases.

To the Committee on Incorporations :

By Mr. Buffum, an act in amendment of an act entitled An act to incorporate the Great Falls Mutual Fire-Insurance Company.

On motion of Mr. Stoddard,

The House adjourned.

MONDAY, June 17, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Young, of Wolfborough, the rules of the House were suspended, and the reading of the journal was omitted.

PETITIONS, &C., PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on Railroads :

By Mr. Clark, of Auburn, the petition of E. A. Heath and others ;

By Mr. Dudley, of Raymond, the petition of G. W. Anderson and others ;

By Mr. Kimball, of Manchester, the petition of Waterman Smith and others,—severally praying for change of location of the track of the Portsmouth and Concord Railroad.

By Mr. Proctor, the remonstrance of John Fellows and others ;

By Mr. Coffin, the remonstrance of Almon Harris and others,—severally remonstrating against the passage of the bill relative to the Portsmouth and Concord Railroad.

To the Committee on Incorporations :

By Mr. Beane, the petition of O. N. W. Robinson, Jr., and others, praying for reduction of tolls on Errol dam.

To the Committee on Education :

By Mr. Stevens, the remonstrance of Levi Staniels and others, against granting the petition of George W. Leavitt.

To the Committee on Banks :

By Mr. Currier, the petition of J. S. Rand and others ;

By Mr. Teel, the petition of Otis Jones and others,—severally praying for the incorporation of the Kearsarge Bank.

To the Committee on Claims :

By Mr. Shattuck, of Concord, the account of Allen Tenny.

Mr. Emerson, from the Committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of Mason W. Tappan and

others, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time and ordered to a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That His Excellency the Governor be instructed and authorized to provide for the payment of the 1st Regiment out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, at the expiration of each month of their service, and to make the necessary arrangement to have the amount so paid refunded to the State by the General Government.

Mr. Frye, from the Joint Committee on Engrossed Bills, reported that they had carefully examined, and found correctly engrossed, the following joint resolutions, to wit,

A resolution authorizing the Treasurer of the State temporarily to borrow fifty thousand dollars for the use of the State.

A resolution relating to the reports of the Warden and other officers of the State Prison.

The Speaker announced the following as the Select Committee on National Affairs :

Messrs. Chamberlain of Keene, Wheeler of Newport, Woodman of Dover, Hughes of Nashua, Collins of Exeter, Beacham of Ossipee, George of Barnstead, Murray of Canaan, Daniell of Franklin and Colby of Colebrook.

A message was received from His Excellency the Governor, covering the report of the State Treasurer, in answer to a resolution approved July 3d, 1860, relative to collection of taxes from certain railroads.

On motion of Mr. Chamberlain, the message and accompanying documents were referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Bills with the following titles were then introduced, read twice, and referred as follows :

To the Committee on Incorporations :

By Mr. McDuffee, an act in amendment of an act entitled An act to incorporate the Gonic Manufacturing Company.

By Mr. Annis, an act altering and defining the Southern boundary of Columbia, which bill was referred, on motion of Mr. Stevens, to a select committee consisting of the delegation from Coös county.

Message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of a joint resolution authorizing the State Treasurer to borrow fifty thousand dollars.

On motion of Mr. Stevens, of Concord,

Resolved, That the House of Representatives will be ready to meet the honorable Senate in convention, for the purpose of going into the election of State Treasurer and State Printer on Wednesday next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

Mr. Kenrick gave notice that on to-morrow, or some subsequent day, he would move a reconsideration of the vote on the report of the Committee on the Judiciary "that it is inexpedient to legislate on the bill providing for the appointment of Surveyor-General," he having voted with the majority on that question.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in appointing Wednesday next, at 11 o'clock A. M., as the time in which to proceed to the election of State Printer and State Treasurer.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Sanborn, of Wakefield, an act in amendment of chapter 65 of the Revised Statutes, relating to the settlement of paupers.

On motion of Mr. Stevens,

The House adjourned.

TUESDAY, June 18.

On motion of Mr. Hobbs, the rules were suspended and the reading of the journal was omitted.

PETITIONS, &C., PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on Railroads:

By Mr. Young, of Manchester, the petition of A. C. Wallace and others, and David Cross and others;

By Mr. Hale, of Bedford, the petition of John B. Clark and others;

By Mr. Smith, of Newmarket, the petition of Seth W. Tash and others, of J. S. Bennett and others, and of Oliver Tilton and others;

By Mr. Kimball, of Charlestown, the petition of Ezekiel Lane and others, and of David Abbott and others;

By Mr. Abbott, of Northumberland, the petition of William W. Leighton and others;

By Mr. Blake, the petition of Moses C. Clark and others;

By Mr. Taylor, the petition of George W. Frost and others, of J. K. Sanborn and others, and of William B. Blake and others;

By Mr. Coleman, the petition of Wesley Poor and others;

By Mr. Griffin, the petition of S. Harvey and others;

By Mr. Healey, the petition of Jacob F. James and others;

By Mr. Topliff, the petition of William B. Patten and others;

By Mr. Page, the petition of Henry C. Sanderson and others, and of John Clark and others;

By Mr. Weeks, the petition of William Craine and others;

By Mr. Kimball, of Manchester, the petition of David A. Bunton and others;

By Mr. Robinson, of Nashua, the petition of E. W. Harrington and others;

By Mr. Smith, of Nottingham, the petition of Thomas B. Bartlett and others, and of John G. Eaton and others;

By Mr. McDaniell, of Lee, the petition of Israel Chesley and others, and of Levi C. McDaniel and others;

By Mr. Straw, the petition of William D. Buck and others;

By Mr. Meader, of Rochester, the petition of Levi Meader and others;

By Mr. Field, the petition of Amos Paul and others;

By Mr. Clark, of Auburn, the petition of Nathaniel Brown and others ;

By Mr. Chase, of Manchester, the petition of Joseph A. Haines and others, and of Samuel Webber and others ;

By Mr. Mack, the petition of W. E. Butterfield and others ;

By Mr. Holbrook, the petition of J. T. P. Hunt and others ;

By Mr. Meader, of Dover, the petition of Asa A. Tufts and others ;

By Mr. Brown, of Manchester, the petition of Isaac Riddle and others ;

By Mr. Morse, of Manchester, the petition of John A. Perry and others ;

By Mr. Pettee, the petition of Nathan Batchelder and others ;

By Mr. Hills, of Manchester, the petition of Nathan Parker and others ;

By Mr. Harvey, the petition of John Goodrich and others ;

By Mr. Emery, the petition of William Simes, mayor of Portsmouth, and other members of the city government,—severally praying for a change of the location of the Portsmouth and Concord Railroad.

By Mr. Goodhue, the remonstrance of William Ham and others, against the change of location of the Portsmouth and Concord Railroad ;

By Mr. Hall, of Grantham, the annual return of the Manchester and North Weare Railroad ;

By Mr. Morrison, the return of the Boston, Concord and Montreal Railroad.

To the Committee on Banks :

By Mr. Proctor, the petition of C. W. Cole and others, A. E. Parsons and others, Stephen Pillsbury and others, and Samuel Morrill and others, severally praying for the incorporation of the Kearsarge Bank.

To the Committee on Education :

By Mr. Smith, of Nottingham, the petition of Francis Harvey and others, praying to be disannexed from school district No. 1, in Nottingham, and annexed to school district No. 5, in Epping.

To the Committee on Alteration of Names :

By Mr. Hughes, the petition of E. F. Godfrey ;

By Mr. Reade, the petition of Maria H. Jellison ;

By Mr. Topliff, the petition of Sarah F. Martin,—severally praying for alteration of name.

To the Committee on Agriculture :

By Mr. Hills, of Plaistow, the petition of Josiah B. Bly and others, praying for the passage of a law to protect sheep and other domestic animals from the depredations of dogs.

To the Committee on the House of Reformation :

By Mr. Healey, the petition of H. F. Wardwell and others ;
 By Mr. Hughes, the petition of John J. Killam and others ;
 By Mr. Bingham, the petition of S. J. Eastman and others,
 —severally praying that Catholic clergymen be allowed to visit the House of Reformation in their pastoral capacity.

[Mr. WHEELER, of Newport, in the chair.]

Mr. McDuffee, from the Committee on Banks, to whom was referred the petition of Henry H. Howard and others, also the bill entitled “An act to incorporate the Grafton County Bank at Lyme,” reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of said bill and petition be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Eaton, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in addition to and in amendment of sections 8 and 9 of chapter 42 of the Revised Statutes, reported the same with the following amendment: Amend by striking out the second section thereof.

The amendment reported by the committee was adopted, and the bill ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Bingham, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in relation to the law terms of the Supreme Judicial Court in the Third Judicial District, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in relation to meetings of bond-holders and creditors of railroad corporations, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject, and the bill be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Eaton, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relating to the registration of births, marriages and deaths, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That further legislation on this subject is unnecessary.

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of John Page and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw.

Mr. Hughes, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relating to costs for trustees, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject.

Mr. Murray, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in relation to the compensation of jailers, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject.

Mr. Warner, from the Committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to incorporate the Mount Washington Telegraph Company, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Sanborn, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in amendment of an act entitled An act to incorporate the Gonic Manufacturing Company, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Huntoon, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relating to the First Congregational Society at Hillsborough Center, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Powers, from the Committee on Elections, to whom was referred the remonstrance of Allen Willey, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That Amos Flint is not entitled to a seat in this

House, and that Allen Willey was legally elected a Representative from the town of Campton, in the county of Grafton, and is entitled to a seat in this House.

On motion of Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, the bill entitled An act for remodeling the militia, was taken from the table and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

[The SPEAKER in the chair.]

SECOND READINGS.

The resolution relating to the compensation of the First Regiment was then read a second time and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Mr. Stevens, of Concord, the rules of the House were suspended, and the resolution was read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

Bills with the following titles were then introduced, read twice, and referred as follows :

To the Committee on Incorporations :

By Mr. Topliff, an act to change the name of the parish known as the Rector, Wardens and Vestry of Saint Michael's Church, in Manchester, and to incorporate the same.

By Mr. Farwell, of Nelson, an act to incorporate the National Mills.

Agreeably to previous notice, Mr. Kenrick moved to reconsider the vote whereby the House adopted the resolution reported by the Committee on the Judiciary, relative to the bill entitled An act providing for a Surveyor-General ;

And the question being stated, the House refused to reconsider.

By leave, Mr. Beane, of Berlin, presented the petition of Moody B. Quimby and others, praying for the reduction of tolls on Errol dam, which petition was referred to the Committee on Incorporations.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Stevens, an act relating to insurance companies.

By Mr. Hills, of Plaistow, "an act providing for the election of

superintending and prudential school committees, and for other purposes.”

By Mr. Barrett, a joint resolution instructing the Governor and Council to inquire into the expediency of appointing a medical commission.

On motion of Mr. Stoddard,

The House adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

Third readings.

The following bills were read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence :

An act in addition to and in amendment of sections 8 and 9 of chapter 42 of the Revised Statutes.

An act relating to the First Congregational Society at Hillsborough Center.

An act in amendment of an act entitled An act to incorporate the Gonic Manufacturing Company.

An act to incorporate the Mount Washington Telegraph Company.

An act in relation to the law term of the Supreme Judicial Court in the Third Judicial District.

By leave, Mr. Wheeler, from the Committee on Railroads, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to enforce the payment of railroad taxes, reported the same without amendment.

On motion of Mr. Wheeler, the rules of the House were suspended, and the bill was read a third time, when, on motion of Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, the bill was put back upon its second reading for amendment. Mr. Emery then moved to amend the bill as follows :

In line 10, strike out the word “forthwith,” and insert instead thereof the words “after notice to the delinquent corporation.” Also strike out the second section.

The amendments proposed were adopted, when, on motion of Mr. Emery, the rules were suspended and the bill was read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

By leave, Mr. Smith, from the Committee on Education, to whom was referred the petition of John Dumies and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to bring in a bill.

By leave, Mr. Abbott, from the same committee, to whom was referred a petition of George W. Leavitt and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the petitioners be allowed to bring in a bill.

Mr. Abbott, of Concord, introduced the following resolution, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That His Excellency the Governor be requested to appoint some clergyman to deliver an election sermon in June next.

By leave, Mr. Sanborn, of Wakefield, introduced a bill entitled An act in amendment of chapter 65 of the Revised Statutes, relating to the settlement of paupers, which bill was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

PETITIONS, &C., PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on Railroads :

By Mr. Smith, of Salisbury, the remonstrance of Jesse Eaton and others against the proposed change of location of the Portsmouth & Concord Railroad.

By Mr. Coughlin, the petition of William Brown and others ;

By Mr. Noyes, the petition of E. P. Richardson and others ;

By Mr. McDuffee, the petition of J. D. Sturtevant and others ;

By Mr. Young, of Manchester, the petition of Phineas Adams and others ;

By Mr. Goodhue, the petition of Benjamin Jenness and others ;

By Mr. Stoddard, the petition of R. D. Moores and others ;

By Mr. Conner, the petition of A. J. Fogg and others ;

By Mr. Straw, the petition of the city government of Manchester;—severally praying for the change of location of the Portsmouth & Concord Railroad.

To the Committee on Education :

By Mr. Coughlin, the petition of the School Committee of Manchester, praying that the State furnish suitable registers for the schools of Manchester.

By Mr. Chesley, the remonstrance of Benjamin Canney and others against granting the petition of Charles Brooks and John Brooks.

Mr. Blood, of Hillsborough, gave notice that, having voted with the majority, he would, on to-morrow or some subsequent day, move to reconsider the vote whereby the House passed the resolution relating to the compensation of the first regiment.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Read, an act to repeal chapter 2341 of the Pamphlet Laws, relating to the qualification of voters.

By Mr. Runnels, a bill to correct an error in the apportionment of taxes between Boscawen and Webster.

On motion of Mr. Durkee,

The House adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, June 19, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Holbrook, the rules were suspended, and the reading of the journal was omitted.

[Mr. STEVENS, of Concord, in the chair.]

PETITIONS, &C., PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on Railroads :

By Mr. Smith, of New-Market, the petition of Joshua Brooks and others ;

By Mr. Field, the petition of Augustus Walden and others ;

By Mr. Smith, of Nottingham, the petition of C. G. Chesley and others;

By Mr. Eaton, the petition of Josiah Hilton and others;

By Mr. Demeritt, the petition of Sargent Hanson and others;

By Mr. Rundlett, the petition of Horace C. Bacon and others;

By Mr. Thompson, of Wolfborough, the petition of Benjamin F. Martin and others;

By Mr. Dudley, the petition of N. L. Merrill and others;

By Mr. Hale, the petition of J. S. Jones and others;

By Mr. Buffum, the petition of M. C. Russell and others, and of Nathaniel Wells and others;

By Mr. Rowe, the petition of James U. Parker and others;

By Mr. Collins, the remonstrance of Austin Case and others—severally in relation to the proposed change of location of the Concord and Portsmouth Railroad.

To the Committee on Banks :

By Mr. Burpee, the petition of Joseph E. Phillips and others, praying for the incorporation of a bank at Andover.

To the Committee on Alteration of Names :

By Mr. Plaisted, the petition of Forest E. Fox;

By Mr. Slader, the petition of Watson Mayo—severally praying for change of names.

To the Committee on Education :

By Mr. Pattee, the petition of Amaziah Hall and others, praying to be disannexed from school district No. 3, in Bradford, and annexed to school district No. 8, in said town;

To the Committee on Printers' Accounts :

By Mr. Dearborn, of Peterborough, the account of K. C. Scott.

To the Committee on Claims :

By Mr. Proctor, the account of J. C. Smith.

By Mr. Topliff, the account of F. Smith.

[The SPEAKER in the chair.]

Mr. Savage, from the Committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom was referred the petition of Benjamin F. Gale and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of said petition be postponed to the next session of the Legislature, and that the petitioners cause a copy of said petition to be given to the town-clerks of said towns, on or before the first day of March next.

Mr. Burnap, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of Joshua Lane and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of said petition be postponed to the next session of the Legislature, and that the petitioners cause a copy of said petition to be given to the town-clerks of Chichester and Pittsfield, on or before the first day of March next.

Mr. Varney, from the Committee on Education, to whom was referred the petition of Charles Brooks and John Brooks, together with a bill to disannex them from school district number 3, in New-Durham, and annex them to school district number 10, in Farmington, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of the same be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Caverly, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of the school committee of Manchester, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to bring in a bill.

Mr. Emery, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in addition to an act legitimatizing children born before marriage, whose parents afterward intermarry, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Murray, from the same committee, to whom was referred a resolution directing the committee to inquire whether any further legislation is necessary to authorize an officer to sell personal property attached after the action is entered in court or before judgment, reported a bill entitled An act authorizing officers to sell attached property after the return of the writ or before execution, in certain cases, which bill was read a first time and ordered to a second reading.

Mr. Bingham, from the same committee, to whom was referred the resolution requiring them to inquire into the expediency of

making any modification of the laws in relation to divorce, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject.

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred the resolution requiring the committee to inquire into the expediency and necessity of passing an act for the protection of passengers on railroad trains, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject.

Mr. Dearborn, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act providing for the appointment of county justices, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject.

Mr. Woodman, from the same committee, to whom was referred the report of the State Treasurer, relating to the collection of taxes from delinquent railroads, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is unnecessary at this time to legislate on the subject.

Mr. Eaton, from the same committee, to whom was referred a joint resolution providing for the appointment of some clergyman to deliver an election sermon in June next, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the resolution be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Sanborn, from the Committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in amendment of an act entitled An act to incorporate the Great Falls Fire-Insurance Company, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Eastman, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to change the name of Saint Michael's Church, and to incorporate the same, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Lord, from the Committee on Railroads, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relative to the Concord and Ports-

mouth Railroad, and the petitions and remonstrances relating thereto, reported the bill with the following amendments:

1. Amend the third section by inserting, after the words "new portions of road," the following: "and until the track shall be laid on that portion of the road between Suncook village and Hooksett, and the same shall be in actual operation."

2. Also, amend the same section by striking out all after the words "in order," and inserting the following: "to lay the track between Candia and Manchester, as is herein proposed."

2. Amend by prefixing to section 4 the following words: "Trains for the accommodation of passengers shall be run daily between Concord and Portsmouth, without detention at Manchester; and there shall be no advance on the published freight and passenger tariffs as now established between Concord and Portsmouth."

The several amendments reported by the committee were adopted, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Collins, of Exeter, moved that the bill be made the special order of the day to-morrow, at 11 o'clock A. M.;

Pending which, the special order of the day being called for, on motion of Mr. Chase, of Manchester,

Resolved, That the House of Representatives are now ready to meet the honorable Senate in convention, for the purpose of proceeding in the elections, agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution, and that the Clerk notify the honorable Senate thereof.

IN CONVENTION.

The Senate, having met the House of Representatives in convention, on motion of Mr. Hackett, of the Senate, the Convention proceeded by ballot to the election of State Treasurer for the ensuing political year.

The ballots having been sorted and counted, the result was declared as follows:

Whole number of votes cast,	310
Necessary for a choice,	156
Asa A. Tufts had	1
Robert S. Webster had	113
PETER SANBORN had	196
—and PETER SANBORN was declared elected.	

On motion of Mr. Tufts, of the Senate, the Convention proceeded by ballot to the election of State Printer for the ensuing political year.

The ballots having been returned and counted, the result was declared as follows :

Whole number of votes cast,	305
Necessary for a choice,	153
Robert S. Webster had	1
Simeon D. Farnsworth had	1
George Wadleigh had	4
William Butterfield had	110
HENRY MCFARLAND had	189

—and HENRY MCFARLAND was declared elected.

On motion of Mr. Emery, the Convention rose and the Senate retired.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. Woodman, of Dover, moved that the House adjourn ;

And the question being stated, Mr. Collins, of Exeter, demanded the yeas and nays, which were called, and were as follows :

Those who voted in the affirmative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Goodnow, Clark of Auburn, Bell, Blake of Danville, Dearborn of Deerfield, Goodhue of Deerfield, Choate, Eastman of Derry, Rundlett, Berry of Gosport, Clark of Hampstead, Nason, Brown of Kingston, Dickey, Whorf, Coleman, Brown of North-Hampton, Harvey, Annable, Emery of Portsmouth, Robinson of Portsmouth, Carr, Wendell, Dudley, Trefethen, Webster of Salem, Crowell, Chase of Seabrook, Eaton of South-Hampton, Field, Merrill of Stratham, Campbell of Windham ;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Hale of Barrington, Cater, Smith of Dover, Reade, Horne, Folsom, Woodman of Dover, Meader of Dover, Pierce of Dover, McDaniel of Durham, Richardson of Farmington, Hurd, McDaniel of Lee, Demerritt, Pike, Plumer, Tebbets, McDuffee, Wentworth, Lord, Buffum, Otis ;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Savage, Chesley, Woodman of Gilmanton, Gilman, Doe, Brown of Sanbornton, Taylor of Sanbornton, Rowe ;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Hall of Bartlett, Stoddard, Lewis, Hazelton, Atkinson, Milliken, Fowler, Trickey, Flanders of Moultonborough, Beacham, Rolls, Clark of Sandwich, Marston, Emery of Tamworth, Merrill of Tamworth, Piper, Sanborn of Wakefield, Young of Wolfborough ;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Blaisdell, Gage, Pierce of Bradford, Rowell, Blake of Concord, Parker of Dunbarton, Goodhue of Epsom, Kenrick, Daniell of Franklin, Dodge, Goss, Head, Sawyer, Burpee, Huntoon of Sutton, Harriman, Pattee of Warner, Runnels;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Hartshorn, Hale of Bedford, Dunclee, Peterson, Frye, Robie, Chase of Hudson, Griffin of Litchfield, Herrick, Brown of Manchester, Hills, Straw, Pearsons, Topliff, Chase of Manchester, Morse of Manchester, Kimball of Manchester, Young of Manchester, Holbrook, Healey, Noyes, Pattee of Manchester, Mack, Robinson of Manchester, Kenney, Lane of Milford, Robinson of Nashua, Blakeslee, Danforth, Sanders, Boyden, Marshall of Pelham, Farnsworth, Dearborn of Peterborough;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Richardson of Chesterfield, Amidon, Aldrich, Dinsmore, Caverly, Maynard, Martin;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Slader, Kimball of Charlestown, Abbott of Charlestown, Grannis, Kimball of Claremont, Eastman of Claremont, Goodwin, Burnap of Cornish, Durkee, Parker of Goshen, Hall of Grantham, Beckwith, Wheeler of Newport, Nourse, Rounseville, McIlvin;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Holt, McGregory, Hammond, Bartlett of Bristol, Willey, Cole of Grafton, Buel, Tenney, Morse of Haverhill, Gordon of Holderness, Shattuck of Landaff, Blood of Lebanon, Hutchins, Bingham, Robbins, Porter of Lyman, Dimick, Duncan, Emerson of Piermont, Page of Thornton, Weeks of Warren, Smith of Wentworth, Jackman;

(COÖS COUNTY) Beane, Rosebrooks, Washburne, Coolidge, Peabody, Plaisted of Jefferson, Abbott of Northumberland, Twitchell, Sweatt.

Those who voted in the negative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Conner, Collins, Burley, Weeks of Greenland, Prescott, Taylor of Newmarket, Smith of Newmarket, Hoyt, Smith of Nottingham, Hills, Griffin of Sandown;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Varney, Montgomery;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) McNiel, Plaisted of Center-Harbor, Morrison, Cole of Gilford, Bennett, Leavitt of Meredith, Lang of Meredith;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Proctor, Thompson of Bow, Peverly, Berry of Chichester, Coffin, Herbert, Shattuck of Concord, Abbott of Concord, Stevens of Concord, Greene, Sanborn of Loudon, Knowles, Cochran, Freese, Smith of Salisbury, Teel;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Jameson, Butterfield, Favor, Simonds, Burnham, Blood of Hillsborough, Farley, Marshall of Mason, Bartlett of Milford, Smith of Mont-Vernon, Hughes, Clement, Moore, Emerson of Nashua, Campbell of Nashua, Blunt, Warner, Swallow, Barrett, Curtis;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Banks, Mason of Dublin, Carter, Bill, Powers, Holmes, Edwards of Keene, Chase of Keene, Mason of Marlborough,

Burnap of Marlow, Farwell, Abbott of Rindge, Nims, Wilson, Howes, Capron, Cole of Westmoreland, Rixford, Sabin;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Winch, Gallup, Stickney, George of Sunapee;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Walker, Page of Benton, Murray, Day, Carrier, Dolloff, Randall, Edwards of Enfield, Huse, Parker of Franconia, Hutton of Hanover, Westgate, Morse of Hebron, Mudgett, Quimby, Culver, Thomas, Wheeler of Orford, Penniman;

(COÖS COUNTY) Colby, Annis, Smith of Dalton, Lane of Milan, Morrill of Stewartstown, Gordon of Whitefield.

Yeas 186; nays 105.

So the House adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

Bills with the following titles were severally read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence:

An act in amendment of an act entitled An act to incorporate the Great Falls Mutual Fire-Insurance Company;

An act to change the name of St. Michael's church, and to incorporate the same;

An act in addition to an act entitled An act legitimatizing children born before marriage, whose parents afterward intermarry.

The bill entitled An act relative to the Concord and Portsmouth Railroad was then read a third time,

And the question being stated, Shall the bill pass?

Mr. Stevens, of Concord, moved that the bill be made the special order of the day on Friday next, at 11 o'clock;

And the question being stated, shall the motion prevail?

Mr. Abbott, of Concord, demanded the yeas and nays, which were called, and were as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Gordon of Brentwood, Webster of East-Kingston, Conner, Collins, Burley, Weeks of Greenland, Clark of Hampstead, Prescott, Dickey, Hoit, Hills, Webster of Salem;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Richardson of Farmington, Hurd, Pike, Varney, Tebbetts;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Plaisted of Center-Harbor, Morrison, Cole of Gilford, Bennett, Woodman of Gilmanton, Doe, Leavitt of Meredith, Lang of Meredith;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Hall of Bartlett, Stoddard, Lewis, Hazelton, Atkinson, Marston, Emery of Tamworth, Piper, Sanborn of Wakefield;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Proctor, Gage, Thompson of Bow, Pierce of Bradford, Peverly, Tallant, Rowell, Coffin, Herbert, Shattuck of Concord, Blake of Concord, Abbott of Concord, Stevens of Concord, Green, Dodge, Goss, Sanborn of Loudon, Knowles, Smith of Salisbury, Huntoon of Sutton, Teel;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Peterson, Favor, Simonds, Burnham, Farley, Chase of Hudson, Herrick, Bartlett of Milford, Lane of Milford, Clement, Moore, Emerson of Nashua, Robinson of Nashua, Blakeslee, Campbell of Nashua, Blunt, Warner, Swallow, Sanders, Marshall of Pelham, Barrett;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Banks, Mason of Dublin, Powers, Holmes, Chase of Keene, Mason of Marlborough, Burnap of Marlow, Farwell, Aldrich, Abbott of Rindge, Nims, Wilson, Howes, Capron, Rixford, Sabin;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Abbott of Charlestown, Parker of Goshen, Winch, Beckwith, Gallup, Stickney, George of Sunapee;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Walker, Hammond, Bartlett of Bristol, Murray, Day, Currier, Dolloff, Edwards of Enfield, Huse, Cole of Grafton, Tenney, Morse of Haverhill, Blake of Hill, Mudgett, Blood of Lebanon, Culver, Dimick, Duncan, Thomas, Wheeler of Orford, Penniman, Ward, Page of Thornton, Weeks of Warren, Smith of Wentworth;

(COOS COUNTY) Annis, Coolidge, Peabody, Lane of Milan, Twitchell, Morrill of Stewartstown.

Those who voted in the negative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Clark of Auburn, Bell, Blake of Danville, Dearborn of Deerfield, Goodhue of Deerfield, Choate, Eastman of Derry, Rundlett, Sanborn of Fremont, Garland, Nason, Brown of Kingston, Whorf, Tarlton, Coleman, Taylor of Newmarket, Smith of Newmarket, Brown of North-Hampton, Smith of Nottingham, Harvey, Annable, Emery of Portsmouth, Robinson of Portsmouth, Carr, Wendell, Dudley, Trefethen, Griffin of Sandown, Chase of Seabrook, Eaton of South-Hampton, Field, Merrill of Stratham, Campbell of Windham;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Hale of Barrington, Cater, Smith of Dover, Reade, Horne, Folsom, Woodman of Dover, Meader of Dover, Pierce of Dover, McDaniel of Lee, Demeritt, McDuffee, Lord, Buffum, Otis, Montgomery;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Savage, Chesley, George of Barnstead, McNeil, Smith of New-Hampton, Rowe ;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Fife, Milliken, Fowler, Trickey, Flanders of Moultonborough, Beacham, Rolls, Clark of Sandwich, Merrill of Tamworth, Thompson of Wolfborough, Young of Wolfborough ;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Blaisdell, Berry of Chichester, Parker of Dunbarton, Goodhue of Epsom, Kenrick, Daniell, Head, Ordway, Sawyer, Burpee, Cochran, Freese, Harriman, Pattee of Warner, Runnels ;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Hartshorn, Jameson, Hale of Bedford, Dunklee, Lovering, Frye, Butterfield, Robie, Blood of Hillsborough, Griffin of Litchfield, Brown of Manchester, Hills, Straw, Pearsons, Topliff, Chase of Manchester, Morse of Manchester, Kimball of Manchester, Young of Manchester, Holbrook, Coughlin, Healey, Noyes, Pattee of Manchester, Mack, Robinson of Manchester, Marshall of Mason, Kenney, Smith of Mont-Vernon, Danforth, Boyden, Marshall of Pelham, Farnsworth, Dearborn of Peterborough, Killam, Cartland, Curtis ;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Richardson of Chesterfield, Carter, Bill, Amidon, Edwards of Keene, Dinsmore, Caverly, Maynard, Martin, Cole of Westmoreland ;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Slader, Kimball of Charlestown, Grannis, Eastman of Claremont, Goodwin, Burnap of Cornish, Durkee, Hall of Grantham, Wheeler of Newport, Nourse, McIlvin ;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Holt, Page of Benton, McGregory, Willey, Randall, Parker of Franconia, Buel, Westgate, Morse of Hebron, Gordon of Holderness, Shattuck of Landaff, Quimby, Hutchins, Bingham, Robbins, Porter of Lyman, Emerson of Piermont, Jackman ;

(COÖS COUNTY) Beane, Rosebrooks, Washburne, Colby, Smith of Dalton, Plaisted of Jefferson, Abbott of Northumberland, Sweatt, Gordon of Whitefield.

Yeas 129 ; nays 166.

So the motion was lost.

The bill then passed, and was sent to the Senate for concurrence.

By leave, Mr. Coughlin introduced a bill entitled An act repealing chapter 1667 and 1829 of the Pamphlet Laws, which bill was read twice, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Hills, of Plaistow,

The House adjourned.

THURSDAY, June 20, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Abbott, of Concord, the rules of the House were suspended, and the reading of the journal was omitted.

PETITIONS, &C., PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on Towns and Parishes :

By Mr. Kenrick, the petition of William B. Burpee and others, and of A. G. Kimball and others, praying to be disannexed from the town of Boscawen and annexed to the town of Webster.

To the Committee on Alteration of Names :

By Mr. Tallant, the petition of Maria Dennett ;

By Mr. Peverly, the petition of Ira H. Hasdell—severally praying for change of names.

To the Committee on the Division of Towns :

By Mr. Lane, the petition of Emerson Gibbs and others, praying for a division of the town of Sanbornton.

By Mr. Runnels, the petition of M. A. Pillsbury and others, praying for the change of the name of the town of Webster.

Mr. Woodman, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the resolution requiring that committee to examine an act entitled "An act to secure freedom and the rights of citizenship to persons in this State," and report upon the constitutionality of its provisions, and the expediency of amending or repealing the same, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court be requested to submit to this House, as soon as may be practicable, their opinion upon the constitutionality of an act entitled "An act to secure freedom and the rights of citizenship to persons in this State," passed June 26, 1857.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Justices thereof.

Mr. Murray, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act providing for liens in favor of mechanics

and others, in certain cases, reported the same with an amendment, as follows:

Strike out the words, "Sixty days after such payment shall have become due," in lines 14 and 15, and insert as follows:

"Ninety days after such labor or materials shall have been performed or furnished, unless payment shall have been previously made."

The amendments proposed were adopted, and the bill ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred a resolution instructing the committee to inquire whether any further legislation is necessary for the protection of creditors, and for the speedy settlement of accounts of assignees of insolvent debtors, reported a bill entitled An act in addition to chapter 134 of the Revised Statutes, which bill was read a first time and ordered to a second reading.

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in amendment of chapter 65 of the Revised Statutes, relating to the settlement of paupers, reported the following resolution, which, on motion of Mr. Stoddard, was laid upon the table:

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject.

Mr. Merrill, from the Committee on Education, to whom was referred the petition of W. P. Johnson and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw.

Mr. Abbott, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of Francis Harvey and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to bring in a bill.

Mr. Holt, from the Committee on Railroads, to whom was referred the report of the Ashuelot Railroad, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the report be placed on file in the office of the Secretary of State.

Mr. Gordon, from the same committee, to whom was referred

the return of the Boston, Concord and Montreal Railroad, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the return be placed on file in the office of the Secretary of State.

Mr. Sanborn, from the Committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to incorporate the People's Gas-Light Company, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Horne, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to incorporate the National Mills, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Warner, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to incorporate the South-Wolf borough Blanket and Flannel Manufacturing Company, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Jameson, from the Committee on Agriculture, to whom was referred the petition of Moody B. Quimby and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That said petition be referred to the Committee on Incorporations.

Mr. Buffum, from the Committee on Military Accounts, to whom was referred the account of Norman Fuller, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time and ordered to a second reading:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That Norman Fuller be allowed three hundred and eighty dollars (\$380) in full for his account, and that the same be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Mr. Straw, from the Committee on Finance, to whom was referred a resolution relating to the pay of troops, reported a bill entitled An act to aid in the defense of the country, which bill was read a first time, when, on motion of Mr. Hughes, the bill was laid upon the table and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Shattuck, from the same committee, to whom was referred the accounts of Amos Tuck and others, reported the following

joint resolution, which was read a first time and ordered to a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That Levi Chamberlain be allowed three hundred dollars, that Asa Fowler be allowed three hundred dollars, and that Amos Tuck be allowed three hundred and thirty-five dollars, in full for their accounts for expenses, travel and attendance as members of the Peace Conference Convention, and that the same be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Mr. Burley, from the same committee, to whom was referred the matter of safety of the public records, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time and ordered to a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That, for the more effectual protection and preservation of the public records, the Governor is hereby authorized and instructed to procure iron fire-proof safes of sufficient capacity to contain said documents ; the said safes to be placed in the office of the Secretary of State, and to be paid for out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House in the passage of bills with the following titles :

An act authorizing the Exeter Mill and Water Power Company to convey its property and franchise to the Exeter Manufacturing Company.

An act in amendment of an act entitled An act to incorporate the Gonic Manufacturing Company.

An act in addition to chapter 113 of the Revised Statutes.

An act in relation to the law terms of the Supreme Judicial Court in the Third Judicial District.

They have indefinitely postponed the bill entitled An act in amendment of chapter 71 of the Revised Statutes, relating to school houses ;

Also, An act relating to gas-light companies.

By leave, Mr. Barrett introduced the following joint resolu-

tion, which was read twice, and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That His Excellency the Governor, and the honorable Council, be instructed to inquire into the expediency of appointing a Medical Commission, to consist of not less than three nor more than five members, to examine applicants for appointments as surgeons and assistant surgeons for the New-Hampshire regiments, now and hereafter to be in the service of the United States ; and if, in their judgment, it be deemed expedient, they be instructed and authorized to immediately appoint such a commission.

Bills with the following titles were then introduced, read twice, and referred as follows :

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Stevens, an act relating to insurance companies.

By Mr. Westgate, an act defining the rights of owners and occupants of land adjoining railroads.

By Mr. Reade, an act to repeal chapter 2341 of the Pamphlet Laws, relating to the qualifications of voters.

By Mr. Blood, of Hillsborough, an act to prevent fraudulent transfers of property.

To the Committee on Education :

By Mr. Hills, of Plaistow, an act providing for the election of superintending and prudential school committees, and for other purposes.

To the Committee on Railroads :

By Mr. Griffin, an act in relation to the duties of railroad commissioners.

SECOND READINGS.

The following bill and joint resolutions were severally read a second time and ordered to a third reading :

An act authorizing officers to sell attached property after the return of the writ and before execution.

Joint resolution in favor of Norman Fuller.

Joint resolution in favor of Amos Tuck and others.

Joint resolution relating to safety of public records.

The bill entitled An act in addition to chapter 134 of the Revised Statutes, was read a second time, and, on motion of Mr. Stevens, of Concord, was laid upon the table and ordered to be printed.

On motion of Mr. Hughes, of Nashua, the bill entitled An act in addition to an act entitled An act to establish a corporation by the name of the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company, was taken from the table, read a second time, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Hughes,

Resolved, That His Excellency the Governor be requested to furnish to this House, at the earliest possible moment, a detailed statement of the expenditures already incurred in fitting out and sending off the 1st and 2d regiments, and a statement of all existing liabilities on account of said regiments, so far as practicable at the present time; and also his estimates of the probable future expenditures for military purposes for which he would recommend an appropriation to be made by this Legislature.

Ordered, That the Clerk inform His Excellency the Governor thereof.

On motion of Mr. Tallant,

Resolved, That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire into the expediency of the State of New-Hampshire purchasing the franchises, rights and privileges of the Concord Railroad, according to the provisions of section 17 of the act incorporating said road, wherein it is provided that the State shall have the right to purchase said road, and report by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Merrill, of Tamworth,

Resolved, That the Committee on Education be instructed to inquire what further legislation is necessary in regard to teachers' institutes and school commissioners, with liberty to report by bill or otherwise.

• On motion of Mr. Culver,

Resolved, That Rev. L. A. Sawyer have the use of the hall of the House of Representatives, immediately after the adjournment this forenoon, for the purpose of addressing the people who

may see fit to listen to his remarks upon the subject of a new translation of the Bible.

Mr. Farnsworth introduced the following resolution :

Resolved, That a committee be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to fix upon and report a time for holding a Constitutional Convention, agreeably to the decision of the legal voters of the State, in March last, pursuant to an act of the Legislature in June, 1860.

Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, moved that the resolution be laid upon the table.

Debate intervening,

On motion of Mr. Emery, the resolution, together with the motion, was laid upon the table.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Grannis, an act relating to Hart Island Bridge.

By Mr. Murray, an act relating to hearings before county commissioners; also, an act in amendment of chapter 2219 of the Pamphlet Laws.

By Mr. Smith, of Wentworth, an act in amendment of chapter 71 of the Revised Statutes.

By Mr. Buffum, an act in relation to offenses against the police of towns.

By Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, an act to provide for the safety of advertisements.

By Mr. Caverly, an act to establish the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction.

By Mr. Kimball, of Manchester, an act to change the corporate name of the Manchester Machine Company.

By Mr. Griffin, an act in relation to the duties of Railroad Commissioners.

By Mr. Beane, an act to increase the common school fund of this State.

By Mr. McDuffee, an act in relation to the compensation of bank commissioners.

By Mr. Blood, of Hillsborough, an act to prevent fraudulent transfers of property.

By Mr. Durkee, a bill to repeal the act passed June 29, 1821, establishing a literary fund.

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By Mr. Stevens, a joint resolution relating to the New-Hampshire Historical Society.

Mr. Varney gave notice that he should move a reconsideration of the vote whereby the bill to disannex John Brooks and Charles Brooks from school-district No 3, in New-Durham, and annex them to school district No. 10, in Farmington, was indefinitely postponed, he having voted in the affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Stevens, of Concord,

The House adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

Third Readings.

The following bills and joint resolutions were severally read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence :

[Mr. EMERY, of Portsmouth, in the chair.]

An act authorizing officers to sell attached property after the return of the writ or before execution, in certain cases ;

An act to incorporate the National Mills ;

An act to incorporate the People's Gas Light Company ;

An act to incorporate the South Wolfborough Blanket and Flannel Manufacturing Company ;

Resolution in favor of Amos Tuck and others ;

Resolution in favor of Norman Fuller ;

Resolution in relation to safety of the public records.

The bill entitled An act providing for liens in favor of mechanics and others, in certain cases, sent down from the Senate, and amended by the House, was then read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. Straw introduced the following resolution, which was adopted, and notice thereof sent to the Senate :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the business of the session of the Legislature shall be brought to a close on Saturday, the 29th day of June instant.

By leave, Mr. Parker, of Franconia, presented the account of David H. Applebee, and the petition of Joel Spooner and others, praying for the payment of said claim, which were severally referred to the Committee on Claims.

Agreeably to leave granted by committee, Mr. Abbott, of Rindge, introduced a bill entitled An act to disannex George W. Leavitt from Union school district No. 2, in Loudon and Chichester, and annex him to district No. 6, in Chichester, which bill was read twice, and referred to the Committee on Education.

By leave, Mr. Morse, from the Committee on Mileage, submitted a report, which, on motion of Mr. Smith, of Mont-Vernon, was re-committed to the committee, with instructions to report according to the standing rule of the House.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Woodman, of Dover, an act in relation to taxation of small amounts of money deposited in Savings Banks.

By Mr. Straw, an act to promote the common school interest.
On motion of Mr. Kenrick,

The House adjourned.

FRIDAY, June 21, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Jameson, of Antrim, the rules of the House were suspended, and the reading of the journal was omitted.

Mr. Stevens, of Concord, presented the account of Orison Dudley, which was referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Amidon, from the Committee on Claims, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time, and ordered to a second reading:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of three hundred and thirty-six dollars and eighty-one cents (\$336.81) be allowed Benjamin Grover; that seven dollars and fifty cents (\$7.50) be allowed G. B. French & Co.; that eighty-seven dollars (\$87) be allowed Nicholas Giles; that twenty-one dollars (\$21) be allowed John Albin; that sixty-eight dollars and seventy-five cents (\$68.75) be allowed Wm. R. Martin; that

six dollars and twenty-five cents (\$6.25) be allowed Joshua Chapman; that twenty-one dollars (\$21) be allowed R. H. Sherburne; that seventeen dollars and five cents (\$17.05) be allowed Clarendon M. Saunders; that fourteen dollars and thirty-five cents (\$14.35) be allowed Concord Gas Light Company; that six dollars and fifty-six cents (\$6.56) be allowed John Dame; that eight dollars and twelve cents (\$8.12) be allowed George W. Drew & Co.; that five dollars and eighty-eight cents (\$5.88) be allowed Samuel T. Cobb; that seven dollars and fifty cents (\$7.50) be allowed J. M. Usher; that twelve dollars (\$12) be allowed S. G. Sylvester; that twenty-two dollars and fifty cents (\$22.50) be allowed B. W. Sanborn & Co.; that four hundred and thirty-three dollars and sixty-three cents (\$433.63) be allowed John Foss; that twenty-six dollars and sixteen cents (\$26.16) be allowed Barker, Adams & Co.; that one hundred and twenty-one dollars and three cents (\$121.03) be allowed John T. Dame; that nine dollars and seventy-four cents (\$9.74) be allowed Willis & Harris; that ninety-five dollars and ninety-one cents (95.91) be allowed D. L. Gurnsey & Co.; that eighteen dollars and thirty-eight cents (\$18.38) be allowed Thomas W. Sanborn; that seven dollars and seven cents (\$7.07) be allowed E. Jackson; that three dollars and fifty cents (\$3.50) be allowed D. J. Abbott; that eight dollars and sixty-six cents (\$8.66) be allowed Warde & Humphrey; that sixty-six dollars and thirty-four cents (66.34) be allowed Mead & Mason; that thirteen dollars and sixty-eight cents (\$13.68) be allowed Thomas B. Tamblin; that one hundred and twenty-seven dollars and ninety-six cents (\$127.96) be allowed G. Parker Lyon; that twenty-five dollars (\$25) be allowed Ephraim Weston; that twenty-five dollars (\$25) be allowed Morris Clark; that twenty-five dollars (\$25) be allowed Daniel Sawyer; that twenty-four dollars (\$24) be allowed D. J. Prescott; that sixty-five dollars and forty-nine cents (\$65.49) be allowed Merrill & Son; that three hundred and sixty-six dollars and nineteen cents (\$366.19) be allowed Morrill & Silsby; that eight dollars (\$8) be allowed C. E. Savory; that twenty-five dollars (\$25) be allowed George W. Fitts; that nineteen dollars (\$19) be allowed A. B. Holt; that fifteen dollars (\$15) be allowed J. B. Gove; that two hundred and twenty-nine dollars and seventy cents (\$229.70) be allowed B. W. Sanborn & Co.; that one hundred and twenty-six dollars and thirty-five cents (\$126.35) be allowed Thomas

L. Tuflock—in full of their accounts, and that the same be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Mr. Coleman, from the Committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom was referred the petition of Hiram Parker and others, reported a bill entitled An act to annex a gore of land between Bartlett and Hart's Location to Hart's Location, which bill was read a first time and ordered to a second reading.

Mr. McDaniel, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of John Y. Dustin and others, reported a bill entitled An act to disannex a part of the farm of John Y. Dustin, from school district No. 3, in Milan, and annex the same to district No. 1, in Berlin, for school purposes, which bill was read a first time, and, on motion of Mr. Blood, of Hillsborough, was referred to the Committee on Education.

Mr. Quimby, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of Henry S. Gibson and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition.

Mr. Frye, from the Joint Committee on Engrossed Bills, reported that they had carefully examined and found correctly engrossed bills of the following titles :

An act in relation to the law terms of the Supreme Judicial Court in the Third Judicial District ;

An act providing for liens in favor of mechanics and others, in certain cases ;

An act in addition to chapter 113 of the Revised Statutes ;

An act in relation to the First Congregational Society at Hillsborough Center ;

An act in amendment of an act entitled An act to incorporate the Gonic Manufacturing Company ;

An act authorizing the Exeter Mill & Walter Power Company to convey its property and franchises to the Exeter Manufacturing Company ;

An act in amendment of an act entitled An act to incorporate the Great Falls Mutual Fire-Insurance Company.

Mr. Blakeslee, from the Committee on Banks, to whom was re-

ferred the petition of E. D. Baker and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw.

Mr. Annis, from the Committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred the petition of William P. Jones and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw.

Mr. Woodman, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the bill entitled An act defining the rights of owners and occupants of lands adjoining railroads, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to pass said bill.

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to repeal chapter 2341 of the Pamphlet Laws, relating to the qualification of voters, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject.

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred the resolution instructing the committee to inquire into the expediency of this State purchasing the Concord Railroad, according to the provisions of section 17 of its charter, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient at this time to legislate upon the subject.

Mr. Murray, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relating to insurance companies, reported the following resolution :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject.

On motion of Mr. Stevens, the reports were laid on the table.

Mr. Chamberlain, from the Committee on the Insane Asylum, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time, and ordered to a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of four thousand dollars be,

and the same is hereby appropriated for the maintenance of indigent insane persons belonging to this State at the Asylum, for such and so many as His Excellency shall elect and approve: *Provided*, that not less than two thirds of said sum shall be applied to the support of private patients, exclusive of paupers maintained at public charge; and the Governor is authorized to draw said sum from the treasury by warrant.

Mr. Abbott, from the Committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the petition of the selectmen of the town of Wilton, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw.

Mr. Barrett, from the same committee, to whom was referred the resolution relating to the appointment of a medical commission, reported the following amendment, which was adopted, and, on motion of Mr. Barrett, the resolution was laid upon the table:

At the close of the resolution, add the following: "The remuneration of the commission shall be a fee of five dollars, to be paid by each applicant for examination, which fee shall be paid before the applicant shall be entitled to an examination."

Mr. Martin, from the Committee on Railroads, to whom was referred the return of the Manchester & North-Weare Railroad, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the return be placed on file in the office of the Secretary of State, for future reference.

Mr. Runnels, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in relation to the duties of railroad commissioners, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the bill be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Dearborn, from the same committee, to whom was referred the bill entitled An act concerning the Peterborough and Shirley Railroad Company, reported the same with amendments.

On motion of Mr. Hughes, of Nashua, the bill and amendments were laid upon the table, and made the special order of the day on Tuesday next, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Mr. Coffin, from the select committee, to whom was referred the petition of L. Downing, Jr., and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the further consideration of said petition be postponed to the next session of the Legislature.

SECOND READINGS.

The following bills and joint resolutions were severally read a second time, and ordered to a third reading :

An act to annex a gore of land between Bartlett and Hart's Location to Hart's Location ;
Resolution in favor of the Insane Asylum ;
Resolution in favor of Benjamin Grover and others.

On motion of Mr. Hughes, the resolution in favor of Benjamin Grover and others was put upon its second reading for amendment.

The question then recurring, Shall the resolution be read a third time ?

On motion of Mr. Hughes, the resolution was laid upon the table.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate have passed the bill entitled An act to incorporate the Mount Washington Telegraph Company, with the following amendments :

Add to section 2 the words " Provided said line shall not be so constructed as to incumber the public use of said highways, or injuriously interrupt the navigation of any waters." Also, add to section 7 the words " and the Legislature may at any time alter, amend or repeal the same;" in the passage of which amendments they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

The Senate concur with the House in the passage of the amendments to the bill entitled An act providing for a lien for mechanics and others, in certain cases.

They have passed a joint resolution in relation to the State Mineralogical Cabinet ; also a bill entitled An act to enable the town of Keene to establish water-works ; in the passage of which they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the amendments proposed by the Senate to the bill entitled An act to incorporate the Mount Washington Telegraph Company, when the amendments were severally adopted, and the Clerk ordered to notify the Senate thereof.

The joint resolution in relation to the State Mineralogical Cabinet, sent down from the Senate, was then read twice and referred to the Committee on Education.

The bill entitled An act to enable the town of Keene to establish water works, sent down from the Senate, was then read twice, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A further message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate have passed the bill entitled "An act explanatory of section 5, chapter 25 Revised Statutes, with the following amendment :

Strike out all after the words "General Court convened," in the second line of the first section, and insert the following : "That any person claiming the right to vote under the proviso contained in the 5th section of chapter 25 of the Revised Statutes, shall furnish to the selectmen the requisite evidence that he has the other qualifications beside residence, to entitle him to vote, in which they ask the concurrence of the House.

They concur with the House in the passage of bills entitled "An act to enforce the payment of railroad taxes ;"

"An act in addition to and in amendment of section 8 and 9 of chapter 42 of the Revised Statutes."

They have also passed bills with the following titles :

"An act relative to drunkenness ;"

A resolution in favor of the N. H. Historical Society ;

In the passage of which they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the bill entitled An act explanatory of section 5, chapter 25, Revised Statutes, sent down from the Senate with an amendment, and the question being stated,

Will the House concur in the adoption of the amendment proposed ?

It was decided in the negative.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

The bill, sent down from the Senate, entitled An act relative to drunkenness, was then read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The resolution in favor of the N. H. Historical Society, sent

down from the Senate, was then read twice and referred to the Committee on Education.

Mr. Shattuck, of Concord, introduced the following resolution :

Resolved, That when the House adjourn this morning, it adjourn to meet at 2 o'clock this afternoon, and that when it adjourns this afternoon it adjourn to meet again at 4 o'clock in the afternoon on Monday next.

Mr. Blood, of Hillsborough, moved to amend by striking out all after the words "again," and insert instead the words "at 10½ o'clock in the forenoon of Monday next."

Mr. Emery moved to amend by striking out all after the words "two o'clock this afternoon," which motion prevailed.

Bills, with the following titles over them, introduced, read twice, and referred as follows :

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Murray, an act relating to hearings before county commissioners.

To the Committee on Banks :

By Mr. Woodman, of Dover, an act relating to the duties of treasurers of savings banks and loan-fund associations.

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Buffum, an act in relation to offenses against the police of towns.

By Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, an act to provide for the safety of advertisements.

To the Committee on Public Lands :

By Mr. Beane, an act to increase the common school fund of the State.

To the Committee on Incorporations :

By Mr. Grannis, an act in relation to the rebuilding of Hart Island Bridge.

By Mr. Kimball, of Manchester, an act to change the corporate name of the Manchester Machine Company.

To the Committee on Second Readings :

By Mr. Lane, of Milan, a bill entitled An act authorizing ministers of the gospel to solemnize marriages in certain cases.

By leave, Mr. Goodwin introduced the following joint resolution :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That all persons who have acted or may act, under proper authority, as officers in the organization of the military force of this State, from the time of arriving at the rendezvous to the time of being mustered into the service of the United States, be allowed the regular cash pay of officers of the same grades in the United States Army: *Provided*, that no greater number shall be paid than is allowed in the regular service.

The resolution was read twice, and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Hughes, the resolution in favor of Benjamin Grover and others was taken from the table.

Mr. Hughes moved to amend the resolution by adding thereto the words "and the Governor be authorized to draw his warrant therefor."

The amendment was adopted, and the resolution ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Varney moved to reconsider the vote whereby the House indefinitely postponed the bill entitled An act to disannex Charles Brooks and John Brooks from School District No. 3, in New-Durham, and annex the same to School District No. 10, in Farmington. The House refused to reconsider.

On motion of Mr. Rolls, of Ossipee, the House adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

On motion of Mr. Coughlin, the rules of the House were suspended, and all bills and resolutions in order for a third reading at 3 o'clock were made in order at the present time.

THIRD READINGS.

The following bill and joint resolutions were severally read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence :

An act to annex a gore of land between Bartlett and Hart's Location to Hart's Location ;

Joint resolution in favor of Benjamin Grover and others ;
Joint resolution in favor of the Insane Asylum.

Mr. Amidon, from the Committee on Claims, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time, and ordered to a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of three hundred dollars be allowed Frederick Smyth, in full for his accounts, and that the same be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Mr. Amidon, from the same committee, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time, and ordered to a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of four hundred and fifty-three dollars and sixteen cents (\$453.16) be allowed Allen Tenny, in full for his accounts, and that the same be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

By leave, Mr. Dickey, from the Committee on Education, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relative to the creation and alteration of school districts, reported the following amendment, which was adopted, and the bill was ordered to a third reading :

Add the following words at the close of the first section :
“ *Provided* that no alteration of existing districts shall be made without the previous written recommendation of the superintending school committee and selectmen of the town, which shall also be recorded.

By leave, Mr. Abbott, of Concord, presented the account of Nathaniel White, which was referred to the Committee on Claims.

On motion of Mr. Collins,

Resolved, That when the House adjourn this afternoon, it adjourn to meet at 4 o'clock on the afternoon of Monday next.

On motion of Mr. Caverly, of Troy,

Resolved, That His Excellency the Governor be requested to furnish to the House, at the earliest opportunity, a detailed

statement of all the public money received and paid out by the Board of Education and School Commissioners during the past year.

Mr. Stevens, of Concord, gave notice that he would move a reconsideration of the vote whereby the House adopted the resolution granting leave to withdraw on the petition of William P. Jones and others for a new aqueduct in Portsmouth, he having voted in the affirmative on the question.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Lane, of Milan, an act relating to taxing booms, and boom property.

By Mr. Stevens, a bill relating to registers of probate.

By Mr. Wheeler, of Orford, an act to prevent the transfer of stocks to avoid taxation, and for other purposes.

On motion of Mr. Culver,

Resolved, That the use of this hall be tendered to the Rev. L. A. Sawyer, on Monday evening next, for the purpose of delivering a lecture on the new translation of the bible.

On motion of Mr. Emerson, of Nashua,

The House adjourned.

MONDAY, June 24, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Healey, the rules of the House were suspended, and the reading of the journal was omitted.

PETITIONS, &C., PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on Division of Towns:

By Mr. Brown, of Sanbornton, the remonstrance of Samuel S. Hersey and others; of George Woodard and others; of Sylvester Campbell and others, and of Bradbury M. Morrill and others—severally against the division of the town of Sanbornton.

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Chase, the petition of Edward Ballou, praying that certain judgments rendered against him as the administrator of Thomas Storrs, deceased, be paid out of certain moneys paid by him, as such administrator, into the State treasury.

To the Committee on Alteration of Names :

By Mr. Morrill, the petition of John S. Davis ;

By Mr. Morse, of Hebron, the petition of E. F. Pierce, praying for change of name of Mary E. Smith ;

By Mr. Farley, the petition of Jared P. Clapp ;

Severally praying for change of name.

To the Committee on Military Affairs :

By Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, the petition of field officers of the 2d regiment N. H. Volunteers, praying that the State will furnish instruments and a uniform for a band for the regiment ; also the account of W. O. Sides.

To the Committee on Education :

By Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, the memorial of Samuel D. Bell, W. H. Y. Hackett, and J. M. Shirley, a Committee of the N. H. Historical Society, impressing upon the Legislature the urgent necessity for the publication of the early records of the State.

By Mr. Noyes, the petition of F. W. Dustin and others ; of A. W. Baker and others ; of Nathaniel Moore and others ; of James Nutt and others ; of A. C. Webster and others ; of George Porter and others ; of Peter Farmer and others and of W. H. Noyes and others—severally praying for a law authorizing certain school districts in Manchester to elect prudential school committees, and for other purposes.

To the Committee on Claims :

By Mr. Amidon, the account of Peter Sanborn.

By Mr. Shattuck, of Concord, the account of Rufus Merrill, and the account of H. W. Ranlet & Co.

On motion of Mr. Emery, the rules of the House were suspended, and the bill entitled An act relative to the creation and alteration of school districts, was read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

On motion of Mr. Goodall, of Portsmouth,

Resolved, That the Committee on Banks be instructed to

inquire whether any legislation is necessary in order that the banks in the State may be authorized to loan money to the State, or invest any portion of their funds in the bonds or notes of the State, and report by bill or otherwise.

Bills with the following titles were then introduced, read twice, and referred as follows :

To the Committee on Education :

By Mr. Straw, an act for the promotion of the common school interest.

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Stevens, an act relative to registers of probate.

By Mr. McDuffee, an act in relation to the compensation of Bank Commissioners.

By Mr. Wheeler, of Orford, an act to prevent the transfers of stocks to avoid taxation, and for other purposes.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, a bill relating to suits for unliquidated damages.

By Mr. Topliff, an act to incorporate the Weare Woolen Mills.

By Mr. Murray, an act relative to foreign insurance companies.

By Mr. Wheeler, of Orford, an act to limit the vote of stockholders in banks of discount in certain cases, and for other purposes.

By Mr. Goodall, an act in relation to attachment of property in hands of trustee by foreign attachment.

On motion of Mr. Coffin,

The House adjourned.

TUESDAY, June 25, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Blood, of Hillsborough, the rules of the House were suspended, and the reading of the journal was omitted.

Mr. Danforth presented the memorial of the N. H. Medical Society, in favor of vaccination, which was, on motion of Mr. Danforth, referred to a select committee consisting of one from each county.

Mr. Emery, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to provide for the safety of advertisements, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of Edward Ballou, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time, and ordered to a second reading.

STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

In the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one.

A resolution authorizing the payment of certain judgments recovered against Edward Ballou, administrator of Thomas Storrs, deceased.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the State Treasurer be authorized to pay out any money received into the State Treasury from Edward Ballou, as administrator of the estate of Thomas Storrs, deceased, the amount of a judgment recovered against said Ballou as such administrator, by Isaac Huse, at the September term, 1859, of the Supreme Judicial Court for Hillsborough County, for costs taxed at twelve dollars and fifty cents (\$12.50); also the amount of another judgment recovered against said Ballou, as such administrator, by Isaac H. Webster, at the January term, 1860, of the Supreme Judicial Court for Hillsborough County, for costs taxed at seven dollars and twenty-four cents (\$7.24); also sixty-eight (68) cents for the executions issued for the collection of said judgments, and eighty-six cents for the officers' fees for the service of said executions.

Mr. Frye, from the Joint Committee on Engrossed Bills, reported that they have carefully examined, and found correctly

engrossed, bills of the following titles, and the following joint resolutions, to wit :

An act in addition to the act entitled An act legitimatizing children born before marriage, whose parents afterward intermarry ;

An act in addition to and in amendment of sections eight and nine of chapter 42 of the Revised Statutes ;

An act to enforce the payment of railroad taxes ;

An act to incorporate the Mount Washington Telegraph Company ;

An act to incorporate the National Mills ;

Resolution in favor of Amos Tuck and others ;

Resolution in favor of Norman Fuller ;

Mr. Folsom, from the Committee on Banks, to whom was referred the petition of E. B. Parslee and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of the same be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Wheeler, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of J. E. Phelps and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted.

Resolved, That the further consideration of the same be indefinitely postponed.

[Mr. STEVENS, of Concord, in the chair.]

Mr. Grannis, from the Committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom was referred the petition of Samuel Heath and Edward Leighton and others, reported a bill entitled An act to sever a portion of the homestead farms of Samuel Heath and Edward Leighton from the town of Northfield, and annex the same to the town of Franklin, which bill was read a first time, and ordered to a second reading.

Mr. Emerson, from the Committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the bill entitled "An act for remodeling the Militia," reported the same with sundry amendments.

On motion of Mr. Culver, the bill and amendments were laid upon the table, and the amendments ordered to be printed.

Mr. Morse, from the Committee on Mileage, to whom was recommitted their former report, submitted a new report, which was then read, and, on motion of Mr. Hills, of Plaistow, it was laid upon the table.

Mr. Colby, from the select committee to whom was referred a bill entitled An act altering and defining the southern boundary of Columbia, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

[The SPEAKER in the chair.]

A message was received from the Governor, in answer to a resolution of the House relating to the expenses incurred in fitting out the two regiments of volunteers.

On motion of Mr. Hughes, the message was laid upon the table and ordered to be printed.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House in the passage of the bill entitled "An act relative to the Concord and Portsmouth Railroad," with the following amendment, in which they ask the concurrence of the House : In the 4th section, after the words "Concord and Portsmouth," add the words, "and intermediate stations."

And the question being stated,

Will the House concur in the amendment proposed by the Senate ?

Mr. Stevens moved that the bill be postponed to the next session of the Legislature ; pending which,

Mr. Abbott, of Concord, called for the special order of the day, being the consideration of the bill entitled An act concerning the Peterborough and Shirley Railroad.

The question being stated to be upon the adoption of the amendments reported by the Committee on Railroads, on motion of Mr. Emery the bill was made the special order of the day at 11½ o'clock this forenoon.

SECOND READINGS.

The following bill and joint resolutions were then read a second time and ordered to a third reading :

An act to sever a portion of the homestead farms of Samuel Heath and Edward Leighton from the town of Northfield, and annex the same to the town of Franklin.

Joint resolution authorizing the payment of certain judgments recovered against Edward Ballou, administrator of Thomas Storrs, deceased ;

Resolution in favor of Allen Tenny ;

Resolution in favor of Frederick Smyth ;

On motion of Mr. Wheeler, of Newport, the bill entitled An act concerning the Peterborough and Shirley Railroad was made the special order of the day at 3½ o'clock this afternoon.

The House then resumed the consideration of the bill entitled An act relative to the Concord and Portsmouth Railroad—the question being upon the adoption of the motion of Mr. Stevens, to postpone to the next session of the Legislature.

On this question Mr. Coffin demanded the yeas and nays, which were called, and were as follows :

Those who voted in the affirmative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Collins, Berry of Gosport, Clark of Hampstead, Prescott, Flanders of Newton, Hoit, Hills, Webster of Salem ;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Pike, Tebbetts ;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Plaisted of Center-Harbor, Cole of Gilford, Bennett, Gilman ;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Hazelton, Piper ;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Proctor, Gage, Thompson of Bow, Pierce of Bradford, Pevery, Brown of Concord, Tallant, Rowell, Coffin, Herbert, Shattuck of Concord, Blake of Concord, Abbott of Concord, Stevens of Concord, Green, Goodhue of Epsom, Dodge, Goss, Ordway, Sanborn of Loudon, Knowles, Smith of Salisbury, Huntoon of Sutton, Teel ;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Dunclee, Favor, Simonds, Farley, Chase of Hudson, Herrick, Bartlett of Milford, Clement, Moore, Emerson of Nashua, Robinson of Nashua, Blakeslee, Campbell of Nashua, Blunt, Sanders, Barrett ;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Mason of Dublin, Powers, Mason of Marlborough, Farwell, Abbott of Rindge, Wilson ;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Parker of Goshen, Winch, Beckwith, George of Sunapee ;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Walker, Hammond, Bartlett of Bristol, Murray, Currier, Dolloff, Edwards of Enfield, Huse, Cole of Grafton, Buel, Westgate, Morse of Haverhill, Morse of Hebron, Blake of Hill, Blood of Lebanon, Dimick ;

(COOS COUNTY) Coolidge, Plaisted of Jefferson, Morrill of Stewartstown.

Those who voted in the negative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Goodnow, Clark of Auburn, Gordon of Brentwood, Bell, Blake of Danville, Dearborn of Deerfield, Goodhue of Deerfield, Choate, Eastman of Derry, Webster of East-Kingston, Rundlett, Conner, Burley, Sanborn of Fremont, Weeks of Greenland, Nason, Dickey, Whorf, Coleman, Taylor of Newmarket, Smith of Newmarket, Brown of North-Hampton, Smith of Nottingham, Harvey, Annable, Emery of Portsmouth, Goodall, Robinson of Portsmouth, Wendell, Dudley, Trefethen, Crowell, Griffin of Sandown, Chase of Seabrook, Eaton of South-Hampton, Field, Merrill of Stratham, Campbell of Windham ;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Hale of Barrington, Cater, Smith of Dover, Reade, Horne, Folsom, Woodman of Dover, Meader of Dover, Pierce of Dover, McDaniel of Durham, Richardson of Farmington, Hurd, McDaniel of Lee, Demeritt, Plumer, Varney, McDuffee, Meader of Rochester, Wentworth, Lord, Buffum, Otis, Montgomery ;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Savage, Chesley, George of Barnstead, McNiel, Morrison, Woodman of Gilmanton, Doe, Leavitt of Meredith, Lang of Meredith, Smith of New-Hampton, Taylor of Sanbornton, Rowe ;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Hall of Bartlett, Stoddard, Fife, Lewis, Atkinson, Milliken, Fowler, Trickey, Hobbs, Beacham, Rolls, Clark of Sandwich, Marston, Emery of Tamworth, Merrill of Tamworth, Sanborn of Wakefield, Thompson of Wolfborough, Young of Wolfborough ;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Blaisdell, Parker of Dunbarton, Kenrick, Daniel, Head, Sawyer, Burpee, Cochran, Freese, Harriman, Pattee of Warner, Runnels ;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Hartshorn, Jameson, Hale of Bedford, Lovering, Frye, Butterfield, Robie, Blood of Hillsborough, Griffin of Litchfield, Brown of Manchester, Hills, Straw, Pearsons, Topliff, Chase of Manchester, Morse of Manchester, Kimball of Manchester, Young of Manchester, Holbrook, Coughlin, Healey, Noyes, Pattee of Manchester, Mack, Robinson of Manchester, Marshall of Mason, Kenney, Lane of Milford, Smith of Mont-Vernon, Danforth, Boyden, Marshall of Pelham, Farnsworth, Gove, Cartland, Curtis ;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Banks, Richardson of Chesterfield, Carter, Bill, Amidon, Chamberlain, Edwards of Keene, Burnap of Marlow, Aldrich, Nims, Dinsmore, Howes, Capron, Caverly, Maynard, Cole of Westmoreland, Rixford, Sabin ;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Slader, Kimball of Charlestown, Abbott of Charlestown, Grannis, Kimball of Claremont, Eastman of Claremont, Goodwin, Burnap of Cornish, Durkee, Hall of Grantham, Wheeler of Newport, Nourse, Gallup, Stickney, Rounseville, McIlvin ;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Holt, Page of Benton, McGregory, Willey, Day, Parker of Franconia, Huntoon of Hanover, Tenney, Gordon of Holder-

ness, Mudgett, Shattuck of Landaff, Quimby, Hutchins, Bingham, Robbins, Porter of Lyman, Culver, Thomas, Emerson of Piermont, Penniman, Ward, Page of Thornton, Weeks of Warren, Smith of Wentworth, Jackman;

(COÖS COUNTY) Beane, Rosebrooks, Washburne, Colby, Annis, Smith of Dalton, Peabody, Abbott of Northumberland, Thompson of Shelburne, Twitchell, Sweatt, Gordon of Whitefield.

Yeas 85, Nays 210.

The motion was lost.

The question recurring—

Will the House concur with the Senate in the amendment by them proposed?

It was decided in the affirmative,

Ordered, That the Clerk notify the Senate thereof.

On motion of Mr. Straw,

The House adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

The following bills and joint resolutions were severally read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence:

[Mr. TOPLIFF in the chair.]

An act altering and defining the southern boundary of Columbia;

An act to provide for the safety of advertisements;

An act to sever a portion of the homestead farm of Samuel Heath and Edward Leighton from the town of Northfield, and annex the same to the town of Franklin;

Resolution in favor of Allen Tenny;

Resolution in favor of Frederick Smyth;

Resolution authorizing the payment of certain judgments recovered against Edward Ballou, administrator of Thomas Storrs, deceased.

On motion of Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, the resolution relating to the appointment of a medical commission was taken from the table, and recommitted to the Committee on Military Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Emery, the bill entitled An act to aid in the defence of the country, was taken from the table and ordered to a second reading.

[The SPEAKER in the chair.]

On motion of Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth,

Resolved, That the Legislature, in connection with His Excellency the Governor and the honorable Council, will, as a body, attend the funeral ceremonies of Lieut. Charles W. Walker, late of the 2d New-Hampshire Regiment, to-morrow, at 11 o'clock A. M.

Ordered, That the Clerk notify His Excellency the Governor, the Council, and the Senate thereof.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate have passed the bill entitled An act to incorporate the South-Wolfborough Blanket and Flannel Manufacturing Company, with the following amendment :

Strike out, in section 3, the words "or joint," between the words "capital" and "stock;" in the passage of which amendment they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

The Senate have indefinitely postponed the bill entitled An act explanatory of section 5, chapter 25 of the Revised Statutes.

They concur with the House in the passage of bills entitled, An act to incorporate the National Mills; also, An act in addition to the act legitimatizing children born before marriage whose parents afterward intermarry;

Resolution in favor of Amos Tuck and others;

Resolution in favor of Norman Fuller.

The Senate have passed a joint resolution relating to a convention for revising the Constitution, in the passage of which they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

The House concurred in the amendment proposed by the Senate to the bill entitled An act to incorporate the South Wolfborough Blanket and Flannel Manufacturing Company.

The Senate resolution relating to a Convention for revising the Constitution was read a first time and ordered to a second reading.

By leave, Mr. Emerson, from the Committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the subject of providing instru-

ments, &c., for a band for the Second Regiment, reported the following joint resolution :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the whole matter be referred to the Governor and Council.

On motion of Mr. Collins, the resolution was laid upon the table.

By leave, Mr. Emerson, from the same committee, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time and ordered to a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That His Excellency the Governor be advised to comply with the request of the Secretary of War, and proceed forthwith to organize a third regiment of volunteers, and locate them for preparation and drill at some suitable and convenient place, as remote as possible from large cities or villages—away from influences which may naturally surround all large places. They would suggest, for the consideration of His Excellency, Davis' Island, in Lake Winnepiseogee, as being a very proper location for a camp ground, and one answering the description as set forth in the circular of the War Department.

By leave, Mr. Smith, from the Committee on Education, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to disannex George W. Leavitt from Union school district No. 2, in Loudon and Chichester, and annex him to No. 6 in Chichester, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the bill be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Frye, from the Joint Committee on Engrossed Bills, reported that they had carefully examined and found correctly engrossed, a bill of the following title :

An act relative to the Concord and Portsmouth Railroad.

On motion of Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, the bill entitled An act concerning the Peterborough and Shirley Railroad, was taken from the table.

Under a suspension of the rules, the bill was read twice, when, on motion of Mr. Emery, it was recommitted to the Committee on Railroads.

Bills with the following titles were then introduced, read twice, and referred as follows :

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, An act relating to suits for unliquidated damages.

By Mr. Goodall, An act in relation to attachment of property in hands of trustees by foreign attachment.

To the Committee on Education :

By Mr. Jameson, An act to disannex certain lands from district No. 7, in Peterborough, and annex the same to district No. 7, in Hancock.

To the Committee on Railroads :

By Mr. Amidon, An act in relation to the duties of Railroad Commissioners.

To the Committee on Division of Towns :

By Mr. Runnels, An act in amendment of chapter 2379 of the Pamphlet Laws.

To the Committee on Incorporations :

By Mr. Topliff, An act to incorporate the Weare Woolen Mills.

By leave, Mr. Dearborn, of Peterborough, presented the remonstrance of the selectmen of Peterborough and others, against disannexing lands from school district No. 7, in Peterborough, and annexing the same to district No. 7, in Hancock, for school purposes, which was referred to the Committee on Education.

On motion of Mr. Stevens, the House reconsidered the vote whereby it adopted the resolution reported from the Committee on the Judiciary, relative to the petition of William P. Jones and others, and the petition was referred to a select committee, consisting of the delegation from the city of Portsmouth.

On motion of Mr. Chamberlain,

Resolved, That the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform be instructed to consider the expediency of repealing the laws establishing Bank and Insurance Commissioners, and Teachers' Institutes, and substituting some other more economical and

efficient means for accomplishing the purposes which are now designed by said officers and institutes, and to report by bill or otherwise.

On motion of Mr. Durkee,

Resolved, That when the House adjourns this afternoon, it adjourn to meet at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of the following resolutions and bills :

A resolution relating to the funeral of Lieut. Charles W. Walker ;

Resolution relating to the safety of public records ;

Resolution in favor of the Insane Asylum ;

An act in amendment of an act to incorporate the Andover Academy ;

An act to annex a gore of land between Bartlett and Hart's Location to Hart's Location ;

An act in amendment of chap. 71 of the Revised Statutes, relating to school-houses.

They have also passed a bill entitled An act relating to the compensation of jailers, in the passage of which they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

The Senate bill, entitled An act relating to the compensation of jailers, was then read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Collins, of Exeter, the resolution relating to the equipments for a band for the Second Regiment, was taken from the table and ordered to a second reading.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Tallant, An act in amendment of the charter of the city of Concord.

By Mr. Abbott, of Concord, An act in amendment of chapter 2373 of the Pamphlet Laws, relating to interest on taxes.

By Mr. Burley, An act for the more effectual suppression of worthless paper money.

By Mr. Hughes, An act to incorporate Olive Branch Lodge, No. 16, at Plymouth.

By Mr. Hills, of Plaistow, An act in amendment of chapter two hundred of the Revised Statutes, relating to the taking of depositions, and for other purposes.

By Mr. Smith of Mont-Vernon, An act to incorporate the State of New-Hampshire Fire-Insurance Company.

By Mr. Folsom, An act to incorporate the Folsom Oil Carpet Company.

By Mr. McDuffee, An act in relation to the returns and books of corporations.

By Mr. Amidon, An act to provide for the security of railroads and railroad bridges.

On motion of Mr. Wheeler, of Newport,
The House adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, June 26, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Chase, of Hudson, the reading of the journal was omitted.

PETITIONS, &C., PRESENTED AND REFERRED :

To the Committee on Agriculture :

By Mr. Frye, the petition of M. W. Eaton and others, praying for a law for the better protection of sheep and other property.

To the Committee on Towns and Parishes :

By Mr. Hughes, the remonstrance of John Greenough and others, against granting the petition of Austin G. Kimball and others, to be disannexed from Boscawen and annexed to Webster.

Mr. Collins, from the Committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred a resolution providing for additional pay to persons who have acted as officers in the organization of companies in certain cases, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient for the Legislature to take any action on the subject.

Mr. Emerson, from the same committee, to whom was referred the account of W. O. Sides, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the account be referred to the Committee on Military Accounts.

Mr. Bartlett, from the Committee on Public Lands, to whom was referred an act to increase the common school fund of the State, reported the same in a new draft, and the bill was read a first time, and ordered to a second reading.

Mr. Westgate, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled, An act granting the public lands of the State to Dartmouth College, reported the following resolution :

Resolved, That said bill be indefinitely postponed.

On motion of Mr. Woodman, of Dover, the report was laid upon the table.

Mr. Cartland, from the Committee on Education, to whom was referred the resolution instructing the committee to report what legislation is necessary in regard to teachers' institutes and school commissioners, reported a bill, entitled An act to establish the office of Public Instruction, which bill was read a first time, when, on motion of Mr. Cartland, the bill was laid upon the table and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Dickey, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act for the promotion of the common school interest, and petitions from several school districts in Manchester, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That said bill and petitions be referred to a committee consisting of the delegation from the city of Manchester.

Mr. Hughes, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relating to the protection and preservation of shade trees, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Topliff, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relative to offences against the police of towns, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Murray, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in amendment of chapter 958 of the Pamphlet Laws, relating to the power of county commissioners to apportion expenses in certain cases, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Bingham, from the same committee, to whom was referred a resolution in favor of the New-Hampshire Historical Society, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That said resolution be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relating to the competency of witnesses, reported the same in a new draft, and the bill was read a first time and ordered to a second reading.

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred the bill entitled An act authorizing cities and towns to aid the families of volunteers, and for other purposes, reported said bill with sundry amendments, as follows :

Strike out, in fourth line, first section, the words, "or city council."

Also, in twelfth line, same section, the words, "brother and sister."

Add, at the end of the first section, the words, "provided such persons are indigent and stand in need of such relief."

Strike out the third section.

Strike out, in eighth and ninth lines of fourth section, the words, "brother and sister."

Insert the word "or," between the words child and parent, in eighth line of same section.

The amendments reported by the committee were severally adopted.

On motion of Mr. Hills, of Plaistow, the bill was further amended by striking out the words "appointed by them," in line six, section one, and inserting instead thereof the words, "chosen at any meeting duly held."

On motion of Mr. Colby, the bill was amended as follows :

At the close of section one, as amended, add the words, "And no disabilities of any kind whatever shall be created by reason of aid so furnished and received."

On motion of Mr. Woodman, of Dover, the bill was further amended by inserting, after the word "selectmen," in line four, of section five, the words, "or committee."

On motion of Mr. Hills, of Plaistow, the bill was laid upon the table, and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Quimby, from the Committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom was referred the petition of Francis Glawson and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of said petition be postponed to the next session of the Legislature, and that the petitioners give in hand, or leave at the usual place of abode of the town-clerks of said towns of Deering and Hillsborough, a copy of said petition, thirty days prior to the second Tuesday of March next.

On motion of Mr. Hughes,

Resolved, That the Speaker of the House be requested to appoint one or more marshals to aid in directing the movement of this body in the funeral procession of Lieut. C. W. Walker to-day.

The Speaker appointed Messrs. Hughes of Nashua, Culver of Lyme, and Nason of Hampton-Falls, as marshals.

On motion, the House reconsidered the vote whereby it laid upon the table, with an order to print, the bill entitled An act authorizing cities and towns to aid the families of volunteers and for other purposes, and the bill was recommitted to the Committee on the Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Emery, the House took a recess of fifteen minutes.

The House being again called to order, Mr. Barrett, from the Committee on Military Affairs, to whom was recommitted the joint resolution instructing the Governor and Council to inquire into the expediency of appointing a Medical Commission, reported the same in a new draft, as follows :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That His Excellency the Governor be instructed and authorized to appoint a Medical Commission, to consist of three members, to examine applicants for appointment as surgeons and assistant surgeons for the New-Hampshire regiments, now and hereafter to be in the service of the United

States. The remuneration of the Commission shall be a fee of five dollars, to be paid by each applicant for examination, which fee shall be paid before the applicant shall be entitled to an examination.

The resolution was read a first time. On motion of Mr. Barrett the rules were suspended, the resolution was read a second time, and ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Mr. Burnap,

The House adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

The following bills and resolution were severally read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

[Mr. COLLINS, of Exeter, in the chair.]

An act relating to the preservation and protection of shade trees ;

An act relating to offences against the police of towns ;

An act in amendment of chapter 958 of the Pamphlet Laws, relating to the power of county commissioners to apportion expense in certain cases ;

Resolution relating to appointment of a Medical Commission.

PETITIONS, &C., PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on Alteration of Names :

By Mr. Lang, of Meredith, the petition of Fannie E. Osgood and her son, and of Judith P. Hayford—severally praying for change of names.

To the Committee on Claims :

By Mr. Stevens, the accounts of H. G. Kayes and C. M. Sanders.

Bills with the following titles were then introduced, read twice, and referred, as follows :

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Murray, an act relative to foreign insurance companies.

By Mr. Abbott, of Concord, an act in amendment of chapter 2373 of the Pamphlet Laws.

By Mr. Thompson, of Shelburne, an act in relation to roads in unincorporated places.

By Mr. Hills, of Plaistow, an act in amendment of chapter 1887 of the Revised Statutes.

By Mr. McDuffee, an act in relation to the returns and books of corporations.

To the Committee on Banks :

By Mr. Burley, an act for the suppression of counterfeit, altered and worthless money.

To the Committee on Incorporations :

By Mr. Hughes, an act to incorporate Olive Branch Lodge, No. 16, at Plymouth.

By Mr. Folsom, an act to incorporate the Folsom Oil Carpet Company.

To the Committee on Education :

By Mr. Coughlin, an act relating to registers for schools.

By Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, an act relating to school committees in the city of Portsmouth.

A bill entitled An act in amendment of the charter of the city of Concord, introduced by Mr. Tallant, was referred to a select committee, consisting of the delegation from Concord, on motion of Mr. Stevens.

The Speaker announced the following as the select committee to whom was referred the memorial of the New-Hampshire Medical Society: viz., Messrs. Danforth of New-Boston, Amidon of Hinsdale, Goodnow of Atkinson, Richardson of Farmington, Morrison of Gilford, Fife of Chatham, Goodhue of Epsom, Winch of Langdon, Buel of Groton, and Colby of Colebrook.

Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, from a select committee to whom

was referred the petition of W. P. Jones and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient at the present time to legislate on the subject matter of the petition.

Mr. Goodall, from the Committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to incorporate the Kappa Kappa Society in Dartmouth College, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Goodall, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to incorporate the Alpha Delta Phi Society, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Huntoon, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in relation to the rebuilding of Hart Island Bridge, reported the same with the following amendment, which was adopted, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Strike out the word "three," in the first section, and insert instead thereof the word "two."

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of bills with the following titles :

An act to sever a portion of the homstead farms of Samuel Heath and Edward Leighton from the town of Northfield, and annex the same to the town of Franklin ;

An act to reduce the compensation of county solicitors ;

An act to provide for the safety of advertisements ;

Also, a resolution in favor of Frederick Smyth.

The Senate have passed the bill entitled "An act to change the name of St. Michael's Church," and incorporate the same, with the following amendments :

Add, at the end of the second section, the words, "Provided that the real and personal estate, now or hereafter possessed, shall not exceed in amount the sum of thirty thousand dollars.

Also, add "Section 5. This act may be altered, amended or repealed whenever the public good shall require it," in the passage of which amendments they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

The House then concurred with the Senate in the amendments by them proposed to the bill entitled An act to change the name of St. Michael's Church, and incorporate the same.

On motion of Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth,

Resolved, That this House will enter upon the consideration of no new business during the present session, after Thursday, the 27th instant, unless the same be brought before it by report from a standing or select committee, or by message from the Senate or His Excellency the Governor.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Culver, an act for the repeal of all settlement laws, and for the relief of persons unable to support themselves by the cities, places and towns in which they dwell.

By Mr. Morrill, an act in amendment of section eight, of chapter sixty-six of the Revised Statutes, relating to the support of poor relatives.

By Mr. Burnap, an act in relation to fixing the time of holding the annual meeting of school districts.

By Mr. Chamberlain, an act for the relief of the stockholders and creditors of the Ashuelot Railroad Company.

On motion of Mr. Emery, the rules were so far suspended that all bills which were in order for a second reading at 11 o'clock, were read a second time.

The following bill and resolution were severally read a second time, and ordered to a third reading :

An act in amendment of chapter 2090 of the Pamphlet Laws, relating to the competency of witnesses ;

Resolution relating to the organization of a 3d regiment.

The bill entitled An act to increase the common school fund of the State, was read a second time, and, on motion of Mr. Stevens, was laid upon the table.

The Senate resolution relating to a Convention for revising the Constitution, was read a second time, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

The bill entitled An act to aid in the defence of the country, was read a second time, when Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth, offered sundry amendments thereto.

Mr. Coffin, of Concord, offered an amendment to that proposed by Mr. Emery, when, on motion,

The House adjourned.

THURSDAY, June 27, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Harvey, the rules were suspended and the reading of the journal was omitted.

PETITIONS, &C., PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on Claims :

By Mr. Murray, the account of Allen Willey.

To the Committee on Agriculture :

By Mr. Willey, the petition of Samuel Keniston and others, praying for the passage of a law imposing a tax on dogs.

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Willey, the petitions of J. W. Morrison and others, and of A. L. Brown and others, severally praying for the repeal of chapter 2351 of the Pamphlet Laws, relating to the taxation of lumber.

Mr. Dickey, from the Committee on Education, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in amendment of section 11 of chapter 73 of the Revised Statutes, and chapter 317 of Pamphlet Laws, reported the same in a new draft, and the bill entitled An act in amendment of chapter 317 of the Pamphlet Laws, was read a first time and ordered to a second reading.

Mr. Page, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to disannex certain lands from school district No. 7, in Peterborough, and annex the same to school district No. 7, in Hancock; and a remonstrance of the selectmen of Peterborough against the passage of said bill, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the whole subject be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Caverly, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of John Y. Duston and others, reported a bill entitled An act to disannex a part of the farm of John Y. Duston from district No. 3, in Milan, and annex the same to district No. 1, in Berlin, which bill was read a first time and ordered to a second reading.

Mr. Varney, from the same committee, to whom was referred a resolution in relation to the State Mineralogical Cabinet, reported the same without amendment, and it was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Emerson, from the Committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom was referred the petition of Mark P. Rosebrooks and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of said petition be postponed to the next session of the Legislature, and that an order of notice issue thereon, said petition and order to be published three weeks successively in The People's Journal, and the Coös Republican.

Mr. Amidon, from the Committee on Claims, to whom was referred the account of Clarendon M. Sanders, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the said account be referred to the Committee on Military Accounts.

Mr. Amidon, from the same committee, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time, and ordered to a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of four hundred fifty-one dollars and fourteen cents (\$451.14) be allowed Peter Sanborn; that eighty-nine dollars and thirty-nine cents (\$89.39) be allowed J. C. Smith; that thirty dollars (\$30) be allowed Nathaniel White; that forty-five dollars and thirteen cents (\$45.13) be allowed H. W. Ranlet & Co.; that ten dollars and forty-five cents (\$10.45) be allowed Rufus Merrill, Agent; that one hundred twenty-six dollars and sixty-two cents (126.62) be allowed Cheney & Co., in full for their accounts, and that the same be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and the Governor be authorized to draw his warrant therefor.

Mr. McDuffee, from the Committee on Banks, to whom was referred the resolution asking whether any legislation is necessary to authorize banks to loan money to the State, or invest any portion of their funds in the bonds or notes of the State, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That legislation upon the subject is not necessary.

Mr. Simonds, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of N. S. Berry and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of the same be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Hutchins, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relating to the duties of treasurers of savings banks and loan fund associations, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Durkee, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act for the suppression of counterfeit, altered and worthless bills, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Coffin, from the Committee on the Insane Asylum, to whom was referred the petitions of Newell Dow and John T. Blake and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the further consideration of said petitions be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Emery, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the bill entitled An act in amendment of chapter 2373 of the Pamphlet Laws, reported the same with the following amendment, which was adopted, and the bill was ordered to a third reading:

Amend by striking out all after the enacting clause, and insert the following: "SEC. 1. That the act relating to the collection of interest upon unpaid taxes, passed on the third day of July, 1860, shall apply to taxes assessed upon the real and personal estate of non-residents as well as to taxes upon the real and personal estate of the inhabitants of any town or city."

Mr. Woodman, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in relation to registers of probate, reported the same with the following amendments, which were adopted, and the bill ordered to a third reading:

In section 2, strike out all after the words "provisions of," and add thereto these words: "this act, on or before the fifteenth day of September next."

Strike out section 3, and in lieu thereof insert "SECTION 3. Any register of probate, neglecting to comply with the provisions of this act, shall be punished by fine not exceeding one thousand dollars nor less than three hundred dollars, to be recovered by indictment, and paid into the county treasury for the benefit of any individuals that may be injured by said neglect, and the residue for the use of such county."

Mr. Woodman, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to prevent the transfer of stocks to avoid taxation, &c., reported the same with an amendment, as follows: Strike out the 2d and 3d sections. The amendment was adopted and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Kenrick, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relating to suits for unliquidated damages, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Eaton, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act authorizing cities and towns to aid the families of volunteers, and for other purposes, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Dearborn, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relating to drunkenness, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Murray, from the same committee, to whom was referred bills entitled An act to prevent fraudulent transfers of property, &c., and An act in relation to attachment of property in the hands of trustees, &c., reported the following resolution :

Resolved, That said bills be indefinitely postponed.

On motion of Mr. Blood, of Hillsborough, the report was laid upon the table.

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relative to foreign insurance companies, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to pass said bill.

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in amendment of chapter 188 of the Revised Statutes, relating to the taking of depositions, &c., reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject.

Mr. Hobbs, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relating to hearings before county commissioners, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject.

Mr. Topliff, from the same committee, to whom was referred

■ bill entitled An act in relation to roads in unincorporated places, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject.

Mr. Bingham, from the same committee, to whom was referred ■ bill entitled An act repealing chapters 1667 and 1829 of the Pamphlet Laws, reported the same in a new draft, and the bill was read a first time and ordered to a second reading.

Mr. Beacham, from the Committee on Railroads, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act concerning the Peterborough and Shirley Railroad Company, reported the same in ■ new draft. The bill was read a first time, and ordered to ■ second reading.

Mr. Fowler, from the Committee on Second Readings, to whom was referred ■ bill entitled An act authorizing ministers of the gospel to solemnize marriages in certain cases, reported the same with the following amendment, which was adopted, and the bill ordered to a third reading :

In section 1, after the words, "pastoral charge," insert the words, "the whole or a part thereof."

Mr. Warner, from the Committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to enable the town of Keene to establish water works, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Annis, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to incorporate Olive Branch Lodge, No. 16, at Plymouth, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Eastman, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to incorporate the Weare Woolen Mills, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Warner, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of John Lynch, reported a bill entitled An act in amendment of chapter 1255 of the Pamphlet Laws, entitled An act to incorporate the Androscoggin River Improvement Company, which bill was read a first time ; when, by leave, Mr. Goodall, from the minority of said committee, introduced a bill entitled An act in amendment of an act to incorporate the Androscoggin River Improvement Company, which bill was also read a first time.

Mr. Coffin moved to substitute the bill reported by the minority of said committee for that of the majority.

On motion of Mr. Hughes, the bills were made the special order of the day on Tuesday next at 11 o'clock A. M.

Mr. Hughes, from the Committee on National Affairs, to whom was referred a joint resolution to amend the Constitution of the United States, passed by Congress and approved March 2, 1861, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time and ordered to a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the joint resolution, passed by Congress and approved March 2, 1861, to wit :

“No amendment shall be made to the Constitution which will authorize or give to Congress the power to abolish or interfere within any State with the domestic institutions thereof, including that of persons held to labor or service by the laws of said State,” be and is hereby ratified.

Mr. Eaton, from the select committee to whom was referred so much of Governor Goodwin's message as relates to the purchase of arms, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the circumstances have so far changed since the order was given that it is inexpedient to renew the same.

Mr. Danforth, from the select committee to whom was referred the memorial of the N. H. Medical Society, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That one thousand copies of said memorial be printed for the use of the House.

On motion of Mr. Emery, the House resumed the consideration of the bill entitled An act to aid in the defence of the country, the question being upon the adoption of the amendment proposed by Mr. Coffin.

On motion of Mr. Blood, of Hillsborough, the bill was made the special order of the day at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

On motion of Mr. Emery,

Resolved, That when the House adjourns this afternoon, it adjourn to meet at half-past seven o'clock this evening.

On motion of Mr. Reade,

The House adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

The following bills and resolutions were severally read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence :

An act relating to suits for unliquidated damages ;

An act to prevent the transfer of stocks to avoid taxation, and for other purposes ;

An act authorizing cities and towns to aid the families of volunteers ;

An act for the suppression of counterfeit, altered, and worthless bills ;

An act to incorporate the Kappa Kappa Kappa Society in Dartmouth College ;

An act in amendment of chapter 2090 of the Pamphlet Laws, relating to the competency of witnesses ;

An act relating to the rebuilding of Hart Island Bridge ;

An act to incorporate the Alpha Delta Phi Society ;

An act in amendment of chapter 2373 of the Pamphlet Laws ;

An act authorizing ministers of the gospel to solemnize marriages in certain cases ;

An act in relation to registers of probate ;

An act to incorporate the Weare Woolen Mills ;

An act to incorporate Olive Branch Lodge, No. 16, at Plymouth ;

An act relating to the duties of treasurers of savings banks and loan fund associations ;

Resolution relating to the organization of the Third Regiment.

The following (Senate) bills and resolution were then read a third time and passed in concurrence :

An act relating to drunkenness ;

An act to enable the town of Keene to establish water works ;

Resolution in relation to the State Mineralogical Cabinet.

On motion of Mr. Emery, the report of the Committee on Mileage was taken from the table and recommitted to the committee.

Bills with the following titles were then introduced, read twice, and referred, as follows :

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Lane, of Milan, an act relative to taxing booms and boom property.

To the Committee on Education :

By Mr. Burnap, an act fixing the time of holding the annual meetings in school districts ;

By Mr. Killam, an act to abolish the office of superintending school committee in certain cases.

To the Committee on Incorporations :

By Mr. Smith, of Mont-Vernon, an act to incorporate the State of New-Hampshire Fire-Insurance Company.

To the Committee on Railroads :

By Mr. Chamberlain, an act for the relief of the stockholders and creditors of the Ashuelot Railroad Company.

On motion of Mr. Smith, of Wentworth, the message of His Excellency the Governor, dated June 24, was taken from the table.

On motion of Mr. Smith, of Wentworth,

Resolved, That His Excellency the Governor be requested to communicate to this House, at the earliest possible moment, the number of recruiting officers or agents employed in the enlistment of the First and Second Regiments of N. H. Volunteers, and the amount of money paid to each ; the contract or contracts for clothing and equipments for said regiments ; how much, of whom, and by whom purchased, and the average cost per man ; the contract or contracts for provisions for said regiments, of whom and by whom purchased, and the average cost per day for each man ; and how much of the \$2,884.96 paid soldiers was paid to the soldiers of the Second Regiment, and how much of the \$50,000 appropriation was expended for the transportation of said regiments.

The special order of the hour was then called for, and the House proceeded to the consideration of the bill entitled An act to aid in the defence of the country, the question being upon the adoption of the amendment proposed by Mr. Coffin.

The amendment was rejected.

The amendments proposed by Mr. Emery were as follows, and were severally adopted :

Amend the bill by striking out, in the fifteenth and sixteenth lines, page 6, the following words, "in sums of five hundred dollars and over."

In the seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth and twentieth lines, of same page, strike out the words, "Bonds for smaller sums shall be issued without such coupons, but bearing interest payable semi-annually, on presentment to the Treasurer."

Insert after the word "Treasurer," in seventeenth line, of same page, the following words, "And said bonds and coupons shall be made payable at the Suffolk Bank, Boston."

After the word "State," in twenty-seventh line, page 7, insert the following provision:

"The Secretary of State shall keep a record of all the bonds countersigned by the Governor, in which shall be set down the number and amount of each bond so countersigned; the time of such countersigning, the time when such bond shall be payable, the name of the person to whom said bond may be delivered, and the date of such delivery."

After the word, "needed," in the thirty-first line, page 7, insert:

"And said Treasurer shall keep a record of each bond disposed of by him, which shall contain the name of the person to whom each bond may be sold, and the number thereof; the amount received by him therefor, the date of such sale, and the time of the payment therefor."

[Mr. STEVENS, of Concord, in the chair.]

On motion of Mr. Bingham, the further consideration of the bill was postponed until half-past seven o'clock this evening.

NOTICES OF BILLS.

By Mr. Rolls, of Ossipee, a joint resolution, providing for an appropriation for repairs of highways in unincorporated places.

By Mr. Cole, of Gilford, an act in relation to chapter 162 of the Revised Statutes.

On motion of Mr. Smith, of Mont-Vernon,
The House adjourned.

EVENING SESSION.

On motion of Mr. Westgate, the House reconsidered the vote whereby the bills relative to the Androscoggin River Improvement Company were postponed to Tuesday next at 11 o'clock, and, under a suspension of the rules, the bill entitled An act in amendment of chapter 1255 of the Pamphlet Laws, entitled An act to incorporate the Androscoggin River Improvement Company, was read a second and third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

On motion of Mr. Emery, the bill entitled An act to aid in the defence of the country, was taken from the table, and its consideration assigned for to-morrow at half-past ten o'clock A. M.

A message was received from His Excellency the Governor, relating to the expenses of the Board of Education, which was, on motion of Mr. Emery, referred to the Committee on Education.

The Speaker laid before the House the report of the Commissioners of the Literary Fund. On motion of Mr. Straw, it was ordered that said report be printed in the appendix of the House journal.

The Speaker laid before the House the Opinion of the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court, in answer to a resolution of the House the 20th day of June. The Opinion was, on motion of Mr. Emery, referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of bills and resolutions with the following titles :

An act altering and defining the northern boundary of Columbia ;

An act relating to offences against the police of towns ;

An act relating to the protection and preservation of shade-trees ;

Resolution in favor of Allen Tenny ;

Resolution in favor of Benj. Grover and others ;

Resolution relating to the appointment of a medical commission.

On motion of Mr. Abbott, of Concord,

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed, with such

as the Senate may join, to wait upon the officers elected Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Warden of the State Prison, and State Printer, and inform them of their election and receive their bonds.

Ordered, That Messrs. Abbott of Concord, Burley of Exeter, and George of Sunapee, be said committee.

On motion of Mr. Daniels,

Resolved, That the Committee on Military Affairs be directed to investigate the statement in the Adjutant-General's Report, "showing the amount of arms, accoutrements, &c., in the possession of the State," for the purpose of ascertaining whether such arms, accoutrements, &c., or proper vouchers therefor, are actually in the possession of the State, and that they report the facts to the House.

ACCOUNTS, &C., PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on Claims :

By Mr. Hughes, the accounts of G. W. Blakeslee, Levi Robinson, E. S. Flanders, and Allen Wilson.

By Mr. Shattuck, of Concord, the account of I. F. Morse.

To the Committee on Printers' Accounts :

By Mr. Abbott, of Concord, the accounts of McFarland & Jenks, Fogg & Hadley, and J. W. Robinson.

By Mr. Tallant, the account of W. Butterfield.

[Mr. EMERY, of Portsmouth, in the chair.]

Mr. Frye, from the Committee on Engrossed Bills, reported that they had carefully examined and found correctly engrossed, bills of the following titles, and the following joint resolutions, viz :

An act to sever a portion of the homestead farms of Samuel Heath and Edward Leighton from the town of Northfield, and annex the same to the town of Franklin ;

An act to provide for the safety of advertisements ;

An act in amendment of chapter 71 of the Revised Statutes, relating to school-houses ;

An act to annex a gore of land between Bartlett and Hart's Location to Hart's Location ;

An act to reduce the compensation of county solicitors ;

An act to incorporate the South Wolfborough Blanket and Flannel Manufacturing Company ;

An act to change the name of Saint Michael's Church, in Manchester, N. H., and incorporate the same ;

An act in amendment of an act to incorporate the Andover Academy ;

Resolution in favor of the Asylum for the Insane ;

Resolution for the more effectual preservation and protection of public records ;

Resolution in favor of Frederick Smyth.

Mr. Buffum, from the Committee on Military Accounts, to whom was referred the account of W. O. Sides, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the Clerk be directed to deliver this account and the accompanying papers to the auditing committee of the honorable Council, there being no evidence upon said account or papers that they ever have been before said committee, as required by a resolution of this House.

Mr. Jameson, from the Committee on Agriculture, to whom were referred the petitions of Jacob Chase and others, praying for a tax on dogs, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw.

Mr. Horne, from the Committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to establish the Folsom Oil Carpet Company, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Danforth, from the select committee to whom was referred the memorial of the N. H. Medical Society, reported a bill entitled An act in relation to vaccination, which bill was read a first time and ordered to a second reading.

Bills with the following titles were then introduced, read twice, and referred, as follows :

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Culver, an act to repeal all laws providing for the settlement of paupers and for their support by the several coun-

ties, or by cities, towns or places other than those in which they dwell.

By Mr. Topliff, an act establishing the salary of the treasurer of Hillsborough County.

To the Committee on Banks :

By Mr. Wheeler, of Orford, an act to limit the votes of stockholders in banks of discount in certain cases, and for other purposes.

To the Committee on Education :

By Mr. Caverly, an act to disannex certain land from school district No. 1, in Nottingham, and annex the same to school district No. 5, in Epping, for school purposes.

Mr. Kenrick introduced the following joint resolution, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Division of Towns :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the Secretary of State be authorized to furnish to the town of Webster the laws of the State, and the journal, the same as to other towns, and also the laws of the State now in force.

On motion of Mr. Culver, the bill entitled An act remodeling the militia, was taken from the table and made the special order of the day for to-morrow at 11½ o'clock A. M.

On motion of Mr. Woodman, of Dover,

The House adjourned.

FRIDAY, June 28, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Holbrook, the rules were suspended and the reading of the journal was omitted.

On motion of Mr. Hills, of Plaistow, the bill entitled An act to establish the office of Public Instruction, was taken from the table and ordered to a second reading.

On motion of Mr. Woodman, of Dover, the bill entitled An

act in addition to chapter 134 of the Revised Statutes, was taken from the table, and ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Woodman, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the bill entitled An act establishing the salary of the treasurer of Hillsborough county, reported the bill with the following amendments, which were severally adopted, and the bill ordered to a third reading:

In section 1, strike out "four," and in lieu thereof insert "three," and add to this section the words, "including commissions on moneys received and paid out."

Also, strike out section 2.

Mr. Hughes, from the same committee, to whom was referred the bill entitled An act in relation to the compensation of jailers, reported the same with the following amendments, which were severally adopted, and the bill was ordered to a third reading: Strike out, in the first section, the following words: "one dollar and seventy-five cents," and insert in lieu thereof the following: "such sum as may be allowed by the county commissioners and approved by the presiding Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court at the trial terms thereof."

Mr. Woodman, from the same committee, to whom was referred the bill entitled An act in addition to an act entitled An act to establish a corporation by the name of the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company, reported the bill with the following amendment, which was adopted, and the bill ordered to a third reading:

Amend by adding, at the end of the forty-second line on the sixth page, the following words: "This act shall in no way affect existing suits, nor any right of a town in any highway or bridge which such town may by law be liable to keep in repair."

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred a resolution instructing them to examine an act entitled "An act to secure freedom and rights of citizenship to persons in this State," and report upon the constitutionality of the law, and the expediency of repealing or amending the same, reported a bill, entitled An act explanatory of chapter 1965 of the Pamphlet Laws, which bill was read a first time and ordered to a second reading.

Ordered, That the opinion of the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court in relation to the above be printed in the Appendix to the journal of the House.

[Mr. WHEELER, of Newport, in the chair.]

Mr. Hobbs, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to repeal all laws providing for the settlement of paupers, and for their support by the several counties, or by cities, towns or places other than those in which they dwell, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That said bill be postponed to the next regular session of the Legislature, and that the same be published three weeks successively in February next, in all the newspapers of this State authorized to publish the laws thereof.

Mr. Eaton, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in relation to the returns and books of corporations, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Dearborn, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in relation to booms and boom property, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject.

Mr. Topliff, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of the city of Portsmouth, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject.

Mr. Bingham, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petitions of A. L. Brown and others, and of J. W. Morrison and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject.

Mr. Kenrick, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in relation to the compensation of bank commissioners, reported the following resolution, which was, on motion of Mr. McDuffee, laid upon the table :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject.

Mr. Stevens, from the Committee on Division of Towns, to whom was referred the petition of John Poor and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of the petition be postponed to the next session of the Legislature.

Mr. Stevens, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of M. A. Pillsbury and others, reported a joint resolution, which was, on motion of Mr. Chamberlain, indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Amidon, from the Committee on Claims, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the accounts of David H. Applebee, George W. Blakeslee, Levi Robinson, Allen Willson and Ezekiel S. Flanders, be and the same are hereby indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Amidon, from the same committee, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time and ordered to a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of fifty-eight dollars and sixty cents (\$58.60) be allowed Wm. T. Putnam; that two hundred and fifty-two dollars and nine cents (\$252.09) be allowed I. F. Morse; that one hundred and nine dollars and eight cents (\$109.08) be allowed Orison Dudley; that nineteen dollars and eighty-nine cents (\$19.89) be allowed Allen Willey, and that three dollars (\$3) be allowed James Jones, and that the same be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, and that the Governor be authorized to draw his warrant therefor.

Mr. Chase, from the Committee on Alteration of Names, to whom was referred the petition of Fannie E. Osgood, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the petitioner have leave to withdraw.

Mr. Chase, from the same committee, reported a bill entitled An act to change the names of certain persons, which bill was read a first time and ordered to a second reading.

Mr. Weeks, from the Committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to incorporate the State of New-Hampshire Fire-Insurance Company, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Griffin, from the Committee on Elections, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the following gentlemen have been elected and

returned to this House as members thereof, and are entitled to seats therein : namely,

ROCKINGHAM COUNTY.

Atkinson,	Daniel W. Goodnow.
Auburn,	George P. Clark.
Brentwood,	Simon Gordon.
Chester,	Daniel Bell.
Danville,	Joseph W. Blake.
Deerfield,	Joseph J. Dearborn,
	Sewall Goodhue.
Derry,	Humphrey Choate,
	Henry E. Eastman.
East-Kingston,	Benjamin K. Webster.
Epping,	George S. Rundlett.
Exeter,	Jewett Connor,
	Moses N. Collins,
	Charles Burley.
Fremont,	Joseph Sanborn.
Gosport,	Nathaniel F. Berry.
Greenland,	George Weeks.
Hampstead,	William Clarke.
Hampton,	Adna Garland.
Hampton-Falls,	Charles A. Nason.
Kensington,	Daniel Prescott.
Kingston,	Albert Brown.
Londonderry,	John Dickey,
	Benjamin F. Whorf.
Newcastle,	Thomas Tarlton.
Newington,	Enoch T. Coleman.
Newmarket,	Joseph Taylor,
	Henry H. Smith.
North-Hampton,	Simon Brown, Jr.
Northwood,	Richard Hoitt, Jr.
Nottingham,	Noah O. Smith.
Plaistow,	William H. Hills.
Portsmouth,	John S. Harvey,
	Charles Annable,
	James W. Emery,
	Samuel K. Goodall,
	Charles Robinson,
	James M. Carr,

Portsmouth,	Abraham Q. Wendell,
	Charles W. Marden.
Raymond,	James T. Dudley.
Rye,	Joseph P. Trefethen.
Salem,	Joseph Webster,
	William G. Crowell.
Sandown,	George F. Griffin.
Seabrook,	David Chase, Jr.
South-Hampton,	Moses Eaton, Jr.
South-Newmarket,	Albert Field.
Stratham,	Phineas Merrill.
Windham,	Samuel Campbell.

STRAFFORD COUNTY.

Barrington,	Thomas W. Hale,
	Horace G. Cater.
Dover,	Daniel Smith,
	Jeremiah Horne,
	William J. Reade,
	Charles W. Woodman,
	Josiah B. Folsom,
	William W. Meader,
	Benjamin P. Pierce.
Durham,	Andrew D. McDaniel.
Farmington,	John H. Hurd,
	Joshua P. Richardson.
Lee,	Levi C. McDaniel.
Madbury,	Ezra E. Demeritt.
Middleton,	Ebenezer S. Pike.
Milton,	Enoch W. Plummer,
	Charles A. Varney.
New-Durham,	Baalis B. Tebbetts.
Rochester,	Levi Meader,
	Micajah H. Wentworth,
	Franklin McDuffee.
Somersworth,	Edward A. Rollins,
	Oliver H. Lord,
	Thomas Snow,
	David H. Buffum.
Strafford,	Joshua Otis,
	Charles F. Montgomery.

BELKNAP COUNTY.

Alton,	George D. Savage, Jonathan F. Chesley.
Barnstead,	Charles S. George, John McNeil.
Gilford,	Abraham L. Morrison, Solomon Cole, Harrison G. Bennett.
Center-Harbor, Gilmanton,	Samuel S. Plaisted. Cyrus Gilman, John K. Woodman.
Laconia, Meredith,	Augustus Doe. Isaac Leavitt, Joseph W. Lang, Jr.
New-Hampton, Sanbornton,	John C. Smith. Bradley T. Brown, Jonathan H. Taylor.
Upper-Gilmanton,	Morrison Rowe.

CARROLL COUNTY.

Bartlett,	Elias M. Hall.
Brookfield,	Deren F. Stoddard.
Chatham,	Moses Fife.
Conway,	Jacob Lewis, Samuel Hazeltine.
Eaton,	Isaac Atkinson.
Effingham,	Andrew J. Milliken.
Freedom,	Cyrus Fowler.
Jackson,	Joshua Trickey.
Madison,	Josiah H. Hobbs.
Moultonborough,	Ezekiel S. Flanders, William H. H. Mason.
Ossipee,	Joseph Q. Rolls, Asa Beacham.
Sandwich,	Langdon G. Clark, Caleb M. Marston.
Tamworth,	James Emery, Jeremiah H. Merrill.
Tuftonborough,	Levi T. Piper.
Wakefield,	John W. Sanborn.
Wolfborough,	Moses Thompson, John C. Young.

MERRIMACK COUNTY.

Allenstown,	Amos P. Blaisdell.
Andover,	John Proctor.
Boscawen,	Luther Gage.
Bradford,	Cummings Pierce.
Canterbury,	George W. Peverly.
Chichester,	Thomas Berry.
Concord,	David A. Brown,
	John L. Tallant,
	Ira Rowell,
	Samuel Coffin,
	Charles H. Herbert,
	Henry S. Shattuck,
	Enos Blake,
	David J. Abbott,
	Lyman D. Stevens,
	Benjamin Green.
Dunbarton,	Daniel H. Parker.
Epsom,	Edward H. Goodhue.
Franklin,	Stephen Kenrick,
	Warren F. Daniell.
Henniker,	Carlton S. Dodge,
	Cyrus Goss.
Hooksett,	Nathaniel Head.
Loudon,	Abiel Ordway,
	Nathaniel L. Sanborn.
Newbury,	William H. Sawyer.
New-London,	Anthony C. Burpee.
Northfield,	Wesley Knowles.
Pembroke,	Martin H. Cochran.
Pittsfield,	Jackson Freese,
	William H. Proctor.
Salisbury,	John C. Smith.
Sutton,	John G. Huntoon.
Warner,	Augustine W. Harrison,
	Stephen C. Pattee.
Webster,	Albert Runnels.
Wilmot,	John Teal.
Bow,	James Thompson.

HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY.

Amherst,	Jotham Hartshorn.
Antrim,	Nathan W. C. Jameson.
Bedford,	Henry Hale.
Bennington,	Henry H. Dunklee.
Brookline,	Francis A. Peterson.
Deering,	Reuben Loveren.
Fracestown,	Daniel F. Frye.
Goffstown,	Thomas R. Butterfield,
	Albert G. Robie.
Greenfield,	John B. Favor.
Hancock,	Asa Simonds.
Hillsborough,	Abel C. Burnham,
	Francis N. Blood.
Hollis,	Minot Farley.
Hudson,	William H. Chase.
Litchfield,	Jonathan A. Griffin.
Lyndeborough,	Israel Herrick.
Manchester,	Charles Brown,
	Reuben Hills,
	Ezra P. Pearson,
	Ezekiel A. Straw,
	Elijah M. Topliff,
	John B. Chase,
	Frederick A. Morse,
	Gilman H. Kimball,
	John C. Young,
	George Holbrook,
	John Coughlin,
	Cornelius Healey, Jr.,
	Walter H. Noyes,
	Horace Pettee,
	Daniel K. Mack,
	De Lafayette Robinson.
Mason,	Thomas H. Marshall.
Merrimack,	Simeon Kenney.
Milford,	George F. Bartlett,
	William Lane.
Mont-Vernon,	Charles J. Smith.
Nashua,	Aaron P. Hughes,
	Luther H. Clement,

Nashua,	Daniel Moore, Edward P. Emerson, Levi Robinson, George W. Blakeslee, Hiram Campbell, John G. Blunt. David A. G. Warner, Stilman Swallow.
New-Boston, New-Ipswich,	James Danforth. George Boyden, Nathan Sanders.
Pelham, Peterborough,	Daniel Marshall. Andrew A. Farnsworth, Cornelius V. Dearborn.
Temple, Weare,	James Killam. Simon G. Gove, Moses A. Cartland.
Wilton, Windsor,	William Barrett. David Curtis.

CHESHIRE COUNTY.

Alstead,	Paschal P. Banks.
Chesterfield,	John M. Richardson.
Dublin,	Calvin Mason.
Fitzwilliam,	Josiah E. Carter.
Gilsum,	Daniel W. Bill.
Hinsdale,	Charles J. Amidon.
Jaffrey,	Charles H. Powers.
Keene,	Levi Chamberlain, George Holmes, Edward Edwards, Charles Chase.
Marlborough,	Charles K. Mason.
Marlow,	James Burnap.
Nelson,	Darius Farwell.
Richmond,	Hosea B. Aldrich.
Rindge,	Josiah Abbott.
Roxbury,	Gilman Nims.
Stoddard,	Silas Dinsmore.
Sullivan,	Dauphin W. Wilson.
Swanzey,	Enoch Howes, Oliver Capron.

Troy,	Abiel M. Caverly.
Walpole,	Augustus F. Maynard,
	Oliver Martin.
Westmoreland,	Anson Cole.
Winchester,	William Rixford,
	Mowry Sabin.

SULLIVAN COUNTY.

Acworth,	Zenas Slader.
Charlestown,	Charles C. Kimball,
	Harvey Abbott.
Claremont,	Solon C. Grannis,
	Timothy D. Kimball,
	James Goodwin,
	Charles H. Eastman.
Cornish,	Araunah Burnap.
Croyden,	Paine Durkee.
Goshen,	Jonas Parker.
Grantham,	Adolphus Hall.
Langdon,	Thomas Winch.
Lempster,	Ransom P. Beckwith.
Newport,	Paul J. Wheeler,
	William Nourse.
Plainfield,	Charles F. Gallup,
	Daniel G. Stickney.
Sunapee,	Daniel George.
Unity,	Lyman Rounseville.
Washington,	John McIlvin.

GRAFTON COUNTY.

Alexandria,	Schuyler Walker.
Bath,	Daniel Holt.
Benton,	James Page.
Bethlehem,	Willard A. McGregory.
Bridgewater,	Thomas Hammond.
Bristol,	Frederick Bartlett.
Campton,	Allen Willey.
Canaan,	George W. Murray,
	Charles Day.
Danbury,	Wells Currier.
Dorchester,	Frederick A. Dolloff.

Ellsworth and Waterville,	James Randall.
Enfield,	James Edwards, Harry Huse.
Franconia,	Eleazer B. Parker.
Grafton,	Richard Cole.
Groton,	Asahel Buell.
Hanover,	John Huntoon, William Tenney.
Haverhill,	Daniel Morse, 2d., Nathaniel W. Westgate.
Hebron,	Jonathan V. Morse.
Hill,	Albert Blake.
Holderness,	Aaron M. Gordon, Jesse Mudgett.
Landaff,	William L. Shattuck.
Lebanon,	Francis A. Cushman, George Blood.
Lisbon,	Moses A. Quimby, Carlton R. Hutchins.
Littleton,	Harry Bingham, Douglass Robbins.
Lyman,	Harrison Porter.
Lyme,	David Culver, Chester Dimick.
Monroe,	Horace Duncan.
Orange,	Truman F. Thomas.
Orford,	Daniel P. Wheeler.
Piermont,	Micajah Emerson.
Plymouth,	Caleb D. Penniman.
Rumney,	Daniel S. Ward.
Thornton,	Osgood Page.
Warren,	Ira M. Weeks.
Wentworth,	Thomas J. Smith.
Woodstock and Lincoln,	Jesse Jackman.

COÖS COUNTY.

Berlin and Randolph,	Fletcher I. Bean.
Carroll & Hart's Location,	Phineas Rosebrook.
Clarksville & Pittsburgh,	George Washburn.
Colebrook,	Ethan Colby.
Columbia,	John R. Annis.
Dalton,	Thomas Smith.

Errol, Cambridge, &c.,	Moses F. Cooledge.
Gorham,	Caleb S. Peabody.
Jefferson,	Charles L. Plaisted.
Milan,	Columbus Lane.
Northumberland,	James W. Abbott.
Shelburne,	Joseph M. Thompson.
Stark and Dummer,	Gilman Twitchell.
Stewartstown,	James A. Morrill.
Stratford,	Ephraim M. Swett.
Whitefield,	Moses H. Gordon.

Mr. Peverly, from the Committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom was referred the petitions of A. G. Kimball and 25 others, and William B. Burpee and 4 others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted.

Resolved, That the further consideration of said petitions (except so far as the same are referred to the Committee on Education) be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Peverly, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of W. B. Burpee and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of said petition be referred to the Committee on Education.

Mr. Woodman, from the Committee on the State Prison, reported the following joint resolutions, which were severally read a first time, and ordered to a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of one hundred dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated for the purchase of books and stationery for the use of the prisoners at the New-Hampshire State Prison, to be expended under the direction of the Warden and Chaplain, for the purposes above specified, and that His Excellency the Governor be authorized to draw his warrant on the Treasury for the above amount.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of three hundred dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the salary of the Chaplain of the State Prison the ensuing year, and His Excellency

the Governor is hereby authorized to draw his warrant on the treasury for the above amount.

The following joint resolution, reported from the same committee, was read a first time and refused a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of two hundred dollars be paid to the warden of the State Prison, in addition to his present salary, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and that he be authorized to draw on the treasury for the same.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate have passed the bill entitled An act in amendment of chapter 958 of the Pamphlet Laws of this State, relating to the power of county commissioners to apportion expense in certain cases, with the following amendments :

Insert, before section first, the following : “ *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened,*” in the passage of which amendment they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

They concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of a resolution authorizing the payment of certain judgments recovered against Edward Ballou, administrator of Thomas Storrs, deceased ; also, in the bill entitled An act in amendment of chapter 2373 of the Pamphlet Laws ; also, the appointment of a joint committee to notify the various State officers of their election, and receive their bonds, and join Mr. Tufts.

They have passed a bill entitled “ An act relating to the observance of certain days,” in the passage of which bill they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

The House voted to concur with the Senate in the amendment by them proposed to the bill entitled An act in amendment of chapter 958 of the Pamphlet Laws, relating to the power of county commissioners to apportion expense in certain cases.

The bill, sent down from the Senate, entitled An act relating to the observance of certain days, was read twice, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A message was received from His Excellency the Governor, in relation to the expenses incurred in fitting out the first and second regiments, which message was laid on the table, on motion of Mr. Emery.

SECOND READINGS.

The following bills were severally read a second time and ordered to a third reading ;

An act to change the names of certain persons ;

An act in relation to vaccination ;

An act explanatory of chapter 1965 of the Pamphlet Laws ;

An act in amendment of chapter 317 of the Pamphlet Laws ;

An act repealing chapters 1667 and 1829 of the Pamphlet Laws ;

An act to disannex a part of the farm of John Y. Dustan from school district No. 3, in Milan, and annex the same to district No. 1, in Berlin, for school purposes ;

Resolution in favor of Peter Sanborn and others ;

Resolution in favor of W. T. Putnam and others ;

The bill entitled An act to establish the office of Public Instruction, was then read a second time.

On motion of Mr. McDuffee,

Resolved, That said bill be amended as follows : Insert, after " 338," in section 9, line 3, the words " and 1911."

On motion of Mr. Barrett, the rules were suspended, and the bill was read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

The bill entitled An act concerning the Peterborough and Shirley Railroad Company, was then read a second time, and, on motion of Mr. Woodman, of Dover, was laid upon the table.

The resolution relating to the amendment of the Constitution of the United States, was then read a second time, and, on motion of Mr. Hughes, was recommitted to the Committee on National Affairs.

On motion of Mr. Burley, of Exeter,

Resolved, That when the House adjourns this forenoon, it adjourn to meet this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Field,

The House adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

On motion of Mr. Emery, the bill entitled An act to aid in the defence of the country was made the special order of this afternoon at 2½ o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Emery, all bills and joint resolutions, in order for a third reading at 3 o'clock, were made in order for a third reading at the present time.

THIRD READINGS.

The following bills and joint resolutions were severally read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence :

An act in relation to vaccination ;

An act repealing chapters 1667 and 1829 of the Pamphlet Laws ;

An act in amendment of chapter 317 of the Pamphlet Laws ;

An act in addition to an act entitled An act to establish a corporation by the name of the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company ;

An act to disannex a part of the farm of John Y. Dustin from school district No. 3, in Milan, and annex the same to school district No. 1, in Berlin, for school purposes ;

An act to change the names of certain persons ;

An act in addition to chapter 134 of the Revised Statutes ;

An act to incorporate the State of New-Hampshire Fire Insurance Company ;

An act explanatory of chapter 1965 of the Pamphlet Laws ;

An act establishing the salary of the Treasurer of Hillsborough County ;

An act to establish the Folsom Oil Carpet Company ;

An act in relation to the returns of books of corporations ;

Resolution in favor of Peter Sanborn and others ;

Resolution in favor of W. T. Putnam and others.

The bill entitled An act in relation to the compensation of jailers, sent down from the Senate, and amended in the House, was read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

By leave, Mr. Wheeler, from the Committee on Banks, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to limit the vote of stockholders of banks of discount in certain cases, and for other purposes, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of the same be indefinitely postponed.

By leave, Mr. Hughes, from the Committee on National Affairs, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time.

Whereas the Congress of the United States, by a joint resolution approved on the second day of March in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-one, has proposed an amendment to the Constitution of the United States in words and figures following, to wit :

“Article XIII. No amendment shall be made to the Constitution which will authorize or give to Congress the power to abolish or interfere within any State with the domestic institutions thereof, including that of persons held to labor or service by the laws of said State.”

It is resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the aforesaid amendment be and is hereby ratified.

Resolved, That the Secretary of State be directed to furnish a copy of these proceedings to the President of the United States, each House of Congress, and the Governors of the several States.

On motion of Mr. Hughes, the rules of the House were suspended, and the resolution was read a second and third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. Emery called for the special order of the hour, being the consideration of the bill entitled An act to aid in the defence of the country, the question being upon the adoption of the following amendment proposed by Mr. Hughes.

On page 6, section 4, amend the 10th line by striking out “one million,” and inserting instead thereof “five hundred thousand.”

On this question, the yeas and nays were demanded, and were as follows :

Those who voted in the affirmative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Clark of Auburn, Rundlett, Clark of Hampstead, Brown of Kingston, Tarlton, Coleman, Smith of Newmarket, Brown of North-Hampton, Marden, Wendell, Dudley, Trefethen, Griffin of Sandown, Eaton of South-Hampton ;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) McDaniel of Lee, Pike, Tebbetts, Otis, Montgomery ;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) George of Barnstead, McNiel, Plaisted of Center-Harbor, Lang of Meredith, Brown of Sanbornton, Taylor of Sanbornton, Rowe;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Hall of Bartlett, Stoddard, Atkinson, Milliken, Fowler, Trickey, Flanders of Moultonborough, Rolls, Piper, Sanborn of Wakefield;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Blaisdell, Proctor, Thompson of Bow, Pierce of Bradford, Berry of Chichester, Tallant, Goodhue of Epsom, Daniell, Ordway, Sanborn of Loudon, Sawyer, Knowles, Freese, Smith of Salisbury, Huntoon of Sutton, Harriman, Pattee of Warner, Teel;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Dunklee, Loveren, Butterfield, Robie, Favor, Simonds, Burnham, Blood of Hillsborough, Coughlin, Healey, Robinson of Manchester, Smith of Mont-Vernon, Hughes, Moore, Robinson of Nashua, Blakeslee, Swallow, Marshall of Pelham, Barrett, Curtis;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Bill, Aldrich, Dinsmore, Howes, Capron;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Parker of Goshen, Beckwith, Gallup, Stickney, George of Sunapee, Rounseville, McIlvin;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Holt, Page of Benton, Bartlett of Bristol, Carrier, Dolloff, Randall, Parker of Franconia, Cole of Grafton, Morse of Hebron, Shattuck of Landaff, Bingham, Robbins, Ward, Page of Thornton, Weeks of Warren, Smith of Wentworth, Jackman;

(COÖS COUNTY) Beane, Smith of Dalton, Coolidge, Plaisted of Jefferson, Abbott of Northumberland, Twitchell, Morrill of Stewartstown, Sweatt.

Those who voted in the negative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Goodnow, Bell, Blake of Danville, Dearborn of Deerfield, Goodhue of Deerfield, Choate, Eastman of Derry, Webster of East-Kingston, Collins, Burley, Sanborn of Fremont, Berry of Gosport, Weeks of Greenland, Garland, Nason, Prescott, Dickey, Whorf, Taylor of Newmarket, Hoyt, Hills, Harvey, Annable, Emery of Portsmouth, Goodall, Robinson of Portsmouth, Carr, Webster of Salem, Crowell, Field, Campbell of Windham;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Hale of Barrington, Cater, Woodman of Dover, Pierce of Dover, McDaniel of Durham, Richardson of Farmington, Hurd, Demeritt, Varney, Lord, Buffum;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Savage, Chesley, Morrison, Cole of Gilford, Bennett, Woodman of Gilmanton, Gilman, Doe, Leavitt of Meredith, Smith of New-Hampton;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Fife, Lewis, Hazelton, Hobbs, Beacham, Clark of Sandwich, Emery of Tamworth, Young of Wolfborough;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Gage, Peverly, Brown of Concord, Rowell, Coffin, Herbert, Shattuck of Concord, Blake of Concord, Abbott of Concord, Stevens, Green, Parker of Dunbarton, Kenrick, Dodge, Goss, Head, Burpee, Cochran, Runnels;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Hartshorn, Jameson, Peterson, Frye, Chase of Hudson, Griffin of Litchfield, Herrick, Brown of Manchester, Hills, Straw, Pearsons, Morse of Manchester, Kimball of Manchester, Young of Manchester, Holbrook, Noyes, Pattee of Manchester, Mack, Marshall of Mason, Kenney, Bartlett of Milford, Lane of Milford, Clement, Emerson of Nashua, Campbell of Nashua, Blunt, Warner, Danforth, Sanders, Boyden, Farnsworth, Dearborn of Peterborough, Killam, Gove;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Banks, Richardson of Chesterfield, Mason of Dublin, Carter, Amidon, Powers, Chamberlain, Holmes, Edwards of Keene, Chase of Keene, Mason of Marlborough, Burnap of Marlow, Farwell, Abbott of Rindge, Nims, Wilson, Maynard, Martin, Cole of Westmoreland, Rixford, Sabin;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Slader, Kimball of Charlestown, Abbott of Charlestown, Grannis, Kimball of Claremont, Eastman of Claremont, Goodwin, Burnap of Cornish, Durkee, Winch, Wheeler of Newport, Nourse;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Hammond, Willey, Day, Edwards of Enfield, Huse, Buel, Huntoon of Hanover, Tenney, Westgate, Morse of Haverhill, Blake of Hill, Gordon of Holderness, Cushman, Blood of Lebanon, Quimby, Hutchins, Porter of Lyman, Culver, Dimick, Duncan, Thomas, Wheeler of Orford, Emerson of Piermont, Penniman;

(COÖS COUNTY) Rosebrooks, Colby, Annis, Peabody, Lane of Milan, Gordon of Whitefield.

Yeas 112; nays 176.

So the amendment was rejected.

Mr. Emery proposed the following amendment, which was adopted:

Strike out, in first section, the words "Any contracts and agreements heretofore made by the Governor and Council, or by any officer or person with their sanction or authority, and."—

On motion of Mr. Blake, of Danville,

The House adjourned.

EVENING.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill entitled An act to aid in the defence of the country, the question being upon the adoption of the following amendment, proposed by Mr. Smith, of Wentworth :

Amend section two, first line, by inserting between the words "any call," the word "lawful."

On this question the yeas and nays were demanded, which were called, and were as follows :

Those who voted in the affirmative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Rundlett, Weeks of Greenland, Tarlton, Coleman, Eaton of South-Hampton ;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) McDaniel of Lee, Pike, Tebbets, Otis ;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) George of Barnstead, Plaisted of Center-Harbor, Lang of Meredith, Rowe ;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Hall of Bartlett, Stoddard, Atkinson, Flanders of Moultonborough, Piper, Sanborn of Wakefield ;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Proctor, Thompson of Bow, Pierce of Bradford, Berry of Chichester, Tallant, Goodhue of Epsom, Ordway, Sawyer, Freese, Smith of Salisbury, Huntoon of Sutton, Harriman, Pattee of Warner, Teel ;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Duncklee, Robie, Favor, Simonds, Burnham, Blood of Hillsborough, Coughlin, Healey, Smith of Mont-Vernon, Moore, Blakeslee, Swallow, Marshall of Pelham, Barrett, Curtis ;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Bill, Aldrich, Dinsmore, Howes, Capron ;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Parker of Goshen, Beckwith, Gallup, Stickney, George of Sunapee, Rounseville, McIlvin ;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Walker, Page of Benton, McGregory, Currier, Doloff, Randall, Cole of Grafton, Morse of Hebron, Shattuck of Landaff, Bingham, Robbins, Ward, Page of Thornton, Weeks of Warren, Smith of Wentworth ;

(COÖS COUNTY) Beane, Rosebrooks, Smith of Dalton, Coolidge, Plaisted of Jefferson, Abbott of Northumberland, Twitchell, Morrill of Stewartstown, Sweatt.

Those who voted in the negative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Goodnow, Bell, Blake of Danville, Dearborn of Deerfield, Goodhue of Deerfield, Eastman of Derry, Collins, Burley, Berry of Gosport, Garland, Nason, Prescott, Whorf, Taylor of Newmarket, Hills, Harvey, Annable, Emery of Portsmouth, Goodall, Robinson of Portsmouth, Carr, Marden, Wendell, Trefethen, Webster of Salem, Crowell, Griffin of Sandown, Chase of Seabrook, Field, Campbell of Windham;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Hale of Barrington, Cater, Woodman of Dover, Pierce of Dover, McDaniel of Durham, Richardson of Farmington, Hurd, Demeritt, Lord, Buffum;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Savage, Chesley, Morrison, Cole of Gilford, Bennett, Gilman, Doe, Leavitt of Meredith, Smith of New-Hampton;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Fife, Lewis, Hazelton, Beacham, Rolls, Clark of Sandwich, Emery of Tamworth, Young of Wolfborough;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Peverly, Rowell, Coffin, Herbert, Shattuck of Concord, Blake of Concord, Abbott of Concord, Stevens, Green, Parker of Dunbarton, Dodge, Burpee, Runnels;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Hartshorn, Jameson, Peterson, Chase of Hudson, Griffin of Litchfield, Herrick, Brown of Manchester, Hills, Straw, Pearsons, Morse of Manchester, Kimball of Manchester, Young of Manchester, Holbrook, Noyes, Pattee of Manchester, Mack, Marshall of Mason, Kenney, Lane of Milford, Emerson of Nashua, Campbell of Nashua, Blunt, Warner, Sanders, Boyden, Farnsworth, Dearborn of Peterborough, Killam;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Banks, Richardson of Chesterfield, Mason of Dublin, Carter, Amidon, Powers, Chamberlain, Holmes, Edwards of Keene, Chase of Keene, Mason of Marlborough, Burnap of Marlow, Farwell, Abbott of Rindge, Nims, Caverly, Maynard, Martin, Cole of Westmoreland, Rixford, Sabin;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Slader, Abbott of Charlestown, Grannis, Kimball of Claremont, Eastman of Claremont, Goodwin, Burnap of Cornish, Durkee, Winch, Wheeler of Newport, Nourse;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Bartlett of Bristol, Willey, Day, Edwards of Enfield, Huse, Buel, Huntoon of Hanover, Tenney, Westgate, Morse of Haverhill, Blake of Hill, Gordon of Holderness, Cushman, Blood of Lebanon, Quimby, Hutchins, Porter of Lyman, Culver, Dimick, Duncan, Thomas, Wheeler of Orford, Emerson of Piermont, Penniman;

(COÖS COUNTY) Colby, Annis, Peabody, Lane of Milan, Gordon of Whitefield.

Yeas 87; nays 159.

So the amendment was rejected.

Mr. Bingham proposed the following amendment :

Amend by inserting, after the word "thereof," in the twelfth line of section two, the following words: "provided that such military force is not employed in the work of subjugating and holding as a conquered province any sovereign State now or lately one of the United States."

The question being stated to be upon the adoption of the amendment, the yeas and nays were demanded, which were called, and were as follows :

Those who voted in the affirmative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Clark of Auburn, Rundlett, Clark of Hampstead, Brown of Kingston, Tarlton, Coleman, Smith of Newmarket, Marden, Wendell, Eaton of South-Hampton;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) McDaniel of Lee, Pike, Tebbetts;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) George of Barnstead, McNeil, Plaisted of Center-Harbor, Lang of Meredith, Rowe;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Hall of Bartlett, Stoddard, Atkinson, Trickey, Flanders of Moultonborough, Rolls, Piper, Sanborn of Wakefield;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Proctor, Thompson of Bow, Pierce of Bradford, Berry of Chichester, Tallant, Goodhue of Epsom, Ordway, Sawyer, Freese, Smith of Salisbury, Huntoon of Sutton, Harriman, Pattee of Warner, Teel;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Duncklee, Loveren, Robie, Favor, Simonds, Burnham, Blood of Hillsborough, Coughlin, Healey, Smith of Mont-Ver-non, Moore, Blakeslee, Swallow, Marshall of Pelham, Curtis;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Bill, Aldrich, Dinsmore, Howes, Capron;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Parker of Goshen, Beckwith, Gallup, Stickney, George of Sunapee, Rounseville, McIlvin;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Walker, Holt, McGregory, Currier, Doloff, Randall, Parker of Franconia, Cole of Grafton, Morse of Hebron, Shattuck of Landaff, Bingham, Robbins, Ward, Page of Thornton, Weeks of Warren, Smith of Wentworth, Jackman;

(COÖS COUNTY) Beane, Rosebrooks, Smith of Dalton, Coolidge, Plaisted of Jefferson, Abbott of Northumberland, Twitchell, Morrill of Stewartstown.

Those who voted in the negative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Goodnow, Bell, Blake of Danville, Dearborn of Deerfield, Goodhue of Deerfield, Eastman of Derry, Collins, Burley, Berry of Gosport, Weeks of Greenland, Garland, Nason, Prescott, Dickey, Whorf, Taylor of Newmarket, Hills, Harvey, Annable, Emery of Portsmouth, Goodall, Robinson of Portsmouth, Carr, Trefethen, Webster of Salem, Chase of Seabrook, Field, Campbell of Windham;

(STAFFORD COUNTY) Hale of Barrington, Cater, Woodman of Dover, Pierce of Dover, McDaniel of Durham, Richardson of Farmington, Hurd, Demeritt, Varney, Lord, Buffum, Otis;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Savage, Chesley, Morrison, Cole of Gilford, Bennett, Gilman, Doe, Leavitt of Meredith, Smith of New-Hampton;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Fife, Lewis, Hazelton, Hobbs, Beacham, Clark of Sandwich, Emery of Tamworth, Young of Wolfborough;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Peverly, Rowell, Coffin, Herbert, Shattuck of Concord, Blake of Concord, Abbott of Concord, Stevens, Green, Parker of Dunbarton, Daniell, Dodge, Goss, Burpee, Runnels;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Hartshorn, Jameson, Peterson, Chase of Hudson, Griffin of Litchfield, Herrick, Brown of Manchester, Hills, Straw, Pearsons, Morse of Manchester, Kimball of Manchester, Young of Manchester, Holbrook, Noyes, Pattee of Manchester, Mack, Marshall of Mason, Kenney, Bartlett of Milford, Lane of Milford, Emerson of Nashua, Campbell of Nashua, Blunt, Warner, Sanders, Boyden, Farnsworth, Dearborn of Peterborough, Killam;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Banks, Richardson of Chesterfield, Mason of Dublin, Carter, Amidon, Powers, Chamberlain, Holmes, Edwards of Keene, Chase of Keene, Mason of Marlborough, Burnap of Marlow, Farwell, Abbott of Rindge, Nims, Wilson, Caverly, Maynard, Martin, Cole of Westmoreland, Rixford, Sabin;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Slader, Kimball of Charlestown, Abbott of Charlestown, Grannis, Kimball of Claremont, Eastman of Claremont, Goodwin, Burnap of Cornish, Durkee, Winch, Wheeler of Newport, Nourse;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Hammond, Bartlett of Bristol, Willey, Day, Edwards of Enfield, Huse, Buel, Huntoon of Hanover, Tenney, Westgate, Morse of Haverhill, Blake of Hill, Gordon of Holderness, Cushman, Blood of Lebanon, Quimby, Hutchins, Porter of Lyman, Culver, Dimick, Thomas, Wheeler of Orford, Emerson of Piermont, Penniman;

(COÖS COUNTY) Colby, Annis, Peabody, Lane of Milan, Gordon of Whitefield.

Yeas 92; nays 165.

So the amendment was rejected, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Mr. Emery, the rules of the House were suspended, and the bill was read a third time.

The question being stated, Shall the bill pass ?

On this question the yeas and nays were demanded, which were called, and were as follows :

Those who voted in the affirmative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Goodnow, Bell, Blake of Danville, Dearborn of Deerfield, Goodhue of Deerfield, Eastman of Derry, Webster of East-Kingston, Collins, Burley, Weeks of Greenland, Garland, Nason, Prescott, Dickey, Whorf, Taylor of Newmarket, Smith of Newmarket, Hills, Harvey, Annable, Emery of Portsmouth, Goodall, Robinson of Portsmouth, Carr, Webster of Salem, Crowell, Chase of Seabrook, Field, Campbell of Windham ;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Hale of Barrington, Cater, Woodman of Dover, Pierce of Dover, McDaniel of Durham, Richardson of Farmington, Hurd, Demeritt, Varney, Lord, Buffum, Otis ;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Savage, Chesley, Cole of Gilford, Bennett, Woodman of Gilmanton, Gilman, Doe, Leavett of Meredith, Smith of New-Hampton ;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Fife, Lewis, Hazelton, Hobbs, Beacham, Rolls, Clark of Sandwich, Emery of Tamworth, Young of Wolfborough ;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Peverly, Tallant, Rowell, Coffin, Herbert, Shattuck of Concord, Blake of Concord, Abbott of Concord, Stevens, Green, Parker of Dunbarton, Kenrick, Dodge, Goss, Burpee, Freese, Runnels ;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Hartshorn, Jameson, Peterson, Chase of Hudson, Griffin of Litchfield, Herrick, Brown of Manchester, Hills, Straw, Pearsons, Morse of Manchester, Kimball of Manchester, Young of Manchester, Holbrook, Coughlin, Healey, Noyes, Pattee of Manchester, Mack, Marshall of Mason, Kenney, Bartlett of Milford, Lane of Milford, Emerson of Nashua, Campbell of Nashua, Blunt, Warner, Sanders, Boyden, Farnsworth, Dearborn of Peterborough, Killam ;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Banks, Richardson of Chesterfield, Mason of Dublin, Carter, Amidon, Powers, Chamberlain, Holmes, Edwards of Keene, Chase of Keene, Mason of Marlborough, Farwell, Abbott of Rindge, Nims, Wilson, Caverly, Maynard, Martin, Cole of Westmoreland, Rixford, Sabin ;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Slader, Kimball of Charlestown, Abbott of Charlestown, Grannis, Kimball of Claremont, Eastman of Claremont, Goodwin, Burnap of Cornish, Durkee, Winch, Wheeler of Newport, Nourse ;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Hammond, Willey, Edwards of Enfield, Huse, Buel, Huntoon of Hanover, Tenney, Westgate, Morse of Haverhill, Blake of Hill, Gordon of Holderness, Blood of Lebanon, Quimby, Hutchins, Porter of Lyman, Culver, Duncan, Thomas, Wheeler of Orford, Emerson of Piermont, Penniman ;

(COOS COUNTY) Washburne, Colby, Annis, Peabody, Lane of Milan, Gordon of Whitefield.

Those who voted in the negative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Clark of Auburn, Rundlett, Brown of Kingston, Tarlton, Coleman, Brown of Northampton, Marden, Wendell, Dudley, Trefethen, Griffin of Sandown, Eaton of South-Hampton ;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) McDaniel of Lee, Pike, Tebbetts ;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) George of Barnstead, McNiell, Plaisted of Center-Harbor, Morrison, Lang of Meredith, Rowe ;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Stoddard, Atkinson, Milliken, Fowler, Trickey, Flanders of Moultonborough, Piper ;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Proctor, Thompson of Bow, Pierce of Bradford, Berry of Chichester, Goodhue of Epsom, Ordway, Sawyer, Knowles, Smith of Salisbury, Huntoon of Sutton, Harriman, Pattee of Warner, Teel ;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Dunklee, Loveren, Butterfield, Robie, Favor, Simonds, Burnham, Blood of Hillsborough, Smith of Mont-Vernon, Moore, Blakeslee, Swallow, Danforth, Marshall of Pelham, Barrett, Curtis ;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Bill, Aldrich, Dinsmore, Howes, Capron ;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Parker of Goshen, Grannis, Gallup, Stickney, George of Sunapee, Rounseville, McIlvin ;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Walker, Holt, Page of Benton, McGregory, Bartlett of Bristol, Currier, Dolloff, Randall, Parker of Franconia, Cole of Grafton, Morse of Hebron, Shattuck of Landaff, Bingham, Robbins, Page of Thornton, Weeks of Warren, Smith of Wentworth ;

(COOS COUNTY) Beane, Rosebrooks, Smith of Dalton, Coolidge, Plaisted of Jefferson, Abbott of Northumberland, Twitchell, Morrill of Stewartstown, Sweatt.

Yeas 169, nays 94.

So the bill passed, and was sent to the Senate for concurrence.

On motion of Mr. Woodman, the bill entitled An act concerning the Peterborough and Shirley Railroad Company was taken from the table, and, under a suspension of the rules, the bill was

read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

On motion of Mr. Eastman, of Derry,

Resolved, That when this House adjourns this evening, it adjourn to meet at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning; and when it adjourns to-morrow morning, it adjourn to meet Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth,

The House adjourned.

SATURDAY, June 29, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Eastman, of Derry, the rules of the House were suspended, and the reading of the journal was omitted.

Mr. Rolls introduced the following joint resolution, which was read twice, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of two hundred dollars be appropriated for the repairs of the highway leading from G. B. Brabrook's through the Notch of the White Mountains, and so much of the road called the Pinkham road as lies between Jackson line and the Glen House, and that the same be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated; and that the same be expended under the direction of an agent appointed by the Governor and Council, who shall make a report of his doings before the next session of the Legislature, to the Secretary of State.

On motion of Mr. Morrison,

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed to inquire and report to this House the amount of fees received by each of the Bank, Insurance and Railroad Commissioners in this State, by whom the said fees are paid, and the nature and extent of the services performed, so far as may be practicable in each case.

Ordered, That Messrs. Morrison of Gilford, Wheeler of Newport and Amidon of Hinsdale be said committee.

Mr. Bingham introduced the following resolution, which was adopted :

Whereas the Weare Bank, located at Hampton-Falls, went into operation in fraud, and has done business illegally, and has long since ceased to accommodate the public, and the act chartering said bank should be repealed ;

Therefore, *Resolved*, That the Bank Commissioners be authorized to send for persons and papers, and be directed to make a thorough examination into the origin, management and affairs of said bank, and report at the next session of the Legislature.

Mr. Parker, of Franconia, by leave, gave notice of intention to introduce a bill entitled An act in amendment of the charter of the New-Hampshire Iron Factory Company.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of bills with the following titles :

An act in amendment of chapter 2090 of the Pamphlet Laws ;

An act relating to Hart Island Bridge ;

An act to prevent the transfer of stocks to avoid taxation, and for other purposes ;

An act authorizing ministers of the gospel to solemnize marriages in certain cases ;

An act for the suppression of counterfeit, altered, and worthless bills ;

An act to incorporate Olive Branch Lodge, No. 16, at Plymouth.

They have passed the bill entitled An act to incorporate the Alpha Delta Phi Society, with the following amendment :

Add SEC. 5. This act may be altered, amended or repealed whenever, in the opinion of the Legislature, the public good shall require it.

They have also passed the bill entitled An act to incorporate the Weare Woolen Mills, with the following amendment : add the following new section :

“ SEC. 6. This act may be altered, amended or repealed whenever, in the opinion of the Legislature, the public good shall require it ;” in the passage of which amendments they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

They have also passed a bill entitled "An act to regulate the meetings of bond-holders and creditors of railroad corporations;" in the passage of which they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

The House then concurred with the Senate in the amendments by them proposed to the bills entitled

An act to incorporate the Alpha Delta Phi Society ;

An act to incorporate the Weare Woolen Mills.

The bill entitled An act to regulate the meetings of bond-holders and creditors of railroad corporations, sent down from the Senate, was then read twice, and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Morse, from the Committee on Mileage, submitted a report.

On motion, the report was amended by striking therefrom the names of William H. H. Mason and David Flanders, these gentlemen not having been in attendance during the session.

It was then ordered, That the Clerk make out the mileage pay roll in accordance therewith.

On motion of Mr. Emery, all bills or resolutions in order for a second reading at 11 o'clock, were made in order at this time.

SECOND READINGS.

The following resolutions were severally read a second time and ordered to a third reading :

Joint resolution in favor of the chaplain of the State Prison ;

Joint resolution relating to the library of the State Prison.

The resolution relating to a band for the second regiment was read a second time, and amended, on motion of Mr. Emery, as follows :

Amend by inserting after the word "matter," the words "relating to furnishing musical instruments and uniforms for a band for the second regiment."

The resolution was then ordered to a third reading.

On motion of Mr. Emery, of Portsmouth,

The House adjourned.

Monday, July 1, 1861.

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MONDAY July 1, 1861.

The reading of the journal was omitted, on motion of Mr. Goodall.

ACCOUNTS PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on Claims :

By Mr. Abbott, of Concord, the account of Edward Dow ;
By Mr. Herbert, of Concord, the account of Allen Tenny ;
By Mr. Shattuck, of Concord, the account of R. N. Corning.

Mr. Sawyer, from the Committee on Railroads, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in relation to the duties of Railroad Commissioners, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject.

Mr. Goodwin, from the Committee on Military Accounts, to whom was referred the account of Clarendon M. Sanders, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the petitioner have leave to withdraw.

Mr. Tallant, from the Committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals, to whom was referred the petition of Stephen M. Hanson and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of the subject be postponed to the next session of the Legislature.

Mr. Stevens, from the Committee on Division of Towns, to whom was referred the petition of J. C. Tilton and others, and the remonstrances against the same, submitted a report, when, on motion of Mr. Bingham, of Littleton, the subject was postponed to the next session of the Legislature.

Bills with the following titles were then introduced, read twice, and referred as follows :

To the Committee on the Judiciary :

By Mr. Cole, of Gilford, an act in addition to chapter 162 of the Revised Statutes.

To the Committee on Incorporations :

By Mr. Parker, of Franconia, an act in amendment of an act amending the charter of the N. H. Iron Factory Company.

On motion of Mr. Emerson, of Nashua, the bill entitled An act for remodeling the militia was taken from the table, and its further consideration assigned for to-morrow at 10½ o'clock A. M.

On motion of Mr. Goodall,

Resolved, That the House of Representatives will be ready to meet the honorable Senate in Convention for the purpose of proceeding in the election of Commissary General on Wednesday next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, agreeably to the provisions of the Constitution.

On motion of Mr. Durkee, of Croydon,

The House adjourned.

TUESDAY, July 2, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Stoddard, the reading of the journal was omitted.

PETITIONS, &c., BY LEAVE, PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

To the Committee on Alteration of Names:

By Mr. Dudley, the petition of John Roberts.

Mr. Randall, of Ellsworth, gave notice that he should move to reconsider the vote whereby the House passed the bill entitled "An act in addition to an act entitled An act to establish a corporation by the name of the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company," he having voted with the majority upon that question.

Mr. Stevens, from the Committee on Division of Towns, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in amendment of chapter 2378 of the Pamphlet Laws, reported the same in a new draft. The bill was read a first time and ordered to a second reading.

Mr. Stevens, from the same committee, to whom was referred a resolution authorizing the Secretary of State to furnish to the

town of Webster the laws of the State and the journal, reported the same without amendment, and it was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Colby, from the Committee on Printers' Accounts, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time, and ordered to a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That B. B. & F. P. Whittemore be allowed \$4.50 ; that K. C. Scott be allowed \$4.50 ; that Albin Beard be allowed \$14 ; that Fogg & Hadley be allowed \$94.50 ; that J. W. Robinson be allowed \$50 ; that Wm. Butterfield be allowed \$94.50, and that McFarland & Jenks be allowed \$101.50, in full for their accounts respectively, and that the same be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated ; and the Governor is hereby authorized to draw his warrant therefor.

Mr. Hills, from the Committee on Education, to whom was referred a bill, entitled An act providing for the election of Superintendent and Prudential School Committees, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Smith, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to abolish the office of Superintending School Committee in certain cases, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of said bill be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Caverly, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to disannex certain land from school district No. 1, in Nottingham, and annex the same to district No. 5, in Epping, for school purposes, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the subject be postponed to the next regular session of the Legislature.

Mr. Dickey, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relating to School Committees in the city of Portsmouth, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of the same be referred to the delegation from the city of Portsmouth.

Mr. Amidon, from the Committee on Claims, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time, and ordered to a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of one hundred and eighteen dollars and sixty-five cents (\$118.65) be allowed Robert N. Corning; that the sum of sixty dollars (\$60) be allowed Allen Tenny; that eighteen dollars and fifty cents (\$18.50) be allowed Henry Willard, and that six dollars (\$6) be allowed Edward Dow, and that the same be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and the Governor be authorized to draw his warrant therefor.

Mr. Amidon, from the same committee, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the accounts of the State Capital Bank and H. G. Kayes, with the accompanying report, be referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, with instructions to report whether, in their opinion, said claimants have a legal or equitable claim against the State.

Mr. Thompson, from the Committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in amendment of an act entitled An act amending the charter of the New-Hampshire Iron Factory Company, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Edwards, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to change the name of the Manchester Machine Company, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Wendell, from the Committee on the House of Reformation, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time and ordered to a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of three thousand dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated for the use of the "House of Reformation," to be applied for the payment of existing debts, the improvement and repairs of the house, and the purchase of more beds and other furniture demanded to

accommodate additional inmates; and the Governor is authorized to draw said sum from the treasurer by warrant.

Mr. Wendell, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of E. W. Harrington and others, praying that Rev. Mr. McDonald might officiate in his pastoral capacity at the House of Reformation, reported the following resolution, which was, on motion of Mr. Wheeler, laid upon the table.

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject.

Mr. Boyden, from the Committee on Railroads, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act for the relief of the stockholders and creditors of the Ashuelot Railroad Company, reported the same with the following amendment, which was adopted, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Amend the last section by inserting after the words "bonds aforesaid," "subject to the laws of this State."

On motion the rules of the House were suspended, and the bill was read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. Dearborn, of Peterborough, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the joint resolution authorizing the repairs of highways, reported the same with the following amendment, which was adopted, and the resolution ordered to a third reading:

Amend by striking out the word "two," in line 4, and inserting instead thereof the word "three."

Mr. Woodman, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act concerning the observance of certain days, reported the bill, with the following amendment, which was adopted, and the bill ordered to a third reading.

Strike out section 3.

Mr. Bingham, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in addition to chapter 162 of the Revised Statutes, reported the following resolution, which was adopted:

Resolved, That it is unnecessary to legislate upon the subject matter of the bill.

SECOND READINGS.

The following bill and joint resolutions were severally read a second time, and ordered to a third reading :

An act in amendment of chapter 2378 of the Pamphlet Laws ;
 Resolution in favor of K. C. Scott and others ;
 Resolution in favor of House of Reformation ;
 Resolution in favor of Robert N. Corning and others.

By leave, Mr. Collins introduced a bill entitled An act to incorporate the Exeter Carriage Company, which bill was read twice and referred to the Committee on Incorporations.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the bill entitled An act for remodeling the Militia—the question being upon the adoption of the amendments proposed by the Committee on Military Affairs.

The following amendments, reported by the committee, were severally adopted :

Page 4, SEC. I. Amend by adding between lines 9 and 10, "keepers of light-houses, conductors and engine-men of railroad trains necessarily employed in running the same." Also, strike out in the 17th line the word "suspended," and insert "superseded."

Page 5. Amend by adding, in line 28, between the words "State Prison" and "clergyman," "the superintendent of the House of Reformation and his Assistants."

Page 6. Amend the 8th line by adding after the word "secretary," the words "deputy secretary."

Page 23, SEC. 2. Amend line 3d by adding the word "usual" between the words "his" and "place."

Page 26, SEC. I. Amend the 7th line by striking out "regimental muster" and inserting "encampment."

SEC. II. Amend line 5th by striking out "regimental muster" and inserting "encampment."

SEC. III. Amend line 4th by striking out "fifty cents" and inserting "five dollars."

SEC. IV. Amend lines 2d and 3d by striking out "neglect to appear and perform duty at any encampment, or shall."

Page 29, SEC. I. Amend the 3d line by striking out "muster."

Page 34. Amend the title by striking out "regimental muster" and insert "encampment."

SEC. II. Amend line 3d by striking out "regimental muster" and insert "encampment."

SEC. III. Amend by striking out the 6th and 7th lines and insert "brigade encampment" in each military district, to continue for the space of three successive days, and for a longer time, if, in the opinion of the Commander-in-Chief, the public good may require.

SEC. II. Amend by adding in the 5th line, after the word "evolutions," "and may parade his company on such other days and times (without expense to the State) as said company may indicate, by a vote of two thirds of the members of the company present at any regularly warned meeting of said company, by giving warnings as herein before provided."

Amend by adding new sections immediately after section 3.

Insert section 3 of page 70, making it section 4 of page 34, and by adding section 5 of page 71, amended so as to read "during the encampment there shall be an inspection and review, and the troops so encamped," &c., &c., making this section 5, under the title of Company Trainings and Encampments.

Page 35, SEC. IV. Amend the 1st line by adding "s" to the word "day," and by striking out "for the review of each regiment," and inserting "of encampment for each regiment or brigade."

SEC. V. Amend lines 3d and 5th by striking out "review" and inserting "encampment."

Page 36, SEC. VIII. Amend line 2d by adding after the word "regiment," "to which he belongs."

Page 37. Amend by adding a new section immediately after section 11 (title, Company Trainings and Encampments), section 6, of pages 71 and 72. Change the numbering of the sections of this title so as to correspond with the amendments and sections introduced.

SEC. II. Amend by striking out all after the word "at" in the 2d line, and insert "the May training, and at the training required by law, prior to the annual encampment."

SEC. III. Amend by adding in the 1st line after the word "dollar," "and fifty cents." In the 2d line, after the word "for," add "subsistence." In the 4th and 5th lines, strike out "and shall be provided with rations while in camp."

Page 38, SEC. V. Amend the 3d line by striking out "regi-

mental muster and," and in the 6th and 7th lines, by striking out "muster or."

Page 40, SEC. III. Amend line 1st by striking out "regimental musters," and insert "encampment."

Page 59, SEC. X. Amend the 3d line by adding, after the word "quarters," "and;" and after the word "transportation," strike out "and subsistence of the volunteer militia at the annual musters and encampments," and insert "of the same to the place of encampment." In the 5th line, after the word "the," insert "subsistence of the."

Page 60, SEC. XI. Amend line 5th by striking out "musters."

SEC. XII. Amend line 6th by striking out "muster or."

Page 61, SEC. XII. Amend line 14 by striking out "muster or."

Page 70, SEC. II. Amend by striking out the whole section.

SEC. III. Inserted on page 34.

Page 71, SEC. IV. Amend by striking out the whole section.

SEC. V. Inserted on page 35.

SEC. VI. Inserted on page 37.

On motion of Mr. Emery, the bill was further amended by striking out the word "muster," page 38, line 6.

On motion of Mr. Emerson, the bill was further amended, by striking out section 18, page 63.

On motion of Mr. Duncan, the bill was amended by inserting the words "or her" after the word "his," and the words "or she" after "he," in line 5, section 4, page 8.

On motion of Mr. Wheeler, the further consideration of the bill was assigned for this afternoon at 3½ o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Griffin, of Litchfield,

The House adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

Third Readings.

The following bills and joint resolutions were severally read a third time, passed, and sent up to the Senate for concurrence :

An act in amendment of an act entitled An act amending the charter of the New-Hampshire Iron Factory Company ;

An act in amendment of chapter 2378 of the Pamphlet Laws ;

[Mr. WOODMAN, of Dover, in the chair.]

An act to change the name of the Manchester Machine Company ;

An act providing for the election of superintending and prudential school committees, and for other purposes ;

Resolution relating to the repair of highways ;

Resolution relating to the Library of State Prison ;

Resolution in relation to the town of Webster ;

Resolution relating to a band for the 2d regiment ;

Resolution in favor of the House of Reformation ;

Resolution in favor of the chaplain of the State Prison ;

Resolution in favor of Robert N. Corning and others ;

Resolution in favor of K. C. Scott and others.

The Senate bill, entitled An act concerning the observance of certain days, as amended by the House and sent down from the Senate, was then read a third time, passed, and sent back to the Senate for concurrence.

[The SPEAKER in the chair.]

The House then resumed the consideration of the bill entitled An act for remodeling the militia.

Mr. Bingham moved to amend by inserting the word "white" after the word "able-bodied," in last line of page 6.

On this question the yeas and nays were demanded, which, being called, were as follows :

Those who voted in the affirmative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Clark of Auburn, Choate, Rundlett, Weeks of Greenland, Clark of Hampstead, Taylor of Newmarket, Smith of Newmarket, Brown of North-Hampton, Smith of Nottingham, Wendell, Dudley, Trefethen, Eaton of South-Hampton ;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Hale of Barrington, Cater, Reade, McDaniel of Durham, McDaniel of Lee, Pike, Wentworth, Otis ;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Chesley, George of Barnstead, McNiell, Plaisted of Center-Harbor, Woodman of Gilmanton, Lang of Meredith, Brown of Sanbornton, Taylor of Sanbornton, Rowe ;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Hall of Bartlett, Stoddard, Atkinson, Milliken, Fowler, Trickey, Flanders of Moultonborough, Rolls, Piper, Sanborn of Wakefield ;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Proctor, Gage, Thompson of Bow, Pierce of Bradford, Berry of Chichester, Tallant, Blake of Concord, Green, Goodhue of Epsom, Daniell of Franklin, Dodge, Ordway, Sanborn of Loudon, Sawyer, Knowles, Freese, Smith of Salisbury, Huntoon of Sutton, Harri-man, Pattee of Warner, Runnels, Teel ;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Butterfield, Robie, Favor, Simonds, Burnham, Blood of Hillsborough, Farley, Coughlin, Healey, Marshall of Mason, Smith of Mont-Vernon, Hughes, Robinson of Nashua, Blakeslee, Swallow, Marshall of Pelham, Curtis ;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Bill, Aldrich, Dinsmore, Howes, Capron, Maynard, Cole of Westmoreland ;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Kimball of Charlestown, Grannis, Parker of Goshen, Beckwith, Gallup, Stickney, George of Sunapee, Rounseville, McIlvin ;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Holt, Page of Benton, McGregory, Currier, Dolf, Parker of Franconia, Cole of Grafton, Morse of Hebron, Shattuck of Landaff, Bingham, Robbins, Page of Thornton, Weeks of Warren, Smith of Wentworth ;

(COOS COUNTY) Beane, Rosebrooks, Smith of Dalton, Coolidge, Plaisted of Jefferson, Morrill of Stewartstown, Sweatt.

Those who voted in the negative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Goodnow, Bell, Eastman of Derry, Conner, Collins, Burley, Berry of Gosport, Nason, Prescott, Whorf, Coleman, Hoyt, Hills, Harvey, Annable, Emery of Portsmouth, Goodall, Robinson of Portsmouth, Carr, Webster of Salem, Crowell, Chase of Seabrook, Field, Merrill of Stratham, Campbell of Windham ;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Smith of Dover, Horne, Folsom, Woodman of Dover, Meader of Dover, Pierce of Dover, Richardson of Farmington, Hurd, Demeritt, Plumer, Varney, McDuffee, Meader of Rochester, Lord, Buffum ;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Savage, Morrison, Cole of Gilford, Bennett, Doe, Leavitt of Meredith, Smith of New-Hampton ;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Fife, Lewis, Hazelton, Beacham, Clark of Sandwich, Marston, Emery of Tamworth, Thompson of Wolfborough, Young of Wolfborough ;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Peverly, Brown of Concord, Rowell, Coffin, Herbert, Shattuck of Concord, Abbott of Concord, Stevens of Concord, Kenrick, Goss, Head, Burpee, Cochran ;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Hartshorn, Jameson; Hale of Bedford, Lov-ering, Frye, Chase of Hudson, Herrick, Brown of Manchester, Straw, Pearsons, Chase of Manchester, Kimball of Manchester, Young of Man-chester, Holbrook, Noyes, Pattee of Manchester, Mack, Kenney, Lane of Milford, Moore, Emerson of Nashua, Campbell of Nashua, Blunt, Sanders, Boyden, Farnsworth, Dearborn of Peterborough, Gove, Barrett ;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Banks, Richardson of Chesterfield, Mason of Dublin, Carter, Amidon, Powers, Chamberlain, Holmes, Edwards of Keene, Chase of Keene, Mason of Marlborough, Burnap of Marlow, Farwell, Abbott of Rindge, Nims, Wilson, Caverly, Martin, Rixford, Sabin ;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Slader, Abbott of Charlestown, Goodwin, Durkee, Wheeler of Newport, Nourse ;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Hammond, Bartlett of Bristol, Willey, Day, Ed-wards of Enfield, Huse, Buel, Tenney, Morse of Haverhill, Blake of Hill, Gordon of Holderness, Mudgett, Cushman, Blood of Lebanon, Quimby, Hutchins, Porter of Lyman, Culver, Dimick, Duncan, Thomas, Wheeler of Orford, Emerson of Piermont, Penniman ;

(COOS COUNTY) Washburne, Colby, Annis, Peabody, Lane of Milan, Gordon of Whitefield.

Yeas 116 ; nays 154.

So the amendment was rejected.

On motion of Mr. Emery, the bill was further amended by adding to section 16 on page 38, the following :

Every captain or other officer, who shall receive any money belonging to the members of any company, and shall neglect or refuse to pay the same over to the several persons who are entitled to the same, for the space of ten days after demand made on him by the person entitled to receive the same, shall be liable to a fine of one hundred dollars, for the use of the State, to be recovered by an indictment, and shall be subject to imprison-ment upon conviction thereof until such fine shall be paid.

On motion of Mr. Goodall, the bill was further amended by striking out, in line 4 on page 6th, the words " shall not be liable to enrollment," and insert the same words in the 13th line after the word, " insane."

The question being stated, Shall the bill be read a third time ?

Mr. Emery moved that the bill be postponed to the next session of the Legislature :

When, on motion of Mr. Parker, of Goshen,
The House adjourned.

WEDNESDAY, July 3, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Chase, of Hudson, the reading of the journal was omitted.

[Mr. WHEELER, of Newport, in the chair.]

Mr. Frye, from the Joint Committee on Engrossed Bills, reported that they had carefully examined, and found correctly engrossed, bills of the following titles, and the following joint resolutions, to wit :

An act relating to the preservation and protection of shade trees ;

An act altering and defining the southern boundary of Columbia ;

An act relating to offenses against the police of towns ;

An act to enable the town of Keene to establish water-works ;

An act relating to drunkenness ;

An act in amendment of Chapter 958 of the Pamphlet Laws of this State, relating to the power of county commissioners to apportion expense in certain cases ;

An act in amendment of chapter 2373 of the Pamphlet Laws ;

An act to incorporate the Olive Branch Lodge, No. 16, at Plymouth ;

An act to prevent the transfer of stocks to avoid taxation, and for other purposes ;

An act relating to Hart Island Bridge ;

An act to disannex a part of the farm of John Y. Dustin from school district No. 3, in Milan, and annex the same to school district No. 1, in Berlin, for school purposes ;

An act entitled An act in amendment of chapter 317 of the Pamphlet Laws ;

An act to establish the Folsom Oil Carpet Company ;

An act authorizing officers to sell attached property after the return of the writ and before execution, in certain cases ;

An act in addition to an act entitled An act to establish a corporation by the name of the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company ;

An act for the suppression of counterfeit, altered and worthless bills ;

An act in amendment of chapter 2090 of the Pamphlet Laws ;

An act authorizing ministers of the gospel to solemnize marriages in certain cases ;

An act in relation to vaccination ;

An act to change the names of certain persons ;

An act to incorporate the Weare Woolen Mill ;

An act to incorporate the Alpha Delta Phi Society ;

A resolution in favor of Benjamin Grover and others ;

A resolution in favor of Allen Tenny ;

A resolution relating to appointment of a Medical Commission ;

A resolution in relation to the State Mineralogical Cabinet ;

A resolution authorizing the payment of certain judgments recovered against Edward Ballou, administrator of Thomas Storrs, deceased.

Mr. Hills, from the Committee on Education, to whom was referred the memorial of S. D. Bell and others, reported the following joint resolution, which was read a first time, and ordered to a second reading :

STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

In the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-one.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of three hundred dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated to the New-Hampshire Historical Society, to aid in preserving the manuscript records, and procuring letters relating to the Colonial History of New-Hampshire, and in publishing such part of the same as said society shall judge expedient ; said sum to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Mr. Daniels, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act fixing the time of holding the annual meetings in school districts, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That said bill be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Hills, from the same committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relating to registers for schools, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject.

Mr. Varney, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of Amaziah Hall and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw.

Mr. Abbott, from the same committee, to whom was referred the petition of W. B. Burpee and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the petitioners have leave to withdraw.

Mr. Warner, from the Committee on Incorporations, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to incorporate the Exeter Carriage Company, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Burley, from the Committee on Retrenchment and Reform, to whom was referred the resolution instructing them to consider the expediency of repealing the laws establishing the office of Insurance Commissioners, and substituting more efficient means for accomplishing the purpose of the same, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of the matter be postponed to the next session of the Legislature.

Mr. Holbrook, from the same committee, to whom was referred the resolution instructing them to consider the expediency of repealing the laws establishing the office of Bank Commissioners, and substituting some more efficient means for accomplishing the purpose of the same, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of the matter be postponed to the next session of the Legislature.

Mr. Burley, from the same committee, to whom was referred the resolution to consider the expediency of repealing the laws establishing Teachers' Institutes, and substituting some more efficient means for accomplishing the purpose of the same, have considered the same, and report the accompanying resolution :

Resolved, That the passage of the bill establishing an "office of Public Instruction," has rendered action on the part of said committee in relation to the subject unnecessary.

Mr. Emerson, from the Committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred a resolution directing an investigation into the statement in the Adjutant-General's report relative to the arms, accouterments and vouchers, &c., in that Department, belonging to the State, reported as follows :

The Committee have had several meetings, at which the Adjutant-General was present, and have not been able to arrive at any thing satisfactory, other than that they find the utmost confusion prevailing in all the business of the department.

They further find that the Adjutant-General has kept no record of the public property which he has received or disposed of, and is therefore unable to give any satisfactory information of the amount of arms, accouterments, &c., which he received from his predecessor, and of the property which he has received, from time to time, from the Ordnance Department of the General Government, and that he has no legal bonds or vouchers for the arms and other public property which he has distributed throughout the State.

The committee would therefore recommend that a committee be appointed to thoroughly investigate further the affairs of the department, and to make a full inventory of the military property belonging to the State, and report to the next Legislature.

Mr. Blood, from the Committee on Towns and Parishes, to whom was referred the petition of James L. Wade and others, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of said petition be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Straw, from the Committee on Finance, reported a bill entitled An act providing for the assessment and collection of a State tax, which bill was read a first time and ordered to a second reading.

On motion of Mr. Hughes, the rules were suspended, the bill

was read a second and third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. Straw also reported the following joint resolutions, which were severally read a first time and ordered to a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of five hundred dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated for the contingent expenses of the State, and His Excellency the Governor is hereby authorized to draw that sum from time to time from the treasury, for such expenses as to him may appear necessary.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the Treasurer of this State be and is hereby authorized to borrow, for the temporary use of the State, at such times and in such sums as he may consider necessary and proper, a sum not exceeding sixty thousand dollars, at the lowest rate of interest at which the same can be procured, not exceeding six per cent per annum ; and the treasurer for the time being is authorized to pay the sum or sums so borrowed, and the interest thereon, when the same shall become due, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Mr. Chase, from the Committee on Alteration of Names, to whom was referred the petition of John Roberts, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the petition be referred to the next session of the Legislature.

Mr. Bingham, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred the resolution in regard to the accounts of the State Capital Bank and H. G. Kayes, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That a committee, consisting of three persons, be appointed, to act under the direction of the Attorney-General, with power to send for persons and papers, and to report to the next Legislature the facts in relation to said accounts ; and also to inquire in relation to the accounts of Wm. W. Eastman with the State, and report whether or not he is a defaulter, and if so, how much, and in what particulars.

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred the resolution relating to a convention for revising the Constitution, reported the same without amendment.

The question being stated,

Shall the resolution be read a third time ?

On this question the yeas and nays being demanded, were called, and were as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Goodnow, Blake of Danville, Dearborn of Deerfield, Choate, Eastman of Derry, Burley, Clark of Hampstead, Garland, Nason, Prescott, Dickey, Tarlton, Taylor of Newmarket, Annable, Emery of Portsmouth, Robinson of Portsmouth, Carr, Webster of Salem, Chase of Seabrook, Campbell of Windham;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Hale of Barrington, Cater, Reade, Horne, Woodman of Dover, Demeritt, Varney, Tebbetts, Lord, Montgomery;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Savage, Chesley, Morrison, Cole of Gilford, Bennett, Woodman of Gilmanton, Gilman, Doe, Leavitt of Meredith, Smith of New-Hampton;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Fife, Lewis, Hazelton, Beacham, Emery of Tamworth, Sanborn of Wakefield, Young of Wolfborough;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Thompson of Bow, Pierce of Bradford, Peverly, Tallant, Rowell, Coffin, Herbert, Shattuck of Concord, Blake of Concord, Abbott of Concord, Stevens of Concord, Parker of Dunbarton, Head, Ordway, Sawyer, Burpee, Huntoon of Sutton;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Jameson, Hale of Bedford, Peterson, Frye, Favor, Simonds, Griffin of Litchfield, Herrick, Brown of Manchester, Hills, Straw, Chase of Manchester, Morse of Manchester, Kimball of Manchester, Young of Manchester, Holbrook, Noyes, Pattee of Manchester, Mack, Robinson of Manchester, Kenney, Moore, Warner, Marshall of Pelham, Farnsworth, Dearborn of Peterborough, Curtis;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Banks, Mason of Dublin, Carter, Amidon, Powers, Chamberlain, Holmes, Edwards of Keene, Chase of Keene, Mason of Marlborough, Farwell, Abbott of Rindge, Nims, Caverly, Martin, Cole of Westmoreland;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Slader, Kimball of Charlestown, Kimball of Claremont, Eastman of Claremont, Durkee, Parker of Goshen, Hall of Grantham, Wheeler of Newport, Nourse, Stickney;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Page of Benton, Willey, Day, Edwards of Enfield, Huse, Huntoon of Hanover, Tenney, Westgate, Morse of Haverhill, Blake of Hill, Gordon of Holderness, Emerson of Piermont, Penniman;

(COOS COUNTY) Colby, Peabody, Plaisted of Jefferson, Lane of Milan.

Those who voted in the negative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Clark of Auburn, Gordon of Brentwood, Bell, Rundlett, Berry of Gosport, Brown of Kingston, Whorf, Coleman, Smith of Newmarket, Brown of North-Hampton, Smith of Nottingham, Hills, Harvey, Goodall, Wendell, Dudley, Trefethen, Crowell, Griffin of Sandown, Field, Merrill of Stratham;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Smith of Dover, Folsom, Meader of Dover, Richardson of Farmington, Hurd, McDaniel of Lee, Pike, McDuffee, Meader of Rochester, Wentworth, Buffum, Otis ;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) George of Barnstead, McNiell, Plaisted of Center-Harbor, Lang of Meredith, Brown of Sanbornton, Taylor of Sanbornton, Rowe ;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Stoddard, Atkinson, Milliken, Fowler, Trickey, Flanders of Moultonborough, Roles, Clark of Sandwich, Marston, Piper ;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Blaisdell, Proctor, Gage, Berry of Chichester, Brown of Concord, Green, Goodhue of Epsom, Daniell of Franklin, Dodge, Sanborn of Loudon, Knowles, Cochran, Freese, Smith of Salisbury, Harriman, Pattee of Warner, Teel ;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Hartsborn, Duncklee, Lovering, Butterfield, Robie, Burnham, Blood of Hillsborough, Farley, Chase of Hudson, Coughlin, Healey, Marshall of Mason, Bartlett of Milford, Lane of Milford, Smith of Mont-Vernon, Hughes, Clement, Emerson of Nashua, Robinson of Nashua, Blakeslee, Campbell of Nashua, Blunt, Swallow, Sanders, Boyden, Gove, Cartland, Barrett ;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Richardson of Chesterfield, Bill, Burnap of Marlow, Aldrich, Dinsmore, Wilson, Howes, Capron, Maynard, Rixford, Sabin ;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Abbott of Charlestown, Grannis, Goodwin, Burnap of Cornish, Winch, Beckwith, Gallup, George of Sunapee, Rounseville, McIlvin ;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Walker, Holt, McGregory, Hammond, Bartlett of Bristol, Currier, Parker of Franconia, Cole of Grafton, Buel, Shattuck of Landaff, Cushman, Blood of Lebanon, Hutchins, Bingham, Robbins, Porter of Lyman, Culver, Duncan, Thomas, Wheeler of Orford, Ward, Page of Thornton, Weeks of Warren, Smith of Wentworth ;

(COOS COUNTY) Beane, Rosebrooks, Washburne, Smith of Dalton, Abbott of Northumberland, Twitchell, Morrill of Stewartstown, Sweatt, Gordon of Whitefield.

Yeas 136, nays 149.

So the House refused the resolution a third reading.

On motion of Mr. Burley :

Resolved, That information be given to the honorable Senate that the House is now ready to meet the Senate in convention, for the purpose of proceeding to the election of Commissary-General ; also to receive the report of the joint committee appointed to wait upon the Secretary of State, Treasurer, Warden of the State Prison, and State Printer elect, notify them of their election, receive the bonds required of them by law, and lay the same before the convention of both Houses.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in

assigning Wednesday next, at 11 o'clock, as the time at which to proceed to the election of Commissary-General.

They have indefinitely postponed the bill establishing the salary of the Treasurer of Hillsborough County.

Mr. Kenrick, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act to regulate the meetings of bondholders and creditors of Railroad Corporations, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate upon the subject.

Mr. Emery, from the same committee, to whom was referred sundry petitions for the passage of a flowage act, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That it is inexpedient to legislate on the subject.

Mr. Pettee, from the Select Committee, to whom was referred the petitions of Peter Farmer and others, in relation to School Committees of Manchester, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the petitions be referred to the next session of the Legislature.

Mr. Emery, from the Select Committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act relating to school committees in Portsmouth, reported the same without amendment, and the bill was ordered to a third reading.

IN CONVENTION.

The Senate having met the House in Convention, on motion of Mr. Hackett, of the Senate, the Convention proceeded, by ballot, to the election of Commissary-General, with the following result :

Whole number of votes cast,	287
Necessary for a choice,	144
William Burns had	1
Daniel Smith had	1
Henry S. Shattuck had	1
Josiah S. James had	1
John Dickey had	3
William W. Meader had	4
William B. Russell had	102
Daniel L. Randall had	174
—and Daniel L. Randall was declared elected.	

Mr. Abbott, from the Joint Select Committee, appointed to wait upon the Secretary of State, State Treasurer, State Printer and Warden of State Prison elect, inform them of their election and receive their bonds, reported that said officers had signified their acceptance of the same, and the committee had received their bonds as required by law, which they laid before the Convention.

On motion of Mr. Tufts, of the Senate :

Resolved, That the bond of the Secretary of State be filed with the State Treasurer, and that the bonds of the State Treasurer, Warden of the State Prison, and State Printer, be filed in the office of the Secretary of State.

On motion of Mr. Chase, the Convention rose.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House, on motion of Mr. Woodman, resumed the consideration of the bill entitled An act for the remodeling of the Militia, the question being upon the motion of Mr. Emery to postpone the bill to the next session of the Legislature, which question was decided in the negative.

The bill being still upon its second reading, on motion of Mr. Goodall the House reconsidered the vote whereby it rejected the amendment of Mr. Bingham, to insert the word "white," after "able-bodied," on last line of page 6.

The question then recurring,

Shall the amendment proposed, be adopted ?

On this question the yeas and nays were demanded, which, being called, were as follows :

Those who voted in the affirmative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Clark of Auburn, Bell, Blake of Danville, Dearborn of Deerfield, Goodhue of Deerfield, Choate, Eastman of Derry, Rundlett, Conner, Burley, Weeks of Greenland, Clark of Hampstead, Garland, Nason, Brown of Kingston, Dickey, Whorf, Tarlton, Taylor of Newmarket, Smith of Newmarket, Brown of North-Hampton, Harvey, Annable, Goodall, Carr, Wendell, Dudley, Trefethen, Griffin of Sandown, Eaton of South-Hampton, Field, Merrill of Stratham, Campbell of Windham ;

(STAFFORD COUNTY) Hale of Barrington, Cater, Smith of Dover, Reade, Woodman of Dover, Pierce of Dover, Richardson of Farmington, Hurd, Demeritt, Pike, Plumer, Varney, Tebbetts, McDuffee, Meader of Rochester, Otis ;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Chesley, George of Barnstead, McNiell, Morrison, Cole of Gilford, Gilman, Lang of Meredith, Brown of Sanbornton, Taylor of Sanbornton, Rowe ;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Stoddard, Fife, Lewis, Milliken, Fowler, Trickey, Flanders of Moultonborough, Roles, Clark of Sandwich, Marston, Emery of Tamworth, Piper, Sanborn of Wakefield, Young of Wolfborough;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Blaisdell, Proctor, Gage, Thompson of Bow, Pierce of Bradford, Berry of Chichester, Brown of Concord, Tallant, Rowell, Coffin, Herbert, Shattuck of Concord, Blake of Concord, Abbott of Concord, Green, Parker of Dunbarton, Goodhue of Epsom, Kenrick, Daniell of Franklin, Dodge, Head, Ordway, Sanborn of Loudon, Sawyer, Burpee, Cochran, Freese, Smith of Salisbury, Huntoon of Sutton, Harriman, Teel;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Hartshorn, Jameson, Peterson, Frye, Butterfield, Robie, Favor, Simonds, Burnham, Blood of Hillsborough, Farley, Chase of Hudson, Hills, Pearsons, Chase of Manchester, Young of Manchester, Coughlin, Healey, Noyes, Pattee of Manchester, Mack, Marshall of Mason, Bartlett of Milford, Lane of Milford, Smith of Mont-Vernon, Hughes, Clement, Moore, Emerson of Nashua, Robinson of Nashua, Blakeslee, Campbell of Nashua, Blunt, Warner, Swallow, Boyden, Marshall of Pelham, Killam, Barrett, Curtis;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Mason of Dublin, Carter, Bill, Amidon, Powers, Edwards of Keene, Chase of Keene, Mason of Marlborough, Farwell, Aldrich, Abbott of Rindge, Nims, Dinsmore, Wilson, Howes, Capron, Caverly, Maynard, Martin, Cole of Westmoreland, Rixford;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Slader, Kimball of Charlestown, Abbott of Charlestown, Grannis, Kimball of Claremont, Eastman of Claremont, Goodwin, Burnap of Cornish, Parker of Goshen, Hall of Grantham, Winch, Beckwith, Nourse, Gallup, Stickney, George of Sunapee, Rounseville, McIlvin;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Walker, Holt, Page of Benton, McGregor, Hammond, Currier, Dolloff, Randall, Parker of Franconia, Cole of Grafton, Buel, Huntoon of Hanover, Morse of Hebron, Blake of Hill, Shattuck of Landaff, Cushman, Blood of Lebanon, Hutchins, Bingham, Robbins, Porter of Lyman, Culver, Dimick, Duncan, Wheeler of Orford, Emerson of Piermont, Penniman, Page of Thornton, Smith of Wentworth;

(COOS COUNTY) Beane, Rosebrooks, Washburne, Smith of Dalton, Plaisted of Jefferson, Abbott of Northumberland, Twitchell, Morrill of Stewartstown, Gordon of Whitefield.

Those who voted in the negative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Hills, Robinson of Portsmouth;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Horne, Folsom, Lord, Montgomery;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Smith of New-Hampton;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Atkinson, Beacham;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Griffin of Litchfield, Herrick, Brown of Manchester, Morse of Manchester, Kimball of Manchester, Sanders, Farnsworth;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Holmes, Sabin;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Durkee, Wheeler of Newport ;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Bartlett of Bristol, Willey, Day, Edwards of Enfield, Huse, Tenney, Morse of Haverhill, Gordon of Holderness, Mudgett ;

(COOS COUNTY) Colby, Peabody, Lane of Milan.

Yeas 221, nays 32.

On motion of Mr. Chamberlain, the bill, under a suspension of the rules, was then read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

Mr. Morrison, from the committee to whom was referred the resolution, relating to the fees of Bank, Railroad and Insurance Commissioners, &c., reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the whole subject be postponed to the next session of the Legislature.

Mr. Pettee, from the Select Committee, to whom was referred a bill, entitled An act to promote the common school interest, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the subject be postponed to the next session of the Legislature.

Mr. Stevens, from the select committee, to whom was referred a bill entitled An act in amendment of the charter of the city of Concord, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That the further consideration of the bill be postponed to the next session of the Legislature.

Mr. Chamberlain, of Keene, from the Committee on National Affairs, reported the following joint resolutions, which were read a first time, and, on motion of Mr. Emery, were laid upon the table, and specially assigned for consideration at 3¼ o'clock this afternoon :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of New-Hampshire, in General Court convened, That the contest now existing between the Government and the disloyal States, that have commenced an unjustifiable and treasonable war upon its constitutional authority, should be regarded by all loyal men, not as a sectional war, not an anti-slavery war, nor a war of conquest and subjugation, but simply and solely a war for the maintenance of the Government, the suppression of

rebellion, and the preservation of the *magna charta* of our liberty and national unity.

Resolved, That the State of New-Hampshire pledges her resources for the integrity of the Union, for the support of the Constitution, and for the enforcement of the laws of the General Government.

Resolved, That the Constitution is the supreme law of the land, and that no State has the right to secede therefrom, and dissolve the Union which that Constitution was made to secure.

Resolved, That the duty of the General Government to suppress all attempts to dissolve the Union is imperative, and can not be evaded.

Resolved, That neither the President nor Congress can constitutionally entertain any proposition which has for its object the dismemberment of the Government, or the dissolution of the Union.

Resolved, That, in the language of Andrew Jackson, "the Federal Union must be preserved."

Resolved, That the Secretary of State be directed to send copies of these resolutions to the President of the United States, the presiding officer of each House of Congress, the Governors of the several States, and each Senator and Representative of this State in Congress.

On motion of Mr. Coffin, of Concord,

The House adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

By leave, Mr. Hughes introduced a bill entitled An act providing for a convention of delegates, for the purpose of revising the Constitution, which bill was read twice. On motion of Mr. Hughes, the rules were suspended, the bill was read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

By leave, Mr. Goodall introduced a bill entitled An act defining the duties of Commissary-General, which bill was read twice. On motion of Mr. Goodall, the rules were suspended, and the bill was read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence.

By leave, Mr. Woodman introduced the following joint resolution, which was read twice, and, on motion, the rules were suspended, and the resolution was read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of ten dollars (\$10) be allowed Daniel Smith, in full for his account, and that the same be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and the Governor is authorized to draw his warrant therefor.

THIRD READINGS.

The following bills were read a third time, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence :

An act to incorporate the Exeter Carriage Company ;

An act relating to school committees in the city of Portsmouth.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of bills with the following titles :

An act authorizing officers to sell attached property after the return of the writ and before execution, in certain cases ;

An act in addition to chapter 134 of the Revised Statutes ;

An act to incorporate the State of New-Hampshire Fire Insurance Company ;

An act concerning the Peterborough and Shirley Railroad ;

An act to aid in the defense of the country ;

An act in amendment of chapter 317 of the Pamphlet Laws ;

An act to disannex a part of the farm of John Y. Dustin from school district No. 3, in Milan, and annex the same to school district No. 1, in Berlin, for school purposes ;

An act to establish the Folsom Oil Carpet Company ;

An act in addition to an act entitled An act to establish a corporation by the name of the Amoskeag Manufacturing Company.

The Senate have passed the bill entitled An act relating to the creation and alteration of school districts, with the following amendment :

Amend by inserting after the word "require," in the 1st

section, the following: "except in such districts as the Legislature may establish."

They have also passed the bill entitled An act to incorporate the Kappa Kappa Kappa Society in Dartmouth College, with the following amendments:

Amend by inserting the words "located at Hanover," after the word "Society," and before the word "shall," in the 17th line of the 1st section.

Also, by inserting after the word "act," in the 4th section, the words "may be altered, amended or repealed whenever, in the opinion of the Legislature, the public good shall require it, and."

They have passed the joint resolution in favor of Peter Sanborn and others, with this amendment: Strike out \$126.62 in the account of Cheney & Co., and insert \$124.62.

They have also passed the joint resolution in favor of William T. Putnam and others, with this amendment: Deduct eight cents from the account of Orison Dudley, in the passage of which several amendments they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

They have also passed the bill entitled An act relating to the duties of treasurers of savings banks and loan fund associations, with this amendment:

Insert, in the 9th line of the 1st section, after the words "deposits of," the words "principal to," in the passage of which amendment they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

They have also passed a "Resolution relating to Warden's accounts," in the passage of which they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

They concur with the House in the passage of the amendment to the bill relating to the observance of certain days.

The Senate do not concur with the House in the amendment to the bill in relation to the compensation of jailers.

The House then concurred with the Senate in the amendments by them proposed to the following bills and joint resolutions:

An act relating to the alteration and creation of school districts;

An act to incorporate the Kappa Kappa Kappa Society in Dartmouth College ;

An act relating to the duties of treasurers of savings banks and loan fund associations ;

Resolution in favor of W. T. Putnam and others ;

Resolution in favor of Peter Sanborn and others.

On motion of Mr. Hughes, of Nashua, the bill entitled An act in relation to the compensation of jailers, was indefinitely postponed.

The (Senate) resolution, relating to Warden's accounts, was then read twice. On motion of Mr. Emery, the rules were suspended, the resolution was read a third time, passed, and notice of concurrence sent to the Senate.

On motion of Mr. Stoddard, the report of the Committee on the Judiciary, relative to the bill entitled An act in amendment of chapter 65 of the Revised Statutes, relative to the settlement of paupers, was taken from the table. The question being stated to be upon the adoption of the resolution reported by the committee, the resolution was rejected.

On motion of Mr. Coffin, the bill was amended by striking out all after the enacting clause, and substituting a new draft. The bill was read a third time, the rules being suspended, when Mr. Coffin moved to change the title, as follows : " An act relating to the settlement of paupers," which amendment being adopted, the bill passed, and was sent to the Senate.

On motion of Mr. Wheeler, the report of the committee relative to the petition of E. W. Harrington and others, was taken from the table. The question being upon the adoption of the resolution, on this question the yeas and nays were demanded, which being called were as follows :

Those who voted in the affirmative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Goodnow, Gordon of Brentwood, Bell, Blake of Danville, Dearborn of Deerfield, Goodhue of Deerfield, Choate, Eastman of Derry, Rundlett, Conner, Collins, Burley, Sanborn of Fremont, Berry of Gosport, Garland, Nason, Dickey, Whorf, Coleman, Taylor of Newmarket, Hoyt, Hills, Harvey, Emery of Portsmouth, Goodall, Robinson of Portsmouth, Carr, Wendell, Dudley, Trefethen, Webster of Salem, Crowell, Chase of Seabrook, Field, Merrill of Stratham, Campbell of Windham ;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Hale of Barrington, Cater, Smith of Dover, Reade, Horne, Folsom, Meader of Dover, Pierce of Dover, McDaniel of Durham, Richardson of Farmington, Hurd, Demeritt, Plumer, Varney, Tebbetts, McDuffee, Meader of Rochester, Wentworth, Lord, Buffum, Otis, Montgomery ;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Savage, Chesley, McNeil, Plaisted of Center-Harbor, Morrison, Cole of Gilford, Bennett, Woodman of Gilmanton, Gilman, Doe, Leavitt of Meredith, Lang of Meredith, Smith of New-Hampton, Brown of Sanbornton;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Stoddard, Fife, Lewis, Hazelton, Atkinson, Milliken, Flanders of Moultonborough, Beacham, Clark of Sandwich, Marston, Emery of Tamworth, Piper, Sanborn of Wakefield, Thompson of Wolfborough, Young of Wolfborough;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Blaisdell, Gage, Thompson of Bow, Berry of Chichester, Brown of Concord, Rowell, Coffin, Herbert, Shattuck of Concord, Blake of Concord, Abbott of Concord, Stevens of Concord, Green, Parker of Dunbarton, Goodhue of Epsom, Kenrick, Dedge, Goss, Head, Ordway, Sanborn of Loudon, Burpee, Cochran, Runnels;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Hartshorn, Jameson, Hale of Bedford, Peterson, Lovering, Frye, Simonds, Farley, Chase of Hudson, Brown of Manchester, Hills, Straw, Pearsons, Morse of Manchester, Holbrook, Noyes, Pattee of Manchester, Mack, Marshall of Mason, Emerson of Nashua, Robinson of Nashua, Blakeslee, Campbell of Nashua, Blunt, Sanders, Marshall of Pelham, Farnsworth, Killam, Cartland, Barrett, Curtis;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Banks, Richardson of Chesterfield, Mason of Dublin, Carter, Bill, Amidon, Powers, Chamberlain, Holmes, Edwards of Keene, Chase of Keene, Mason of Marlborough, Burnap of Marlow, Farwell, Abbott of Rindge, Nims, Dinsmore, Wilson, Howes, Capron, Caverly, Martin, Cole of Westmoreland, Sabin;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Slader, Kimball of Charlestown, Abbott of Charlestown, Grannis, Kimball of Claremont, Eastman of Claremont, Goodwin, Durkee, Parker of Goshen, Winch, Wheeler of Newport, Nourse, Rounseville, McIlvin;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Holt, Bartlett of Bristol, Willey, Currier, Dolloff, Randall, Edwards of Enfield, Huse, Cole of Grafton, Buel, Huntoon of Hanover, Tenney, Morse of Haverhill, Morse of Hebron, Blake of Hill, Gordon of Holderness, Mudgett, Shattuck of Landaff, Cushman, Hutchins, Robbins, Porter of Lyman, Culver, Dimick, Duncan, Thomas, Wheeler of Orford, Penniman, Page of Thornton, Weeks of Warren, Smith of Wentworth, Jackman;

(COÖS COUNTY) Rosebrooks, Washburne, Colby, Smith of Dalton, Peabody, Twitchell, Gordon of Whitefield.

Those who voted in the negative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Smith of Newmarket, Brown of North-Hampton, Smith of Nottingham;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Pike;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Fowler;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Proctor, Tallant, Smith of Salisbury, Patten of Warren ;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Topliff, Coughlin, Kenney, Smith of Mont-Vernon.

Yeas 220 ; nays 13.

So the resolution was adopted.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of the following bills and resolutions :

Resolution relating to a band for the Second Regiment ;

Resolution in favor of K. C. Scott and others ;

Resolution in favor of Robert N. Corning and others ;

Resolution relating to the library of State Prison ;

Resolution in favor of the town of Webster ;

Resolution in favor of the Chaplain of the State Prison ;

An act for the relief of the stockholders and creditors of the Ashuelot Railroad Company ;

An act in amendment of an act entitled An act amending the charter of the New-Hampshire Iron Factory Company ;

An act in relation to registers of probate ;

An act to change the name of the Manchester Machine Company ;

An act in amendment of chapter 2378 of the Pamphlet Laws.

The Senate have indefinitely postponed bills with the following titles :

An act providing for the election of superintending and prudential school committees ;

An act in amendment of chapter 1255 of the Pamphlet Laws.

The Senate have substituted, for the House bill entitled " An act to establish the office of public instruction," a new draft, entitled " An act relative to teachers' institutes," in which substitution they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

They have passed a bill entitled An act to incorporate the Cochecho Steam Mills, in the passage of which they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

They have passed the bill entitled an Act relating to unliquidated damages, with the following amendments :

Add, at the end of the 2d section, the following : " Provided, however, that this act shall not apply to suits now pending."

Also strike out the 3d section.

Also the bill entitled " An act in relation to the returns and books of corporations," with this amendment : 'Insert the following new section :

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of the Secretary of State seasonably to furnish suitable blanks for the returns aforesaid, to the several corporations required to make the same.

They have also passed the resolution in favor of the House of Reformation, with this amendment : Strike out " three thousand," and insert " thirty-five hundred," in the passage of which several amendments they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

They have passed the " resolution relating to the repair of highways," with this amendment :

Add, after the words " Glen House," the words " Also so much of the road through the Franconia Notch as lies within the town of Lincoln."

The House refused to concur in the substitution of the bill proposed by the Senate for the bill entitled An act to establish the office of public instructor.

The (Senate) bill entitled An act to incorporate the Cochecho Steam Mills, was read twice. On motion of Mr. Woodman, the rules were suspended, the bill was read a third time, passed, and notice of concurrence sent to the Senate.

The House then concurred with the Senate in the amendments by them proposed to the following bills and resolution :

- An act relating to unliquidated damages ;
- An act in relation to the returns and books of corporations ;
- Resolution relating to the repair of highways.

The House refused to concur in the amendment proposed by the Senate to the resolution in favor of the House of Reformation.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate adhere to their substitution of a bill entitled An act relative to teachers' institutes, for the House bill entitled An act to establish the office of public instruction, and ask a committee of conference, and have on their part appointed Messrs. Cooper and Burns.

The Speaker then appointed Messrs. Cartland of Weare, Smith of Wentworth, and Caverly of Troy, a committee of conference on the part of the House.

By leave, Mr. Straw introduced the following joint resolution, which, the rules being suspended, was read three times, passed, and sent to the Senate :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the Treasurer of this State, with the consent and sanction of the Governor, be and is hereby authorized to borrow, for the temporary use of the State, to meet the expenses incurred in raising, equipping, paying and sending forward the First and Second Regiments of Volunteers, a sum not exceeding fifty thousand dollars, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per cent per annum ; and the Treasurer for the time being is authorized to pay the sum or sums so borrowed, and the interest thereon, when the same shall become due, from the proceeds of the sale of the bonds of this State, as provided for in an act entitled An act to aid in the defense of the country.

On motion of Mr. Stoddard,

Resolved, That when the House adjourns this afternoon, it adjourn to meet at seven and a half o'clock this evening.

On motion of Mr. Powers,

Resolved, That the Clerk is hereby instructed, in making out the pay-roll for the present session, to allow each member of the House for thirty days' attendance.

On motion of Mr. Griffin, of Litchfield,

Resolved, That the Clerk, in making up the pay-roll of the House, be instructed to omit therefrom the name of William H. H. Mason, of Moultonborough.

Mr. Bartlett, of Milford, introduced the following joint reso-

lution, which was read a first time, and ordered to a second reading :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the Rev. E. E. Cummings, Chaplain of the House of Representatives, be allowed the same compensation as members of the House of Representatives for the present session.

The Speaker laid before the House the report of the State Librarian, which, on motion of Mr. Stevens, was ordered to be printed in the Appendix of the Journal.

Mr. Young, from the Joint Committee on Engrossed Bills, reported that they had carefully examined, and found correctly engrossed, bills of the following titles, and the following joint resolutions : to wit,

An act to aid in the defense of the country ;

An act concerning the Peterborough and Shirley Railroad Company ;

An act to incorporate the State of New-Hampshire Fire Insurance Company ;

An act concerning the observance of certain days ;

An act in addition to chapter 134 of the Revised Statutes.

Mr. Bennett, from the Committee on Military Accounts, to whom was referred the account of Betsey Young, reported the following resolution, which was adopted :

Resolved, That said petition be referred to the next session of the Legislature.

By leave, Mr. Lane, of Milford, presented the account of F. N. Boutwell, which was referred to the Committee on Printers' Accounts.

By leave, Mr. Pearson presented the petition of John Gillis, which, on motion, was postponed to the next session of the Legislature.

Mr. Maynard introduced the following joint resolution, which, the rules being suspended, was read three times, passed, and sent to the Senate :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of three hundred dollars be appropriated toward the purchase of the portrait of Daniel

Webster, now suspended in the Hall of Representatives, upon the following condition: that the sum of two hundred dollars be subscribed by individuals resident in New-Hampshire, and the sum of five hundred dollars be subscribed by the sons of New-Hampshire resident in Massachusetts for the same purpose.

On motion of Mr. Emerson, of Nashua,

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed by the Speaker, with authority to send for persons and papers, to investigate the condition of the Adjutant and Quartermaster-General's department, for the purpose of determining the amount of ordnance, arms, accouterments and other military property now in that department belonging to the State; also the amount of the same that has come into the hands of the present incumbent of that department, and what disposition he has made of it, and make an inventory of the same, stating the situation and condition thereof, and report to His Excellency the Governor and the Honorable Council as soon as may be.

On motion of Mr. Emery,

The House adjourned.

EVENING.

A message from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate have passed the bill entitled An act relating to the school committees in Portsmouth, with the following amendment:

Add the following new section:

SEC. 8. And any town or school district in this State may adopt this act at a legal meeting duly called and held for that purpose; in the passage of which amendment they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

The House then concurred with the Senate in the amendment by them proposed to the bill entitled An act relating to the school committees of the city of Portsmouth.

Mr. Amidon introduced the following joint resolution, which,

the rules being suspended, was read three times, passed and sent to the Senate.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That the sum of ninety dollars and fifty-one cents (\$90.51) be allowed Charles H. Roberts, as doorkeeper of the Senate; that ninety-five dollars (\$95) be allowed Uriel L. Comings, and one hundred and seven dollars (\$107) be allowed Edmund Brown, doorkeepers for the House, in full for their accounts, and that the same be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and the Governor be authorized to draw his warrant therefor.

On motion of Mr. Woodman, of Dover, the rules were suspended, and the following resolutions were severally read a second and third time, passed, and sent to the Senate:

Resolution in favor of the Chaplain of the House;

Resolution in favor of the New-Hampshire Historical Society;

Resolution making appropriation for the contingent expenses of the State;

Resolution authorizing the State Treasurer to borrow sixty thousand dollars.

On motion of Mr. Chamberlain, the resolutions on National Affairs were taken from the table, the question being upon their passage.

And the question being stated,

Shall the resolutions pass?

It was unanimously decided in the affirmative, and the resolutions were sent to the Senate.

A message from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate have passed a series of joint resolutions of thanks to the Sons of New-Hampshire in New-York and Boston, and the citizens of Worcester for their attentions to the First and Second New-Hampshire Regiments; in the passage of which they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

On motion of Mr. Stevens, the rules being suspended, the resolutions of thanks to the Sons of New-Hampshire were severally passed in concurrence.

[Mr. WOODMAN, of Dover, in the chair.]

Mr. Smith, of Newmarket, from the Committee on Printers' Accounts, reported the following joint resolution, which, the rules being suspended, was read three times, passed, and sent to the Senate for concurrence :

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened, That F. N. Boutwell be allowed \$4 in full for his account, and that the same be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and the Governor is hereby authorized to draw his warrant therefor.

Mr. Smith, from the Committee of Conference, to whom was referred the disagreeing votes of the Senate and House of Representatives upon the substitutes adopted by the Senate for the bill entitled An act to establish the offices of Superintendents of Public Instruction, submitted the following report and resolution, which was accepted :

Resolved, That we recommend to the House to reconsider its votes refusing to concur in the adoption of the substitute of the Senate for the aforesaid bill, and to concur in the action of the Senate thereon.

The House then reconsidered its vote and refused to concur with the Senate, and, on motion of Mr. Smith, the bill was laid upon the table.

Mr. Hughes, of Nashua, introduced the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted :

Resolved, That the thanks of the House are due, and are hereby presented to the Hon. EDWARD A. ROLLINS, for the able, impartial, and dignified manner in which he has discharged the duties of Speaker during the present session.

Speaker ROLLINS then resumed the Chair, and addressed the House as follows :

Gentlemen of the House of Representatives :

I was aware that a vote of thanks is the customary form of a benediction upon a Speaker's service, but I was not prepared for the flattering language of the resolution, nor the warm and generous words of its advocacy by those whose friendship and commendation shall be my life-long treasure. Nor, most of all, did I once anticipate the unanimity and emphasis of its passage.

Four weeks ago to-day I began my labors in this untried position, anxiously, and with tremulous forebodings. Many of your faces were strange to me, and whichever way I turned I met the glances of inquiry as well as of support and favor. Trustingly I pledged you my vigilance and impartiality—almost all my store—but your coöperation and forbearance have followed me, while the asperities of debate and the clash of conflicting opinions among yourselves have been tempered by courtesy and the gentle amenities of friendship. The gavel has been almost idle upon the desk, while your charity has thrown its mantle over many of my faults, and your partiality multiplied all my virtues. To you, then, should the thanks be tendered, not to me, and they well up from every fountain of my heart.

Believe me, gentlemen—friends—my whole being responds to this wide tide of unmerited favor which has set in upon me ever since we came together. There has been no ripple on the surface. I do not believe there have been counter currents beneath.

The present is fast giving away to the future, but memory has been busy for us all the session—gathering materials for her pencil, and hereafter, in the seclusion of our own homes, she will bring out many a life-picture, to which our hearts shall answer as to the warm pressure of a friendly hand.

We shall meet, too, here and there perhaps, in the various windings and crossings of the threads of life, and though no two of us should ever pass a pleasant month together, yet our way-side recognitions and railway greetings shall embalm the past and throw a cheerful light into the beclouded future.

That future is enshrouded in darkness—but there is something in the darkness beside the terrible. It is the child that fears it. The night makes the day more cheerful; the storm the sunshine pleasanter; sickness enriches health, and treason and rebellion shall glorify patriotism, the Constitution and the Laws. (Loud applause.) Even now the cloud lifts a little, and to-night the telegraphic wires all over the land throb with the thought that victory perches on our national ensign, even in the strongest State of the rebels. There is an old habit and instinct of triumph ingrained in the Northern heart. The God of peace has long visited our hearthstones, and had his home in our places of thought and labor; but the God of battles never yet forsook the legions of the North, and we doubt not that he never will. He may lead them through sorrow, despondency, and slaughter, but their march shall close with the American flag floating over every

inch of American soil, and from every American mast-head, (applause) while the loud, joyous acclamation of the united American people shall proclaim them heroes.

We are about to separate, but our hearts shall cleave to each other to the end. Every night-watch shall strengthen our patriotism, and every day's reflection shall devise new plans for encouraging the patriot's heart, and nerving the patriot's arm.

But let us plant the olive tree in the grounds of the national capital, while we burnish the sword and the bayonet for the rascal and the traitor. So doing, the tide of a healthful prosperity shall ere long flow in its accustomed channels; the spindle shall sing a merrier song at the waterfall, and the canvas of a more profitable commerce shall whiten the sea. And when the next House gather in their seats which now wear our names, every member shall join with the Chaplain in ascriptions of praise and thanksgiving to Him "who ruleth in the armies of heaven, and among the inhabitants of the earth."

On motion of Mr. Wheeler, of Newport,

Resolved, That the thanks of the House be presented to EDWARD SAWYER, Clerk, and SAMUEL D. LORD, Assistant Clerk of the House, for the faithful and accurate manner in which they have discharged their several duties, and for their uniform courtesy and urbanity during the arduous labors of the session.

On motion of Mr. Stevens, the report of the Committee on the Judiciary, relative to a bill entitled An act relating to insurance companies, was taken from the table, when, on motion of Mr. Hughes, the bill was indefinitely postponed.

On motion of Mr. Smith, of Mont-Vernon,

Resolved, That the thanks of this House be presented to Messrs. Yerrinton, Hill and Eastman, for the accurate, impartial and able reports of its proceedings which they have severally furnished for the daily papers of this city.

On motion of Mr. Eastman, of Derry,

Resolved, That when this House adjourns this evening it adjourn to meet to-morrow morning at eight o'clock.

On motion of Mr. Stoddard, of Brookfield, the bill entitled An act to increase the common school fund of the State was taken from the table. The question being stated to be upon the adoption of the resolution reported by the Committee on the Ju-

diciary, on motion of Mr. Culver the bill was indefinitely postponed.

On motion of Mr. Smith, the bill entitled An act relative to Teachers' Institutes, substituted by the Senate for the bill entitled An act to establish the office of Public Instruction, was taken from the table, when Mr. Smith moved to amend as follows :
Add,

SEC. 2. The annual salaries of the Commissioners of Common Schools in the several counties of this State shall be as follows :

Rockingham,	\$115.00
Strafford,	50.00
Belknap,	40.00
Carroll,	55.00
Merrimack,	85.00
Hillsborough,	100.00
Cheshire,	80.00
Sullivan,	60.00
Grafton,	120.00
Coös,	95.00

SEC. 3. Section 7 of the 955th chapter of the Pamphlet Laws of 1850, and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent with the provision of this act are hereby repealed.

The amendments were severally adopted.

The question being stated,

Will the House concur with the Senate in the substitution of this bill as amended ?

It was decided in the affirmative.

Mr. Bingham then presented the following protest against the passage of the bill entitled An act to aid in the defense of the country :

THE undersigned claim their constitutional right of entering upon the journal of the House this their protest against the passage of a bill entitled "An act to aid in the defense of the country," with the following, their reasons therefor :

1. Because the bill compels us to approve, ratify and confirm "All payments made by the Governor and Council, or by their authority and direction, in order to furnish troops from the State for the defense of the United States, or for enlisting, arming, equipping, disciplining, maintaining or transporting said troops, or in any way connected therewith;" of the nature, extent,

validity and equity of which we know so little as to be entirely unable to form any definite judgment relative thereto, and because, from any information communicated to this House, we can not assure ourselves or our constituents that it would be safe and proper for us thus to approve, ratify and confirm.

2. Because, by the provisions of this bill, the power to consider and determine what appropriations are necessary, and what disposition has been and shall be made of the money of the people, how and by what agents disbursed, and in what manner accounted for, is taken from the representatives of the people, to whom such power constitutionally belongs, and surrendered to the executive branch of the government.

3. Because we can not permit transactions of any branch of the Government to be sealed up from the eyes of the people, or to be placed beyond their power to examine, inspect, and judge.

4. Because we can not regard the action of this House, in the rejection of the amendments proposed to the bill, as other than the assurance that the present war may be waged, by unlawful means, for conquest, subjugation, national consolidation, and the extinguishment of State sovereignties, and we are unalterably opposed to the attainment, by any means, of such objects.

Disavowing all considerations and motives of a partisan character, we enter our protest against this bill, because of its loose, irresponsible, extravagant provisions, and also because we desire to put upon the record our earnest will to protect the State against the exercise of a degree of executive power such as the Constitution never contemplated, and the people never before dreamed of. When such an extraordinary appropriation was submitted for our sanction, we had a right to know, and the people had a right to know, distinctly and specifically, where their money was to go, for what purposes it had been and was to be applied, and by what suitable checks its disbursement had been and was to be guarded. We can not consent to give to the idle catch-phrases of the day the weight due alone to reason and argument. The political party to which we belong has fortunately no occasion for new and extraordinary demonstrations of devotion to the flag of our country. They have never heaped malediction upon it, or upon the Constitution. They have not only loved and honored it, but they have upheld and defended it at home and abroad, on sea and land, at all times, and in all places. They have striven to "maintain the government" as it descended to them, and in the spirit which animated their

fathers—not a “consolidated” government, such as is now occasionally foreshadowed, but a government composed of independent sovereign States, *united* for the purposes expressed, and clothed with the powers delegated by the States, and the people, and with no other. This Union, which has been our pride and delight, had its birth in the adoption of the Constitution. Upon that instrument, as its firm foundation, warmed and strengthened by glorious memories of the dangers, trials, and privations of a seven years’ conflict for independence, hedged all round by the forces of mutual affection and interest. It stood for the first fifty years in calm dignity, assuring fraternal regard among all its members,—safety for the rights of every citizen, of every latitude, throughout the broad extent of our land, an amount of individual and social freedom and prosperity hitherto unknown, security at home, and respect throughout the world. It was only when the provisions of the Constitution itself, relating to domestic servitude, came to be denounced and boldly repudiated, that all these great interests and precious blessings were seriously imperiled. We are ready to make any appropriation reasonable in itself and properly guarded, which looks practically to restored respect for constitutional rights, and, consequently, to restored fraternity, unity, peace, and prosperity. Nay more, for these objects we are ready to pledge, and we do hereby individually pledge “our lives, our fortune, and our sacred honor.” But we enter our solemn protest against making this the occasion for inaugurating in New-Hampshire, legislation like that of which the bill just passed is a type. We will not sanction appropriations of the people’s hard earnings, unheard of in amount, without figures, without facts, without sound reasons as a basis. This legislation, in our judgment, does little less than to invite speculation. It is not material that this great debt is to be funded, and that the bonds are to be redeemed this year, the next, or the year after. They are to be paid some time, by us or by our children. It is vain to remind us of the old Latin maxim, so often reproduced of late, that in the midst of arms laws are silent. If we go back to the origin of that maxim, we shall find that in the midst of arms the best institutions have been overthrown, and upon the tyrant’s plea of necessity, great liberties have been crushed under the iron heel of military despotism. However important may be other objects contemplated, or to be achieved by this war, nothing can be more important than for the people to hold in their own hands, with a firm grasp, all the rights which our fathers delivered to us ;

among these and above all, the sacred and personal security of the habeas corpus, the freedom of opinion and the freedom of utterance. We have demanded a specification of the objects for which this unparalled call upon the industry and income of our constituents is predicated. We have asked whether this war contemplates reunion, and if so, in what manner arms are to achieve that object. We have asked whether it means the desolation of Southern homes, the overthrow of Southern institutions, and the destruction of our own race there. We have demanded more perfect security for the economical, faithful, legitimate application of this vast amount of money, and the result is that we are turned round upon the privilege which we are thankful is yet reserved to us, of spreading upon the Journals of the House this our respectful, earnest, solemn PROTEST.

Harry Bingham,
 Aaron P. Hughes,
 William Barrett,
 Charles J. Smith,
 Thomas J. Smith,
 Henry H. Smith,
 J. C. Smith,
 Thomas Smith,
 James A. Morrill,
 Asa Simonds,
 Silas Dinsmore,
 Moses F. Coolidge,
 Cyrus Fowler,
 Thomas Tarlton,
 John Teel,
 John G. Huntoon,
 Daniel W. Bill,
 Wells Currier,
 E. M. Swett,
 Richard Cole,
 Daniel G. Stickney,
 David Curtis,
 Stephen C. Pattee,
 George S. Rundlett,
 A. G. Robie,
 J. W. Lang, Jr.,
 Levi T. Piper,

Douglas Robins,
 John McIlvin,
 Daniel Holt,
 Daniel Marshall,
 Ebenezer S. Pike,
 Nathaniel L. Sanborn,
 Henry H. Dunklee,
 Osgood Page,
 Jonas Parker,
 George W. Blakeslee,
 Minot Farley,
 F. A. Dolloff,
 D. S. Ward,
 Lyman Rounseville,
 Ransom P. Beckwith,
 A. C. Burnham,
 Albert Brown,
 George P. Clark,
 Daniel Moore,
 Charles F. Gallup,
 William Clark,
 Morrison Rowe,
 E. T. Coleman,
 Joseph P. Trefethen,
 Simon Brown, Jr.,
 Thomas Berry,
 Elias M. Hall,

Charles S. George,
 F. N. Blood,
 Moses Eaton, Jr.,
 James W. Abbott,
 Fletcher I. Bean,
 Hosea B. Aldrich,
 E. B. Parker,
 William L. Shattuck,
 C. L. Plaisted,
 John Proctor,
 Wesley Knowles,
 C. F. Montgomery,
 A. Q. Wendell,
 A. W. Harriman,
 J. H. Taylor,
 Phineas Rosebrook,
 Noah O. Smith,
 Cummings Pierce,
 Daniel George,

Ezekiel S. Flanders,
 Samuel S. Plaisted,
 Stillman Swallow,
 Levi C. McDaniel,
 James Randall,
 Ira M. Weeks,
 John B. Favor,
 Bradbury T. Brown,
 E. H. Goodhue,
 W. A. McGregory,
 Reuben Loveren,
 Levi Robinson,
 J. V. Morse,
 William H. Sawyer,
 John McNeal,
 John W. Sanborn,
 Duren F. Stoddard,
 Gilman Twitchel.

On motion of Mr. Wheeler, of Newport,
 The House adjourned.

THURSDAY, July 4, 1861.

On motion of Mr. Abbott, of Concord, the reading of the Journal was omitted.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate have postponed till the next session of the Legislature, the bill providing for a Convention to revise the Constitution.

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of a resolution relating to a temporary loan ;

Also, An act to incorporate the Exeter Carriage Company.

The Senate concur in the passage of the resolution relative to purchase of the portrait of Daniel Webster.

The Senate recede from their amendment to the resolution in favor of the House of Reformation ;

Also, An act relative to the settlement of paupers.

They have indefinitely postponed the resolution relating to the Third Regiment ;

Also, the resolution relating to the compensation of the First Regiment ;

Also, " An act explanatory of chapter 1965 of the Pamphlet Laws ;"

Also, An act repealing chapters 1667 and 1829 of the Pamphlet Laws.

The Senate concur with the House in the passage of a bill to authorize cities and towns to aid the families of volunteers.

The Senate have passed An act to repeal section 1 of chapter 1667 of the Pamphlet Laws ; in which they ask the concurrence of the House of Representatives.

The Senate bill, entitled An act to repeal section 1 of chapter 1667 of the Pamphlet Laws, was read a first time, and, on motion of Mr. Hughes, the bill was indefinitely postponed.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate have passed the bill entitled An act for remodeling the Militia, with the accompanying amendments, in the passage of which they ask the concurrence of the House.

Amend by striking out section three, on page nine, and insert instead thereof the following new section :

Measures shall be taken to raise one regiment of volunteer militia in each of the military districts, in manner as prescribed in the following fifth section :

Amend by striking out fifth section, on page ten, and insert the following instead thereof :

The regiment raised in the first district shall be named the First Regiment ; the regiment raised in the second district shall be named the Second Regiment ; the regiment raised in the third district shall be named the Third Regiment.

Strike out the twenty-first section, on seventeenth page, and insert the following instead thereof:

All the regiments in the State shall constitute one division, commanded by a major-general.

Strike out the twenty-third section, on eighteenth page, and insert the following instead thereof:

The major-general shall be appointed by the Governor and Council.

Amend fifth section, on twentieth page, seventh line, by striking out the words, "and a duplicate thereof to the brigade-major."

Amend by striking out the sixth section, on twentieth page.

Amend by striking out, on thirty-fourth page, in section three, in the first, second, and third lines, the words, "in July, annually, issue orders to the brigadier-generals, and the brigadier-generals shall."

Amend section sixth, thirty-fifth page, by striking out the words, "or brigade," in second line.

Also, strike out all after the word major-general, in second line, to the word "between," in fourth line.

Amend by striking out the eighth section of thirty-fifth page, and insert the following instead thereof:

The major-general shall review, annually, the several regiments in the State.

Amend by striking out section three, on page forty-three.

Amend by striking out in section one, on page fifty-six, in second and third lines, after the word "council," "shall have the rank of brigadier-general."

Amend by striking out, in tenth section, page fifty-nine, in the second line, the words "brigade or."

Amend the twelfth section, sixtieth page, by striking out, in the first line, the words "brigade or;" also, in fifth line, the words "brigades or;" also, in the fourteenth line, the words "or brigade"; also, in the fifteenth line, the word "brigadier;" also, in sixteenth line, the words "or brigade."

Amend section fifteenth, sixty-second page, first line, by striking out the words "brigade or."

Amend the first section, on third page, first and second lines, by striking out the words "shall have the rank of brigadier-general."

Amend fourteenth section, page thirty-seven, by striking out the words "the brigadier-general detailed to the command of an encampment," and insert the words "the major-general."

Amend section second, on page seventy-two, by striking out, in fourth line, the words "two regiments," and insert the words "one regiment."

On motion of Mr. Woodman, the amendments were referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Emerson, from the Committee on Military Affairs, to whom was referred the amendments proposed by the Senate to the bill entitled An act for remodeling the militia, made a report, recommending that the House nonconcur in the adoption of said amendments. The report was accepted.

On the question of the adoption of the first amendment, the yeas and nays were demanded, which, being called, were as follows :

Those who voted in the affirmative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Gordon of Brentwood, Dearborn of Deerfield, Eastman of Derry, Webster of East-Kingston, Burley, Weeks of Greenland, Dickey, Whorf, Goodall, Marden, Eaton of South-Hampton, Field, Merrill of Stratham, Campbell of Windham ;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) Hale of Barrington, Cater, Smith of Dover, Folsom, Woodman of Dover, Pierce of Dover, McDaniel of Durham, Richardson of Farmington, Hurd, Demeritt, Tebbetts, McDuffie, Buffum ;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Savage, McNiell, Morrison, Cole of Gilford, Bennett, Woodman of Gilmanton, Gilman ;

(CARROLL COUNTY) Stoddard, Beacham, Sanborn of Wakefield, Thompson of Wolfborough, Young of Wolfborough ;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Gage, Pierce of Bradford, Peverly, Brown of Concord, Rowell, Coffin, Herbert, Blake of Concord, Stevens of Concord, Green, Parker of Dunbarton, Goodhue of Epsom, Kenrick, Daniell of Franklin, Dodge, Goss, Sawyer, Huntoon of Sutton, Runnels ;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Hartshorn, Jameson, Hale of Bedford, Peterson, Burnham, Blood of Hillsborough, Chase of Hudson, Griffin of Litchfield, Her- rick, Brown of Manchester, Hills, Straw, Pearsons, Topliff, Morse of Man- chester, Kimball of Manchester, Young of Manchester, Pattee of Manchester, Mack, Marshall of Mason, Kenney, Campbell of Nashua, Boyden, Marshall of Pelham, Farnsworth, Killam, Curtis ;

(CHESHIRE COUNTY) Richardson of Chesterfield, Mason of Dublin, Carter, Powers, Edwards of Keene, Chase of Keene, Mason of Marlborough, Burnap of Marlow, Farwell, Abbott of Rindge, Nims, Wilson, Maynard ;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Kimball of Charlestown, Abbott of Charlestown, Kimball of Claremont, Eastman of Claremont, Goodwin, Durkee, Wheeler of Newport, Nourse;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Holt, Hammond, Bartlett of Bristol, Day, Edwards of Enfield, Huse, Tenney, Blake of Hill, Hutchins, Porter of Lyman, Culver, Dimick, Duncan, Wheeler of Orford, Emerson of Piermont;

(COOS COUNTY) Colby, Annis.

Those who voted in the negative were Messrs.

(ROCKINGHAM COUNTY) Goodnow, Collins, Nason, Coleman, Taylor of Newmarket, Hills;

(STRAFFORD COUNTY) McDaniel of Lee, Pike, Otis, Montgomery;

(BELKNAP COUNTY) Plaisted of Center-Harbor, Leavitt of Meredith, Lang of Meredith;

(MERRIMACK COUNTY) Proctor, Berry of Chichester, Tallant, Abbott of Concord, Cochran, Smith of Salisbury, Harriman, Pattee of Warner;

(HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY) Simonds, Farley, Coughlin, Lane of Milford, Smith of Mont-Vernon, Hughes, Clement, Emerson, Robinson of Nashua, Blakeslee, Warner, Swallow, Dearborn of Peterborough, Barrett;

(SULLIVAN COUNTY) Grannis, George of Sunapee, Rounseville;

(GRAFTON COUNTY) Page of Benton, McGregory, Morse of Hebron, Cushman, Bingham, Robbins, Page of Thornton, Smith of Wentworth;

(COOS COUNTY) Washburne, Smith of Dalton.

Yeas 125; nays 48.

So the amendment was adopted.

The House then concurred in the adoption of the several amendments proposed, and notice thereof was sent to the Senate.

A message from the Senate:

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House of Representatives in the passage of the following joint resolutions:

Resolution in favor of F. N. Boutwell;

Resolution in favor of the Chaplain of the House of Representatives;

Resolution in favor of Daniel Smith;

Resolution in favor of Charles H. Roberts and others.

The Senate concur in the amendments to the bill relating to teachers' institutes ;

Also, in the passage of a resolution authorizing the State Treasurer to borrow sixty thousand dollars.

The Senate have postponed to the next session of the Legislature, the resolutions relating to an amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

The Senate have passed the resolution on national affairs, with this amendment: Strike out "States" and insert "people," in the fourth line.

[Mr. TOPLIFF, of Manchester, in the chair.]

Also, in the bill entitled An act providing for the assessment and collection of a State tax, with the following amendment: Strike out "ninety" and insert "eighty."

The House then concurred with the Senate in the amendments by them proposed to the bill entitled An act providing for the assessment and collection of a State tax ;

Also, to the resolution on national affairs.

On motion of Mr. Collins, of Exeter,

Resolved, That the thanks of this House be tendered to Edmund Brown and Uriel L. Comings, doorkeepers of the House, for the faithful, impartial, and courteous manner in which they have discharged their several duties.

On motion of Mr. Straw,

Resolved, That when the house adjourns this forenoon, it adjourn to meet at two o'clock this afternoon.

On motion of Mr. Straw,

The House adjourned.

AFTERNOON.

Mr. Frye, from the Joint Committee on Engrossed Bills, reported that they had carefully examined and found correctly engrossed, bills of the following titles, and the following joint resolutions, to wit :

- An act authorizing cities and towns to aid the families of volunteers, and for other purposes ;
- An act relating to settlement of paupers ;
- An act to incorporate the Cochecho Steam Mills ;
- An act relating to school committees in the city of Portsmouth ;
- An act to incorporate the Exeter Carriage Company ;
- An act in relation to the returns and books of corporations ;
- An act relating to suits for unliquidated damages ;
- An act relating to duties of treasurers of savings banks and loan fund associations ;
- An act in relation to registers of probate ;
- An act in amendment of chapter twenty-three hundred and seventy-eight of the Pamphlet Laws ;
- An act in amendment of an act entitled An act amending the charter of the New-Hampshire Iron Factory Company, passed June 30, 1860 ;
- An act to change the corporate name of the Manchester Machine Company ;
- An act for the relief of the stockholders and creditors of the Ashuelot Railroad Company ;
- An act to incorporate the Kappa Kappa Kappa Society in Dartmouth College ;
- An act relative to the creation and alteration of school districts ;
- An act providing for the assessment and collection of a State tax ;
- An act relative to teachers' institutes ;
- Resolution in favor of Peter Sanborn and others ;
- Resolution in favor of B. B. and F. P. Whittemore and others ;
- Resolution in favor of Robert N. Corning and others ;
- Resolution in favor of Daniel Smith ;
- Resolution in favor of Rev. E. E. Cummings ;
- Resolution in favor of F. N. Boutwell ;
- Resolution in favor of William T. Putnam and others ;

Resolution to furnish laws to the town of Webster ;

Resolution relating to furnishing musical instruments and uniforms for a band ;

Resolution appropriating money for the purchase of books and stationery for the use of the prisoners at the New-Hampshire State Prison ;

Resolution in favor of the chaplain of the State Prison ;

Resolution relating to the accounts of the Warden of the State Prison ;

Resolution of thanks to the Sons of New-Hampshire in New-York and Boston, and to the citizens of Worcester, for their attentions to the First and Second New-Hampshire Regiments ;

Resolution appropriating money for the use of the House of Reformation ;

Resolution making an appropriation for the purchase of the portrait of Daniel Webster ;

Resolution appropriating money for the repairs of certain highways ;

Resolution in favor of New-Hampshire Historical Society :

Resolution in favor of making an appropriation for the contingent expenses of the State :

Resolution authorizing the Treasurer of the State to borrow, for the temporary use thereof, a sum not exceeding sixty thousand dollars ;

Resolution authorizing the Treasurer of the State to borrow a sum not exceeding fifty thousand dollars to meet the expenses incurred in raising, equipping, paying and sending forward the First and Second Regiments ;

Resolution in favor of Charles H. Roberts and others ;

Resolutions relating to national affairs.

The Speaker announced the following as the select committee to investigate the accounts of the State Capital Bank and H. G. Kayes : Messrs. Wheeler of Newport, Buffum of Somersworth, and Hutchins of Lisbon.

Also, Messrs. Emerson of Nashua, Collins of Exeter, and Barrett of Wilton, a committee to investigate the accounts of the Adjutant-General.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate ask the concurrence of the House in the passage of a joint resolution in favor of Silas Hardy.

The resolution was then, under a suspension of the rules, read three times, passed, and notice thereof sent to the Senate.

Mr. Frye, from the Joint Committee on Engrossed Bills, reported that they had carefully examined, and found correctly engrossed, a bill of the following title, and the following joint resolution, to wit:

An act remodeling the Militia ;

A resolution in favor of Silas Hardy.

On motion of Mr. Abbott, of Concord,

Resolved, That a committee of ten be appointed on the part of the House, with such as the Senate may join, to wait upon His Excellency, the Governor, and inform him that the business of the present session of the Legislature is brought to a close, and that both branches of the Legislature are now ready to be adjourned.

Ordered, That Messrs. Abbott of Concord, Wheeler of Orford, Smith of Mount-Vernon, Culver of Lyme, Annis of Columbia, Caverly of Troy, Walker of Alexandria, Field of South-Newmarket, Robinson of Manchester, Tebbetts of New-Durham, as said committee.

A message from the Senate :

Mr. Speaker—

The Senate concur with the House in the appointment of a joint committee to wait on His Excellency, the Governor, and inform him that the Legislature have brought their business to a close, and on their part have joined Messrs. Chase and Allen.

Mr. Abbott, of Concord, from the select committee appointed to wait upon his Excellency, the Governor, and inform him that both branches of the Legislature are now ready to be adjourned, reported that the Governor informed them that he would soon transmit a message to both branches of the Legislature.

The following message was received from His Excellency, the Governor :

COUNCIL CHAMBER, July 4, 1861.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives :

Having signed all the acts and resolutions that have been pre-

sented to me for my approval and signature, and having been informed by a joint committee of both branches of the Legislature, that you have finished the business before you, and are now ready to be adjourned, by the authority vested in me I do hereby adjourn the Legislature to the last Wednesday of May next.

NATHANIEL S. BERRY.

The SPEAKER then declared the Legislature adjourned to the last Wednesday of May next.

Attest—EDWARD SAWYER, Clerk.

A true copy: Attest—

EDWARD SAWYER, Clerk.

APPENDIX TO THE HOUSE JOURNAL,

1861.

OPINION

OF THE

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.

STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

IN HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, June 20, 1861.

Resolved, That the Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court be requested to submit to this House, as soon as may be practicable, their opinion upon the constitutionality of an act entitled "An act to secure freedom and the rights of citizenship to persons in this State," passed June 26, 1857.

To the Honorable House of Representatives:

The undersigned, Justices of the Supreme Judicial Court, in accordance with the foregoing request, submit the following opinion :

The first and fourth sections of the act referred to are as follows :

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted, &c.* "That neither descent, near or remote, from a person of African blood, whether

such a person is or may have been a slave, nor color of skin, shall disqualify any person from becoming a citizen of this State, or deprive such person of the full rights and privileges of a citizen thereof.

SEC. 4. Section first of chapter twenty-five of the Compiled Statutes shall not be so construed as in any case to deprive any person of color, or of African descent, born within the limits of the United States, and having the other requisite qualifications, from voting at any election; but such person shall have and exercise the right of suffrage as fully and lawfully as persons of the white race."

We do not understand that the constitutionality of these sections has ever been questioned, nor are we aware that they made any change in the previously existing law.

The second section provides that, "Any slave who shall come or be brought into or be in this State, with the consent of his master or mistress, or who shall come or be brought into or be in this State involuntarily, shall be free."

It has been suggested that this section could not be constitutionally applied to a person being carried through this State, with or without process, under the Act of Congress, commonly called the Fugitive Slave Law, or under the provision of the Constitution of the United States, commonly called the Fugitive Slave clause.

The third section is: "Every person who shall hold or attempt to hold in this State, in slavery, or as a slave, any person, of whatever color, class, or condition, in any form or under any pretense, or for any length of time, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and, on conviction thereof, shall be confined to hard labor for a term of not less than one, nor more than five years: *Provided* that the provisions of this section shall not apply to any act lawfully done by any officer of the United States, or other person, in the execution of any legal process."

It has been suggested that this section could not be constitutionally applied to fugitive slaves, taken by their owners without process and without a breach of the peace. But, if these sections could not be applied in the cases supposed, they are not, therefore, necessarily void. If the intention of any part of the act, determined upon settled principles of legal interpretation, were to obstruct or impede the exercise or enjoyment of any right secured by the Constitution of the United States, or by any constitutional law of the United States, that part would be unconstitutional. But if the intention thus determined were merely to establish, regulate, or guarantee rights or privileges consistent with the constitution and laws of the United States, in a mode not in conflict with either, and if the act would constitutionally apply to a large class of cases that do and will exist, it would not be rendered unconstitutional by the fact that, literally construed, its language might be broad enough to extend to a few exceptional cases where it could not constitutionally apply; since, upon settled principles of construction, the latter are as fully and effectually excepted by necessary implication, as if the statute had contained an express proviso that it should not extend or apply to such cases. The rule of construction universally adopted is, that when a statute may constitutionally operate upon certain persons, or in certain cases, and was not evidently intended to conflict with the constitution, it is not to be held unconstitutional merely because there may be persons to whom, or cases in which it cannot constitutionally apply; but it is to be deemed constitutional, and to be construed not to apply to the latter persons or cases, on the ground that courts are bound to presume that the legislature did not intend to violate the constitution.

This rule of construction was laid down by the Superior Court, in *Kennett's Petition*, 24 N. H. 139, in the following

terms: "Whatever may be the language of the legislature, we are bound to presume that they intended to keep within the limits of the constitution, and to restrict the operation of statutes to cases where they may have effect consistently with the constitution. The omission of a proviso restricting their application to future cases, may well be attributed to the settled and well known construction given by the courts, which confines the operation of new statutes in such cases to new causes of action." In *Willard v. Harvey*, 24 N. H. 344, the court remarked: "In all such cases, it must be understood that no legislature could have intended to violate the constitution, or to tread under foot the great principles of justice. And such a proviso, limiting the construction of the statute, must be implied, as will prevent injustice, and give to all parties a reasonable opportunity for the prosecution of their rights." In these cases, this principle was applied to the construction of statutes, with reference to their constitutionality as affected by their retrospective character; but it is equally applicable in all questions of constitutionality, and has been recognized in *Hastings v. Lane*, 15 Me. 134; *Torrey v. Corliss*, 33 Me. 333; *Preston v. Drew*, 33 Me. 558; *Briggs v. Hubbard*, 19 Vt. 86; *Dash v. Van Kleeck*, 7 Johns. 477; *Society v. Wheeler*, 2 Gallison 129; *Wuart v. Winnick*, 3 N. H. 473; *Dow v. Norris*, 4 N. H. 16; *Roby v. West*, 4 N. H. 285; *Miller v. Dennett*, 6 N. H. 109; *Greenlaw v. Greenlaw*, 12 N. H. 200; *Pierce v. State*, 13 N. H. 536; *Dunbarton v. Franklin*, 19 N. H. 257; *Loveren v. Lamprey*, 22 N. H. 434; *Colony v. Dublin*, 32 N. H. 432; *Whitney v. Whiting*, 35 N. H. 457; *Rich v. Flanders*, 39 N. H. 304.

There is nothing in the act of 1857 indicating an intention to obstruct or impede the operation of the Constitution, or any law of the United States; but we are not left merely to presume from this negative evidence that no such purpose existed, for the proviso in the third sec-

tion, and the general tenor of the act, furnish positive evidence, and clearly manifest the contrary intention. The act was apparently designed to remove any doubts that might have arisen after the decision in the case of *Dred Scott*, then recently pronounced, as to the rights of free colored persons in those States where there were no statutes on that subject. It was evidently not designed to relate to, or to have any operation upon the rights of fugitive slaves, or of persons lawfully reclaiming them; and we are of opinion that it is not to be construed to have any such operation. The term Personal Liberty law is now usually applied to a statute relating to fugitive slaves. In this sense, there is no personal liberty law in New-Hampshire.

The second section of the act in question may apply to slaves not fugitives, coming into this State with the consent of their masters.

The third section applies to thousands permanently residing in this State, and to great numbers of other persons. It simply prohibits slavery in this State, and the only change it makes in the previously existing law is to prescribe a particular penalty for an act which was unlawful before the passage of this statute.

It is not necessary to give such a construction to any section of the act as to render it unconstitutional, and such a construction could not be adopted without violating well settled rules of interpretation. In our opinion, the act entitled "An act to secure freedom and the rights of citizenship to persons in this State," passed June 26, 1857, is constitutional.

J. EVERETT SARGENT,
HENRY A. BELLOWES,
CHARLES DOE,
GEORGE W. NESMITH,
WILLIAM H. BARTLETT.

June, 1861.

I concur in the above opinion, as to the general rules relative to the construction of statutes, alleged to be in conflict with the constitution. The statute to which our attention is called, would be held by the courts to be inoperative in any case, if such can be supposed, where its effect would be to impede the due execution of the constitution or laws of the United States; and to that extent only it would be held unconstitutional; while it must be held constitutional in its application to all other cases. The legislature need no aid in determining whether any such cases of conflict can be found. As its application would not be made in all cases by courts, the literal terms of the law might, perhaps, lead to misconstructions for which the laws should not afford a pretext.

SAMUEL D. BELL.

RULES OF THE HOUSE.

OF THE DUTY OF THE SPEAKER.

1. The Speaker shall take the chair at precisely the hour to which the House shall have adjourned, shall immediately call the members to order, and at the commencement of each day's session shall cause the journal of the preceding day to be read.

2. He shall preserve decorum and order; may speak on points of order in preference to other members, rising from his seat for that purpose; and shall decide questions of order, subject to an appeal to the House by any two members.

3. Questions shall be distinctly put in this form: to wit, "As many as are of opinion that (as the case may be), say aye"; and after the affirmative vote is expressed, "Those of a contrary opinion, say no." If the Speaker doubts, or a division is called for, the House shall divide. Those in the affirmative of the question shall first rise from their seats and stand till they be counted, and afterward those in the negative shall rise and stand till they be counted. The Speaker shall then rise and state the decision of the House.

4. He shall rise to put a question, but may state it sitting.

5. All committees shall be appointed by the Speaker, unless otherwise directed by the House.

6. The Speaker shall designate to which of the standing committees all memorials, petitions, accounts, or other

matters shall be referred, unless otherwise ordered by the House.

7. The Speaker shall vote in no case, unless the House be equally divided, or unless his vote, if given to the minority, will make the division equal; and in case of such equal division the question shall be lost.

8. All acts, addresses and joint resolutions shall be signed by the Speaker; and all writs, warrants or subpoenas, issued by order of the House, shall be under his hand and seal, attested by the Clerk.

9. In case of any disturbance or disorderly conduct in the galleries, the Speaker, or chairman of the committee of the whole House, shall have the power to order the same to be cleared.

10. No person but the members and officers of the House, members of the Council, and members of the Senate, the Secretary of the State, Treasurer, and Clerks of the Senate, shall be admitted within the door of the Representatives' chamber, unless by invitation of the Speaker, or some member of the House, with consent of the Speaker, except in public hearings, parties, their counsel and witnesses, under the direction of the Speaker.

11. The Speaker shall have power to substitute any member to perform the duties of the chair, such substitution not to extend beyond an adjournment.

OF DECORUM AND DEBATE.

12. When any member is about to speak in debate or deliver any matter to the House, he shall rise from his seat, and respectfully address himself to the *Speaker*.

13. If any member transgress the rules of the House, the Speaker shall, or any member may call him to order; in which case the member so called to order shall immediately sit down, and the question of order shall then be distinctly stated from the Chair; and in all cases where

a member shall be called to order for uttering disrespectful words, upon the request of any member the words objected to shall be reduced to writing by the member so calling to order; after which the member so called to order may explain, and the question shall be open to debate, as in other cases, and decided by the Speaker, whose decision shall be submitted to, unless an appeal be made to the House by a member, in which case the only question shall be, "Is the Speaker's decision correct?" which shall be decided without debate. If the question be in favor of the member called to order, he may proceed; if otherwise, and the case may require it, he shall be liable to the censure of the House.

14. In all cases the member first rising shall speak first. When two members rise at the same time, the Speaker shall name the person to speak.

15. No member shall speak more than twice to the same question, without leave of the House; nor more than once, until every member choosing to speak shall have spoken.

16. While the Speaker is putting any question, or addressing the House, no one shall walk out of, or across the House; nor in such case, or when a member is speaking, shall entertain private discourse; nor, while a member is speaking, shall pass between him and the Chair; nor shall any person leave his seat while the yeas and nays are calling.

17. No member shall vote on any question in the event of which he is directly interested; or in any case where he was not present when the question was put.

18. Every member who shall be in the House when a question is put, shall give his vote, unless the House, for special reason, shall excuse him.

19. No motion shall be debated until the same shall be seconded and stated from the chair; and when a motion shall be made and seconded, it shall be reduced to writing,

if desired by the Speaker or any member, and delivered in at the table, and read by the Speaker, before the same shall be debated.

20. No petition shall be received by the House, unless it be presented by a member thereof, and upon motion made for that purpose; nor until the substance of said petition be concisely minuted, and the name of the member, and town he represents, recorded upon the back thereof; and it shall be the duty of the Speaker, whenever any motion relative to a petition is to be stated to the House, to state, in the first place, the substance of the petition, as minuted on the back thereof.

21. After a motion is stated by the Speaker it shall be in possession of the House, but may be withdrawn at any time before an amendment.

22. When any question is under debate no motion shall be received, but, 1st, to adjourn; 2d, to lie on the table; 3d, for the previous question; 4th, to postpone indefinitely; 5th, to postpone to a day certain; 6th, to commit; and 7th, to amend, which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are arranged. Motions to adjourn, to lie on the table, and take from the table, shall be decided without debate.

23. The Speaker shall put the previous question in the following form, "*Shall the main question be now put?*" and all debate upon the main question shall be suspended until the previous question has been decided. After the adoption of the previous question, the sense of the House shall forthwith be taken upon pending amendments, in their regular order, and then upon the main question.

24. On the previous question no member shall speak more than once without leave, and all incidental questions of order, arising after a motion for the previous question, shall be decided without debate, excepting on appeal, and on such appeal no member shall be allowed to speak more than once without leave of the House.

25. If the previous question is decided in the negative, it shall not be again in order till after adjournment, but the main question shall be left before the House, and disposed of as though the previous question had not been put.

26. When a question is postponed indefinitely, the same shall not be acted upon during the session.

27. Any member may call for a division of the question, when the sense will admit of it; and upon a motion to amend, a refusal to strike out words shall neither preclude amendment to such words, nor a motion to strike out and insert.

28. A motion for commitment, until it is decided, shall preclude all amendment to the main question, and all motions and reports may be committed at the pleasure of the House.

29. No new motion shall be admitted, under color of amendment, as a substitute for the motion under debate.

30. No vote shall be reconsidered, unless the motion for reconsideration be made by a member who voted with the majority, nor unless notice of such motion be given on the same day on which the vote passed, or on the next day on which the House shall be in session, between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock.

31. When the reading of a paper is called for, and objected to by any member, it shall be determined by a vote of the House.

32. Any member may excuse himself from serving on any committee, at the time of his appointment, if he is then a member of two other committees, who have not reported.

33. Each member shall seasonably and punctually attend to his duty in the House, and no one shall absent himself from the service of the House unless he have leave, or be sick and unable to attend.

34. The Speaker shall appoint a sergeant-at-arms, when-

ever it may be necessary to execute the commands of the House and process issued by its authority. And he shall also appoint a teller for each division of the House, whose duty it shall be to report to the Chair the state of the vote, whenever a division of the House shall be called for.

OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

35. The following standing committees shall be appointed early in the June session :

A committee on Elections ; a committee on the Judiciary ; a committee on Banks ; a committee on the State Prison ; and a committee on Public Lands ; a committee on Agriculture ; a committee on Manufactures ; a committee on Finance ; a committee on Retrenchment and Reform ; a committee on Military Affairs ; a committee on Education ; a committee on Incorporations ; a committee on Towns and Parishes ; a committee on the Division of Towns ; a committee on the Asylum for the Insane ; a committee on Railroads ; a committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals ; a committee on Unfinished Business ; a committee on Mileage ; a committee on the House of Reformation—to consist of ten members each.

A committee on Bills on their Second Reading ; a committee on Printers' Accounts ; a committee on Military Accounts, and a committee on Claims—to consist of seven members each : a committee on the Alteration of Names—to consist of five members.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Elections to examine and report upon the certificates or other credentials of the election of the members returned to serve in this House, and take into consideration all such petitions and other matters in relation to elections and returns as shall or may be presented, or come into question, and shall be referred to them by the House.

It shall be the duty of the committee on the Judiciary to take into consideration all matters in relation to the Judiciary system of the State; to examine and report what laws have expired, or are near expiring, and require to be revived or farther continued, and report their opinion on all constitutional questions that may be referred to them by the House.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Banks to consider all applications for the incorporation of banks, and all subjects relating to such institutions, that may be referred to them by the House, and to report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on the State Prison to take into consideration all matters in relation to the State Prison; to examine all reports and accounts that may be submitted by the Warden, and make such report, either by bill or otherwise, as they think the interest of the State requires.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Public Lands to consider all proposals and applications for the sale of public lands, and every matter in relation to them that may be referred to the committee by the House, and to report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Agriculture to take into their consideration all matters concerning the agricultural interests of the State, and the incorporation of agricultural societies, that shall be referred to them by the House, and to report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Manufactures to consider all matters concerning the manufacturing interests of the State, and all applications for incorporation for manufacturing purposes which shall be referred to them by the House, and to report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Finance to examine and take into consideration the state of the Treasury, to report what sum it may be necessary to raise

as a State tax, and on every subject touching the financial interests of the State, that may be referred to them by the House.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Retrenchment and Reform to take into consideration the public expenditures, and all questions relating thereto; and also to consider all questions relating to the subject of administrative reforms in the various departments of the State Government, and report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Military Affairs to consider all applications for altering and amending laws regulating the militia of this State, and for the removal of military officers, and to report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Education to consider all subjects relative to the regulation of school districts and schools, and all matters concerning education, that may be referred to them by the House, and report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Incorporations to consider and report on all applications for acts of incorporations, and on all other matters which may come in question relative to bodies corporate, that may be referred to them by the House, excepting those relating to towns, parishes, turnpikes, railroads, canals, banks, agriculture, societies, and factories.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Towns and Parishes to consider all applications for the alteration of town or parish lines, by the annexation of one portion of a town or parish to another town or parish, that may be referred to them by the House, and to report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Division of Towns to consider all applications for incorporation of towns or parishes, by division of towns or otherwise, that may be referred to them by the House, and to report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on the Asylum for the Insane to examine all accounts, particularly of those relating to the expenditure of moneys appropriated by the State; to examine in relation to the rules and government of the institution, and all matters of general interest connected therewith, and all such matters as shall be referred to them by the House, and report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Railroads to consider all petitions for the incorporation of railroads; for alterations, and all matters relative thereto, that may be referred to them by the House, and report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Roads, Bridges and Canals to consider all applications for the incorporation of turnpikes, bridges or canals, and for the alteration of tolls, and all matters relative thereto, that may be referred to them by the House, and to report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Unfinished Business to examine and report, from the journals of the last session, all such matters as were then pending and undetermined.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Mileage to ascertain the distance traveled by each member of the House, computing the same by the nearest traveled highway, and report to the House, with the names of the several members, and the distance traveled by each.

It shall be the duty of the committee on the House of Reformation to examine in relation to the rules and government of the institution, and all matters of general interest connected therewith, and all such matters as may be referred to them by the House, and make such report, either by bill or otherwise, as they think the interest of the State requires.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Bills on the Second Reading to take into consideration all bills on the

second reading, that may be committed or otherwise, and to make such report thereon as they may think expedient.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Printers' Accounts to examine and adjust all accounts against the State for printing, and every subject relating to such accounts that may be referred to them by the House, and to report thereon.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Military Accounts to examine, adjust, and report on all accounts relative to the militia, that may be referred to them by the House.

It shall be the duty of the committee on Claims to audit, adjust, and report on all accounts and claims that may be presented for allowance, except accounts for printing, military accounts, and accounts for engrossing bills.

36. All other committees shall consist of three members, unless otherwise ordered.

37. The standing committees shall attend at their respective committee rooms, two hours before the meeting of the House in the morning, and at such other times as the House shall order; and no committee shall sit during the sitting of the House, unless when the speaker shall consider it necessary.

38. The first named member of any committee appointed by the Speaker of the House shall be chairman; and in case of his absence, or being excused by the House, the next named member, and so on, as often as the case may happen, unless the committee, by a majority of the number, elect a chairman. And when any committee shall report otherwise than by bill, they shall, if the subject admit of it, subjoin to their reports a resolution, making such disposition of the matter committed to them as to the committee shall seem expedient.

39. Whenever it shall not be convenient for any standing committee to attend promptly to all the business

which may be properly referred to it, the Speaker may, on a vote of the House to that effect, appoint an additional committee on the same subject, to consist of the same number of members as the original committee, whose duty it shall be to take into consideration all matters in relation to that subject which shall be referred to them by the House, and to report thereon.

ON BILLS.

40. Every bill and joint resolution shall be introduced by motion for leave, or by an order of the House, on the report of a committee; and no bill or joint resolution shall be introduced by any member (except on the report of a committee), unless he shall have given at least one day's notice of intention, and of the object of the bill or joint resolution to be introduced; no bill or resolution shall be entitled "an amendment of or addition to the Compiled Statutes," or refer to the same or any part thereof.

41. Every bill shall have three several readings in the House previous to its passage; the first reading shall be for information, and thereupon, when the bill shall have been introduced by a committee, if not rejected or otherwise disposed of, a time shall be assigned for a second reading; and upon the second reading, if not rejected or otherwise disposed of by the House, a time shall be assigned for a third reading. When a bill shall have been introduced by a member upon leave, or by message from the Senate, and read a first time, if it be not rejected or otherwise disposed of by the House, the question shall be, Shall the bill be read a second time? and if ordered to a second reading, it shall immediately be read a second time by its title, and be by the Speaker referred to the appropriate standing committee, unless otherwise ordered by

the House. No bill, after it has been read a second time, shall have a third reading until after an adjournment. The time assigned for the second and third reading of bills and resolutions shall be 11 o'clock in the forenoon, and 3 o'clock in the afternoon, unless otherwise ordered by the House.

42. No amendment shall be made, but upon the second reading of a bill or joint resolution, and all resolutions shall be in writing, with the name of the member and the town he represents on the back thereof. The orders of the day for the reading of bills and joint resolutions shall hold for every succeeding day, until disposed of.

43. All bills, and all votes and resolutions that are necessary to be carried to the Senate for their concurrence, may be sent by the Assistant Clerk.

OF THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE HOUSE.

44. The House may resolve itself into a committee of the whole House at any time, on the motion of a member made for that purpose; and in forming a committee of the whole House, the Speaker shall leave the chair, and a Chairman to preside in committee shall be appointed by the Speaker.

45. Upon bills and resolutions committed to a committee of the whole House, the bill or resolution shall first be read throughout by the Clerk, and then again read and debated by clauses, leaving the preamble of the bill to be last considered; the body of the bill or resolution shall not be defaced or interlined, but all amendments, noting the page and line, shall be duly entered by the Clerk on a separate paper, as the same shall be agreed to by the committee, and so reported to the House. After report, the bill or resolution shall again be subject to be debated and amended by clauses, before a question to pass it to a third reading be taken.

46. The rules of proceeding in the House shall be observed in committee of the whole House, so far as they may be applicable, except the rule limiting the time of speaking.

47. No standing rule or order of the House shall be rescinded without one day's notice being given of the motion therefor; nor suspended, unless by a vote therefor of two thirds of the members present, to be ascertained by actual count, when any member shall request the same.

ORDER OF BUSINESS OF THE DAY.

48. As soon as the journal is read, the Speaker shall call for petitions from members of the House. The petitions having been presented and disposed of, reports, first from the standing, and then from the select committees, shall be called for and disposed of. And the above business shall be done in no other part of the day, except by permission of the House.

49. The unfinished business in which the House was engaged at the last preceding adjournment, if called for by any member, shall have the preference over all other business, except the general order of the day; and no motion, or any other business, except the general order of the day, shall be received, without special leave of the House, until the former is disposed of.

JOINT RULES

OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

1. When a convention of the two Houses is to be formed, whether by requirement of the Constitution, or by a vote or resolve of the two Houses, a message shall be sent from the House of Representatives to the Senate, giving notice when the House will meet the Senate in convention. As soon thereafter as the convenience of the Senate will permit, they will attend in the House. The Speaker of the House shall be chairman of the convention, and shall state the reason for forming the convention. When the House and Senate are thus formed in convention, the rules adopted as the rules of the House shall be considered the rules of the convention, so far as they may be deemed applicable, and the convention shall accordingly be governed thereby.

2. Messages shall be sent by such person or persons as each House may determine to be proper.

3. Messages from either House shall be received by the other at all times, except when engaged in putting a question, in calling the yeas and nays, in counting the ballots, or in reading the journal.

4. When a message shall be sent from either House to the other, it shall be announced at the door of the House to which it may be sent, by the door-keeper.

5. While bills are on their passage between the two Houses, they shall be under the signature of the Clerk of each House respectively.

6. There shall be a committee for the purpose of engrossing bills, consisting of two members of each House. All bills that pass both Houses shall be delivered to said committee, be by them engrossed, carefully examined, and reported to the respective Houses ; and shall be signed, first by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and then by the President of the Senate.

7. There shall be a committee, to consist of three members of the House and one of the Senate, on each of the following subjects : to wit, On all matters relative to the State Library, and all matters relative to the State House and State House Yard.

8. When a bill or resolve, which shall have passed in one House, is rejected in the other, notice thereof shall be given to the House in which the same shall have passed.

9. Each House shall transmit to the other all papers on which any bill or resolve may be founded.

10. Each House shall transmit to the other all bills which have passed their several stages in the House in which they originated, at least twenty-four hours before the time fixed for adjournment.

11. After each House shall have adhered to their disagreement, a bill or resolve shall be considered lost.

12. No claim outstanding on the first day of the session, shall be acted upon, unless such claim shall have been presented before the close of the second week of the session.

RULES OF THE SENATE.

1. The President, having taken the chair, and a quorum being present, the journal of the preceding day shall be read, and any erroneous entry shall be corrected.

2. No member shall hold conversation with another during the reading of the journal, or while a member is speaking in debate.

3. Every member, rising to speak, shall address the President, and when he has finished, shall sit down.

4. No member shall speak more than twice on the same question, on the same day, without leave of the Senate.

5. More than one member rising to speak at the same time, the President shall decide who shall speak first.

6. If any member transgress the rules of the Senate, the President shall, or any member may call him to order; in which case the member so called to order shall sit down, and the Senate, if appealed to, shall decide in the case; but if there be no appeal, the decision of the President shall be conclusive.

7. No member shall absent himself, without permission from the Senate.

8. A motion shall be seconded before it is debated, and if required by the President, or any member, it shall be reduced to writing.

9. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received but to adjourn, to postpone indefinitely, to lay on the table, to postpone to a certain day, to commit, or to amend, which several motions shall take precedence in the

same order in which they are arranged. And no motion to postpone indefinitely, to postpone to a certain day, or to commit, being decided, shall be in order at the same stage of the bill or proposition, until after an adjournment.

10. If the question under debate will admit of division, any member may have it divided, and in filling blanks the longest time and the largest sum shall be put first.

11. When the reading of a paper is called for, and the same is objected to, it shall be decided by a vote of the Senate, and without debate.

12. When the ayes and noes are required, each member shall declare his assent or dissent to the question, unless, for special reasons, he be excused by the Senate.

13. When a motion is made to shut the doors of the Senate, on the discussion of any business which, in the opinion of any member, may require secrecy, the President shall desire the gallery to be closed, and the doors shall remain closed until the subject is disposed of.

14. After a motion has been decided, it shall be in order for any member who voted with the majority, or, if the Senate be equally divided, any member voting on the side prevailing, to move for a reconsideration thereof, unless the bill, resolution, report, amendment, or motion on which the vote which was taken, has gone from the possession of the Senate; but no motion to reconsider shall be in order unless made the same day on which the vote was taken, or the next day after on which the Senate shall be in session; but no vote shall be reconsidered when a less number of members is present than when it passed.

15. Before any petition or memorial, addressed to the Senate, shall be received and read, a brief statement of the contents thereof shall be made by the member introducing the same.

16. Any member, on giving notice of asking leave to bring in a bill, shall state the nature of the bill he proposes

to introduce; and at least one day's notice shall be given before a motion for leave shall be in order.

17. Every bill shall be read three times before its passage; and the President shall give notice at each time whether it be the first, second, or third reading; and no bill, after it has been read a second time, shall have a third reading before an adjournment.

18. All resolutions which may require the signature of the Governor, shall be treated in the same manner as bills.

19. When a bill shall have been read a first time, and ordered to a second reading, it shall immediately be read a second time by its title, and by the President referred to the appropriate standing committee, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate.

20. The Senate may resolve itself into a committee of the whole at any time, on motion made for that purpose; and in forming a committee of the whole, the President shall leave the chair, and appoint a chairman to preside in committee. The President may at any time name any member to perform the duties of the chair, but such substitution shall not extend beyond an adjournment.

21. The last question upon the second reading of a bill or resolution shall always be, Shall it be read a third time? and no amendment shall be received or discussed on the third reading of any bill or resolution, unless by consent of eight members present; but it shall at all times be in order, before the final passage of a bill or resolution, to move its commitment; and should such commitment take place, and an amendment be reported, the bill or resolution shall again be read a second time, and considered as in committee of the whole.

22. The titles of bills, and such parts thereof as may be affected by proposed amendments, shall be entered on the journals.

23. All bills, resolutions, and addresses, after passing

the Senate, shall be signed by the President; and all warrants and other processes issued by order of the Senate shall be under his hand and seal, attested by the Clerk.

24. The following standing committees, to consist of three members each, shall be appointed at the commencement of any session, with leave to report by bill or otherwise: A committee on the Judiciary; a committee on Incorporations; a committee on State Institutions; a committee on Military Affairs, and Roads, Bridges, and Canals; a committee on Claims; a committee on Railroads; a committee on Banks; a committee on Agriculture and Manufactures; a committee on Elections; a committee on Education; a committee on Finance, and a committee on Towns.

25. All committees shall be appointed by the President, unless a member requests that the appointment shall be by ballot, in which case it shall be so done.

26. When the Senate shall concur with the House of Representatives in the appointment of a joint committee, consisting of not more than five members of the House, one member shall be added on the part of the Senate; but when more than five, two members of the Senate shall be added.

27. Messages shall be sent to the House of Representatives by the Clerk of the Senate.

28. Messages from the Governor or House of Representatives may be received at all times, except when the Senate is engaged in putting the question, in calling the ayes and noes, counting the ballots, or in reading the journal.

29. All questions shall be put by the President, and each member of the Senate shall signify his assent or dissent by answering *aye* or *no*. If the President doubts, or a division is called for, the Senate shall divide. Those in the affirmative of the question shall first rise from their

seats, and stand till they be counted, and afterward those in the negative shall rise and stand till they be counted. The President shall then rise and state the decision of the Senate.

30. No person except the members of the Executive, or members of the House of Representatives and their officers, shall be admitted within the bar of the Senate, except by invitation of the President, or some member, with his consent.

31. The Senate shall adjourn to meet at ten o'clock in the morning, and three o'clock in the afternoon of each day, unless the Senate shall otherwise order.

32. Motions to adjourn shall be decided without debate.

BANK COMMISSIONERS' REPORTS.

REPORT OF DANIEL P. WHEELER.

To His Excellency the Governor, and the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of New-Hampshire :

In the discharge of my duty as one of the Bank Commissioners, I personally visited and examined the condition of the banks hereinafter referred to, and respectfully submit the following

REPORT :

WHITE MOUNTAIN BANK—Lancaster.

March 19, 1861.

Resources.

Notes and bills discounted,	\$89,617.90	
Deposits in Boston,	3,538.93	
Bills of other banks, and checks,	4,050.69	
Specie,	4,950.60	
	<hr/>	\$102,158.12

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$50,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	43,780.00	
Due depositors,	5,476.98	
	<hr/>	\$99,256.98
Apparent surplus,		\$2,901.14
Doubtful debts,		2,000.00
		<hr/>
Estimated surplus,		\$901.14

President—Jared W. Williams.

Cashier—Geo. C. Williams.

Directors—Jared W. Williams, B. G. Towne, William Burns, James W. Weeks.

The President has no compensation. Cashier's salary, \$500. Indebtedness of Directors, \$1,856.90. None illegal. Rates of exchange, the expense of collection. No loans upon pledge of its stock, except it is held by force of a by-law of the bank. Two dividends have been made the past year; 4 per cent in May; $3\frac{1}{2}$ in November. The cashier has the principal management of making the loans, and the general affairs of the bank. Amount of bad and doubtful paper, \$2,000. Protested paper, \$850. Also, over-due paper to the amount of \$23,000. As remarked by the commissioner last year, "the bad and doubtful paper is very old"; also, a portion of the over-due, "and there should be a rigid enforcement of these old claims." I am sorry to say that his advice has not been followed, and instead of diminishing the amount of over-due paper, it has increased. Number of stockholders, 20. All the stock owned in this State but \$2,000. Average circulation, \$40,000. Average amount of deposits, \$4,000. Charter expires, 1870.

BELKNAP COUNTY BANK—Laconia.

March 20, 1861.

Resources.

Bills discounted,	\$136,000.37	
Deposits in Boston,	42,131.87	
Bills of other banks, and checks,	3,361.85	
Real estate,	2,676.00	
Specie,	2,541.18	
		\$186,711.27

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$80,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	76,693.00	
Unpaid dividends,	1,416.00	
Due depositors,	21,985.90	
	<hr/>	\$180,094.90
Apparent surplus,		\$6,616.37
Doubtful debts,		1,400.00
		<hr/>
Estimated surplus,		\$5,216.37

President—Warren Lovell.

Cashier—Napoleon B. Gale; cashier's salary, \$600; bond, \$20,000.

Directors—Warren Lovell, Joseph P. Pitman, Stephen W. Mead, Jonathan T. Coffin, Andrew Mack, Robert S. Webster, Eben Stevens.

Indebtedness of directors, \$510. No loans upon pledge of its stock. Doubtful debts to the amount of \$1,400. A thorough examination of the affairs of the bank is made once a year, by a committee of the stockholders and directors. Two dividends, of 4 per cent each, have been made the past year. Number of stockholders, 91. \$78,700 of the stock owned in the State. Rates of exchange, $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, to parties out of the State. Average amount of deposits the year past, \$15,000. Amount of over-due paper, \$3,800; protested paper, \$260. Amount of loans out of the State, \$25,000. Charter expires July 10, 1866. Average circulation the year past, \$76,000.

CITIZENS' BANK—Sanbornton.

March 21, 1861.

Resources.

Bills receivable,	\$133,976.82	
Deposits in Boston,	16,403.74	
Bills and checks of other banks,	3,464.18	
Specie,	2,685.35	
	<hr/>	\$156,530.09

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$70,000.00	
Deposits in Boston,	14,136.74	
Bills in circulation,	67,890.00	
	<hr/>	\$152,026.74
Apparent surplus,		\$4,503.35
Doubtful debts,		280.00
		<hr/>
Estimated surplus,		\$4,223.35

President—Asa P. Cate.*Cashier*—William T. Cass.*Directors*—A. P. Cate, W. Melcher, James Cochran, R. Grey, E. Davis, John Keniston, Samuel Tilton.

Amount loaned upon pledge of stock, \$500. Amount of bad debts, \$280. Amount of protested paper, \$131.55; \$11,310.89 of over-due paper, and not protested; \$68,300 of the stock owned in the State. Two dividends have been made the past year; in June, 3 per cent; December, 4 per cent. Amount of loans out of the State, \$3,794.01; average amount of deposits, \$10,321.57. Rates of exchange, from $\frac{1}{8}$ to $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent on Boston funds. Number of stockholders, 78. Loans made by the directors, who hold meetings weekly. A thorough examination of the affairs of the bank made semi-annually. Charter expires, 1873. Average circulation, \$65,500.

UNION BANK—Concord.

March 22, 1861.

Resources.

Notes and bills discounted,	\$210,171.82	
Deposits in Shawmut Bank,	26,553.75	
Deposits in Bank of Mutual Redemption,	3,000.00	
Bills of other banks,	932.00	
Drafts and checks,	2,185.92	
Specie,	8,083.41	
	<hr/>	\$250,926.90

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	94,026.00	
Due depositors,	43,693.42	
	<hr/>	\$237,719.42
Apparent surplus,		\$13,207.48
Doubtful debts,		1,000.00
		<hr/>
Estimated surplus,		\$12,207.48

President—George B. Chandler.*Cashier*—A. C. Pierce ; salary, \$1,000.*Directors*—G. B. Chandler, N. White, P. Sanborn, W. Odlin, O. Stearns, C. Howe.

Indebtedness of directors, \$641. Loans upon pledge of its stock, \$5,500. Amount of assets rendered as doubtful, \$1,000. Two dividends the past year, of 4 per cent each. Loans made by a majority of the directors. Meetings are held by the directors on Tuesday of each week. Number of stockholders, 141. One hundred and one shares of the stock owned out of the State. Amount loaned out of the State, \$31,500. Amount of protested paper, \$1,983.10. Amount of over-due paper, \$15,930.09. Average amount of deposits, \$55,000. Charter expires, 1876. Average circulation, \$90,000.

MERRIMACK COUNTY BANK—Concord.

March 22, 1861.

Resources.

Notes and bills discounted,	\$143,535.02	
Real estate,	2,465.00	
Bills of other banks, and checks,	9,609.00	
Deposits in Suffolk Bank,	34,096.35	
Specie,	14,288.29	
	<hr/>	\$203,993.66

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$80,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	71,657.00	
Due depositors,	30,262.15	
	<hr/>	\$181,919.15
Apparent surplus,		\$22,074.51
Doubtful debts,		150.00
		<hr/>
Estimated surplus,		\$21,924.51

President—E. S. Towle.*Cashier*—J. C. A. Wingate.*Directors*—E. S. Towle, F. N. Fisk, S. Coffin, R. Bradley, J. B. Walker.

Cashier's salary, \$800. No indebtedness of directors. No loan upon pledge of its stock. One hundred and fifty dollars due the bank doubtful, which amount stands protested. Five hundred and twenty-five dollars of over-due paper. The directors hold meetings on Monday of each week. Two dividends the past year, of four per cent each. Number of stockholders, 35. \$77,000 of the stock owned in this State. \$11,000 loaned out of the State. Average amount of deposits, \$46,000. No charge for exchange. \$1,200 paper on demand; none over six months' standing. Charter expires, 1866. Average circulation, \$67,500.

PITTSFIELD BANK—Pittsfield.

March 26, 1861.

Resources.

Notes discounted,	\$90,099.14	
Deposits in Boston,	10,763.62	
Real estate,	2,835.55	
Bills of other banks, and checks,	1,771.80	
Specie,	3,052.90	
		<hr/> \$108,523.01

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$50,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	49,591.00	
Due depositors,	4,887.38	
Unpaid dividends,	306.00	
		<hr/> \$104,784.38
Apparent surplus,		\$3,738.63
Doubtful debts,		4,000.00
		<hr/> \$261.37
Estimated deficit,		\$261.37

President—James Drake.*Cashier*—Josiah Carpenter.

Directors—James Drake, Benjamin Emerson, C. H. Carpenter, W. W. Proctor, Sir M. D. Perkins, Seth Shackford, Isaiah Berry.

No loans upon pledge of its stock. Indebtedness of directors, \$950. None illegally. Two dividends have been made the past year, of 3 per cent each. Average amount of deposits, \$4,000. Loans made by the cashier and directors. Number of stockholders, 71. No loans out of the State. All but nine shares of the stock owned in the State. Amount of doubtful paper, \$4,000, which will undoubtedly prove to be a total loss to the bank. Rates of exchange charged, the expense of collecting. Over-due paper, \$4,000. Charter expires, 1871. Average circulation, \$47,000.

MECHANICKS BANK—Concord.

March 27, 1861.

Resources.

Notes and bills discounted,	\$201,879.14	
Real estate,	1,200.00	
Deposits in Boston,	41,414.13	
Bills and checks of other banks,	10,321.00	
Specie,	17,587.36	
	<hr/>	\$272,401.63

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	95,178.00	
Due depositors,	64,640.62	
Unpaid dividends,	584.00	
	<hr/>	\$260,402.62

Apparent surplus,	\$11,999.01
Doubtful debts,	5,000.00
	<hr/>

Estimated surplus,	\$6,999.01
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President—Josiah Minot.*Cashier*—Charles Minot.*Directors*—Josiah Minot, J. M. Harper, D. M. Carpenter, Seth Eastman, C. H. Peaslee, Ezra Carter, Arthur Fletcher.

Indebtedness of directors, \$900; none illegally. No loans upon pledge of its stock. \$5,000 of doubtful paper; \$600 of protested paper, which is well secured. No over-due and not protested paper. A committee of the directors, with the cashier, make the loans. A thorough examination of the affairs of the bank is made once a year. Two dividends, of four per cent each, have been made the past year. Number of stockholders, 110. \$99,400 of the stock owned in the State. \$2,500 loaned out of the State. Average amount of deposits, \$65,000. No charge for exchange. Charter expires, 1873. Average circulation, \$88,000.

STATE CAPITAL BANK—Concord.

March 27, 1861.

Resources.

Notes and bills discounted,	\$236,831.53	
Deposits in Boston,	11,761.33	
Bills of other banks, and checks,	3,478.62	
Specie,	7,700.01	
	<hr/>	\$259,771.49

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$150,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	89,951.00	
Due depositors,	11,552.86	
Dividends unpaid,	325.00	
	<hr/>	\$251,828.86

Estimated surplus,	<hr/>	\$7,942.63
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President—Hall Roberts.*Cashier*—P. S. Smith.

Directors—Hall Roberts, Ebenezer Symmes, Abraham Bean, Robert N. Corning, John V. Barron, James Peverly, Jonas D. Sleeper. Cashier's salary, \$1000.

Indebtedness of directors, \$2,270.27; none illegally. Loans upon pledge of its stock, \$3,862.50. No bad or doubtful debts rendered as assets. Amount of protested paper, \$764.64. Amount of over-due paper, \$27,631.22. Directors meet weekly. A thorough examination of the affairs of the bank is made once a year. Two dividends have been made the past year, amounting to 7 per cent. Number of stockholders, 146. \$145,100 of the stock owned in the State. Loans out of the State, \$86,923.05. Average amount of deposits the past year, \$17,584.80. Rates of exchange, the cost of collection. Charter expires, 1873; average circulation, \$87,110.

BANK OF LEBANON—Lebanon.

April 19, 1861.

Resources.

Notes and bills discounted,	\$163,592.18	
Real estate,	2,800.00	
Deposits in Boston and New-York banks,	34,476.18	
Bills of other banks,	3,573.00	
Specie,	11,350.12	
	<hr/>	\$215,791.48

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	85,424.00	
Due depositors,	15,326.63	
	<hr/>	\$200,750.63

Apparent surplus,	15,040.85
Doubtful debts,	3,500.00
	<hr/>

Estimated surplus,	\$8,540.85
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President—Robert Kimball.*Cashier*—James H. Kendrick.*Directors*—R. Kimball, S. Wood, 2d, A. Allen, W. S. Ela, G. S. Kendrick, R. B. Kimball, S. Wood.

Indebtedness of directors, \$500. Loaned upon pledge of its stock, \$2,000. Amount of doubtful debts, \$3,500, which stand protested. \$12,500 of demand paper, of more than six months' standing. Two dividends have been made the past year, of 4 per cent each. Number of stockholders, 106. 770 shares of the stock are owned in this State. Loans out of the State, \$38,500. Rates of exchange, the expense of collection. Average amount of deposits, \$15,000. Charter expires, 1868. Average circulation, \$94,500.

CARROLL COUNTY BANK—Sandwich.

April 22, 1861.

Resources.

Notes discounted,	\$84,180.37	
Deposits in Bank of Mut. Redemption,	2,636.62	
Bills of other banks, and checks,	1,783.00	
Specie,	2,776.46	
Bank fixtures, safe, &c.,	500.00	
	<hr/>	\$91,876.45

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$50,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	39,281.00	
Due depositors,	300.00	
Unpaid dividends,	580.00	
	<hr/>	\$90,161.00
Apparent surplus,		\$1,715.45
Doubtful debts,		2,000.00
		<hr/>
Estimated deficit,		\$284.55

President—M. H. Marston.*Cashier*—Stephen Beede.*Directors*—M. H. Marston, T. Burleigh, Ira A. Bean, Wm. M. Weed, A. Blanchard, E. Wilkinson.

Indebtedness of directors, \$1,724.49. None illegally. No loans upon pledge of its stock. Amount of doubtful paper, \$2,000, being the same paper reported doubtful last year. All loans made by the directors, who hold meetings weekly. Two dividends have been made the past year, of 4 per cent each, October and April. No protested paper. Amount of over-due paper, \$12,708.60. Number of stockholders, 61. All but 26 shares of the stock owned in this State. Amount of loans out of this State, \$41,368.26. Average circulation, \$37,375. Rates of exchange, to pay cost of collection. Never over $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Charter expires, 1871.

PINE RIVER BANK—Ossipee.

April 23, 1861.

Resources.

Notes and bills discounted,	\$85,795.72	
In bank of Mutual Redemption,	8,859.20	
Specie,	2,027.03	
Bank safe, &c.,	500.00	
	<hr/>	\$97.181.95

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$50,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	39,434.00	
Due depositors,	6,599.84	
Unpaid dividends,	159.00	
	<hr/>	\$96.192.84
		<hr/>
Apparent surplus,		989.11
Doubtful paper,		258.85
		<hr/>
Estimated surplus,		\$730.26

President—Luther D. Sawyer.*Cashier*—Wm. Sawyer, Jr.*Directors*—L. D. Sawyer, Isaac Thurston, S. B. Carter, N. Grant, A. Copp, W. L. Young, James Young, 2d.

Indebtedness of directors, \$235. No loan upon pledge of its stock. No protested paper. Amount of over-due paper, \$23,214; a portion of which is of long standing, and will require some length of time before it can be collected, but it is said to be good by the president and cashier. Two dividends have been made the past year, of 3 per cent each. Number of stockholders, 46. \$27,850 of the stock owned in this State. About one third of the loans are in the State of Maine. Directors meet weekly. A thorough examination is made annually. Rates of exchange, cost of collection. Average amount of deposits, \$7000. Average amount of circulation, \$36,000. Charter expires, 1876.

LAKE BANK—Wolfborough.

April 23, 1861.

Resources.

Notes discounted,	\$136,395.38	
Deposits in Boston,	1,224.27	
Real estate,	1,050.00	
Bills of other banks,	647.00	
Specie,	1,877.18	
	<hr/>	\$141,193.83

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$75,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	45,558.00	
Due depositors,	12,903.75	
	<hr/>	\$133,461.75

Apparent surplus,	\$7,732.08
Doubtful debts,	2,371.57

Estimated surplus,	5,361.51
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President—John M. Brackett.*Cashier*—Abel Haley.*Directors*—John M. Brackett, J. F. Hall, G. W. Hersey, A. Roberts, G. Rust, B. Folsom, W. Walker.

Indebtedness of directors, \$3,200; none illegally. \$200 loaned upon pledge of its stock. Amount of bad debts, \$371.57. Also, \$2,000, on which the cashier thinks there may have to be a discount. Directors hold meetings weekly. A thorough examination is made semi-annually. Two dividends, of 4 per cent each, have been made the past year. Protested paper, \$1,057.42. Number of stockholders, 123. All but fifty shares of the stock owned in this State. Amount loaned out of the State, \$20,000. Average circulation, \$65,000. Average deposits, \$10,000. Amount of over-due paper, \$5,000. No charge for exchange. Charter expires 1874.

FARMINGTON BANK—Farmington.

April 24, 1861.

Resources.

Notes and bills discounted,	\$102,711.82	
Deposits in Boston,	9,838.37	
Real estate,	3,385.82	
Specie,	2,555.67	
Bills of other banks,	563.00	
	<hr/>	\$119,054.68

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$75,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	25,015.00	
Due depositors,	16,007.54	\$116,022.54
		<hr/>
Apparent surplus,		\$3,032.14
Dis. on B., C. & M. R. R. bonds,		1,000.00
		<hr/>
Estimated surplus,		\$2,032.14

President—Hiram Barker.*Cashier*—John D. Lyman.*Directors*—Hiram Barker, Levi Pease, John Barker, George N. Eastman, Isaac Merrill, Daniel Pease, Jeremiah Jones.

Indebtedness of directors, \$2,300. One of the directors, the owner of five hundred dollars of stock, is indebted to the bank in the sum of \$1,500, which is in violation of the law of the State. This bank has \$5,500 in Boston, Concord & Montreal Railroad bonds, on which there would be a loss of about \$1,000, if disposed of at the present time. All the other assets are said to be worth par, by the cashier. Two dividends, of 3 per cent each, have been made the past year. Number of stockholders, 128. \$74,200 of the stock owned in the State. Amount loaned out of the State, \$8,000. Rates of exchange charged to pay expense of collection. Directors hold meetings as often as business demands it. Average amount of circulation, \$35,000. Average amount of deposits, \$9,000. Charter expires 1874.

ROCHESTER BANK—Rochester.

April 24, 1861.

Resources.

Notes discounted,	\$111,061.98	
Deposits in Boston,	16,783.25	
Foreign bills, and checks,	8,188.63	
Real estate,	1,200.00	
Specie,	2,395.51	
	<hr/>	\$139,629.37

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$80,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	52,847.00	
Due depositors,	4,069.27	
Unpaid dividends,	599.50	
	<hr/>	\$137,515.77
Estimated surplus,		<hr/>
		\$2,113.60

President—John McDuffee.*Cashier*—Franklin McDuffee.*Directors*—John McDuffee, James C. Cole, Charles Dennett, Dominicus Hanson, E. J. Mathes, Watson Hayes, Enoch Whitehouse.

Dividends to the amount of 6½ per cent have been made the past year. None of the directors indebted as principal or surety. No loans upon pledge of stock. No bad or doubtful paper. Amount of protested paper, \$850. Amount of over-due paper, \$5,950. Average amount of deposits, \$6,000. Average amount of circulation, \$44,000. Number of stockholders, 105. All of the stock owned in this State. Amount of loans out of the State, \$9,550. Rates of exchange, from ⅓ to ½ per cent. The directors hold meetings as often as business requires. Charter expires 1873.

SOMERSWORTH BANK—Somersworth.

April 25, 1861.

Resources.

Notes discounted,	\$155,972.45	
Deposits in Eliot Bank, Boston,	8,535.17	
20 shares Bank of Mutual Redemption,	2,000.00	
Foreign bills, and checks,	1,241.00	
Banking room and fixtures,	800.00	
Specie,	2,636.70	
	<hr/>	\$171,185.32

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	51,146.00	
Due depositors,	11,156.38	
Unpaid dividends,	2,584.50	
Interest,	426.45	
	<hr/>	\$165,313.33
		<hr/>
Apparent surplus,		\$5,871.99
Doubtful debts,		3,860.00
		<hr/>

Estimated surplus,

\$3,011.99

President—Oliver H. Lord.*Cashier*—J. A. Burleigh.*Directors*—Oliver H. Lord, Oliver W. Davis, S. N. Dam, Geo. W. Wendell, S. A. Chick, E. A. Rollins, S. S. Rollins.

Indebtedness of directors, \$2,048.72; none illegal. Amount loaned upon pledge of its stock, \$3,082.84. Doubtful debts to the amount of \$3,177.63, on which the cashier states that not more than a tenth part can be realized. Amount of protested paper, \$5,100. Amount of over-due paper, \$8,500. The directors meet weekly. Two dividends have been made the past year, of $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent each. Number of stockholders, 115. \$89,700 of the stock owned in the State. Amount loaned out of the State, \$26,000. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$48,740. Average amount of deposits, \$10,200. Rates of exchange vary from $\frac{1}{4}$ to 1 per cent. Charter expires 1875.

GREAT-FALLS BANK—Somersworth.

April 25, 1861.

Resources.

Notes and bills discounted,	\$223,018.77	
Deposits in Suffolk Bank,	17,695.14	
Real estate,	2,389.70	
Bills of other banks,	1,809.00	
Specie,	6,563.52	
	<hr/>	\$251,476.13

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$150,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	68,128.00	
Due depositors,	26,713.42	
Dividends unpaid,	889.50	
	<hr/>	\$245,730.92
Apparent surplus,		\$5,745.21
Doubtful debts,		505.48
		<hr/>
Estimated surplus,		\$5,239.73

President—Nathaniel Wells.*Cashier*—D. H. Buffum.*Directors*—Nathaniel Wells, D. M. Goodwin, G. W. Burleigh, W. Bedell, D. G. Rollins, M. C. Burleigh, Isaac Chandler.

Indebtedness of directors, \$2,245.47; none illegal. Amount loaned upon pledge of its stock, \$4,487.24. Doubtful paper, \$505.48. Protested paper, \$775. Over-due paper, \$28,000. Loans out of the State, \$41,000. Number of stockholders, 137. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$74,264. Average amount of deposits, \$11,579. Two dividends the past year, 3½ per cent each. 1,173 shares of the stock are owned in this State. The directors hold meetings weekly. Rates of exchange, from ⅓ to ½ per cent. Charter expires 1866.

FARMERS AND MECHANICS' BANK—Rochester.

April 25, 1861.

Resources.

Notes discounted,	\$100,664.73	
Deposits in Boston,	6,874.47	
Stock in Bank of Mutual Redemption,	2,000.00	
Bills of other banks,	33.00	
Specie,	1,583.45	
	<hr/>	\$111,155.65

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$60,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	40,312.00	
Due depositors,	6,985.93	
Unpaid dividends,	28.00	
	<hr/>	\$107,325.93
Apparent surplus,		\$3,829.72
Doubtful debts,		1,000.00
		<hr/>
Apparent surplus,		\$2,829.72

President—N. V. Whitehouse.*Cashier*—E. F. Whitehouse.*Directors*—N. V. Whitehouse, G. I. Whitehouse, Downing Varney, John Legro, E. H. Watson, P. A. Stackpole.

Indebtedness of directors, \$1,670 ; none illegal. Loans, upon pledge of stock, \$300. Doubtful paper to the amount of \$1,000. Amount of protested paper, \$5,900. Over-due paper, \$14,000. The directors hold meetings weekly. All loans approved by a majority of the directors. A dividend was made in September last, of \$3 per share. Rates of exchange, from $\frac{1}{8}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Number of stockholders, 78. \$58,600 of the stock is owned in this State. Amount of loans out of the State, \$22,000. Average circulation the year past, \$31,400. Average deposits, \$5,100. Charter expires 1876.

SALMON-FALLS BANK—Rollinsford.

April 26, 1861.

Resources.

Notes and bills discounted,	\$71,398.44	
Deposits in Boston,	9,141.02	
Bills of other banks,	4,476.00	
Real estate,	2,522.34	
Specie,	1,212.69	
	<hr/>	\$88,750.49

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$50,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	27,895.00	
Due depositors,	6,161.62	
Unpaid dividends,	576.00	
	<hr/>	\$84,632.62
Estimated surplus,		\$4,117.87

President—H. R. Roberts.*Cashier*—W. H. Merton.*Directors*—H. R. Roberts, G. W. Roberts, O. H. Lord, J. Converse, H. S. Watson, A. G. Haley, E. R. Doe.

No bad or doubtful debts reported as assets by the cashier. No loans upon pledge of stock. Indebtedness of directors, \$140; none illegal. The directors meet weekly to make loans. Two dividends have been declared the past year, of 4 per cent each. Amount of protested paper, \$1,200. Number of stockholders, 73. Three hundred and ninety-eight shares of the stock are owned in this State. Amount loaned out of the State, \$19,000. Average circulation the past year, \$30,000. Average amount of deposits, \$8,000. Over-due paper, \$3,000. Rates of exchange vary from $\frac{1}{8}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Charter expires 1871.

SAVINGS BANKS.

MEREDITH BRIDGE SAVINGS BANK—Laconia.

March 20, 1861.

President—John L. Perley.

Treasurer—John T. Coffin.

Trustees—John L. Perley, Woodbury Melcher, Francis Russell, Alvah Tucker, Albert G. Folsom, John D. Morrill, James P. Morrison, Ephraim Mallard, Daniel A. Tilton.

Resources.

Notes receivable,	\$133,530.95	
30 shares Belknap County Bank,	3,000.00	
40 shares Citizens' Bank,	4,006.00	
10 shares State Capital Bank,	1,000.00	
138 shares Boston Banks,	14,174.00	
5 bonds city of Portland,	5,000.00	
Int. due more than rec. in advance,	4,298.55	
\$10,100 Boston, Concord & Montreal Railroad bonds,	7,094.56	
Real estate,	1,039.79	
Deposits in Citizens' Bank,	1,300.31	
Cash on hand,	6,999.04	
	<hr/>	\$181,443.20

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,	\$173,446.39	
Amount due A. G. Folsom,	400.00	
Amount reserved as profits,	2,822.78	
	<hr/>	\$176,669.17
Estimated surplus,		<hr/>
		\$4,774.03

The loans are made by a committee of three of the trustees, who meet at the call of the Treasurer. A thorough examination of the affairs of the institution is made semi-annually. Two dividends, of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent each, have been made the past year. Number of depositors, 1250. Amount loaned out of the State, \$3,987. No bad or doubtful debts due the institution reported by the treasurer. Salary of treasurer, five hundred dollars. Average yearly expense of the institution, six hundred dollars. Indebtedness of trustees, \$11,268.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE SAVINGS BANK—Concord.

March 22, 1861.

Resources.

Loans secured on real estate,	\$271,577.35
“ on personal security,	48,058.56
“ secured by pledge of bonds,	2,600.00
“ “ “ stocks,	54,381.76
“ on notes of the city of Lynn, Massachusetts,	4,000.00
“ to State of New-Hampshire,	8,000.00
“ to N. H. Mu. Fire Ins. Co.,	700.00
“ to Town of Conway,	2,000.00
“ “ Hooksett,	700.00
“ “ Allenstown,	350.00
“ to N. H. Missionary Society,	800.00
“ to Manchester Car and Ma- chine Works,	9,000.00
“ to Souhegan Mf'g Company,	20,000.00
“ to A. B. Closson, note of C. & P. R. Railroad,	2,000.00
Bonds, city of Bangor, Maine,	3,000.00
“ “ Concord, N. H.,	3,500.00
“ Boston & Lowell R. R.,	3,000.00
“ State of Maine,	8,000.00
“ City of Hartford, Conn.,	4,000.00

Stock of Merrimack County Bank,	10,000.00	
“ Merchants’ Bank, Boston,	1,900.00	
“ Mechanics’ Bank, Concord.	8,100.00	
“ Grocers’ Bank, Boston,	7,500.00	
“ Amoskeag Mf’g Company,	2,000.00	
Cash on hand,	16,108.25	
		\$491,275.92

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,	\$464,347.14
Apparent surplus,	27,928.78
Doubtful debts,	10,999.46
Estimated surplus,	\$16,929.32

President—Samuel Coffin.

Treasurer—James Moulton, Jr.

Trustees—Francis N. Fisk, Ezra Carter, Theodore French, Samuel Herbert, Asa McFarland, Ira Perley, Isaac F. Williams, Shadrach Seavey, Asa Fowler, David M. Carpenter, Seth Eastman, Joseph M. Harper, Charles Smart, Benjamin Parker, Ebenezer S. Towle, Joseph B. Walker, Nathaniel White, John H. George.

Two dividends, of two per cent each, have been declared the past year. Also an extra dividend of 30 per cent on the amount of interest on each account. Indebtedness of trustees, as principal, \$1,160; as sureties, \$28,522. All loans are made by an investigating committee, consisting of the president and three trustees, who are elected semi-annually. They hold meetings weekly. A thorough examination of the institution is made semi-annually. Doubtful debts, \$10,999.46. Average expense of the institution for the last two years, \$976.48. Treasurer’s salary, \$600. The investigating committee are paid one dollar for each weekly meeting. Treasurer’s bond, \$20,000.

PITTSFIELD SAVINGS BANK—Pittsfield.

March 26, 1861.

President—John Berry.*Treasurer*—Lowell Brown.*Trustees*—James Drake, C. H. Carpenter, Peter J. Hook, Henry Burleigh, S. H. French, Jeremiah Clough, R. L. French, Lowell Brown, Isaiah Berry, W. G. French.*Resources.*

Notes receivable,	\$14,111.25	
Cash on hand,	380.81	
	<hr/>	\$14,492.06

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,	\$12,592.61	
Unpaid dividends,	1,866.84	
	<hr/>	\$14,459.45

Apparent surplus,	\$32.61
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Indebtedness of trustees, \$650. Amount of over-due paper, \$1,162. All the assets of the Institution are said to be perfectly good by the treasurer. Two dividends, of two per cent each, have been declared the last year. Also, an extra dividend of fifty per cent on all dividends. Number of depositors, 200. No loans out of the State. Average expense of the Institution yearly, \$50. Treasurer's salary, \$30. The loans are made by a committee of investment, consisting of three of the trustees, the president and treasurer.

CONCORD SAVINGS BANK—Concord.

March 27, 1861.

President—Ira A. Eastman.*Treasurer*—Charles Minot.*Trustees*—E. H. Rollins, W. L. Foster, E. A. Abbott, John Brown, W. H. Bartlett, A. P. Cate, N. S. Chandler, G. W. Nesmith, C. H. Carpenter, Aaron Whittemore.

Resources.

Notes receivable,	\$14,941.30	
Loans on real estate,	24,925.00	
Bank stock,	4,000.00	
State of New-Hampshire,	2,500.00	
Cash on hand,	1,879.32	
	<hr/>	\$48,245.62

Liabilities.

Due depositors,		\$46,064.78
		<hr/>
Estimated surplus,		\$2,180.84

Two dividends, of 2½ per cent each, have been made the past year. No bad or doubtful paper. No indebtedness of trustees. All loans are made by a committee of investment. Expenses of the institution this year, about \$80. No loans out of this State. Number of depositors, 295.

CARROLL COUNTY FIVE CENTS SAVINGS BANK—

Wolfborough.

April 23, 1861.

President—George Rust.

Vice-President—Jeremiah F. Hall.

Treasurer—John M. Brackett.

Trustees—A. Haley, John Fox, T. L. Whitton, M. Thompson, A. Brown, M. T. Cate, A. Roberts, B. M. Mason, S. M. Giles, A. L. Hersey, C. G. Tibbets, P. D. Blaisdell.

Resources.

Notes receivable,	\$18,010.19	
Cash on hand,	171.25	
	<hr/>	\$18,181.44

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,		\$18,081.44
		<hr/>
Surplus,		\$100.00

Two dividends, of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent each, have been made the past year. On the second Tuesday of April, an extra dividend was made, with its regular semi-annual dividends. The depositors have received 7 per cent per annum. No indebtedness of trustees. Number of depositors, 368. The treasurer, with the advice of the trustees, makes the loans. No bad or doubtful paper. No loans out of the State. Expenses the past year, seventy dollars. Average expense the last two years, fifty dollars. A thorough examination of the affairs of the institution is made semi-annually.

NORWAY PLAINS SAVINGS BANK—Rochester.

April 25, 1861.

President—Charles Dennett.

Treasurer—John McDuffee.

Trustees—Charles Dennett, N. V. Whitehouse, John Legro, J. C. Cole, T. C. Davis, E. J. Mathes, F. Whitehouse.

Resources.

Notes discounted,	\$162,354.72	
Cash on hand,	3,338.73	
	<hr/>	\$165,693.45

Liabilities.

Due depositors,		\$156,522.29
Surplus,		<hr/> \$9,171.16

Two dividends have been made the past year, of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent each. Number of depositors, 820. No protested or suspended paper. All the investments are said to be good by the treasurer. Indebtedness of trustees, \$20. Amount loaned out of the State, \$5,508.59. The by-laws provide that monthly meetings shall be held by the trustees. Treasurer's salary, \$500. Bond, \$10,000.

SOMERSWORTH SAVINGS BANK—Somersworth.

April 25, 1861.

Resources.

Notes receivable,	\$120,580.15	
231 shares Great Falls Bank,	23,187.00	
50 " Salmon Falls Bank,	5,000.00	
50 " Lewiston Falls Bank,	5,000.00	
50 " Bank of North America,	5,125.00	
25 " Somersworth Bank,	2,375.00	
50 " Great Falls and Conway R. R.	5,000.00	
\$7,000 Great Falls and Conway rail- road bonds, guaranteed by East- ern railroad,	7,000.00	}
Cash on hand,	5,496.78	
	<hr/>	\$178,763.93

Liabilities.

Due depositors,	\$174,475.36
Surplus,	<hr/> \$4,288.57

President—M. C. Burleigh.*Treasurer*—D. H. Buffum.

Trustees—M. C. Burleigh, D. G. Rollins, I. G. Jordan, N. Wells, O. H. Lord, G. W. Brasbridge, C. E. Bartlett, R. Eastman, S. D. Whitehouse, I. S. Ross.

The investments are made by the trustees, who hold meetings monthly. Indebtedness of trustees, as principals, \$14,763.95, and as sureties, \$14,535. Two dividends, of 2½ per cent each, have been made the past year. Amount of loans out of the State, \$20,881. Amount of protested paper, \$480. Over-due paper, \$40,000. This bank holds railroad bonds to the amount of \$7,000; also notes to the amount of \$2,200, which are probably not of much value. The treasurer reports there is over-due interest to an amount sufficient to cover all losses. Treasurer's salary, \$300. Bond, \$10,000.

ROLLINSFORD SAVINGS BANK—Rollinsford.

April 26, 1861.

Resources.

Notes receivable,	\$126,716.51	
30 shares Eagle Bank, Boston,	3,158.33	
46 " Granite Bank, Boston,	4,600.00	
60 " North America Bank,	6,277.50	
20 " Central Bank, Janesville,	2,000.00	
50 " International Bank, Portland,	5,000.00	
50 " North Berwick, Bank, Maine,	5,000.00	
40 " Merrimack River B'k, Man- chester,	4,070.00	
20 " State Capital Bank, Concord,	2,040.00	
28 " Great Falls B'k, Somersworth,	2,800.00	
70 " Salmon Falls Bank,	7,060.00	
\$5,000 Missouri Bonds,	4,064.80	
\$5,000 Tennessee Bonds,	4,481.25	
\$5,000 Dover City Bonds,	5,000.00	
	<hr/>	\$182,268.39

Liabilities.

Due depositors,	174,342.99
Salmon Falls Bank,	9.42
	<hr/>
	174,352.41
	<hr/>
Apparent surplus,	\$7,915.98

President—H. R. Roberts.*Treasurer*—W. H. Morton.

Trustees—H. R. Roberts, Joshua Converse, George W. Roberts, E. R. Doe, I. P. Rowe, E. E. Dodge, Francis Plumer, R. C. Fernald.

Two dividends, of $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent each, have been made the past year. Also, July 1, 1860, an extra dividend of 40 per cent on the interest each depositor had received, making an average of about 7 per cent for the previous five years. The investments are made by the trustees, who meet weekly for that purpose.

One of the trustees is held as surety for \$500. Number of depositors, 800. Amount of loans out of the State, \$30,000. No protested paper. Over-due paper, \$7,000. Salary of treasurer the past year, \$400. The treasurer reports all assets good, except the Missouri and Tennessee bonds. On them it is difficult at the present time, to state their true value.

DANIEL P. WHEELER, *Bank Commissioner.*

ORFORD, May 17, 1861.

REPORT OF CYRUS K. SANBORN.

To His Excellency the Governor, and the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the State of New-Hampshire :

In the performance of my duties as one of the Bank Commissioners, I visited, in the months of March and April, 1861, and made personal examination into the affairs, condition and management of the several banks hereinafter set forth, and most respectfully make, subscribe and submit the following

REPORT :

PETERBOROUGH BANK—Peterborough.

Incorporated, 1854.

Assets.

Loans,	\$97,307.77	
Deposits in Boston,	6,669.52	
Stock in Bank of Mutual Redemption,	2,500.00	
Specie,	1,404.57	
Bills of other banks,	2.00	
	<hr/>	\$107,883.86

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$50,000.00	
Circulation,	46,618.00	
Due depositors,	6,221.25	
	<hr/>	\$102,839.25
		<hr/>
Surplus,		\$5,044.61

President—A. C. Cochran.

Cashier—C. G. Cheney.

Directors—A. C. Cochran, F. Livingston, William Follansbee, Levi Woodbury, A. Sawyer, T. H. Ames, Samuel Converse.

Cashier's salary, \$600. Cashier's bond, \$20,000. President, no salary. Dividends : July, 1860, 4 per cent ; January, 1861, 4 per cent. The directors are not indebted to the bank, neither are there any loans upon the pledge of stock. The loans are made by the cashier, with approval of the directors. No bad or doubtful assets. The directors have weekly meetings, at which meetings they make their discounts, and semi-annually make a thorough examination of the bank. Number of stockholders, 96 ; and \$48,600 of the stock is owned in this State, and \$1,500 is loaned out of the State. This bank has \$1,511.84 of over-due and not protested paper, considered by the cashier as perfectly good.

There are \$55,000 of its bills signed and now existing. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$47,000. Average amount of deposits the past year, \$9,000. Not in the practice of charging exchange, but have in a few instances.

NEW-IPSWICH BANK—New-Ipswich.

Incorporated in 1849.

Assets.

Loans,	\$150,132.45	
Deposits in Boston and New-York,	20,629.98	
Specie,	4,896.52	
Real estate,	1,000.00	
Bills of other banks,	55.00	
	<hr/>	\$176,713.95

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Circulation,	69,743.00	
Deposits,	2,421.20	
	<hr/>	\$172,164.20
Surplus,		<hr/>
		\$4,549.75

President—James Chandler.

Cashier—George Barrett.

Directors—James Chandler, George Whiting, George W. Wheeler, George W. Wheeler, 2d, Nathan Stone, James W. Bliss, Moses Merriam.

Cashier's salary, \$1,000. Cashier's bond, \$20,000. The president has no salary. Dividends: July, 1860, 3 per cent; January, 1861, 2½ per cent. Loans to the amount of \$100, upon pledge of stock. The directors are indebted to the bank \$620, but not illegally. The cashier makes the loans, approved by the directors. No bad assets; \$1,000 considered doubtful. The directors have monthly meetings, and make a thorough examination of the bank annually. There are 120 stockholders. No protested or over-due paper. There is about \$17,000 of demand paper, on which there is six months' interest due. Stock of the bank to the amount of \$75,000 is owned in this State, and \$37,000 is loaned out of the State. This bank has \$111,428 of its bills signed. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$65,000; average amount of deposits the past year, \$6,700. The exchange depends upon the circulation of the bills upon loans, and upon checks, for want of circulation or for the check.

WINCHESTER BANK—Winchester.

Incorporated 1847.

Assets.

Loans,	\$135,875.08	
Bills of other banks,	3,984.01	
Specie,	3,746.91	
Real estate,	3,343.13	
Deposits in Boston,	2,697.77	
Stock in Bank of Mutual Redemption,	2,000.00	
		\$151,646.90

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Circulation,	46,011.00	
Due depositors,	3,382.27	
	<hr/>	\$149,393.27
Surplus,		<hr/>
		\$2,253.63

President—Henry Kingman.

Cashier—Obadiah Sprague.

Directors—Henry Kingman, Everson Cook, Alfred Willis, John Burbank, Stephen P. Randall, Daniel A. Hawkins, Philip S. Batchelder.

Cashier's salary, \$700. Cashier's bond, \$20,000. The president has no salary. Dividends: July, 1860, 3 per cent; January, 1861, 3 per cent. The directors are indebted to the bank \$976, one of whom owns two shares of the stock of the bank, and is indebted to the bank in the sum of \$300. No loans upon pledge of stock of the bank. No bad debts; \$700 considered as doubtful. The directors have weekly meetings. Discounts are made by the cashier, with one or more of the directors. There is a thorough examination of the bank semi-annually by the directors. There is protested paper to the amount of \$5,220.92, on which the cashier states there will be a loss not exceeding \$200. Number of stockholders, 93; and \$94,800 of the stock is owned in this State; loans out of the State to the amount of \$12,890. There is paper in the bank, on demand, to the amount of \$16,234, on which there is more than six months' interest due, and a farther sum of \$8,489 of over-due and not protested paper, considered by the cashier perfectly good. There is \$85,199 of the bills of the bank signed. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$54,110. Average amount of deposits the past year, \$8,715. Exchange, from $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, to cover expense of collecting.

CHESHIRE COUNTY BANK—Keene.

Incorporated 1855.

Assets.

Notes discounted,	\$154,781.59	
Deposits in other banks,	21,053.67	
Specie,	5,251.36	
Bills of other banks, and checks,	4,083.88	
Real estate,	3,200.00	
	<hr/>	\$188,370.50

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Circulation,	72,583.00	
Due depositors,	11,276.61	
	<hr/>	\$183,859.61
Surplus,		<hr/> \$4,510.89

President—Frederick Vose.*Cashier*—G. W. Tilden.

Directors—Frederick Vose, Lawson Robinson, E. A. Chapin, F. M. Ballou, John Bowker, A. F. Fiske, Edward Joslin.

Cashier's salary, \$1,000. Cashier's bonds, \$20,000. The president does not have any salary. Dividends: July, 1860, 3 per cent; January, 1861, 3 per cent. No loans upon pledge of stock of this bank. The discounts are made by the president and cashier principally. The directors are indebted to the bank in the sum of \$1,770.95, but not illegally. No bad debts rendered as assets. The cashier states that "\$2,500 might be considered doubtful, but expects to realize the full amount in the end; considers it only a question of time." Meetings of the directors are held semi-annually, and at other times as the business of the bank requires. Their last annual meeting was January 1st, 1861. There is a thorough examination of the affairs of the bank semi-annually, in July, by the directors, and in January, by a committee of stockholders. The number of stockholders is 98. This bank has protested paper to the

amount of \$865.45, which is considered by the cashier perfectly good. It has a farther sum of \$10,910.71, considered good, of over-due and not protested paper; \$1,300 of which was in the report of last year; and it has \$500 of demand paper, on which there is more than six months' interest due. The stock of this bank, to the amount of \$94,100, is owned in this State, and \$21,500 loaned out of the State. The bills of the bank now signed amount to \$118,000. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$74,500. Average amount of deposits the past year, \$17,000. Exchange from $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 per cent, to cover expense of collecting.

CHESHIRE BANK—Keene.

Incorporated 1844.

Assets.

Notes discounted,	\$179,618.97	
Deposits in Boston and New-York,	27,936.81	
Bills and checks of other banks,	5,028.09	
Real estate,	4,000.00	
Specie,	3,689.14	
	\$220,273.01	

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Circulation,	73,874.00	
Due depositors,	37,946.96	
	\$211,820.96	
Surplus,		\$8,452.05

President—J. Henry Elliott.

Cashier—R. H. Porter.

Directors—John Henry Elliott, John Elliott, Levi Chamberlain, Charles Lamson, William P. Wheeler, F. A. Faulkner.

Cashier's salary, \$1,000. Cashier's bond, \$10,000. The president has no salary. Dividends: July, 1860, $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent;

January, 1861, $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. The discounts are made by the president and cashier, with the advice of the directors. No loans upon pledge of stock. Only one of the directors is indebted to the bank, and he only in the sum of \$300, and not illegally. No bad assets; there is about \$4,000 of doubtful paper, on which the cashier says the bank will probably suffer a partial loss,—the same being all the protested paper there is in the bank. There is a farther sum of \$2,500 of over-due and not protested paper, which is considered good by the cashier; \$700 of which was in the report of last year. Number of stockholders, 34; and \$97,500 of the stock is owned in this State, and the loans out of the State amount to \$30,000. The directors make a thorough examination of the affairs of the bank semi-annually, and have special meetings as often as the wants of the bank require. The bills of the bank now signed amount to \$94,000. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$75,000. Average amount of deposits the past year, \$35,000. No exchange, except to cover expense of collection.

MONADNOCK BANK—Jaffrey.

Incorporated 1850.

Assets.

Notes discounted,	\$90,063.14	
Deposits in Boston,	25,280.77	
Specie,	3,968.17	
Bills of other banks, and checks,	1,835.72	
Bank fixtures,	489.75	
	—————	\$121,637.55

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$50,000.00	
Circulation,	49,574.00	
Due depositors,	15,505.69	
	—————	\$115,327.69
Surplus,		<u>\$6,309.86</u>

President—James Scott.

Cashier—Peter Upton.

Directors—James Scott, Benjamin Cutter, Samuel Ryan, Arad Adams, James L. Bolster, John Conant, Joseph T. Bigelow.

Cashier's salary, \$700. Cashier's bond, \$20,000. The president has no salary. Dividends: July, 1860, 3 per cent; January, 1861, 3½ per cent. The directors are indebted to the bank \$1,038, but not illegally. No loans upon pledge of stock. No assets considered bad. As I stated in my report last year, there is now the loan of \$7,500 of the Rutland & Burlington first mortgage 7 per cent bonds at par, on which the bank has received 3½ per cent interest for the year 1860. The cashier is still of the opinion the bank will sustain but small, if any loss. The discounts are made by the cashier, and approved by the directors. The directors have monthly meetings, and semi-annually make a thorough examination of the affairs of the bank. There are 73 stockholders. No protested paper. About \$46,000 of the stock of this bank is owned in this State, and \$15,000 loaned out of the State, and about \$500 of over-due and not protested paper, considered perfectly good. Bills of this bank are signed to the amount of \$61,194. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$47,000. Average amount of deposits, the past year, \$14,000. Not in the practice of charging exchange except in cases of collection, and upon checks where there is no circulation.

ASHUELOT BANK—Keene.

Incorporated 1853.

Assets.

Notes discounted,	\$162,504.59	
Deposits in Boston,	16,086.32	
Specie,	5,722.38	
Real estate,	3,500.00	
Bills of other banks,	3,262.00	
	<hr/>	\$191,076.29

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	72,933.00	
Due depositors,	9,361.21	
	<hr/>	\$182,294.21
Surplus,		<hr/>
		\$8,782.08

President—William Dinsmoor.

Cashier—T. H. Leverett.

Directors—William Dinsmoor, Samuel Dinsmoor, Thomas M. Edwards, Samuel Wheeler, George A. Wheelock, David Bufum, Stewart Hastings.

Cashier's salary, \$1,000. Cashier's bond, \$10,000. The president has no salary. Dividends: July, 1860, 3½ per cent; January, 1861, 4 per cent. The directors are indebted to the bank in the sum of \$3,197, but not illegally. Discounts are made by the "cashier, with the consent of one or more of the directors." No loans upon pledge of stock. Assets of this bank to the amount of \$3,075.19 are rendered as bad, and \$274.64 as doubtful. There is protested paper to the amount of \$212.64, considered good, and a farther sum of \$2,987.82, of over-due and not protested paper, considered perfectly good, of which sum \$546 was included in the report of last year. Stock of this bank to the amount of \$89,300 is owned in this State, and \$26,137.68 is loaned out of the State. There are 69 stockholders. The directors "are daily in the bank," and annually make a thorough examination of the affairs of the bank. Not in the practice of charging exchange, but have "received exchange on loans, to make it equal to circulation."

Bills of this bank are now signed to the amount of \$120,167. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$70,000. Average amount of deposits the past year, \$16,420.

CONNECTICUT RIVER BANK—Charlestown.

Incorporated 1844.

Assets.

Notes discounted,	\$136,366.03	
Deposits in Boston,	20,552.01	
Due on account,	2,932.63	
Specie,	2,500.00	
Bills of other banks,	1,132.00	
	<hr/>	\$163,482.67

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	48,371.00	
Due depositors,	6,188.25	
	<hr/>	\$154,559.25
		<hr/>
Surplus,		\$8,923.42

President—Hope Lathrop.*Cashier*—George Olcott.

Directors—Hope Lathrop, Robert Elwell, Ansel Glover, Ashbel Hamlin, Jonathan Baker, John M. Glidden, Edmund L. Cushing.

Cashier's salary, \$700. Cashier's bond, \$40,000. The president has no salary. Dividends: September, 1860, 3 per cent; March, 1861, 3 per cent. The directors are indebted to the bank in the sum of \$3,141.98, but not illegally. The cashier states that this bank has no assets considered wholly bad, but has doubtful loans to the amount of \$10,000, on which he thinks the bank "may recover \$2,500. It is now in litigation." There is a farther sum of \$1,200 of protested paper, considered good, and another sum of \$20,500 of over-due and not protested paper, \$12,500 of which is secured by attachment—all considered good. Number of stockholders, 69, and \$83,600 of the stock is owned in this State, and \$85,000 is loaned out of the State. The directors have weekly meetings, and make the

discounts. There is a thorough examination of the bank made annually by the president and two stockholders. Not in the practice of charging exchange. No loans upon the pledge of the stock of the bank. Bills of the bank are signed to the amount of \$118,500. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$70,000. Average amount of deposits the past year, \$7,000.

MANCHESTER BANK—Manchester.

Incorporated 1844.

Assets.

Notes and bills discounted,	\$234,545.97	
Deposits in Boston,	59,287.87	
Specie,	4,420.47	
Deposits in New-York,	183.79	
Bills of other banks,	97.00	
	<hr/>	\$298,535.10

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$125,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	121,536.00	
Due depositors,	42,331.14	
Unpaid dividends,	288.00	
	<hr/>	\$289,155.14
Surplus,		\$9,379.96

President—James U. Parker.

Cashier—Nathan Parker.

Directors—James U. Parker, D. A. Bunton, J. T. P. Hunt, Isaac Riddle, John H. Maynard, Gilman H. Kimball, B. F. Martin.

Cashier's salary, \$1,800, out of which he pays clerk hire. Cashier's bond, \$20,000. Dividends: September, 1860, 4 per cent; March, 1861, 4 per cent. The directors are indebted to the bank \$3,300, but not in violation of law. No loans upon pledge of the stock of the bank. There is paper to the amount

of \$1,500, which is protested, considered to be perfectly secured by collateral; also a farther sum of \$13,423.03, of over-due and not protested paper. The cashier states that all the assets of this bank are considered good. The loans out of the State amount to \$30,000, and the stock of the bank to the amount of \$119,700, is owned in this State. Number of stockholders, 49. The discounts are made by the directors. They have weekly meetings, and semi-annually make a thorough examination of the affairs of the bank. Not in the practice of charging exchange, but have in some cases. Bills of this bank are signed to the amount of \$145,500. Average amount of circulation the past year, 103,000. Average amount of deposits the past year, \$50,000.

SUGAR RIVER BANK—Newport.

Incorporated 1853.

Assets.

Notes discounted,	\$95,493.12	
Deposits in Boston,	5,456.78	
Specie,	2,830.31	
Bills of other banks,	1,000.00	
	<hr/>	\$104,780.21

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$50,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	46,000.00	
Due depositors,	3,363.79	
	<hr/>	\$99,363.79

Surplus, \$5,416.42

President—Thomas W. Gilmore.

Cashier—Paul J. Wheeler.

Directors—Thomas W. Gilmore, Amasa Hall, H. G. Carleton, Oliver Booth, D. J. Warner, Edmund Wheeler, W. Hall.

Cashier's salary, \$850. Cashier's bond, \$20,000. President has no salary. Dividends: July, 1860, 4 per cent; January,

1861, 4 per cent. The directors are not indebted to the bank. No loans upon pledge of stock. No bad debts rendered as assets. The bank has doubtful paper to the amount of \$1,187, on which the cashier says the bank will receive fifty per cent. No protested paper, but has \$325 of over-due and not protested paper, which the cashier says is perfectly good. Number of stockholders, 55. The stock to the amount of \$49,500 is owned in this State. The loans out of the State amount to \$5,000. The discounts are made by the directors and cashier. The directors have meetings as often as the business of the bank requires, and semi-annually make a thorough examination of the bank. Exchange from $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, to cover expense of collections. There are \$50,000 of the bills of this bank signed. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$47,000. Average amount of deposits the past year, \$7,000.

MERRIMACK RIVER BANK—Manchester.

Incorporated 1855.

Assets.

Notes and bills discounted,	\$252,473.03	
Deposits in Boston,	31,516.66	
Bills of other banks, and checks,	6,013.00	
Specie,	3,427.85	
Real estate,	3,205.63	
Stock in Bank of Mutual Redemption,	3,000.00	
	<hr/>	\$299,636.17

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$150,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	111,044.00	
Due depositors,	30,640.01	
Unpaid dividends,	616.00	
	<hr/>	\$292,300.01
Surplus,		<hr/> \$7,336.16

President—Waterman Smith.

Cashier—Frederick Smyth.

Directors—Waterman Smith, Joseph B. Clark, David Cross, William W. Brown, N. Head, R. N. Batchelder, A. Blood.

Cashier's salary, \$1,600. Cashier's bond, \$30,000. Dividends: July, 1860, 3 per cent; January, 1861, 4 per cent. The directors are indebted to the bank \$1,664, but not in violation of law. There are loans of the bank upon pledge of its stock in the sum of \$5,125. The cashier states that he does not know of any assets of the bank as worthless, but thinks there may be a partial loss on about \$4,500. The whole amount of protested paper is \$6,500, the above sum of \$4,500 being included. There is a farther sum of \$7,850 of over-due and not protested paper, considered good. Loans out of the State amount to about \$25,000, and \$143,000 of the stock of the bank is owned in this State. Number of stockholders, 169. Discounts are made by the directors, who have weekly meetings, and semi-annually make a thorough examination of the affairs of the bank. Sometimes charge exchange on paper payable out of town, about $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. The bills of the bank signed amount to \$124,300. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$85,000. Average amount of deposits the past year, \$30,310.

CLAREMONT BANK—Claremont.

Incorporated 1848.

Assets.

Loans,	\$163,693.06	
Deposits in Boston,	28,710.23	
Specie,	5,847.69	
Stock in Bank of Mutual Redemption,	3,000.00	
Vault and fixtures,	1,000.00	
Bills of other banks,	397.00	
	<hr/>	\$202,647.98

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Circulation,	71,285.00	
Due depositors,	22,356.42	
	<hr/>	\$193,641.42
Surplus,		<hr/> \$9,006.56

President—Ambrose Cossit.

Cashier—John L. Farwell.

Directors—Ambrose Cossit, Isaac F. Wetherbee, George N. Farwell, Thomas Sanford, Nathaniel Tolles, Alpheus F. Snow, Lewis Perry.

Cashier's salary, \$1,000. Cashier's bond, \$20,000. The president has no salary. Dividends: October, 1860, 4 per cent; March, 1861, 4 per cent. Included in the above item of loans is \$10,000 in government bonds, which cost the bank \$9,025, and is reckoned at cost. The directors are indebted to the bank \$470, but not illegally. The loans of the bank upon pledge of its stock amount to \$3,200. The cashier states that there are no bad or doubtful assets in this bank. The last dividend of this bank was made on the day of this examination, but before the examination was completed. No protested paper. \$175 of over-due and not protested paper, which is considered perfectly good. Of the stock, \$89,500 is owned in this State, and loans and investments out of the State amount to \$68,953.08. Number of stockholders, 63. Discounts are made by the directors and cashier. The directors have weekly meetings. There is a thorough examination of the affairs of the bank semi-annually, one of which is made by the president and two stockholders, not directors, and the other by the president and two directors. Exchange from $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent on paper not payable in Boston or New-York. Amount of bills signed, \$93,000. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$71,154. Average amount of deposits the past year, \$16,827.

AMOSKEAG BANK—Manchester.

Incorporated 1848.

Assets.

Notes and bills discounted,	\$380,925.48	
Deposits in Boston,	81,203.59	
Bills of other banks,	9,414.00	
Specie,	5,881.24	
	<hr/>	\$477,424.31

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$200,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	192,814.00	
Due depositors,	74,101.92	
Unpaid dividends,	290.72	
	<hr/>	\$467,206.74
Surplus,		\$10,217.67

President—J. S. Kidder.*Cashier*—Moody Currier.

Directors—J. S. Kidder, Mace Moulton, Herman Foster, E. A. Straw, R. D. Moores, Adam Chandler.

Cashier's salary, \$2,000. Cashier's bond, \$30,000. President's salary, \$200. Dividends: July, 1860, 4 per cent; January, 1861, 4 per cent. Only one of the directors is indebted to the bank; he in the sum of \$782.79, but not illegally; and the sum of \$9,000 is loaned upon the pledge of the stock of the bank. The cashier states there are no bad or doubtful loans in the bank rendered as assets, and no protested paper. There is demand paper to the amount of \$2,000, on which more than six months' interest is due, and \$9,000 of over-due and not protested paper, all of which is considered good. About \$112,000 loaned out of the State, and \$187,400 of the stock of the bank is owned in this State. Number of stockholders, 156. The discounts are made by the directors. They have weekly meetings, and semi-annually make a thorough examination of the affairs of the bank. Rates of exchange, from $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent on some foreign paper. This bank has its bills signed to the

amount of \$282,500,—\$50,000 of which sum is laid aside to be destroyed. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$153,572. Average amount of deposits the past year, \$47,976.

WARNER BANK—Warner.

Incorporated 1850.

Assets.

Notes discounted,	\$102,989.70	
Deposits in Boston,	10,855.53	
Specie,	3,009.62	
Bills and checks of other banks,	2,794.00	
	<hr/>	\$119,648.85

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$50,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	48,055.00	
Due depositors,	15,607.87	
	<hr/>	113,662.87
Surplus,		<hr/>
		\$5,985.98

President—Jason H. Ames.

Cashier—George Jones.

Directors—Jason H. Ames, Franklin Symonds, Abner Woodman, Ira Harvey, A. B. Kelly, John Brown, Jonathan M. Wilmarth.

Cashier's salary, \$600. Cashier's bond, \$20,000. President has \$25 per year by vote of stockholders. Dividends: August, 1860, 4 per cent; February, 1861, 4 per cent. The loans are made by the directors. Number of stockholders, 48. This bank has \$1,600 of assets rendered as bad; none doubtful. It has \$5,500 of over-due and not protested paper, which the cashier says is perfectly good, and \$6,000 loaned out of the State. No loans upon pledge of the stock of the bank. The directors are indebted to the bank \$1,100, but not illegally. The stock of this bank to the amount of \$48,500 is owned in

this State. No protested paper. The directors have weekly meetings, and annually make a thorough examination of the condition and affairs of the bank. Not in the practice of charging exchange; sometimes charge for drafts where there is no circulation, and for expense of collecting. Bills of the bank are signed to the amount of \$51,000. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$45,000. Average amount of deposits the past year, \$13,000.

CITY BANK—Manchester.

Incorporated 1853.

Assets.

Notes discounted,	\$245,652.98	
Deposits in Boston,	29,315.69	
Bills of other banks,	7,000.00	
Real estate,	6,052.32	
Specie,	1,106.03	
	<hr/>	\$289,127.02

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$150,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	116,500.00	
Due depositors,	17,405.71	
Unpaid dividends,	4,836.00	
	<hr/>	\$288,741.71

Surplus,	<hr/>	\$385.31
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President—Isaac C. Flanders.

Cashier—E. W. Harrington.

Directors—Isaac C. Flanders, William C. Clarke, Samuel W. Parsons, Joseph Kidder, A. G. Tucker, William H. Hill, J. A. Haines.

Cashier's salary, \$1,800. Cashier's bond, \$25,000. The president has no salary. Dividends: October, 1860, 4 per cent; April, 1861, 4 per cent. The last dividend was made a few days prior to this examination. This bank has no assets

which are considered bad. It has doubtful assets to the amount of \$2,000, and protested paper to the amount of \$3,882, in which is included the \$2,000 of doubtful assets. It has paper over-due and not protested to the amount of \$19,412.17, and \$663 of demand paper on which there is more than six months' interest due; all considered good. Of the stock of the bank \$149,000 is owned in this State. Loaned out of the State, \$10,000. Number of stockholders, 140. \$1,950 is loaned upon pledge of the stock of the bank. Only one of the directors is indebted to the bank, and he in the sum of \$250, not illegally. The loans are made by the directors, who have weekly meetings, and semi-annually make a thorough examination of the bank. Rate of exchange $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Bills of the bank are now signed in the sum of \$153,100. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$90,000. Average amount of deposits the past year, \$23,242.

DERRY BANK—Derry.

Incorporated 1855.

Assets.

Notes discounted,	\$93,617.80	
Deposits in Boston,	7,229.88	
Specie,	4,290.61	
Real estate,	1,500.00	
Stock in Bank of Mutual Redemption,	1,200.00	
Bills of other banks,	1,142.00	
	<hr/>	\$108,980.29

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$60,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	36,441.00	
Due depositors,	9,075.83	
Unpaid dividends,	359.50	
	<hr/>	\$105,876.33
Surplus,		<hr/>
		\$3,103.96

President—John Ordway.

Cashier—David Currier.

Directors—John Ordway, J. W. Hayes, T. J. Melvin, G. A. Barnes, H. P. Hood, B. F. Eastman, J. Patten.

Cashier's salary, \$800. Cashier's bond, \$20,000. The president has no salary. Dividends: July, 1860, $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent; January, 1861, 4 per cent. The directors are indebted to the bank \$1,500, but not illegally. There is \$500 loaned upon the pledge of stock. The cashier states there is no bad paper in the bank, but about \$3,200 of doubtful assets, "one half of which will probably be paid, and perhaps all." Discounts are made by the directors, who have weekly meetings, and semi-annually make a thorough examination of the affairs of the bank. Has protested paper in the sum of \$600, and \$4,600 of over-due and not protested: both sums considered good. Number of stockholders, 92, and \$57,600 of the stock of the bank is owned in this State. Loans out of the State amount to about \$9,000. Exchange from $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 per cent, to cover expense of collecting and loss in time. Bills of the bank are signed in the sum of \$60,000. Average amount of circulation the past year, \$40,000. Average amount of deposits the past year, \$8,000.

SAVINGS BANKS.

NEW-IPSWICH SAVINGS BANK—New-Ipswich.

Incorporated 1849.

Assets.

Notes secured by real estate,	\$43,469.56	
Notes on names and collateral,	27,945.87	
Cash on hand,	441.19	
	<hr/>	\$71,856.62

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,		\$70,855.43
Surplus,		<hr/>
		\$1,001.19

President—Jeremiah Smith.

Treasurer—John Preston.

Trustees—Jeremiah Smith, James C. Chandler, William W. Johnson, Samuel Ryan, Nathan Sanders, George Sanders, Ephraim F. Fox, N. Brooks, C. A. Whitney.

Treasurer's salary, \$250. Treasurer's bond, \$12,000. The executive committee have \$2 per day, when making examinations. Dividends : July, 1860, 2½ per cent ; January, 1861, 2½ per cent. The trustees are not indebted to the bank. The loans are made by the treasurer, with the advice of the executive committee elected for that purpose. The trustees have no stated meetings, but one or more of them are at the treasurer's office weekly. There is a thorough and particular examination of the affairs of the bank annually. The last examination was January 30, 1861. There are about 450 depositors. About \$12,000 loaned out of the State. No bad or doubtful assets in the bank. No protested paper. Average yearly expenses, about \$275.

ASHUELOT SAVINGS BANK—Winchester.

Incorporated 1855.

Assets.

Notes secured by real estate,	\$17,787.65	
Notes on names,	2,332.00	
Cash on hand,	131.81	
	<hr/>	\$20,251.46

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,	\$19,697.11
	<hr/>
Surplus,	\$554.35

President—Everson Cook.*Cashier*—John Cook.

Trustees—A. J. Humphrey, Henry Kingman, D. A. Hawkins, E. Cook, Alfred Willis, James Fosgate, J. W. Herrick, William W. Thayer, J. Cook, John Burbank, S. P. Randall, David Ball, C. J. Amidon, S. Faulkner, Ellery Albee, O. Sprague, I. W. Russell, D. R. Spaulding, S. Randall.

Treasurer's salary, \$25 per year, by vote. No other officer has any compensation. Treasurer's bond, \$5,000. Dividends: July, 1860, 2½ per cent; January, 1861, 2½ per cent. The trustees are indebted to the bank in the sum of \$1,812. No other officer is indebted to the bank. The loans are made by a board of investment, consisting of Everson Cook, Daniel A. Hawkins, Stephen P. Randall, Alfred Willis and W. W. Thayer, elected for that purpose. Said committee of investment have no regular meetings, but meet as often as the business of the bank requires. Semi-annually, there is a thorough and particular examination of the affairs of the bank. Number of depositors, 225. No loans or investments out of the State. No bad or doubtful paper; no protested or over-due and not protested paper. For the two years last past, the expense of the bank was about \$30 per year; the present year will be about \$40.

PETERBOROUGH SAVINGS BANK—Peterborough.

Incorporated 1847 ; organized 1859.

Assets.

Loans secured by real estate,	\$18,588.03	
Loans on names,	11,276.50	
Loans to town of Peterborough,	5,600.00	
Loans on pledge of stock in Union Manufacturing Co. in Peterborough,	1,000.00	
Cash on hand,	970.11	
Five shares in Souhegan bank,	510.00	
Bank furniture,	68.44	
		\$38,016.08

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,	\$37,738.99
Surplus,	\$277.09

President—John H. Steele.*Treasurer*—George A. Ramsdell.*Trustees*—John H. Steele, W. Follansbee, T. K. Ames, W. French, James Scott, A. Smith, D. B. Cutter, S. Nay, A. P. Morrison.

Treasurer's salary, \$60. Treasurer's bond, \$5,000. No other officer receives any compensation. Dividends: July, 1860, 2½ per cent; January, 1861, 2½ per cent. The loans are made by a committee consisting of James Scott, William Follansbee and Daniel B. Cutter. None of the trustees are indebted to the bank. The committee who make the loans have weekly meetings. The treasurer says, the "rule is" that the trustees make a thorough examination of the affairs of the bank "once a month." The last examination was made January 1, 1861. There are 333 depositors. The treasurer states that there are no bad or doubtful assets, neither is there any protested, or overdue and not protested paper, in the loans of the bank. There are about \$4,000 loaned out of this State. The expenses of the bank the last year were about \$100; the year before, \$75.

WALPOLE SAVINGS BANK—Walpole.

Incorporated 1849.

Assets.

Loans secured by real estate,	\$37,502.50	
Loans on names,	16,450.36	
Loan to county of Cheshire,	4,700.00	
Loan to school district No. 1, in Walpole,	1,020.05	
Loan to town of Swanzey,	1,000.00	
Loan to town of Walpole,	175.00	
Boston, Concord & Montreal R. R. bonds,	3,000.00	
Cash on hand,	4,793.34	
Interest due on loans,	2,064.09	
Safe,	130.00	
		\$70,835.34

Liabilities.

Due depositors,	\$68,542.43
Surplus,	\$2,292.91

President—David Buffum.*Treasurer*—B. F. Aldrich.

Trustees—B. B. Grant, Jeremiah Kittredge, Larkin Baker, D. Buffum, Thomas Bellows, L. Watkins, Frederick Vose, J. W. Hayward, A. P. Howland.

Treasurer's salary, \$75. Treasurer's bond, \$6,000. Dividends: July, 1860, $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent; January, 1861, $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. No other officer has any compensation. Average yearly expenses for the two years last past, about \$95 per year. One of the trustees is indebted to the bank in the sum of \$120, as surety. None others of the trustees are indebted to the bank. The loans are made by a standing committee elected for the purpose, consisting of F. Vose, J. Kittredge and A. P. Howland. Said committee have meetings as often as is necessary. A thorough and particular examination of the affairs of the bank is made semi-annually by the trustees. Number of depositors, 357. The loans and investments out of the State amount to \$8,611.36. The treasurer reports that there is no bad, doubtful, or protested paper in the bank; neither is there any over-due and not protested paper.

SULLIVAN SAVINGS INSTITUTION—Claremont.

Incorporated 1838. Extended in 1858.

Assets.

Loans secured by real estate,	\$165,127.10	
Loans on names,	12,660.00	
Loans to county of Sullivan,	4,000.00	
Loan to school district No. 17, in Claremont,	1,500.00	
Bank stock,	18,647.95	
Cash on hand,	6,582.26	
Real estate,	1,777.38	
Interest due,	981.66	
	<hr/>	\$211,276.35

Liabilities.

Due depositors,		\$206,737.55
		<hr/>
Surplus,		\$4,538.80

List of stocks owned by the Bank.

14 shares Market Bank, Boston,	\$1,246.00
10 " Eliot " "	997.50
20 " Howard " "	2,005.00
30 " Washing'n " "	3,060.00
27 " National " "	2,739.45
30 " Republic " "	3,000.00
50 " Claremont " Claremont,	5,600.00

\$18,647.95*President*—Jonas Livingston.*Treasurer*—John L. Farwell.

Directors—A. Blodgett, T. Sanford, J. Livingston, P. C. Freeman, S. P. Bailey, E. Glidden, N. Tolles, P. Tolles, A. Cosset, W. Clark, T. Nutting, G. N. Farwell, J. L. Farwell, H. Patten, C. H. Eastman, C. N. Goss, J. P. Rounsevel, James Brickett.

Treasurer's salary, \$500. Treasurer's bond, \$20,000. Loaning agents have \$50 per year each. Auditors have \$2 per day. Dividends: July, 1860, 2½ per cent; January, 1861, 2½ per cent. The directors are not indebted to the institution. The loans are made by the loaning agents, who are elected by

the directors, consisting of J. Livingston, P. C. Freeman and James Brickett. Said committee has weekly meetings, and as often as business requires. Semi-annually a thorough and particular examination of the affairs of the institution is made. Number of depositors, 1170. The loans and investments out of the State amount to \$14,447.95.

In this institution the treasurer assures me that there is no bad, doubtful, protested, or over-due and not protested paper. The expenses of this institution for the year 1859 were \$691; 1860, \$765. This year the expenses will be about \$800.

CONNECTICUT RIVER SAVINGS BANK—Charlestown.

Incorporated 1831.

Assets.

Notes secured by real estate,	\$74,305.00	
Notes on names,	54,300.98	
Bank stock,	15,000.00	
Cash on hand,	1,662.49	
	<hr/>	\$145,268.47

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,		\$144,920.76
		<hr/>
Surplus,		\$347.71

Stocks owned by the Bank.

15 shares Atlas Bank, Boston,	\$1,500	
20 " Hide and Lea'r Bank, Boston,	2,000	
35 " Maverick " "	3,500	
5 " Merchants' " "	500	
15 " Shawmut, " "	1,500	
15 " Revere, " "	1,500	
20 " B'k of Commerce, " "	2,000	
25 " Traders' " "	2,500	
	<hr/>	\$15,000

President—Samuel Webber.

Treasurer—George Olcott.

Trustees—D. Holton, E. H. West, H. Hubbard, I. F. Wetherbee, E. L. Cushing, A. Hamlin, C. H. West, R. Robertson,

J. H. Hubbard, R. Hubbard, D. Holton, Jr., C. C. Kimball, S. Walker, J. J. Hanson, J. Baker, B. Kimball, R. Elwell, J. M. Glidden.

Treasurer's salary, \$500. Treasurer's bond, \$20,000. No other officer has any compensation. Dividends: May, 1860, 2½ per cent; November, 1860, 2½ per cent. An extra dividend was declared in May, 1860, of about 3 per cent, amounting to \$2,900. The trustees are indebted to the bank in the sum of \$34,577. The loans and investments are made by a Committee of Finance, appointed from the trustees, consisting of E. L. Cushing, I. F. Wetherbee, D. Holton, H. Hubbard and J. Baker. They have meetings as often as the business of the bank requires. The trustees have meetings semi-annually, and at such meetings make a thorough and particular examination of the bank. Number of depositors, 818. There is \$44,000 loaned and invested out of the State. No bad, doubtful, protested, or over-due and not protested paper, in this bank. The average expenses of this bank are \$514 per year.

CHESHIRE PROVIDENT INSTITUTION FOR SAV-
INGS—Keene.

Incorporated 1833; renewed in 1853.

Assets.

Loans secured by real estate,	\$360,965.37
Loans on pledge of stocks and bonds,	39,873.03
Loans on personal security,	279,443.36
Loans to towns and counties in New- Hampshire,	22,848.20
Cheshire railroad bonds,	18,400.00
98 shares Cheshire railroad stock,	2,302.60
98 shares Fitchburg railroad stock,	9,962.88
\$25,000 Missouri State bonds,	21,150.00
50 shares People's Fire Insurance Company,	5,000.00

80 shares State Life Insurance Com- pany,	2,000.00	
Cash on hand,	3,765.46	
	<hr/>	\$765,710.90

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,		\$752,930.42
Surplus,		\$12,781.48

President—Levi Chamberlain.

Vice-Presidents—Samuel Dinsmoor and Thomas M. Edwards.

Treasurer—George Tilden.

Trustees—John Elliot, Charles Lamson, R. Piper, Larkin Baker, William Dinsmoor, Sumner Wheeler, T. H. Leverett, William P. Wheeler, G. A. Wheelock, J. H. Elliot, L. Bisco, F. A. Faulkner, G. H. Richards, William S. Briggs and F. F. Lane.

Treasurer's salary, \$800. Treasurer's bond, \$10,000. No other officer has any compensation. Dividends: July, 1860, 2½ per cent; January, 1861, 2½ per cent. The trustees are indebted to the institution in the sum of \$71,455. The loans and investments are made by the Board of Investment, consisting of Levi Chamberlain, J. Henry Elliot, G. A. Wheelock, S. Dinsmoor and William Dinsmoor. They have meetings as often as the business of the institution requires, and whenever called by the President. The trustees make a thorough and particular examination of the affairs of the institution semi-annually. Number of depositors, 4,656. No bad assets in this institution. In reference to doubtful paper the treasurer says: "We have some claims of deceased persons under settlement on which may possibly be a small loss; no other debts doubtful." No protested or over-due and not protested paper.

Loans out of the State,	\$61,648.18	
Stocks and investments out of the State,	38,112.30	
	<hr/>	\$99,760.48

The yearly expenses of this institution have been:

For the year 1859, \$1,026.78.

For the year 1860, \$1,055.65.

Estimated for the year 1861, \$950.

AMOSKEAG SAVINGS BANK—Manchester.

Incorporated 1852.

Assets.

Loans secured on real estate,	\$178,155.55	
Loans secured by stock and collateral,	50,050.00	
Loans on personal security,	198,207.03	
203 shares Amoskeag Bank,	21,012.00	
8 " Amoskeag Manufacturing Company,	8,060.00	
57 shares Manchester and Lawrence railroad,	5,631.00	
122 shares Concord railroad,	6,718.62	
100 " Boston & Maine railroad,	10,463.50	
50 " Howard Bank, Boston,	4,993.75	
100 shares Merchants' Bank, Boston,	10,900.00	
10 " Manchester Gas Company,	1,100.00	
5 " Manchester Print Works,	5,012.50	
2 " Stark Mills,	1,705.00	
10 " Derry Bank,	1,000.00	
76 " Washington Mills,	7,600.00	
Cash on hand,	9,500.41	
		<hr/>
		\$520,109.36

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,	\$496,777.48
Surplus,	<hr/>
	\$23,321.88

President—Mace Moulton.*Treasurer*—Moody Currier.*Trustees*—Joseph Knowlton, J. G. Cilley, Moody Currier, T. W. Little, Justus D. Watson, S. D. Green, Jacob F. James.

Treasurer's bond, \$20,000. The trustees allow the treasurer $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent on the deposits, in full for his services, rent, books, stationery, clerk hire and incidentals. Dividend: July, 1860, 6 per cent. The average expense for the two years previous to this, is \$1,398.06; the expense of the present year will be about \$2,200. None of the assets of this bank are bad; neither are there any doubtful. No protested or over-due and not

protested paper. The stock of the Washington Mills is not selling at par. The trustees are not indebted to the bank. The loans are made by a Committee of Investment, who have meetings monthly. Annually, the trustees make a thorough and particular examination of this bank. Number of depositors about 4,000. Loaned and invested out of the State, about \$90,000.

MANCHESTER SAVINGS BANK—Manchester.

Incorporated 1846.

Assets.

Loans secured by real estate,	\$70,944.33	
“ “ by pledge of stocks,	53,500.00	
“ to city of Manchester,	14,100.00	
“ on personal security,	227,930.74	
52 shares Middlesex M'f'g Co.,	5,200.00	
60 “ Boston & Maine R. R.,	6,300.00	
30 “ Howard Banking Co., Boston,	3,030.00	
15 “ Columbian Bank, Boston,	1,520.33	
60 “ Bank of No. America, Boston,	6,040.00	
50 “ Traders' Bank, Boston,	5,027.75	
40 “ National “ “	4,080.00	
100 “ Merchants' “ “	10,093.95	
50 “ Grocers' “ “	2,452.50	
22 “ Manchester B'k, Manchester,	2,200.00	
Cash on hand,	472.21	
	<hr/>	\$412,891.61

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,	\$390,536.34
Surplus,	\$22,355.27

President—William P. Newell.

Treasurer—Nathan Parker.

Trustees—Daniel Clark, Herman Foster, Josiah Crosby, P. Adams, William C. Clarke, N. Baldwin, J. T. P. Hunt, Nathan Parker.

Treasurer's salary, \$700. Treasurer's bond, \$30,000. No other officer receives any compensation. Dividends: July, 1860, 5 per cent. It is believed there will be a loss of about \$1,500, on the stock of the Grocers' Bank. Number of depositors, 2,056. The loans and investments out of the State amount to about \$100,000. The loans and investments are made by a committee chosen by the trustees. They have meetings as often as the business of the bank requires. Annually, there is a thorough examination of the affairs of the bank by the trustees. No bad or doubtful paper; neither is there any protested paper. There is \$926 of over-due and not protested paper, secured by mortgage. Average expense for the last two years prior to this, \$797.53. The present year will be about the same.

MANCHESTER FIVE CENTS SAVINGS INSTITUTION—Manchester.

Incorporated 1858.

Assets.

Loans secured by real estate,	\$25,990.00	
“ “ by stocks,	23,500.00	
“ to Manchester Print Works,	10,000.00	
“ to county of Hillsborough,	2,000.00	
5 shares Indian Head Bank, Nashua,	502.50	
15 “ City Bank, Manchester,	1,500.00	
219 “ Merrimack River Bank, Manchester,	22,233.62	
4 “ Manchester Print Works.	4,000.00	
Cash on hand,	1,867.36	
	<hr/>	\$91,593.48

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,	\$88,265.29
Surplus,	\$3,328.19

President—Waterman Smith.

Vice-President—William G. Perry.

Treasurer—Frederick Smyth.

Trustees—Stephen Palmer, Joseph B. Clark, Isaac Smith, William B. Webster, George Thompson, John B. Clarke, Peter S. Brown, Frederick Smyth, Josiah S. Shannon, John L. Kelly, James M. Varnum, Alonzo Smith, Thomas Wheaton, W. Page, A. C. Heath, E. S. Peabody, J. A. Haines, David Cross.

Treasurer's bond, \$10,000. No compensation to any officer of the institution, except the treasurer, and his salary has not yet been fixed. Dividend: October, 1860, 6 per cent. None of the trustees are indebted to the institution. The loans are made by a board of investment, elected for the purpose. The board have meetings when called by the treasurer. There is a thorough and particular examination of the institution made by the trustees semi-annually. No protested paper. No over-due and not protested paper. The treasurer assures me that there are no bad or doubtful assets in the institution. Number of depositors, 1252. No loans or investments out of the State. The whole expense of the institution since it was incorporated is \$291.79.

CITY SAVINGS BANK—Manchester.

Incorporated 1859.

Assets.

Loans secured by real estate,	\$16,800.00	
Loans secured by pledge of stocks,	6,000.00	
Loans on names,	20,713.68	
Loans to county of Hillsborough,	5,000.00	
Bonds of the city of Manchester,	5,000.00	
20 shares Merrimack River Bank,		
Manchester,	2,000.00	
67 shares City Bank Manchester,	6,700.00	
6 shares Amoskeag Bank,	600.00	
	<hr/>	\$62,813.68

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,	\$60,005.91
Surplus,	<hr/> \$2,807.77

President—Joseph Kidder.

Treasurer—E. W. Harrington.

Trustees—Samuel W. Parsons, R. N. Batchelder, Andrew G. Tucker, James Hersey, James S. Cheney, J. C. Ricker, J. D. Bean, B. P. Cilley, J. S. Cogswell, J. C. Young.

Treasurer's bond, \$15,000. Dividend: July, 1860, 6 per cent. No officer of the bank has received any compensation, neither is there any salary fixed. The expense of the bank, since its commencement, up to July, 1860, was \$108. None of the trustees are indebted to the bank. The loans are made by a committee of investment elected for the purpose, consisting of B. P. Cilley, R. N. Batchelder, A. G. Tucker, S. W. Parsons, and the president and treasurer. The board of investment have meetings in March, June, September and December, and when necessary are called together by the treasurer. Semi-annually the trustees make a thorough and particular examination of the affairs of the bank. The depositors number 336. No loans or investments out of the State. No bad or doubtful assets, neither is there any protested, or over-due and not protested paper.

CYRUS K. SANBORN, *Bank Commissioner*.

Rochester, May 17, 1861.

GEORGE W. PINKERTON'S REPORT.

To His Excellency the Governor, and the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of New-Hampshire :

I would respectfully submit my report of the means, liabilities and general management of the following banking institutions—having, in the discharge of my official duty, made a personal examination into the condition of the same.

REPORT.

STRAFFORD BANK—Dover.

Incorporated June session, 1846.

Directors—William Woodman, Daniel M. Christie, E. D. Chamberlain, Noah Martin, Charles Woodman, Wm. S. Stevens.

William Woodman, *President* ; salary, \$50.

A. A. Tufts, *Cashier* ; salary, \$1,500.

Cashier's bond, \$25,000.

Statement, February 18, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$203,527.00	
Real estate,	\$4,500.00	
Specie,	1,918.07	
Deposits in Boston banks,	36,191.78	
Foreign bills and checks,	1,570.51	
		\$247,727.36

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$120,000.00	
Due depositors,	40,372.33	
Dividends unpaid,	716.00	
Bank bills in circulation,	67,628.00	
		\$228,716.33

Surplus,

\$19,011.03

Protested paper, \$553.52.

Doubtful paper, \$553.52.

Paper over-due, but not protested, \$12,929.38.

Average circulation, \$70,000.

Average deposits, \$40,000.

Loaned on pledge of its stock, \$950.

Two dividends, 4 per cent each, in July and January.

Number of stockholders, 108.

Amount loaned in other states, \$28,000.

Exchange is charged "only where the bank has to pay for collection."

An amount exceeding one quarter part of the capital is loaned to one party, agreeably to an act approved June 26, 1858.

The directors are indebted as principals \$923.90, but not illegally.

The directors hold weekly meetings to make loans, and the bank is thoroughly examined every year.

All the stock is owned in this State, excepting fifty shares.

The amount of bills of the bank duly executed and in charge of the cashier, is \$137,900; being \$17,900 more than it is entitled to put in circulation.

LANGDON BANK—Dover.

Incorporated June session, 1854.

Directors—Willis H. Estey, James Bennett, A. Rogers, A. Hoitt, James Littlefield, J. D. Townsend, E. H. Nutter.

Willis H. Estey, *President*; salary, \$150.

Calvin Hale, *Cashier*; salary, \$1,000.

Cashier's bond, \$20,000.

Statement, February 18, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,

\$164,713.71

Real estate,

4,500.00

30 shares stock Bank of Mutual		
Redemption,	3,000.00	
Deposits in Boston banks,	2,785.63	
Specie,	2,253.75	
Bills of other banks,	494.00	
	<hr/>	\$177,747.09

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	51,560.00	
Dividends unpaid,	848.00	
Deposits in bank,	16,087.43	
	<hr/>	\$168,495.43

\$9,251.66

Surplus,

Protested paper, \$27,595.94.

Over-due, but not protested, \$6,960.42.

Doubtful paper, \$2,000.

Average deposits, \$20,000.

Average circulation, \$70,000.

Amount loaned out of the State, \$70,000.

Number of stockholders, 147.

Stock owned out of New-Hampshire, 226 shares.

Dividend in July, 4 per cent, and January 4 per cent.

Indebtedness of directors, \$715.30; none illegal.

Loaned on pledge of its stock, \$1,200.

The bank is examined semi-annually. The loans are made by the directors, who hold weekly meetings.

Exchange, from $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 per cent is charged on paper discounted by the bank.

The bank has loaned "to one party to the amount of \$30,000." At the annual meeting in January last the stockholders voted "to instruct the directors to make loans to persons, partnerships and corporations, to an amount exceeding one fourth of the capital stock, if in their judgment it will be for the interest of the bank." In the call for said meeting there was no article notifying the stockholders that such a vote would be taken.

The amount of bills of the bank, duly executed and in the custody of the cashier, is \$127,700, being \$27,700 more than the bank is entitled to put in circulation.

COCHECHO BANK—Dover.

Incorporated June session, 1851.

Directors—Thomas Stackpole, Joseph Morrill, William B. Wiggin, James E. Lothrop, Charles W. Rollins, Thomas E. Sawyer, Joseph C. Hutchins.

Thomas Stackpole, *President*; salary, \$75.

Ezekiel Hurd, *Cashier*; salary, \$1,000.

Cashier's bond, \$20,000.

Statement, February 18, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$170,366.27	
Deposits in Boston banks,	6,452.19	
20 shares stock Bank of Mutual Re- demption,	2,000.00	
Real estate,	4,244.51	
Specie,	2,229.86	
Bills of other banks, and checks,	1,198.50	
	<hr/>	\$186,491.33

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Due depositors,	43,929.93	
Dividends unpaid,	708.00	
Bills in circulation,	34,333.00	
	<hr/>	\$179,970.93
Surplus,		<hr/>
		\$8,520.40

Protested paper, \$23,000.

Over-due, but not protested, \$17,000.

Doubtful paper, \$4,000.

Bad paper, \$4,000.

Average circulation, \$40,000.

Average deposits, \$40,000.

Pay 5 per cent interest on about \$30,000 of deposits.

Amount loaned out of New-Hampshire, \$35,087.

Pay one party for exchanging money, \$200.

Present number of stockholders, 163.

Number of shares owned out of New-Hampshire, 96.

Dividends in July and January, each 4 per cent.

Loans on pledge of its stock, \$1,630.

Indebtedness (nothing illegal) of directors, \$148.

Sometimes charge $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 per cent exchange.

Loans are made by the directors at weekly meetings, and the bank is examined yearly by a committee of stockholders, one of whom is a director.

The amount of bills of the bank duly executed and in charge of the cashier, is \$101,200, being 1,200 more than the bank is entitled to circulate.

NASHUA BANK—Nashua.

Incorporated 1835, and renewed 1853.

Directors—Isaac Spalding, Z. Shattuck, James Pierce, E. Dearborn, C. C. Boutwell, Perley Dodge, Reuben Greeley.

Isaac Spalding, *President*; salary, \$100.

John M. Hunt, *Cashier*; salary, \$1,200.

Cashier's bond, \$30,000.

Statement March 25, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$225,102.52	
Specie,	13,482.13	
Deposits in Boston,	13,526.35	
Bills of other banks,	1,777.00	
	<hr/>	\$253,888.00

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$125,000.00	
Deposits in bank,	24,751.74	
Bills in circulation,	76,967.00	
		<hr/>
		\$226,718.74
Surplus,		<hr/>
		\$27,169.26

Over-due paper not protested, none.

Protested paper, none.

Doubtful or bad paper, none.

Loans out of the State, \$40,000.

Average circulation, \$80,000.

Average deposits, \$25,000.

Present number of stockholders, 97.

Shares of stock owned out of New-Hampshire, 148.

Dividends in July and January, each 4 per cent.

Exchange is charged to cover expense of collection.

The directors meet weekly.

Loans are made by the president and directors.

The bank is examined semi-annually.

The bank loans to one party, agreeably to "An act approved June 26, 1858," as has been reported by associate commissioners in previous years.

The whole amount of bills of the bank in charge of the cashier is \$150,000; being \$25,000 more than it is entitled to put in circulation.

The examination was made in the absence of the cashier. The president answered the usual interrogatories, and made oath to the condition of the bank.

PENNICHUCK BANK—Nashua.

Incorporated June session, 1855.

Directors—A. W. Sawyer, Alfred Greeley, A. P. Hughes,
H. J. Chapman, Gilman Shattuck, Charles P. Gage, Abel P.
Cram.

Aaron W. Sawyer, *President*; salary, \$100.

Harrison Hobson, *Cashier*; salary, \$1,250.

Cashier's bond, \$20,000.

Statement, March 25, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$151,672.17	
Specie,	3,527.59	
Deposits in Boston banks,	7,713.21	
Bills of other banks, and checks,	1,925.50	
	<hr/>	\$164,838.47

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Deposits in bank,	11,016.58	
Bills in circulation,	49,588.00	
	<hr/>	\$160,604.58

\$4,233.89

Surplus,

Protested paper, \$4,500.

Doubtful paper, none.

Loaned out of New-Hampshire, \$44,830.05.

Average circulation, \$50,000.

Average deposits, \$16,174.

Number of stockholders, 105.

Shares of stock owned out of New-Hampshire, 77.

Dividends in July and January, each 4 per cent.

Amount loaned on pledge of its stock, \$2,500.

Indebtedness of directors (none illegal), \$2,325.35.

Exchange is charged to cover expense of collection.

The directors hold weekly meetings.

Loans are made by the directors.

The bank is examined semi-annually.

The whole amount of bills of the bank, duly executed, and in charge of the cashier, is \$88,974, being \$11,026 less than the bank is entitled to put in circulation.

INDIAN HEAD BANK—Nashua.

Incorporated June session, 1851.

Directors—William D. Beasom, Francis Winch, A. G. Reed, E. G. Reed, A. McC. Wilkins, John G. Blunt, Charles Lovejoy.

William D. Beasom, *President*; salary, \$500.

A. McKean, *Cashier*; salary, \$1,800.

Cashier's bond, \$20,000.

Statement, March 25, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$240,353.64	
Specie,	10,360.13	
Deposits in Boston,	31,320.66	
30 shares Bank of Mutual Redemption,	3,000.00	
Bills of other banks,	4,260.00	
	<hr/>	\$289,294.43

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$150,000.00	
Deposits in the bank,	32,221.83	
Bills in circulation,	90,871.00	
	<hr/>	\$273,092.83
Surplus,		<hr/>
		\$16,201.60

Protested paper, \$10,181.75.

Doubtful paper, \$6,000.

Over-due but not protested, \$4,782.17.

Loaned out of the State, \$20,000.

Average circulation, \$90,000.

Average deposits, \$33,000.

Present number of stockholders, 133.

Shares of stock owned out of the State, 117.

Dividends in July and January, each 4 per cent.

$\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent charged for exchange.

The directors make the loans, or they are approved by them. They hold weekly meetings, and the bank is examined semi-annually.

The whole amount of bills, duly executed and in the custody of the cashier, is \$166,000; being \$16,000 more than the bank is entitled to put in circulation.

SOUHEGAN BANK—Milford.

Incorporated June session, 1855.

Directors—Thomas Chase, James Boyd, Robert R. Howison, Leonard Chase, Charles H. Nutt, J. Gove, F. T. Sawyer.

Thomas Chase, *President*; salary \$200.

G. Wadleigh, *Cashier*; salary, \$800; bond, \$20,000.

Statement, April 8, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$142,604.48	
Deposits in Boston,	14,801.21	
30 shares stock of Bank of Mutual Redemption,	3,000.00	
Real estate,	1,276.08	
Specie,	3,470.03	
Bills of other banks, and checks,	3,428.87	
	<hr/>	\$168,580.67

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	62,281.00	
Dividends unpaid,	332.00	
Deposits in bank,	3,644.33	
	<hr/>	\$166,257.33
Surplus,		<hr/>
		\$2,323.34

- Protested paper, \$14,982.
 Over-due but not protested, \$5,410.
 Amount loaned out of New-Hampshire, \$6,894.72.
 No indebtedness of directors.
 No stock pledged for loans.
 Number of shareholders, 152.
 Shares of stock owned out of New-Hampshire, 131.
 Average circulation, \$62,000.
 Average deposits, \$7,000.
 Dividends in July and January, each 4 per cent.
 The loans are made by the directors, who meet weekly, and the bank is examined semi-annually.
 Two persons are paid the sum of \$55 annually, for exchanging bills and collecting notes.
 The whole amount of bills duly executed, and in the custody of the cashier, is \$112,891, being \$12,891 more than the bank is entitled to put in circulation.
 The charge for exchange depends upon the "cost of collection," and the "probabilities of a good circulation, or otherwise."

DOVER BANK—Dover.

Incorporated June session, 1845.

Directors—Joseph H. Smith, Samuel M. Wheeler, Oliver Wyatt, L. S. Rand, Nathaniel Wiggin.

Joseph H. Smith, *President*; salary, \$150.

T. L. Smith, *Cashier*; salary, \$1,000.

Cashier's bond, \$25,000.

Statement, April 29, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$150,284.72
Real estate,	6,000.00
Specie,	3,560.92
30 shares Bank Mutual Redemption,	3,000.00
Deposits in Boston,	9,021.38
Bills of other banks,	5,941.00
	<hr/>
	\$177,808.02

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Deposits in bank,	7,545.93	
Bills in circulation,	58,012.00	
	<hr/>	\$165,557.93
Surplus,		<hr/>
		\$12,250.09

Protested paper, \$29,200.

Over-due but not protested, \$7,732.37.

Doubtful paper, \$6,100.

Amount loaned out of New-Hampshire, \$70,000.

Number of shareholders, 96.

Shares of stock owned out of New-Hampshire, 243.

Amount of debts secured by this bank's stock, \$400.

Indebtedness of directors (not illegal), \$800.

Average of circulation, \$60,153.

Average of deposits, \$16,046.

Two dividends the past year, each 4 per cent.

The bank is examined semi-annually, and the loans are made by the directors, who hold weekly meetings. The usual rate of exchange is $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. The whole amount of bills, duly executed and in the custody of the cashier, is \$145,295, being \$45,295 more than the bank can legally put in circulation.

GRANITE STATE BANK—Exeter.

Incorporated June session, 1851.

Directors—Joseph T. Gilman, William Odlin, Charles Conner, S. W. Dearborn, Abner Merrill, W. W. Stickney, E. Elliot.

Joseph T. Gilman, *President*.

N. A. Shute, *Cashier*; salary, \$1,000.

Cashier's bond, \$20,000.

Statement, April 23, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$193,575.14	
Deposits in Boston,	34,080.41	
Real Estate,	4,000.00	
Bills of other banks,	2,990.00	
Specie,	7,986.61	
	<hr/>	\$242,632.16

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$100,000.00	
Deposits in bank,	47,670.13	
Unpaid dividends,	525.60	
Bills in circulation,	84,037.00	
	<hr/>	\$232,232.73

Surplus, \$10,399.43

Over-due paper (not protested), \$14,134.50.

Amount loaned out of New-Hampshire, \$90,399.50.

Average circulation, \$83,500.

Average deposits, \$44,100.

Amount of stock owned out of New-Hampshire, \$6,200.

Indebtedness of directors (not illegal), \$549.

Loans on pledge of its own stock, \$1,450.

Present number of stockholders, 177.

Dividends in July and January last, each 4 per cent.

Rate of exchange, $\frac{1}{4}$ to 1 per cent.

The loans are made weekly by the directors, and the bank is examined once in each year.

The whole amount of bills duly executed and in the hands of the cashier is \$120,896, being \$20,896 more than it is entitled to put in circulation.

PAWTUCKAWAY BANK—Epping.

Incorporated June session, 1854.

Directors—J. H. Pearson, J. H. Butler, C. L. Knowlton,
George A. Pillsbury, Paltiah Brown, Nat Batchelder, J. L.
Folsom.

J. H. Pearson, *President* ; salary, \$100.

Charles W. Sargent, *Cashier* ; salary, \$600.

Cashier's bond, \$20,000.

Statement, April 29, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$69,500.73	
10 shares stock of Bank of Mutual Redemption,	1,000.00	
Bills of other banks, and checks,	2,823.73	
Deposits in Boston,	12,937.54	
Specie,	3,293.88	
	<hr/>	\$89,555.88

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$50,000.00	
Due depositors,	6,295.45	
Unpaid dividends,	272.00	
Bills in circulation,	29,772.00	
	<hr/>	\$86,339.45
Surplus,		<hr/>
		\$3,216.43

Amount of protested paper, \$1,000.

Amount loaned out of New-Hampshire, \$23,000.

Indebtedness of directors (none illegal), \$1,826.22.

Loaned upon pledge of stock, \$600.

Average circulation, \$35,000.

Average deposits, \$8,000.

Pay 3 and 4 per cent interest on about two thirds of deposits.

Present number of stockholders, 51.

All the stock is owned in New-Hampshire except 7 shares.

Dividends paid in October and April last, 4 per cent each; $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent is charged for exchange.

The directors meet every two weeks, to make loans, or oftener, if required. The cashier loans small amounts, to be subsequently approved by the directors, and the bank is examined once a year. The whole amount of bills duly executed and in the custody of the cashier is \$61,251, being \$11,251 more than the bank is entitled to put in circulation.

NEWMARKET BANK—Newmarket.

Incorporated June session, 1855.

Directors—J. S. Lawrence, Joseph Cilley, J. S. Bennett, S. P. Dow, William B. Small, John Mooney, Joseph C. Burley.

Joseph S. Lawrence, *President*; salary, \$50.

S. A. Haley, *Cashier*; salary, \$1,000.

Cashier's bond, \$20,000.

Statement, April 29, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$184,036.79	
Deposits in Boston,	12,562.41	
20 shares stock of Bank of Mutual Redemption,	2,000.00	
Bills of other banks,	1,482.00	
Specie,	2,956.26	
	<hr/>	\$203,037.46

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$80,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	75,120.00	
Due depositors,	37,756.75	
Unpaid dividends,	178.50	
	<hr/>	\$193,055.25
Surplus,		<hr/>
		\$9,982.21

Amount of protested paper, \$334.91.

Amount loaned out of New-Hampshire, \$33,910.62.

Indebtedness of directors (none illegal), \$744.76.

Present number of shareholders, 126.

Number of shares owned out of New-Hampshire, 34.

Present average circulation, \$76,000.

Average deposits, \$40,000.

“Pay 4 per cent for every full three months on about three fourths of the deposits.”

Rate of exchange, $\frac{1}{8}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ per cent.

A dividend of 4 per cent was paid in July, and $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent in January.

The bank is “usually” examined once each year by the stockholders. The loans are made every Monday by the directors. The whole amount of bills, duly signed and in the custody of the cashier, is \$83,000, being \$3,000 more than it is entitled to put in circulation.

The Legislature, at its last session, gave this bank the right to increase its capital stock the sum of \$20,000.

On the 23d day of July, 1860, at a stockholders’ meeting held for that purpose, the act of the Legislature was adopted, and the capital stock of the bank was increased to \$80,000.

FRANCESTOWN BANK—Francestown.

Incorporated June session, 1851.

Directors—William Bixby, H. Vose, T. B. Bradford, H. P. Clarke, Joseph Kingsbury, Israel Bachelder.

William Bixby, *President*.

Paul H. Bixby, *Cashier*; salary, \$900.

Cashier’s bond, \$20,000.

Statement, May 4, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$114,114.55	
Deposits in Boston,	10,028.77	
30 shares stock B'k Mutual Redempt'n,	3,000.00	
Bills of other banks,	1,612.00	
Specie,	2,497.97	
	<u> </u>	\$131,253.29

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$60,000.00	
Due depositors,	11,082.98	
Unpaid dividends,	100.00	
Bills in circulation,	52,928.00	
	<u> </u>	\$124,110.98

Surplus, \$7,142.31

Amount loaned out of the State, \$40,000.

Amount of over-due paper not protested, \$2,841.09.

Indebtedness of directors (not illegal), \$500.

Number of shares of stock owned out of New-Hampshire, 157.

Number of shareholders, 72.

Average circulation, \$50,000.

Average deposits, \$10,000.

Two dividends, in June and December, each 4 per cent.

Usual charge of exchange, $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Pay four per cent interest on about three fourths of the amount of average deposits.

The directors and cashier make the loans, and the bank is examined semi-annually. The whole amount of bills duly signed, and in the custody of the cashier, is \$65,100, being \$5,100 more than the bank is entitled to put in circulation.

ROCKINGHAM BANK—Portsmouth.

Charter renewed June session, 1853.

Directors—J. M. Tredick, Edward F. Sise, George W. Haven, William P. Jones, Mark H. Wentworth.

J. M. Tredick, *President*; salary, \$300.

John J. Pickering, *Cashier*; salary, \$1,100.

Cashier's bond, \$15,000.

Statement, May 4, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$323,402.92	
Specie,	13,002.07	
Bills of other banks,	11,902.59	
Deposits in Boston and New-York,	27,646.46	
Real estate,	5,000.00	
	<hr/>	\$380,954.04

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$200,000.00	
Due depositors,	66,171.76	
Unpaid dividends,	434.00	
Bills in circulation,	66,162.00	
	<hr/>	\$332,767.76
Surplus,		<hr/>
		\$48,186.28

Present number of stockholders, 197.

Amount loaned out of the State, \$242,552.19

Amount of over-due paper (not protested), \$600.

Amount loaned, secured by pledge of stock, \$1,550.

Average circulation, \$67,000.

Average deposits, \$50,000.

Amount of capital stock owned out of New-Hampshire, \$21,350.

Two dividends, each 4 per cent, were paid in July and January.

The directors have weekly meetings and make the loans. The bank is examined once a year.

There are duly signed, and in the custody of the cashier, bills

to the amount of \$121,004,—being an amount much less than the bank is entitled to put in circulation. This bank has not availed itself of the privileges of “An act approved June 26, 1858,” but it holds the paper of two manufacturing companies located in this State, on which a firm out of it is indorsed to an amount exceeding one quarter part of the capital of the bank.

PISCATAQUA EXCHANGE BANK—Portsmouth.

Incorporated Fall session, 1844.

Directors—W. H. Y. Hackett, William Stavers, William H. Shackford, Ichabod Goodwin, C. S. Toppan.

W. H. Y. Hackett, *President*.

Samuel Lord, *Cashier*; salary, \$1,470.

Cashier's bond, \$20,000.

Statement, May 4, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$284,661.26	
Deposits in Boston and New-York, *	31,774.41	
Bills of other banks, checks, &c.,	816.91	
Specie,	11,458.21	
Real estate,	400.00	
	—————	\$329,110.79

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$200,000.00	
Deposits in bank,	62,654.24	
Bills in circulation,	62,630.00	
	—————	\$325,284.24
Surplus,		\$3,826.55

Present number of shareholders, 84.

Amount of protested paper, \$800.

Amount of over-due but not protested paper, \$16,844.

Indebtedness of parties living out of New-Hampshire,
\$148,375.

Amount of capital stock owned out of New-Hampshire,
\$27,800.

Indebtedness of directors (not illegal), \$1,686.

Average circulation, \$55,700.

Average deposits, \$69,742.

Interest at the rate of 3 per cent is paid on \$21,000 of deposits, and 4 per cent on \$3,400.

Two dividends, each 3 per cent, were paid in September and April. The directors hold semi-weekly meetings, for discounts, and the bank is examined semi-annually. There are duly signed, and in the custody of the cashier, bills to the amount of \$208,541, being \$8,541 more than the bank is entitled to circulate.

BANK OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE—Portsmouth.

Re-chartered June session, 1855.

Directors—Peter Jenness, A. Blaisdell, T. M. Ball, D. Marcy,
E. P. Prescott, J. N. Tarlton, M. P. Jones.

Peter Jenness, *President*; salary, \$300.

J. P. Bartlett, *Cashier*; salary, \$1,200.

Cashier's bond, \$25,000.

Statement, May 6, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$240,675.29	
Deposits in Boston and New-York,	17,181.59	
Bills of other banks, checks, &c.,	3,067.25	
Specie,	6,700.00	
	<hr/>	\$267,624.13

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$150,000.00	
Due depositors,	57,458.33	
Bills in circulation,	46,665.00	
Dividends unpaid,	216.00	
	<hr/>	\$254,339.33
Surplus,		<hr/> \$13,284.80

Indebtedness of parties living out of New-Hampshire,
\$120,337.64.

Indebtedness of directors (not illegal), \$3,566.48.

Indebtedness secured by pledge of stock, \$2,769.52.

Amount of doubtful loans, \$3,500.

Amount of protested paper, \$3,500.

Average circulation, \$45,000.

Average deposits, \$35,000.

Shares of stock owned out of the State, 62.

Present number of shareholders, 129.

Usual rate of exchange, $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

Two dividends, each 3 per cent, were paid in July and January.

The bank is examined semi-annually, and the directors make the loans at their semi-weekly meetings. The amount of bills duly signed, and in the hands of the cashier, is \$129,150; being \$20,850 less than the bank is entitled to circulate.

MECHANICS AND TRADERS' BANK—Portsmouth.

Incorporated Fall session, 1844.

Directors—Richard Jenness, Thomas J. Parsons, Samuel Cleaves, John Knowlton, Albert R. Hatch.

Richard Jenness, *President*; salary, \$400.

James F. Shores, *Cashier*; salary, \$1,200.

Cashier's bond, \$20,000.

Statement, May 6, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$294,222.74	
Deposits in Boston and New-York,	41,057.63	
Specie,	8,322.48	
Other bank bills, checks, &c.,	3,894.56	
	<hr/>	\$347,497.41

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$141,000.00	
Due depositors,	108,027.99	
Bills in circulation,	70,346.00	
	<hr/>	\$319,373.99
Surplus,		<hr/> \$28,123.42

Present number of shareholders, 37.

All the stock is held in New-Hampshire except \$5,500.

Amount loaned to parties living out of New-Hampshire, \$200,000.

Average circulation, \$70,000.

Average deposits, \$100,000.

Usual rate of exchange, $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

Pay 4 per cent interest on \$38,000 of deposits.

Two dividends, each 4 per cent, were paid in July and January.

An examination of the bank is made semi-annually, and the directors make the loans at their weekly meetings; "at other times by the president."

The whole amount of bills duly signed, and in the custody of the cashier, is \$141,472, being \$472 more than the bank is entitled to put in circulation. This bank has not availed itself of the privileges of "An act, approved June 26, 1858," but during the past year it had at one time "the business paper of a corporation in Massachusetts to an amount exceeding one quarter part of the capital stock of the bank." I was under the necessity of making a similar report last year.

WEARE BANK—Hampton-Falls.

Incorporated June session, 1854.

Directors—George H. Dodge, James Locke, T. S. Sanborn, Richard Dodge, Wells W. Healey, Jacob T. Brown, Warren Brown.

George H. Dodge, *President*.

Thomas L. Sanborn, *Cashier*; salary, \$500.

Cashier's bond, \$30,000.

Statement, May 8, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$75,665.14	
12 shares stock Bank Mutual		
Redemption,	1,200.00	
Deposits in Boston,	592.32	
Specie,	1,113.84	
Bills of other banks,	248.00	
Bank fixtures,	1,903.12	
	<hr/>	\$80,722.42

Liabilities.

Capital stock,	\$50,000.00	
Bills in circulation,	23,239.00	
Due depositors,	6,447.58	
	<hr/>	\$79,686.58
Surplus,		\$1,035.84

Present number of stockholders, 31.

Number of shares owned out of New-Hampshire, 51.

Amount loaned out of the State, \$25,508.03.

Amount of protested paper, \$3,960.

Over-due paper, not protested, \$20,848.81.

Amount loaned upon pledge of stock, \$1,933.81.

Amount of assets reported "bad," \$200.

Amount of assets reported "doubtful," \$6,147.55.

Indebtedness of directors (not illegal), \$7,400.

Average circulation, \$26,000.

Average deposits, \$2,315.

Usual charge for exchange, $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

The bank is examined yearly, and the directors make the loans at their weekly meetings.

No dividends have been declared or paid during the past year. The whole amount of bills duly signed, and in the custody of the cashier, is \$68,700, being \$18,700 more than the bank is entitled to put in circulation.

This bank has availed itself of the privileges of the act approved June 26, 1856, entitled "An act regulating and restricting the loans of banks, and for other purposes."

SAVINGS BANKS.

DOVER FIVE CENTS SAVINGS BANK—Dover.

Incorporated June session, 1856.

Trustees—W. H. Estey, Andrew Pierce, Jr., Joseph Morrill, Samuel M. Wheeler, Oliver Wyatt, Josiah B. Folsom, Ralph Hough, Amos Paul, Joseph S. Burnham, Calvin Hale, Jonathan P. Baker.

President—Willis H. Estey.

Treasurer—Calvin Hale; bond, \$6,000.

Statement, February 20, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$113,996.89	
55 shares Langdon Bank,	5,835.00	
10 shares Manchester & Lawrence Railroad,	1,012.50	
Bank safe and fixtures,	400.00	
Cash,	7,622.07	
	<hr/>	\$128,866.46

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,	\$125,354.94
Surplus,	<hr/> \$3,511.52
Protested paper, \$22,500.	
Over-due but not protested paper, \$4,787.92.	
Amount loaned out of the State, \$57,100.	
Indebtedness of trustees, \$6,722.26.	
Number of depositors, 1316.	
Treasurer's salary, \$500.	
Average yearly expenses, \$600.	

Depositors have been paid $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent interest in April, and $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent in October last, and an extra dividend of interest of 2 per cent per annum was declared and paid on all deposits of one or two years' standing.

The trustees, "when called together by the treasurer, sometimes once a week," make the loans, and the institution is examined previous to making dividends. The bank has received 12 per cent on some of its loans.

NASHUA SAVINGS BANK—Nashua.

Incorporated June session, 1854.

Trustees—Edward Spalding, Isaac Spalding, Thomas Chase, Robert McGaw, Israel Hunt, Perley Dodge, John M. Hunt, Franklin Fletcher, A. G. Reed, Caleb J. Emery, C. H. Campbell, H. Hobson, A. P. Hughes.

President—Edward Spalding.

Treasurer—Aaron P. Hughes. Bond, \$10,000.

Statement, April 1, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable, secured by mortgage,	\$100,110.48
Notes receivable, secured by collaterals,	55,421.00
Vermont State bonds, par \$4,000,	4,060.00
Hartford city bonds, par,	1,000.00
Boston & Lowell Railroad, par,	3,000.00
Northern Railroad, par,	4,500.00
Grand Junction, guaranteed par,	3,000.00
50 shares Nashua & Worcester Railroad,	3,000.00
12 shares Boston & Lowell Railroad,	6,000.00
23 shares Boston & Maine Railroad,	2,300.00
5 shares Nashua & Lowell Railroad,	500.00

15 shares Wilton Railroad,	1,350.00	
30 shares Pennichuck Water Works,	2,700.00	
100 shares Safety Fund Bank,	10,000.00	
50 shares National Bank,	5,000.00	
20 shares Webster Bank,	2,000.00	
50 shares Merchants' Bank,	5,000.00	
20 shares Eliot Bank,	2,000.00	
40 shares Bank of Republic,	4,000.00	
40 shares Bank of North-America,	4,000.00	
30 shares Bank of Commerce,	3,000.00	
45 shares Howard Bank,	4,500.00	
10 shares Traders' Bank,	1,000.00	
Cash,	2,410.02	
	<hr/>	\$229,851.50

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,	\$227,288.40
	<hr/>
Surplus,	\$2,563.10

Number of depositors, 1337.

Loaned out of New-Hampshire, \$35,345.48.

No protested or over-due paper.

No indebtedness of trustees.

No bad or doubtful paper.

Treasurer's salary, \$1,000.

The President, as agent, receives \$50.

Average yearly expenses, \$1,177.40.

Depositors have received $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent interest in October and April.

The loans are made by the committee of investments, who meet weekly, and the institution is thoroughly examined before declaring dividends. No more than six per cent has been received for any loan during the year.

SAVINGS BANK FOR THE COUNTY OF STRAFFORD—Dover.

Incorporated June session, 1823.

Trustees—George D. Vittum, Ezekiel Hurd, John E. Bickford, Charles W. Woodman, Z. S. Wallingford, Daniel Smith, William S. Stevens, William Woodman.

President—George D. Vittum.

Treasurer—William Woodman; bond, \$5,000.

Statement, February 22, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$442,539.44	
120 shares Strafford Bank,	12,000.00	
400 shares Boston & Maine Railroad,	42,197.00	
120 shares Boston & Worcester Railroad,	14,125.00	
228 shares Northern Railroad,	22,800.00	
Cash in bank,	3,423.42	
		\$537,084.86

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,	\$490,794.76
Surplus,	\$46,290.10

Present number of depositors, 2595.

Amount loaned out of the State, \$49,025.

Amount of bad paper, \$3,695.

Amount of doubtful paper, \$4,671.

Estimated loss on stocks, \$7,000.

Indebtedness of trustees, as sureties, \$19,330.

Two dividends of interest in July and January, each 2½ per cent.

Treasurer's salary, \$1,100.

Average yearly expenses about \$1,200.

Fitting and furnishing banking-room the past year, \$733.65.

The trustees hold weekly meetings, and make the loans, and the institution is examined once a year.

EXETER SAVINGS BANK—Exeter.

Incorporated June session, 1851.

Trustees—Woodbridge Odlin, W. W. Stickney, S. W. Dearborn, Joseph T. Gilman, John Lowe, Jr., A. Merrill, W. G. Perry, Charles Conner, Nathaniel Shute.

President—Woodbridge Odlin.

Treasurer—N. A. Shute ; bond, \$5,000.

Statement, April 1, 1861.

Assets.

Notes personally secured,	\$24,444.64	
Notes secured by real estate,	35,773.44	
7 shares Merchants' Bank, Boston,	700.00	
15 " North Bank, Boston,	1,500.00	
18 " Granite Bank, Boston,	1,800.00	
9 " City Bank, Manchester,	900.00	
40 " International Bank, Portland,	4,000.00	
60 " Boston & Maine Railroad,	6,000.00	
21 " Manchester & Lawrence Railroad,	2,100.00	
1 bond city of Brunswick,	1,000.00	
2 bonds " Augusta, \$500 each,	1,000.00	
1 bond " Hallowell,	1,000.00	
2 bonds " Chicago,	2,000.00	
3 bonds " St. Louis,	3,000.00	
2 bonds Chicago & Aurora Railroad,	2,000.00	
2 bonds Kennebec & Portland Railroad,	2,000.00	
Cash in bank,	3,011.63	
		\$92,229.71

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,	\$86,479.62	
Expense account,	56.25	
		\$86,535.87
Surplus,		\$5,693.84
Present number of depositors, 677.		
Amount loaned out of New-Hampshire, \$11,880.23.		
Indebtedness of trustees, \$1,900.		

Treasurer's salary, \$225.

Average yearly expenses, \$242.

Semi-annual rate of interest in July and January, 2½ per cent.

The loans are made by the trustees as often as the funds require investment, and the institution is examined yearly.

NEWMARKET SAVINGS BANK—Newmarket.

Incorporated June session, 1852.

Trustees—George W. Kittredge, George W. Frost, S. A. Haley, John S. Bennett, David Murray, Timothy Murray, B. D. Watson, John M. Towle, Joseph Taylor.

President—George W. Kittredge.

Treasurer—David Murray; bond, \$5,000.

Statement, January 1, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$36,418.31	
Cash,	282.39	
	<hr/>	\$36,700.70

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,	\$35,780.70
Surplus,	<hr/> \$920.00

Present number of depositors, 217.

Treasurer's salary, \$100.

Average yearly expenses, \$112.

Semi-annual rate of interest, in June and December, 2½ per cent. The loans are made by the trustees, and the bank is examined semi-annually. The funds of the institution are principally loaned to the Newmarket Manufacturing Company.

MILFORD FIVE CENTS SAVINGS INSTITUTION—
Milford.

Incorporated June session, 1859.

Trustees—B. Wadleigh, B. I. Conant, S. S. Stickney, George W. Burns, William Lane, M. Hall, George H. Gillis, T. J. French, T. Crosby, E. C. Batchelder, C. S. Averill, H. Eldredge.

President—David Russell.

Treasurer—Hiram A. Daniels ; bond, \$25,000.

Statement, April 13, 1861.

Assets.

Notes receivable,	\$27,166.99	
Cash,	19.73	
	<hr/>	\$27,186.72

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,	\$26,561.26	
Interest received in advance,	430.67	
	<hr/>	\$26,991.93

Surplus,		<hr/>	\$194.79
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Amount loaned out of New-Hampshire, \$700.

Indebtedness of trustees, \$360.

Treasurer's salary, \$100.

Average yearly expenses, \$120.

Number of depositors, 331.

Assets considered good.

The loans are made by the trustees and treasurer, and the institution is examined by a board of auditors, yearly.

A dividend of interest was made in August, 1860, of 2½ per cent, and in February, 1861, of 2½ per cent.

PORTSMOUTH SAVINGS BANK—Portsmouth.

Incorporated June session, 1823.

Trustees—William M. Shackford, Ichabod Rollins, Daniel H. Treadwell, S. H. Simes, Ichabod Goodwin, Edward F. Sise, William Stavers, John P. Lyman, William L. Dwight, W. H. Y. Hackett, David Knight, C. S. Toppan, Horton D. Walker, William Simes, William P. Jones, Thomas Tarlton, Augustus Lord, Lyman D. Spalding, James F. Shores, Jr.

William M. Shackford, *President*.

Samuel Lord, *Treasurer*; bond, \$6,000.

Statement, February 2, 1861.

Assets.

Par value of Bonds.	Amount.	Names of States.	Rate pr. c't.	Reduced value.	Amount.
\$8,000		New-Hampshire,	100.	\$8,257.20	
4,000		Maine,	100.	4,000.00	
15,000		Massachusetts,	100.	15,000.00	
6,000		Kentucky,	100.	6,000.00	
31,000		Ohio,	100.	31,000.00	
55,000		Iowa,	97.34	53,539.92	
13,000		Michigan,	100.	13,000.00	
28,454		Illinois,	100.	28,395.59	
20,000		Georgia,	97.68	19,536.22	
25,000		North-Carolina,	94.20	23,550.86	
43,000		Tennessee,	87.65	37,698.19	
25,000		Virginia,	90.73	22,681.40	
53,000		Missouri,	82.36	43,662.87	
—\$326,454					—\$306,322.25

Names of Cities.

93,000	Boston,	96.52	89,763.00
45,542	New-York,	100.	46,238.99
52,000	Albany,	100.	52,000.00
56,912	Toledo,	92.47	52,627.22
36,700	Portsmouth,	95.73	35,134.25
41,430	Springfield, Ill.,	93.37	38,684.66
23,200	Madison,	71.	16,472.03

Appendix.

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18,000	Brooklyn,	100.	18,000.00
14,000	Chicago,	77.92	10,912.72
12,000	Ottawa,	95.67	11,481.02
11,000	Detroit,	95.25	10,478.26
10,000	Chillicothe,	89.91	8,991.86
10,000	Portsmouth, Ohio,	84.37	8,437.41
10,000	Fall River,	100.	10,000.00
3,500	Cleveland,	94.25	3,299.92
6,000	St. Louis,	82.61	4,956.63
10,000	Buffalo,	98.40	9,840.00
10,000	Rochester, N. Y.,	97.99	9,799.68
——\$463,284			——\$437,117.65

Names of Counties.

4,000	Coös,	100.	4,000.00
48,000	Summit,	90.01	43,241.95
38,000	Fayette,	82.61	31,392.08
35,000	Cook,	95.09	33,284.08
10,000	Knox,	66.	6,600.00
8,000	Pickaway,	82.02	6,562.32
9,000	Clinton,	69.44	6,249.93
8,000	Fairfield,	82.02	6,562.32
13,000	Bourbon,	82.63	10,742.80
25,000	Ross,	91.11	22,880.44
5,000	Shelby,	91.15	4,577.42
1,000	Tipton,	91.71	917.93
4,000	Miami,	81.	3,240.51
2,000	Mercer,	60.	1,200.00
20,000	Hamilton,	95.81	19,163.25
10,000	Hancock,	60.91	6,091.49
5,000	Holmes,	91.61	4,580.62
5,000	Delaware,	82.94	4,147.44
13,500	Rockingham,	100.	13,995.32
4,300	Merrimack,	100.	4,396.11
——\$267,800			——\$233,826.01

Names of Towns.

10,400	Somersworth,	100.	10,400.00
1,000	Gorham,	100.	1,000.00
400	Milan,	100.	400.00
900	Shelburne,	100.	900.00
2,500	Berlin,	100.	2,500.00
—— \$15,200			——\$15,200.00

Other securities.		
16,000	Berkshire railroad, 89.	14,148.50
10,000	P. S. & P. railroad, 82.69	8,269.48
10,500	Rockingham Bank, 95.79	10,058.94
15,000	Ogdensburgh R. R., 64.18	9,628.17
22,556	Notes receivable, 100.	22,556.68
23,000	Specie, 100.	23,000.00
296.21	Books of deposits, 100.	296.21
1.00	Real estate,	1.00
593.46	Equalization accounts,	593.46
630.44	Cash in bank,	630.44
— \$98,577.11		— \$89,182.88
<u>\$1,171,315.11</u>		<u>\$1,081,648.79</u>

Liabilities.

Amount due depositors,	\$1,041,024.87
Surplus,	\$40,623.92

Number of depositors, 6,043.

Treasurer's salary, \$1,874.

Average yearly expenses, \$3,394.

Two dividends of interest, each 2 per cent, were divided in August and March.

This institution is examined twice each year, and its funds are invested by a committee, who hold special meetings for that purpose.

The par value of the above securities amounts to the sum of \$1,171,315.11, and the reduced, or estimated value, amounts to the above sum of \$1,081,648.79; leaving for depreciation the sum of \$89,666.32—which, in addition to the *surplus*, makes the sum total of \$130,290.24, which the Treasurer believes is a sufficient margin to cover any future loss.

GEO. W. PINKERTON, *Commissioner.*

MANCHESTER, May 17, 1861.

VALLEY BANK—Hillsborough.

Incorporated July 4, 1860.

Capital stock, \$50,000

Directors—J. G. Fuller, Ammi Smith, S. D. Wyman, James F. Briggs, Stephen Kenrick, H. D. Robertson, George A. Pillsbury.

J. G. Fuller, *President*.John C. Campbell, *Cashier*; bond, \$10,000.

The undersigned, having been called upon by the president of said bank to make the required examination, in order that it may commence operation, did, on the 16th day of May, 1861, at said bank, make examination of its affairs, and found that all the capital stock had been paid in, in cash, according to the true intent of the charter thereof, and the laws of the State, and make proper certificates of the same.

DANIEL P. WHEELER,	} <i>Bank</i> <i>Commissioners.</i>
CYRUS K. SANBORN,	
GEO. W. PINKERTON,	

RECAPITULATION.

Whole number of discount banks, 52	
Amount of capital stock, as per last year's report,	\$4,941,000.00
Increase during the year,	90,000.00
	<hr/>
	\$5,031,000.00
Amount of circulation,	3,288,106.00
	<hr/>
Leaving amount not in circulation, " 1	\$1,712,894.00
Average circulation during the year,	3,227,078.00
Average deposits during the year,	1,166,352.37

Whole amount loaned and invested out of the State,	\$2,149,010.00	
Amount, as per last year's report,	1,691,636.71	
<hr/>		
Increase of foreign loans during the year,		\$457,373.29
Amount of surplus,		448,108.04
Whole number of bad assets,		30,618.72
Whole amount of doubtful assets,		59,062.51
Amount of protested paper,		166,710.64
Amount of over-due and not pro- tested paper,		476,082.81
Amount of loans upon pledge of stock,		54,840.91
Amount of indebtedness of directors,		64,014.95
Whole amount of stock owned out of this State,		443,100.00
<hr/>		
Number of savings institutions, 26		
Whole amount due depositors,	\$5,590,652.18	
Amount due, as per last year's report,	4,860,024.86	
<hr/>		
Making an increase during the year of		\$730,627.32
Whole amount of surplus,		227,807.88
Whole amount of bad assets,		30,394.46
Whole amount of doubtful assets,		4,671.00
Amount of protested paper,		22,500.00
Amount of over-due and not pro- tested paper,		53,873.92
Amount of indebtedness of trustees,		207,685.21
Whole amount of loans and invest- ments out of the State,	\$1,662,405.28	
Amount, as per report last year,	1,661,791.98	
<hr/>		
Increase during the year,		\$613.30
Average yearly expenses for man- aging the institutions,		\$14,880.00
Whole number of depositors,	35,590	

REMARKS.

IN making our examinations the past year, we have, in our belief, received all the assistance necessary from the officers of the banks to enable us to make a proper report.

In many instances, in the examination, we find that there is not that care and accuracy in keeping the books of the banks that there should be, particularly the records of meetings: viz., the recording of notices of meetings, the evidence of posting or publishing of such notices, and of the election of officers by ballot, and the oath of office. In many cases the records are deficient in one or more of these particulars.

The rates of exchange, in some instances, are greater than the expense of collection requires, and should not be continued; but in that particular there is quite an improvement from the two preceding years.

We think it our duty to reiterate the opinion by us expressed the past two years, that the banking facilities of the State now far exceeds the wants of our business community, as evidently appears in the disposition of the funds of the banks, as well as by reference to our recapitulation. Our discount banks and savings institutions now have loans and investments out of the State to the amount of \$3,811,415.28, being an increase of \$457,986.59 since the report of last year; and at the same time the sum of \$1,712,894 is lying uninvested.

The increase of deposits in the savings institutions the past year amounts to \$730,627.32, which is so much increase of banking facilities, together with the \$50,000 incorporated by the charter of the Valley Bank, at the last session of the Legislature, and the increase of the capital stock of the Newmarket

Bank and Citizens' Bank, of \$20,000 each, making the whole increase amount to \$820,627.32.

The large amount of "protested" and "over-due and not protested paper," reported last year, has been reduced very materially, but other similar paper has taken its place, and there is now of that class the large sum of \$719,166.31 in the banks, which can not possibly result in any good to the stockholders, but evidently much to their disadvantage. The officers should insist and enforce a more rigid compliance with the well regulated rules of banking, and prevent the accumulation of so large an amount of over-due paper.

We feel it our duty again to call attention to the fact that some of the banks continue to keep a much larger amount of bills signed than they are authorized by law to circulate. It can not result in any good, and the practice, if continued, may be the means of much injury.

Since our last report, we have used every effort to detect all outside negotiations for the purchase, or attempt to purchase, the stock in any of the banks, by persons whose only object is to speculate to the injury of the stockholders and the community. We have not been able to detect any such attempts the past year. The officers of banks should be unceasing in their efforts to detect all such attempts, and promptly expose such persons, their aiders and abettors; and stockholders should never sell their stock to parties where any inference can be drawn that such sales are not for legitimate banking purposes. The officers and stockholders of banks should never permit a controlling portion of the stock to be owned by parties who reside out of this State; and we would suggest whether or not legislation is required in that particular.

It is believed that for the last twenty-five years or more there has been no serious injury to our banks from any cause other than by the purchase by foreign parties, who have no interest or intent but to speculate to the utter ruin of such banks.

On examination of the stocks and bonds, and other foreign

loans and investments of the several savings institutions, we are of the opinion that should the officers of said institutions invest more of their funds by security upon real estate, that thereby the investments would be of a more permanent nature, less liable to the frequent fluctuations of business, and give greater security and satisfaction to the depositors. Should this view be correct, we would respectfully suggest whether or not legislation will be required to accomplish that object. The Exeter Bank is yet under injunction, issued by Chief Justice Bell, May 30, 1860, and in the hands of Hon. Charles H. Bell, the assignee. Since our last report, we have made another application to the Supreme Judicial Court, and further powers have been granted to the said assignee. We are assured he is taking proper action to complete the final closing up of said bank.

DANIEL P. WHEELER,
CYRUS K. SANBORN, } *Bank Commissioners.*
GEORGE W. PINKERTON, }

CONCORD, May 17, 1861.

INSURANCE COMMISSIONERS' REPORT.

REPORT OF OLIVER C. FISHER.

To His Excellency the Governor, and the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the State of New-Hampshire :

The undersigned, Insurance Commissioner, having made personal examination into the business, management and condition of the several Mutual Insurance Companies hereinafter named, respectfully submits the following

REPORT :

COCHECHO MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY— Dover.

For the year ending December 31, 1860.

Officers, Salaries and Emoluments.

Charles W. Woodman, President,	\$25.00
Woodbury T. Prescott, Secretary and Treasurer,	300.00
Charles W. Woodman, Director,	31.05
Woodbury T. Prescott, “	15.30
P. H. Burns, “	32.00
William F. Estes, “	38.70
Daniel H. Wendell, “	19.90
Nathaniel Wiggin, “	7.30
Benjamin Wiggin, “	10.50
John E. Bickford, “	12.10
Silas Moody, “	7.00
Z. S. Wallingford, “	6.50
Daniel Bogle, “	4.10
Z. Dow Creighton, “	7.86
Total,	<hr/> \$517.31

P. H. Burns received \$16.60 ; William F. Estes, \$12 ; Daniel H. Wendell, \$6 ; amounting to \$34.60, for adjusting losses, included in the above.

The Secretary receives fifty cents for each policy issued, in addition to his salary. Officers act as agents, and receive pay as such. Directors are paid \$2 per diem, and expenses for adjusting losses. Applications are approved by two directors, who severally receive ten cents for each application approved. Bills are approved by the directors, and losses are determined by the same.

Amount of property at risk, December 31, 1859—

Union Class,	\$421,088.00	
Insured in 1860,	148,862.00	
	<hr/>	569,950.00
Expired and surrendered in 1860,		196,497.00
		<hr/>
Amount at risk, December 31, 1860,		\$373,453.00

Amount at risk, December 31, 1859—

Village Class,	\$571,753.00	
Insured in 1860,	207,028.00	
	<hr/>	
	\$778,781.00	
Expired and surrendered in 1860,	182,056.00	
	<hr/>	
Amount at risk, Dec. 31, 1860,		\$596,725.00
		<hr/>
Total amount at risk,		\$970,178.00

Amount of premium notes, Dec. 31, 1859—

Union Class,	\$43,339.31	
Received in 1860,	16,939.11	
	<hr/>	
	\$60,278.42	
Expired and surrendered in 1860,	19,434.75	
	<hr/>	
Amount premium notes, Dec. 31, 1860,		\$40,843.67

Amount premium notes, Dec. 31, 1859—		
Village Class,	\$38,136.13	
Received in 1860,	14,025.71	
	<hr/>	
	\$52,161.84	
Expired and surrendered in 1860,	12,550.83	
	<hr/>	
Amount of premium notes, Dec. 31, 1860,		\$39,611.01
		<hr/>
Total amount of premium notes,		\$80,454.68
Amount of cash premiums, Union Class,	\$1,449.43	
Amount of cash premiums, Village Class,	1,605.57	
	<hr/>	\$3,055.00
Amount of losses the past year, Union Class,	\$3,810.00	
Amount of losses the past year, Village Class,	36.94	
	<hr/>	\$3,846.94
All the above losses are paid.		
Amount of assessments collected, Union Class,		\$230.34
“ “ “ Village Class,		122.52
		<hr/>
		\$352.86
Amount paid officers,		\$517.31
“ “ agents, Union Class,	\$226.24	
“ “ “ Village Class,	372.77	
	<hr/>	\$599.01
“ “ for incidental expenses,		100.42
		<hr/>
		\$1,216.74
Number of policies issued, Union Class,		141
“ “ “ Village Class,		239
		<hr/>
		380
Number of policies expired, surrendered, Union Class,		181
“ “ “ “ Village Class,		204
		<hr/>
		385

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Number of policies now in force, Union Class,	366
“ “ Village Class,	644
	1010

Cash Receipts.

Cash in hands of treasurer, January 1, 1860,	\$225.52	
Cash premiums in hands of agents,	775.56	
Cash notes receivable for premiums,	236.71	
		\$1,237.15
Premiums received in 1860,		3,055.00
Assessments collected,		352.86
Interest received,		161.05
Borrowed money,		800.00
		\$5,606.06

Disbursements.

Cash paid losses,		\$3,846.94
Cash paid officers,		517.31
Cash paid agents,		599.01
Cash paid incidental expenses,		100.42
Cash paid returned premiums,		148.10
Cash paid premiums on policies refused,		52.63
		\$5,264.41
Cash in hands of treasurer,	\$11.86	
Cash premiums in hands of agents,	196.37	
Cash notes receivable for premiums,	133.42	
		\$341.65
		\$5,606.06

Statement of the funds, January 1, 1861.

UNION CLASS.

To premiums received in 1860,	\$1,449.43	
To assessments collected,	230.34	
To proportion of interest,	80.53	
		\$1,760.30

VILLAGE CLASS.

To premiums received in 1860,	\$1,605.57	
To assessments collected,	122.52	
To proportion of interest,	80.52	
	<hr/>	\$1,808.61
To cash borrowed,		\$800.00
		<hr/>
		\$7,025.44

UNION CLASS.

By amount paid for losses,	\$3,810.00	
By returned premiums,	61.89	
By expenses of this class, including agents' commissions, and pro- portion of general expense,	535.11	
	<hr/>	\$4,407.00

VILLAGE CLASS.

By amount paid for losses,	\$36.94	
By returned premiums,	86.21	
By expenses of this class, including agents' commissions, and pro- portion of expense,	681.63	
	<hr/>	\$804.78
		<hr/>
		\$5,211.78
Balance,		1,813.66
		<hr/>
		\$7,025.44

Liabilities.

Borrowed money,	\$800.00
-----------------	----------

Assets.

Balance due from agents,	\$196.37
Notes receivable,	133.42
Cash on hand,	11.86
5 shares Langdon Bank (cost),	540.00
5 " Cochecho Bank, "	539.46
8 " B. & M. Railroad, "	675.50
Uncollected assessments estimated good,	100.00
	<hr/>
	\$2,196.61

Agents are paid 10 per cent for collecting assessments and net cash premiums. They are also allowed one dollar on each application approved. Some of the agents give bonds, others do not.

The company is free from debt, except \$800, borrowed money. They have incurred no expense for litigation or counsel during the year.

This company adopted the advance payment system in August, 1854, and no assessment has been necessary beyond the advanced payment. The balance of the advance payment is refunded, if any remain, at the expiration or surrender of the policy. The assessments collected during the year were on expired policies under the old system.

Rate per cent of premium notes in Union Class is from 8 to 15 per cent; in Village Class, from 6 to 10 per cent on the amount insured. Rate per cent paid in advance on premium note is 5 per cent for one year, 7 per cent for two years, 10 per cent for three years, and 13 per cent for four years.

The kind of property insured in Village Class, village houses, barns and contents; in Union Class, merchandise, stores, churches, hotels, and all kinds of property not extra hazardous. The largest amount taken in one risk is \$2,500.

The company have sustained 8 losses during the year: in Union Class, 7; in Village Class, 1; all in the State.

The books of the company are systematically kept, and in a satisfactory condition. The cash account is balanced at the end of each month, and examined by auditors appointed for the purpose.

BELKNAP COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY—Laconia.

For the year ending October, 1860.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

Richard Gove, President,		\$100.00
Ellery A. Hibbard, Secretary,		559.00
John C. Moulton, Treasurer,	\$104.00	400.00
Richard Gove, Director,	14.10	
John T. Coffin, “		12.87
John C. Moulton, “	12.00	9.85
Jeremiah Lamprey, “	30.13	40.58
Bartlett Hill, “	18.21	39.72
George Gammon, “	14.76	37.62
James Hobbs, Jr., “		4.97
Benjamin M. Sanborn, “	60.05	45.13
Samuel C. Baldwin, “		3.59
Charles Ranlet, “	13.35	19.71
Joseph P. Pitman, “		11.21
Bradbury C. Tuttle, “	13.50	27.66
Moses Sargent, “	15.08	10.07
Charles Lane, “	66.04	33.65
Jeremiah Leavitt, “		9.63
Total,		\$1,726.48

The treasurer, in addition to his salary of \$400, received \$104 for making assessments.

Richard Gove received \$14.10; John C. Moulton, \$12; Jeremiah Lamprey, \$30.13; Bartlett Hill, \$18.21; George Gammon, \$14.76; Benjamin M. Sanborn, \$60.05; Charles Ranlet, \$13.35; Bradbury C. Tuttle, \$13.50; Moses Sargent, \$15.08; Charles Lane, \$66.04—amounting to \$257.22, for adjusting losses, included in the above.

The secretary receives fifty cents for each policy issued, and one dollar for each attendance at company meetings, which makes up his salary.

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Amount of property at risk, Farm Class,	\$1,908,421.00
“ “ “ General “	914,232.00
	<hr/>
	\$2,822,653.00
Amount of premium notes, Farm Class,	\$87,154.39
“ “ “ General “	110,644.03
	<hr/>
	\$197,798.42
Amount of cash premiums, Farm Class,	\$536.93
“ “ “ General “	1,398.90
	<hr/>
	\$1,935.83
Amount cash premiums collected,	\$1,860.93
Number of policies issued the past year, Farm Class,	573
“ “ “ “ “ General “	533
	<hr/>
	1106
Number of policies expired, Farm Class,	249
“ “ “ General “	359
	<hr/>
	608
Number of policies surrendered, Farm Class,	237
“ “ “ General “	221
	<hr/>
	458
Number of policies now in force, Farm Class,	2663
“ “ “ General “	1179
	<hr/>
	3842
Amount of losses the past year, Farm Class,	\$8,662.51
“ “ “ General “	10,929.91
	<hr/>
	\$19,592.42
Amount paid for losses, Farm Class,	\$9,242.02
“ “ “ General “	9,374.16
	<hr/>
	\$18,616.18
Amount of assessments the past year, General Class,	\$13,982.13

Appendix.

Amount of assessments collected, Farm Class,		\$3,367.77
“ “ “ General “		10,634.35
		<hr/>
Amount paid officers,	\$1,365.26	\$14,002.12
“ “ treasurer, making assessments,	104.00	
“ “ directors, adjusting losses,	257.22	
	<hr/>	\$1,726.48
“ “ agents’ commissions,	\$973.75	
“ “ agents adjusting losses,	29.30	
	<hr/>	\$1,003.05
“ “ litigation and counsel,		363.38
“ “ incidental expenses,		603.22
		<hr/>
		\$3,696.13

Liabilities.

Amount of unpaid losses, Farm Class,	\$412.00	
“ “ “ General “	2,041.67	
	<hr/>	\$2,453.67
“ of borrowed money, Farm Class,	\$10,651.60	
“ of borrowed money, General Class,	9,952.45	
	<hr/>	\$20,604.05
		<hr/>
		\$23,057.72

Means.

Amount of available assessments, Farm Class,	\$1,000.00	
“ of available assessments, General Class,	4,000.00	
	<hr/>	\$5,000.00
“ premiums due from agents, estimated good,		500.00
“ money in secretary’s hands,		452.07
“ “ in the treasury,		699.09
“ “ due General Class,		3,392.85
		<hr/>
		\$10,044.01

SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT.

Receipts.

Balance in hands of agents, October 1, 1859,	\$856.47	
Balance in hands of secretary, October 1, 1859,	358.33	
	<hr/>	\$1,214.80
Received cash premiums, Farm Class,	\$536.93	
“ “ General Class,	1,398.90	
	<hr/>	\$1,935.83
“ policy fees,		553.00
		<hr/>
		\$3,703.63

Disbursements.

Paid president's salary,	\$100.00	
“ secretary's salary,	559.00	
“ directors' salary,	306.26	
	<hr/>	\$965.26
“ agents' commissions,		973.75
“ cash premiums refunded,		22.12
“ incidental expenses,		309.06
Balance, premiums in hands of agents, October 1, 1860,	981.37	
Balance in hands of secretary,	452.07	
		<hr/>
		\$3,703.63

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.

Receipts.

Cash on hand, October 1, 1859,	\$612.76	
Received on notes payable,	14,212.93	
“ assessments,	14,002.12	
	<hr/>	\$28,827.81

Disbursements.

Paid losses in Farm Class,	9,374.16	
“ losses in General Class,	9,242.02	
	<hr/>	\$18,616.18

Paid notes payable,	\$7,941.98
“ collecting assessments,	122.50
“ postage,	142.29
“ litigation and counsel,	363.38
“ treasurer, making assessments,	104.00
“ adjusting losses,	286.52
“ miscellaneous bills,	151.87
“ treasurer’s salary,	400.00
Cash on hand, October 1, 1860,	699.09
	\$28,827.81

The directors severally receive one dollar for each attendance at meetings of the company, and \$2 per diem and expenses, for adjusting losses. Applications are approved by three directors, who are severally paid seven cents for each application accepted.

The expenses of the company are paid from the three per cent premium fund, except the treasurer’s salary, losses by fire, adjusting the same, and collecting assessments.

The compensation received by agents for each application approved, is fifty cents from the applicant, and in Farm Class, twenty-five cents; in General Class, fifty cents from the company; they also retain the policy fee of fifty cents.

Agents receive nothing on cash premiums. They are paid 10 per cent for collecting assessments, yet the greater portion of these is paid directly to the treasurer, thereby saving the 10 per cent to the insured.

This company has adopted the principle of suspending the policy for the non-payment of assessments. Thirty days’ notice is given previous to the time of payment, and a discount of 10 per cent is made to the insured, if paid within that time; if not paid in sixty days after it becomes due, the policy is suspended, until such assessment is paid. No assessment has been made in Farm Class, since June, 1859. Assessments are made annually, in April, in the General Class, and in Farm Class, once in two years—in June. One hundred twenty-two dollars and fifty cents was paid during the year, for collecting assessments. Av-

erage rate assessed on premium notes during the year was, in General Class, about 11 per cent.

Rate per cent of premium note in Farm Class, is from 4 to 6 per cent for six years ; in General Class, from 4 to 40 per cent for three years.

This company insures in Farm Class, farmers' and safe village buildings and contents ; in General Class, stores, shops, churches, mills, hotels, merchandise, &c., except steam-mills, or any property that is extra hazardous. The value of property is fixed by applicant, subject to approval of directors.

The company has sustained forty-five losses during the year ; in Farm Class, twenty-one ; in General Class, twenty-four, of which fifteen in Farm Class and nineteen in General Class were within the State. Since October last the village of Laconia has been visited by one of the most destructive fires that ever occurred in the State. The risks of the company were thought to be sufficiently scattered to be safe in case of any ordinary fire, yet the conflagration was so extensive, owing to a strong wind at the time, that the company suffered losses to the amount of about seven thousand dollars. These have all been paid as called for.

The books of the company are in a satisfactory condition, being systematically kept by the efficient secretary and treasurer, readily showing the true condition of the classes.

ROCKINGHAM MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Exeter.

For the year ending July 1, 1860.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

John S. Wells, President,		\$50.00
William P. Moulton, Secretary,		300.00
Joseph C. Hilliard, Treasurer,		300.00
Charles Conner, Director,	54.70	28.50
Joseph T. Gilman, “		28.00

Stephen W. Dearborn, Director.	16.63	20.00
Theophilus Goodwin,	“	29.00
Amos Tuck,	“	13.00
Thomas B. Parks,	10.00	6.00
Joseph S. Pollard,	“	12.00
George W. Kittredge,	“	6.00
		<hr/>
Total,		\$873.83

Charles Conner received \$54.70; Stephen W. Dearborn, \$16.63; Thomas B. Parks, \$10—amounting to \$81.33, for adjusting losses, included in the above. In addition, \$99.99 was paid for clerk hire during the year.

Directors are paid fifty cents for each attendance upon meetings of the company, approving applications, &c., which make up their salary. Officers and agents are paid \$2 per diem and expenses, for adjusting losses. Applications are approved by the directors, and losses are usually examined and determined by the same.

Number of policies issued the past year,		212
“ “ expired and discharged,		248
“ “ now in force,		1158
Amount of property at risk,		\$974,850.00
“ premium notes,		95,269.79
“ cash premiums the past year,		543.96
“ “ “ collected the past year,		511.43
Amount of losses the past year,		\$6,738.49
Amount paid for losses during the year,		\$7,660.56
Amount of assessments,		\$8,578.92
Amount of assessments collected,		\$9,169.49
Amount paid officers,		\$873.83
“ “ agents on applications,	\$212.00	
“ “ “ collecting cash premiums,	36.40	
“ “ “ “ assessments,	661.99	
“ “ “ adjusting losses,	28.50	
		<hr/>
		\$938.89

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Amount paid clerk hire,	99.99
“ “ litigation and counsel,	449.98
“ “ incidental expenses,	387.92
	<hr/>
Total,	\$2,750.61

SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT.

Receipts.

Balance in hands of agents July 1, 1859,	\$739.08
Premiums received during the year,	543.96
Policy fees,	106.00
Received on premium notes discharged,	324.47
Balance due secretary,	545.85
	<hr/>
	\$2,259.36

Disbursements.

Secretary's salary,	\$300.00
Less application fees received by secretary,	48.00
	<hr/>
	\$252.00
Paid agents' commissions on applications,	212.00
“ “ “ premiums,	36.40
“ directors' services,	192.50
“ clerk hire,	99.99
“ returned premiums,	32.83
“ miscellaneous expenses,	71.63
“ cash to the treasurer,	256.70
Balance due secretary,	413.56
Balance due from agents, July 1, 1860,	691.75
	<hr/>
	\$2,259.36

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.

Receipts.

Received on assessments,	\$9,169.49
“ of secretary,	256.70
“ on notes payable,	4,010.19
“ on bills receivable,	554.71
	<hr/>
	\$13,991.01

Disbursements.

Paid sundry losses by fire,	\$7,660.56
“ notes payable,	2,251.14
“ bills payable,	471.52
“ interest account,	448.10
“ agents’ commissions on assessments,	661.99
“ adjusting losses,	449.98
“ abatement on assessments,	187.44
“ treasurer’s salary,	300.00
“ miscellaneous bills,	179.90
“ treasurer, balance due on last settlement,	927.23
Cash on hand,	453.23
	<hr/>
	\$13,991.09

Liabilities.

Due on notes against the company,	\$8,271.80
“ unpaid losses,	500.00
“ secretary,	545.85
	<hr/>
	\$9,317.65

Means.

Amount of available assessments,	\$5,500.00
Premiums in hands of agents,	691.75
Cash in hands of treasurer,	453.23
Balance against the company,	2,672.67
	<hr/>
	\$9,317.65

Agents receive 10 per cent for collecting cash premiums, and usually 5 per cent on assessments. They are paid one dollar for each application approved; also allowed to receive fifty cents from the applicant. There have been 164 policies issued through agents the past year, and 48 directly by secretary to applicant.

The company have sustained sixteen losses during the year, eight of which were within the State. Premium notes have been assessed during the year from 1 to 10 per cent. The whole expense of adjusting losses the past year was \$559.81, as shown above.

Rate per cent of premium note is from 4 to 20 per cent on the amount insured for 6 years; 3 per cent on premium note paid in advance.

The value of property is fixed by the applicant, subject to the approval of the directors. The highest rate of interest paid for borrowed money is 6 per cent, for which the company have paid \$448.10 during the year.

This company insures merchandise, stores, churches, mechanics' shops, stables, hotels, dwelling-houses, and all kinds of property not extra hazardous. The largest amount taken in one risk is \$3,500.

ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY—Exeter.

For the year ending July 1, 1860.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

John S. Wells, President,		\$100.00
William P. Moulton, Secretary,		500.00
Joseph C. Hilliard, Treasurer,		500.00
Charles Conner, Director,	\$7.50	57.00
Joseph T. Gilman, “		56.00
Stephen W. Dearborn, “	13.30	40.00
Theophilus Goodwin, “		58.00
Amos Tuck, “		26.00
Thomas B. Parks, “		8.00
Joseph S. Pollard, “		15.00
George W. Kittredge, “		9.00

Total, \$1,389.80

Charles Conner received \$7.50; Stephen W. Dearborn, \$13.30—amounting to \$20.80, for adjusting losses, included in the above. In addition to the above, \$328.97 has been paid during the year for clerk hire.

The directors meet quarterly for the transaction of the general business of the company, and weekly to approve applications, &c., for which they severally receive one dollar for each attendance.

Appendix.

Applications are approved by three or more directors, and losses are examined and determined by the same. Officers and agents are paid \$2 per diem and expenses, for adjusting losses. The total expense for adjusting losses the past year was \$196.98.

Amount of property at risk, First Class,	\$1,274,772.00
" " " Second "	2,008,989.00
	<hr/>
	\$3,283,761.00
Amount of premium notes, First Class,	\$62,829.52
" " " Second "	22,207.12
	<hr/>
	\$85,036.64
Amount of cash premiums, First Class,	\$312.36
" " " Second "	3,795.77
	<hr/>
	\$4,108.13
Amount of cash premiums collected, First Class,	\$301.87
" " " " Second "	3,541.00
	<hr/>
	\$3,842.87
Amount received for interest in Second Class,	\$316.22
Amount paid on interest account, First Class,	\$506.11
Amount of losses the past year, First Class,	\$1,382.00
" " " " Second "	3,547.20
	<hr/>
	\$4,929.20
Amount paid for losses, First Class,	\$1,819.00
" " " Second "	3,332.39
	<hr/>
	\$5,151.39
Amount of assessments, First Class,	\$8,114.75
" " " Second "	985.48
	<hr/>
	\$9,100.23
Amount of assessments collected, First Class,	\$3,581.43
" " " Second "	694.08
" " " Third "	12.59
	<hr/>
	\$4,288.10

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Amount paid officers,		\$1,389.80
“ “ agents’ commissions, col- lecting assessments,	\$446.15	
“ “ agents’ commissions, col- lecting cash premiums,	311.16	
“ “ agents’ commissions, ad- justing losses,	35.24	
“ “ litigation and counsel,	126.98	
	<hr/>	919.53
“ “ clerk hire,		328.97
“ “ incidental expenses,		910.28
		<hr/>
		\$3,548.58
Number of policies issued the past year, First Class,		192
“ “ “ “ “ Second “		448
		<hr/>
		743
Number of policies expired and surrendered, First Class,		310
“ “ “ “ “ Second “		433
		<hr/>
		743
Number of policies now in force, First Class,		1745
“ “ “ “ “ Second “		2296
		<hr/>
		4041

SECRETARY’S DEPARTMENT.

Receipts.

Balance in hands of agents, July 20, 1859,		\$1,572.65
“ “ secretary, “ “		884.45
Received cash premiums, First Class,	\$312.36	
“ “ “ Second “	3,795.77	
	<hr/>	\$4,108.13
Received cash on discharged notes, First Class,	\$32.45	
Received cash on discharged notes, Second Class,	.66	
	<hr/>	\$33.11
		<hr/>
		\$6,598.34

Disbursements.

Paid secretary's salary,	\$500.00	
Less policy fees received by secretary,	73.00	
	<hr/>	\$427.00
Paid agents' commissions on premiums, First Class,	\$30.33	
Paid agents' commissions on premiums, Second Class,	280.83	
	<hr/>	\$311.16
Paid abatements, First Class,	\$8.89	
“ “ Second “	45.27	
	<hr/>	\$54.16
Paid refused policies, First Class,	\$1.60	
“ “ “ Second “	44.91	
	<hr/>	\$46.51
Paid refunded premiums, Second Class,	\$164.89	
“ directors' services,	369.00	
“ clerk hire,	299.97	
“ miscellaneous expenses,	125.22	
“ cash to treasurer,	2,297.86	
By premiums in hands of agents,	1,537.57	
“ balance in hands of secretary,	965.00	
	<hr/>	\$6,598.34

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.

Receipts.

Cash on hand, July 1, 1859,	\$2,650.18
Received of secretary,	2,297.86
“ on assessments,	4,288.10
“ on notes payable,	1,211.00
“ on bills receivable,	987.90
“ on reserved premium notes,	35.00
“ interest in Second Class,	316.22
	<hr/>
	\$11,786.26

Disbursements.

Paid sundry losses by fire,	\$5,151.39
“ agents' commissions, collecting assessments,	457.44

Paid adjusting losses,	196.98
“ interest First Class,	506.11
“ clerk hire,	29.00
“ abatements,	37.46
“ bills payable,	889.00
“ notes payable,	2,167.51
“ miscellaneous bills and expenses,	387.12
“ treasurer's salary,	500.00
Cash on hand,	1,534.25
	<hr/>
	\$11,786.26

Condition of Classes.

FIRST CLASS.

Due on notes payable to Second Class,	\$6,699.11
Deduct premiums and assessments available,	4,000.00
	<hr/>
Balance against First Class,	\$2,699.11

SECOND CLASS.

Due to this class for money loaned,	\$10,700.79
Cash in hands of treasurer,	1,534.25
“ “ secretary,	965.00
Premiums and assessments available,	1,500.00
	<hr/>
	\$14,700.04
Deduct amount due for losses,	\$300.00
“ “ “ dividends,	50.77
	<hr/>
	\$350.77
	<hr/>
Balance in favor of this Class,	\$14,349.27

Agents are usually paid 5 per cent for collecting assessments, and 10 per cent on cash premiums. They are paid nothing by the company for taking applications, but retain the policy-fee of one dollar, and are allowed to receive fifty cents from the applicant. A large portion of the agents give bonds and securities for assessments committed to them for collection.

Rate per cent of premium note in First Class, usually 5 per cent on amount insured for 6 years; 3 per cent on premium note paid in advance.

The Second Class in this company adopted the advance premium system March 1, 1853, and no assessment under this system has ever been necessary. A premium of 1 to 1½ per cent on the amount insured is required to be paid in advance, on a policy for six years, and a note of equal amount of the advanced premium, payable as the exigencies of the company may require. The assessment in this class the past year, was on notes of expired policies, under the old system.

The value of property is fixed by agent and applicant, subject to approval of directors. The kinds of property insured are, First Class, farm buildings and contents; in Second Class, village houses, and buildings and contents.

The company have sustained twenty-nine losses during the year: in the First Class, ten; in Second Class, nineteen; twenty-five of which were out of the State.

Highest rate of interest paid for borrowed money is 6 per cent. Largest amount taken in one risk, is \$3,500.

The advance premium system adopted in Second Class is deemed the true principle of insurance for mutual companies. The books of the company are in a satisfactory condition, being systematically kept by the efficient secretary and treasurer, showing the true condition of the Classes.

MANCHESTER MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Manchester.

Organized July, 1858.

For eleven months ending April 30, 1861.

Officers of the Company.

John S. Elliot, President.
 J. D. Lyford, Secretary and Treasurer.
 D. J. Daniels, Director.
 Wm. Richardson, “

J. G. Cilley, Director.
 S. D. Green, "
 S. W. Parsons, "
 Daniel Farmer, "
 A. C. Wallace, "
 B. F. Locke, "
 John B. Chase, "
 John S. Folsom, "
 G. W. Bartlett, "
 Moulton Knowles, "
 John S. Elliot, "
 J. D. Lyford, "

Nothing has been paid the officers, and no definite sum has been fixed upon as compensation for their services.

Applications are approved by two or more directors, and losses are determined by the same. Directors are allowed to act as agents, and to receive pay as such, in taking applications; but most of this business is done by the secretary.

Amount of property at risk, May 1, 1861,	\$123,813.00
Amount of premium notes,	\$1,187.76
Amount of cash premiums,	\$789.34
Amount of cash premiums collected,	\$789.34
" policy fees,	47.00
	<hr/>
	\$836.34
Number of policies issued the past eleven months,	114
" expired and surrendered,	77
" now in force,	137
Amount paid agents on applications,	\$4.00
" " " cash premiums,	2.65
	<hr/>
	\$6.65
Amount paid dividends on expired policies,	\$60.60

Cash Receipts.

Cash on hand, June 1, 1860,	\$461.33
" received on cash premiums,	789.34
" " policy fees,	47.00
	<hr/>
	\$1,297.67

Disbursements.

Paid dividends on expired policies,	\$60.60	
“ agents’ commissions,	6.65	
“ office rent and furniture,	91.52	
“ printing and stationery,	18.75	
“ policies not taken,	139.16	
“ incidental expenses,	42.50	
Cash on hand, May 1, 1861,	938.49	
	<hr/>	\$1,297.67

This company is free from debt.

Means.

Cash on hand,	\$938.49	
Premium notes, or deposited liabilities,	1,187.76	
	<hr/>	
Amount of absolute fund,		\$2,126.25
“ contingent fund,		\$3,563.28

Agents receive the policy-fee of one dollar for taking applications, if approved, and ten per cent for collecting cash premiums.

The larger portion of the risks of this company are on policies of one year, and at the expiration of each policy a dividend of ten per cent has been refunded. If the insured desires to continue his insurance at the expiration of his policy, a new one is issued without any charge of policy-fee. The rate per cent of premium on a policy for five years is from one to one and a half per cent on the amount insured, and four tenths to one per cent for one year, which is required to be paid in advance, and a premium note, or deposited liability of equal amount, payable only as the exigencies of the company may require. In case of extraordinary loss, the premium notes are liable to be assessed to double the amount, which constitutes a contingent fund.

This company insures dwelling-houses and contents, and the safer class of stocks and stores. The value of property is fixed by the applicant, subject to approval of directors. The largest amount taken in one risk is \$2,000, and that only on the best class of property, like detached dwelling-houses.

This company insures on the stock mutual system, thereby avoiding assessments, and the losses and expenses incident thereto, and providing for a dividend of the profits to each policy holder, at the expiration of his policy.

Although this is comparatively a new company, and not so large as many others, yet it stands relatively as well as any in the State, having a surplus fund for re-insurance of \$158 for every \$100 of present liability.

FARMINGTON MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Farmington.

Condition of the Company, April 15, 1861.

Officers, salaries and emoluments, for eleven months.

George M. Herring, President.	
Josiah B. Edgerly, Secretary and Treasurer,	\$52.00
George M. Herring, Director,	5.90
John D. Lyman, “	1.20
Hiram Barker, “	5.00
D. T. Parker, “	6.70
Louis Bell, “	12.10
George N. Eastman, “	4.90
John Barker, “	4.10
Peter M. Horn, “	.10
Josiah B. Edgerly, “	5.78
Ezekiel Hurd, “	20.76
Joseph C. Hutchins, “	3.70
	<hr/>
	\$122.24

The secretary receives fifty cents for each policy issued, which makes up his salary. Applications are approved by two directors, who severally receive ten cents for each application accepted.

Agents invariably give bonds. They are paid fifty cents for each application approved; they also retain the policy fee of

fifty cents, and receive nothing for collecting cash premiums. The company commenced issuing policies January 1, 1859.

Amount of property insured since commencement,	\$346,524.00	
Amount of property surrendered and discharged,	15,326.00	
	<hr/>	
Amount of property now at risk,		\$331,198.00
Amount of premium notes received,	\$21,973.15	
" " " discharged,	1,039.23	
	<hr/>	
" " " now in force,		\$20,933.92
Amount of cash premiums received,	\$628.01	
" policy fees,	218.50	
	<hr/>	\$846.51
Amount of losses,	\$312.50	
The above losses have been paid.		
Amount paid officers the past year,	\$122.24	
Whole amount paid agents on applications,	312.50	
Amount paid for adjusting losses,	10.00	
Amount paid for incidental expenses,	168.33	
	<hr/>	613.07

Liabilities.

Amount of borrowed money, \$311.00

The amount of means in this company could not be distinctly ascertained. The books of such companies should be so kept that from them might be made an intelligible report.

The expenses of the company are paid from the three per cent premium fund, except losses by fire. Directors act as agents in taking applications, and are paid as such.

The rate per cent for premium note is from 4½ to 10 per cent on the amount insured, three per cent on premium note paid in advance.

This company has sustained two losses during the year, amounting to \$312.50. The kinds of property insured are

farmers' and safe village buildings and contents. The value of property is fixed by applicant, subject to approval of directors. Largest amount taken in one risk is \$2,000, and that amount only on the best class of property like detached dwelling-houses.

This company has no known liabilities, except \$311 borrowed money. No assessment has ever been made by the company since its organization in January, 1859.

The company has adopted the principle of suspending the policy for the non-payment of assessments after three months' notice, until such assessments are paid. This system should be adopted by every company making assessments, and, if properly adjusted, is best for all parties concerned.

LAKE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Wolfborough.

Condition of the Company, April 6, 1861.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

Abel Haley, President.	
John Fox, Secretary and Treasurer,	\$44.00
Abel Haley, Director.	
John M. Brackett, "	
Moses Thompson, "	
J. F. Hall, "	
M. T. Cate, "	
John Fox, "	
Thomas L. Whitton, "	
Henry Hurd, "	
George D. Savage, "	
J. M. Moody, "	

The officers of the company have never received any compensation, except the secretary, who receives fifty cents on each policy issued. No farther sum has been fixed upon as compensation for the services of any officer of the company. Applications are approved by three directors, and losses are examined and determined by the same.

Amount of property at risk, July 29, 1860, Farm Class,	\$82,456	
“ “ insured since, to April 6,	52,995	
		<u>\$135,451</u>
Amount of property discharged since July 29,		850
		<u>\$134,601</u>
Now at risk,		
Amount of property at risk, Village Class,	\$60,709	
“ “ insured since,	11,725	
		<u>\$72,434</u>
Amount of property discharged,		100
		<u>\$72,334</u>
Total amount of property at risk,		\$206,935
Amount of premium notes, July 29, 1860, Farm Class,	\$5,349.58	
“ “ received since, to April 6, “ “	390.43	
		<u>\$5,740.01</u>
Amount of premium notes, Village Class,	\$6,152.69	
“ “ received since July,	115.89	
		<u>\$6,268.58</u>
Total amount of premium notes,		\$12,008.59
Amount of cash premiums, July 29, 1860, Farm Class,	\$539.44	
“ “ received since July, “ “	390.43	
		<u>\$929.87</u>
Amount of cash premiums, Village Class,	\$611.81	
“ “ received since July,	115.89	
		<u>\$727.70</u>
Total amount of cash premiums,		\$1,657.57
Number of policies in force July 29, 1860, Farm Class,		122
“ “ issued since July, “ “		70
		<u>192</u>
Number of policies, Village Class,		83
“ “ issued since July,		18
		<u>101</u>
Total number of policies in force, April 6,		<u>293</u>

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Amount paid secretary's fees,	\$44.00	
“ “ agents on cash premiums,	50.63	
“ “ incidental expenses,	60.68	
	—	\$155.31

Receipts.

Received notes of former secretary, due from agents for cash premiums, July 29, 1860,	\$87.56	
Received notes due from agents since July,	371.44	
	—	\$459.00
Received cash of former treasurer, July 29,	\$27.74	
Received cash for cash premiums, since July,	68.84	
	—	\$96.58
		—
		\$555.58

Disbursements.

Paid cash, secretary's salary,	\$44.00	
“ “ agents' commissions on cash premium,	50.63	
Paid cash, office rent,	13.50	
“ “ printing blanks and stationery,	20.00	
“ “ incidental expenses,	27.18	
Cash on hand, April 6, 1861,	35.90	
	—	\$191.21

There is also in hands of agents, for cash premiums, since July 29, 1860, about \$200.

Liabilities.

Amount of borrowed money,	\$121.90
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Means.

Amount of notes due from agents,	\$459.00
“ cash premiums in hands of agents,	200.00
“ cash on hand,	35.90
	—
	\$694.90

This company has no known liabilities, except \$121.90 borrowed money. No assessment has ever been made by the company since its organization.

Agents receive ten per cent on cash premiums, and one dollar from the applicant for each application approved.

The rate per cent of premium note in Farm Class, is from 5 to 7 per cent, on amount insured ; in Village Class, from 7 to 12 per cent. Rate per cent paid in advance on premium note, is 5 per cent for one year, 7 per cent for two years, 9 per cent for three years, 11 per cent for four years, and 13 per cent for five years.

The kinds of property insured by this company are, in Farm Class, farmers' houses, barns and contents ; in Village Class, village buildings and contents. The value of property is fixed by applicant and agent, subject to approval of directors. The largest amount taken in one risk in Farm Class, \$1,500 ; in Village Class, \$2,000.

By an act of the Legislature, passed June session, A. D. 1860, the charter of this company was so altered and amended that the office and records of said company shall be kept at Wolfborough, in the county of Carroll, instead of at Alton, in the county of Belknap, at such place as the directors shall provide, and the annual meeting thereof shall be held at said Wolfborough, on the first Wednesday of July in each year, or such other day as the company may appoint.

In compliance with the foregoing act, the office and records were removed to Wolfborough in July last, and another board of officers was chosen. The affairs of the company at this time were in a very unsatisfactory condition. A large portion of the cash premiums remained in agents' hands, on which there will be some loss.

The present secretary has settled with many of the former agents, and taken money and notes, for the premiums in their hands. The affairs of the company are being adjusted as fast as may be, by the efficient secretary and treasurer.

FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Epping.

For the year ending March 4, 1861.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

Joseph C. Plumer, President.	\$2.00
Abraham Plumer, Secretary and Treasurer,	9.08
Joseph C. Plumer, Director,	3.00
Thomas Folsom, “	3.00
George W. Lawrence, “	3.00
Benjamin Burley, “	3.00
Zebulon Sanborn, “	3.00
	<hr/>
Total,	\$26.08

The secretary receives 34 cents for each policy issued, and for his services as treasurer \$5, which makes up his salary.

Directors are paid \$2 per diem, and expenses, for adjusting losses. Applications are approved by two or more directors, and losses are determined by the same.

Amount of property at risk,	\$91,723.00
“ premium notes,	4,515.14
“ cash premiums,	19.36
“ cash premiums collected,	19.36
“ assessments collected,	71.00
Amount paid officers,	\$26.08
“ agents' commissions on applications,	6.00
“ agents collecting assessments,	3.00
“ incidental expenses,	13.75
	<hr/>
	\$48.83
Number of policies issued,	12
“ “ expired and surrendered,	15
“ “ now in force,	101

Cash receipts.

Cash on hand, March 5, 1860,	\$26.70
Received on cash premiums,	19.36
Received on assessments,	71.00
	<hr/>
	\$117.06

Disbursements.

Paid officers,	\$26.08	
“ agents’ commissions on applications,	6.00	
“ “ “ assessments,	3.00	
“ borrowed money,	50.20	
“ incidental expenses,	13.75	
Cash in treasury,	18.03	
	<hr/>	\$117.06

Liabilities.

Borrowed money,	\$190.00
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Means.

Amount of available assessments,	\$10.00	
“ money in the treasury,	18.03	
	<hr/>	\$28.03

Agents are usually paid 5 per cent for collecting assessments, and fifty cents for each application approved. They are paid nothing on cash premiums, but are allowed to receive fifty cents from the applicant for such policy.

The company have made no assessments, sustained no losses, nor incurred any expense for litigation or counsel during the year.

Rate per cent of premium notes from 4 to 5½ per cent for six years, three per cent on premium note paid in advance. Highest rate of interest paid for borrowed money is six per cent.

The kinds of property insured by this company are farm buildings and their contents. The largest amount taken in one risk is \$2,500.

HAND IN HAND MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.—

Laconia.

Incorporated June session, 1858; organized January 17, 1860.

Officers of the Company.

— — — President.

A. G. Folsom, Treasurer.

Samuel E. Young, Secretary *pro tem*.

Directors.

George H. Hubbard, Manchester.
John G. Sinclair, Bethlehem.
George Stevens, Lake Village.
J. E. Odlin, Gilford.
T. J. Smith, Wentworth.
Eleazer Jackson, Concord.
John S. Wadleigh, Laconia.
Albert G. Folsom, Laconia.
W. A. Sanborn, Gilford.
George W. Stevens, Laconia.
M. C. Burleigh, Great Falls.
S. E. Young, Laconia.
Jeremiah Lamprey, Gilford.
A. H. Hoyt, Portsmouth.
Joseph B. Clark, Manchester.
E. A. Rollins, Great Falls.
William L. Avery, Gilford.
Oliver Wyatt, Dover.
E. H. Rollins, Concord.
R. S. Webster, Barnstead.
R. K. Parker, Laconia.
A. P. Hughes, Nashua.
Henry O. Kent, Lancaster.

The company was fully organized on the 17th of January, 1860, by the adoption of by-laws and the choice of officers and directors, agreeably to their charter. The company commenced issuing policies March 5, 1860, and at present confines its business to the insurance of lives, it being the only life insurance company in the State.

No salary has been allowed any of the officers except the secretary, who receives the policy fee of one dollar, paid by the applicant.

Condition of the Company, April 1, 1861 :

Number of policies issued, since commenced,		162
Number of policies surrendered and forfeited,		65
Number of policies in force, April 1, 1861,		97
Amount at risk, April 1, 1861,		\$96,500.00
Amount of premium notes,		\$2,490.81
Amount of cash premiums,		\$2,490.81
Amount of losses, April 1, 1861,		\$2,000.00
Amount of losses unpaid,		\$1,000.00
Amount paid officers,	_____	
Amount paid agents, 10 per cent commission,	\$498.16	
Amount paid incidental expenses, including books, blanks, stationery and office furniture,	315.38	
	_____	\$813.54

Liabilities.

Amount of unpaid losses,	\$1,000.00
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Means.

Amount of cash premiums in hands of agents,	\$435.99
“ of money in the treasury,	141.32

	\$577.31

Agents have been allowed 10 per cent on cash premiums and premium notes. In addition to the cash premium charged by the company for insurance, a note is given by the insured for an equal amount, payable as the necessities of the company may require. The largest amount taken at present in one risk, is \$1,000.

The premiums for insurance, charged by this company, are predicated upon life tables, similar to those established for probate business in this State, the company intending to charge each individual insured a sum which, if paid by him annually, during his expectation of life, by the tables, would, with the interest

accumulations of these sums, enable the company to pay him at the end of his insurance.

The president of this company died in October last, and the directors, thinking it advisable to defer the election of his successor until the annual meeting of the company in May next, the vacancy has not been filled.

On the 21st of November last, the office of the company was destroyed by fire (in the general conflagration at Laconia), and with it a portion of the blanks, books and papers of the company.

The death of the president, and the loss of many of their books and papers, have so much embarrassed the business of the company, that very little has been done since October, 1860. They have, however, nearly supplied the books, blanks, &c., lost by the fire, and will be prepared, upon the election of their officers, at the annual election in May, to prosecute the business of the company with all the necessary energy.

EQUITABLE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPAN—Concord.

For eleven months, ending April 30, 1861.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

Caleb Parker, President,		\$45.83
Mitchel Gilmore, Secretary,		550.00
Robert C. Osgood, Treasurer,		229.17
Caleb Parker, Director,		12.58
John H. Pearsons, “		34.56
Enos Blake, “	\$11.45	19.92
Abel B. Holt, “	7.80	13.70
True Osgood, “	3.50	44.30
		<hr/>
		\$972.81
Timothy Haynes, as Director,		.36
		<hr/>
Total,		\$973.17

Enos Blake receives \$11.45; Abel B. Holt, \$7.80; True Osgood, \$3.50—amounting to \$22.75, for adjusting losses, included in the above. There was paid to agents \$11.06 for the same, making the whole expense of adjusting losses, \$33.81.

The treasurer receives 10 per cent as agent for collecting assessments.

Directors severally receive one dollar for each attendance at monthly and special meetings of the company.

Applications are approved by two directors, who are paid six cents each for every application by them approved. Losses are examined by the directors, who receive two dollars per diem and expenses, for adjusting the same.

Amount of property at risk, May 1, 1861,	\$2,087,334.90
Amount of premium notes,	\$29,092.92
Amount of cash premiums the past year,	\$3,327.00
" " " collected,	3,073.33
" " " uncollected,	226.68
Amount of losses the past year,	\$361.00
Amount paid for losses the past year,	\$361.00
" " " previous,	1,366.66
	<hr/>
	\$1,727.66
Amount of assessments collected on expired policies,	\$4,912.98
Amount paid secretary and treasurer,	\$779.17
" " directors, adjusting losses,	22.75
" " due president and directors,	171.25
	<hr/>
	\$973.17
" " agents on cash premiums,	\$307.34
" " " collecting assessments,	788.02
" " " adjusting losses,	11.06
	<hr/>
	\$1,106.42
" " paid incidental expenses,	236.20
	<hr/>
	\$2,315.79
Amount refunded on surrendered policies,	\$98.42
" paid dividends on expired policies,	84.78
	<hr/>
	\$183.20

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Number of policies issued the past year,	452
Number of policies expired and discharged,	651
Number of policies now in force,	2510

SECRETARY'S DEPARTMENT.

Receipts.

Received cash premiums the past year,	\$3,073.33	
Cash on hand, June 1, 1860,	26.99	
	_____	\$3,100.32

Disbursements.

Paid agents' commissions on cash premiums,	\$307.34	
“ refunded premiums,	98.42	
“ postage and stationery,	70.56	
“ office rent,	75.00	
“ treasurer, cash,	1,960.00	
“ secretary's salary,	550.00	
“ incidental expenses,	25.05	
Cash on hand, April 30, 1861,	13.95	
	_____	\$3,100.32

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.

Receipts.

Cash on hand, June 1, 1861,	\$2,012.23	
Additional assessment not before entered,	21.16	
Received cash premiums of secretary,	1,960.00	
“ assessments of agents,	4,912.98	
“ on money loaned,	6,237.50	
“ interest on money loaned,	196.82	
	_____	\$15,340.69

Disbursements.

Paid losses of 1859 and 1860,	\$1,727.66	
“ dividends on expired policies,	84.78	
“ adjusting losses,	33.81	
“ agents' commissions,	788.02	
“ incidental expenses,	65.59	
“ treasurer's salary,	229.17	
“ money loaned,	10,277.00	
Cash on hand, May 1, 1861,	2,134.66	
	_____	\$15,340.69

Liabilities.

Unpaid company expenses,	\$171.25
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Means.

Amount of money at interest,	\$6,497.00	
“ “ in the treasury,	2,134.66	
“ “ in hands of secretary,	13.95	
“ premiums in hands of agents,	226.68	
		\$8,872.29
Amount of available assessments estimated good at 50 per cent discount,	\$3,014.50	
Two iron safes and desks,	200.00	
		\$3,214.50
		\$12,086.79
Deduct unpaid expenses,		171.25
		\$11,915.54

Agents receive usually ten per cent for collecting assessments, and ten per cent on cash premiums. They receive nothing from the company for applications, but are allowed to retain the policy-fee of one dollar, paid by the applicant. Agents received during the year, for collecting assessments, \$788.02, and \$307.34 on cash premiums.

This company adopted the advance premium system, October 1, 1855. A premium of one per cent on the amount insured on a policy for five years is required to be paid in advance; two thirds of one per cent for three years; and one third of one per cent for one year. A note equal in amount to the cash premium is also required, payable only as the exigencies of the company may require.

A dividend of 25 per cent of the advanced payment, on all policies expired under this system, has been refunded; also, the unexpended portion of the advance premium, on all policies surrendered.

The company has made no general assessment since October, 1854. Since that time notes under the old system have been

assessed their equitable per cent of the losses of the company as they expire. Average rate assessed on premium notes of expired policies during the year, is $3\frac{1}{4}$ per cent per annum.

This company insures isolated dwelling-houses, with their attachments and contents. The value of property is fixed by the applicant, subject to the approval of directors.

The company have incurred no expenses for litigation or counsel during the year. They have suffered eight small losses, amounting to \$361, six of which were within the State. The largest amount taken in one risk is \$2,000.

The books of the company are in a satisfactory condition, being systematically kept by the efficient secretary and treasurer. It is an obvious fact that a different test must be applied to those companies doing business upon the new or high premium system, from that applied to those doing business upon the old, or low premium system, the latter class depending *entirely* upon their notes upon which to make assessments to meet their liabilities, while the former class, although retaining the notes of its members as a guarantee fund to meet any unlooked for contingency, yet, relying almost entirely upon their *cash means* to pay their losses, and other liabilities.

As this class of companies take what is deemed a sufficient sum upon the delivery of the policy, to carry the policy holder safely through to its termination, it becomes necessary that at all times, during the existence of the policy, the company should have an actual fund on hand for the protection of the policy holder in case of loss.

Under the high premium system of insurance, the Equitable Company have outstanding \$1,855,666 amount insured, upon which they have charged as premium \$17,444.80, but as 10 per cent of the premium is deducted by the agent for his services, the actual sum received by the company as premiums under this system is \$15,700.32.

Now, as these policies, on an average, have just one half the time to run for which they were issued, it is perfectly plain that

the reliable means of the company should be equal to one half of the whole amount actually received, which would make the sum of \$7,850.16, which sum would be the sum required to re-insure the risks to their termination, and consequently is the present liability of the company.

The following table shows the net assets of this company, the sum necessary to re-insure the outstanding risks until they shall expire, and also the surplus of the company over and above their present liabilities to their policy holders.

<i>Assets.</i>		
Money at interest,	\$6,497.00	
“ in the treasury,	2,134.66	
“ in hands of agents,	226.68	
“ in hands of secretary,	13.95	
Net cash value of assessments,	3,014.50	
2 iron safes and desks,	200.00	
	<hr/>	
	\$12,086.79	
Deduct amount of outstanding bills,	171.25	
	<hr/>	\$11,915.54
Deduct amount necessary for re-insurance, at 50 per cent on the whole amount,		7,850.16
		<hr/>
Surplus over all liability,		\$4,065.38

and giving to the company the sum of \$152 actual means for every \$100 of present liability.

There is still, under the old system of insurance, about 250 policies outstanding, upon the notes of which no assessment has ever been made. These policies have, on an average, about ten weeks to run, and as they expire, the assessments due upon them will be made up immediately, and this department of the business will be soon closed. The amount of assessments due upon these policies which are not yet assessed, will, it is thought, be a sufficient sum to carry them safely through, and add something to the general surplus of the company.

The foregoing companies examined by me, are generally in a sound condition and entitled to public confidence. The officers, without an exception, have manifested a readiness to aid in the examination of their affairs, and in no case have they shown a disposition to conceal the true condition of their company.

Respectfully submitted,

OLIVER C. FISHER,

Insurance Commissioner.

June Session, 1861.

REPORT OF OTIS F. R. WAITE.

To His Excellency the Governor, and the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives, of the State of New-Hampshire :

The undersigned, one of the Board of Insurance Commissioners for New-Hampshire, has made careful personal examination into the condition and management of the following Mutual Fire Insurance Companies, agreeably to the statute constituting said Board, and respectfully submits the succeeding

R E P O R T :

UNION MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY— Concord.

Report for the year ending July 9, 1860.

This company takes risks in two classes, which it denominates Farmers' and Village. Formerly, it took risks in two other classes, Mercantile and Manufacturers'; but no policies have been issued in either of these latter classes since November, 1857, and all outstanding policies in these classes, were discharged on the 10th of July, 1859, and the business in each has been nearly closed.

Officers, Salaries and Emoluments.

Thomas P. Treadwell, President,	\$800.00
Jonathan E. Lang, Secretary and Treasurer,	1,000.00
Thomas P. Treadwell, Director.	
Nathan S. Chandler, “	150.00
Ezra Carter, “	22.00
Elijah Knight, “	23.00

Nathan S. Chandler was paid the above \$150, and Ezra Carter \$22, and Elijah Knight \$23, as fees for examining and approving applications.

Applications are approved by two directors, who are allowed ten cents each for every application accepted. Directors are

also allowed one dollar for attending each meeting of the board. All losses are examined by the President, having only his expenses paid.

Amount of property at risk, July 9, 1860 :

Farmers' Class,	\$819,400
Village Class,	720,684
	<hr/>
	\$1,540,084

Amount of premium notes :

Farmers' Class,	\$32,901.45
Village Class,	46,271.17
	<hr/>
	\$79,172.62

Amount of losses the past year :

Farmers' Class,	\$1,067.00
Village Class,	2,865.27
	<hr/>
	\$3,932.27

Assessments—Farmers' Class, for two years, ending April 1, 1860,	\$5,230.37
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Amount paid for losses :

Farmers' Class,	\$350.23
Village Class,	1,988.74
	<hr/>
	\$2,338.97

Expenses :

Amount paid officers,	\$1,995.30
“ “ for rent,	100.00
“ “ postage,	78.08
“ “ printing,	56.12
“ “ adjusting losses,	96.75
“ “ litigation and counsel,	44.76
“ “ incidental expenses,	63.83
	<hr/>
	\$2,434.84

Whole number of policies issued,	367
Number of policies expired and surrendered :	
Farmers' Class,	352
Village Class,	350
	<hr/>
	702
Number of policies now in force :	
Farmers' Class,	1324
Village Class,	925
	<hr/>
	2249
Amount of cash premiums collected,	\$977.06
<i>Liabilities.</i>	
Borrowed money,	\$1,500.00
Unpaid losses, Farmers' Class,	333.00
Unpaid losses, Village Class,	1,925.00
	<hr/>
	\$3,758.00
<i>Means.</i>	
Cash on hand,	\$3,204.74
Due on assessments considered good,	3,600.00
	<hr/>
	\$6,804.74
Excess of means over liabilities,	\$3,046.74

In addition to the foregoing liabilities of the company, are claims amounting to \$2,500 for losses, which have been examined and rejected by the directors, some of which are being litigated.

During the year, the receipts in the manufacturers' and mercantile classes have been \$383.85, and claims amounting to \$1,284 had been paid in July, 1860. Otherwise these classes stand the same as at the time of making the last annual report. Since July last, other claims against these classes have been paid, and they will be closed as speedily as possible.

The company sustained eighteen losses, six of which were in this State, and twelve in other States, as follows: Farmers'

Class, 8 losses, all out of the State ; Village Class, 10 losses, 6 of which were in this State, and 4 in other States.

Agents are allowed ten per cent for collecting assessments, and one dollar for each application which is approved by the directors.

They are also allowed to receive one dollar from the applicant for surveys, &c. Losses are examined and determined by the president and directors.

The company charge from three to fifteen per cent, for six years, on the amount insured. None but the best farm and village risks are taken, and the largest amount taken in any one risk is two thousand dollars.

MERRIMACK COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY—Concord.

For the year ending April 20, 1861.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

John H. George, President.
James Moulton, Secretary and Treasurer.
John H. George, Director.
Francis N. Fisk, “
Samuel Coffin, “
E. S. Towle, “
Shadrach Seavey, “
Joseph B. Walker, “
James Wilson, “

The officers have received nothing for their services the past year, neither will they make any demand for compensation until all other liabilities of the company have been paid.

On the 21st of July, 1859, the company voted to close their business, and that all risks on policies be terminated on the first day of December following.

Liabilities.

Due on policies surrendered,	\$6.18
Due agent for services,	7.61
Due treasurer,	11.20
Due officers,	138.42
	<hr/>
	\$163.41

The Insurance Commissioners also have a bill for services in examining the affairs of the company in 1860, by order of the governor.

Means.

Due from the estate of S. Morril, former treasurer, \$106.43, showing a balance of indebtedness over means, beside the Commissioner's bill, of \$56.98. This amount will undoubtedly come out of the sums due officers, and all other liabilities of the company, except what is due the Commissioners, will be paid.

Of the assessment laid in 1858, the agent has collected		\$2,151.11
Paid out by him for losses, &c.,	\$1,725.70	
Expenses and services for collecting,	433.02	
	<hr/>	\$2,158.72

Showing the above indebtedness to the agent of \$7.61, which he will undoubtedly get out of the uncollected assessments in his hands, thus diminishing the liabilities of the company that amount.

NEW-HAMPSHIRE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Concord.

For the year ending May 1, 1860.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

Matthew Harvey, President.
 William Kent, Secretary and Treasurer.
 Matthew Harvey, Director.
 William Choate, "
 J. Stephens Abbott, "
 A. F. Stevens, "

Nothing has been paid officers for services during the last three years. Something is due them, subject, however, to a vote of the company.

Liabilities.

Borrowed money,	\$1,372.00	
Unpaid losses,	1,478.00	
Interest on same,	439.18	
	<hr/>	\$3,289.18

Means.

Cash in the hands of treasurer,	\$15.70	
“ “ “ attorney,	494.72	
Due on assessments, and considered good,	3,000.00	
	<hr/>	\$3,510.42

By this showing, the company appears to have an excess of means over liabilities, amounting to \$221.24. Could all the assessments due the company be collected without resort to legal means, there would be no difficulty in closing the affairs of the company at an early day; but as the last assessment of 15 per cent on the premium notes, amounting in all to \$3,425.97, was made after a large portion of the policies on which the notes were based had been surrendered or discharged, much difficulty has been experienced in collecting the amounts equitably due from members. Of this assessment of \$3,425.97, which was made payable on the 18th of January, 1858, only \$1,371.15 has been collected, and how much can be realized out of the balance, it is impossible to judge with any degree of accuracy. In many cases suits have been commenced for the recovery of amounts due on assessments, some of which are now pending, and it is thought must inevitably result in favor of the company, as the assessment is believed to have been properly made and is justly due.

GREAT FALLS MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Somersworth.

For the year ending July 1, 1860.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

Ichabod G. Jordan, President.	
Joseph A. Stickney, Secretary and Treasurer,	\$600.00
Ichabod G. Jordan, Director,	8.00
Daniel G. Rollins, “	8.00
J. C. Hanson, “	8.00
Ezra Harthorn, “	8.00
Samuel D. Whitehouse, “	8.00
Micajah C. Burleigh, “	8.00
	<hr/>
	\$648.00

Amount of property at risk, First Class,	\$425,058.50	
Amount of property at risk, Second Class,	715,217.50	
	<hr/>	
Property at risk in both classes, July 1, 1860,		\$1,140,276.00
Amount of premium notes, First Class,	\$26,283.90	
Amount of premium notes, Second Class,	49,754.54	
	<hr/>	\$76,038.44

The receipts and expenditures for the year have been as follows :

Receipts.

Cash premiums, First Class,	\$261.99	
“ “ Second “	610.50	
	<hr/>	\$872.49
Cash from assessments, First Class,	\$2,457.91	
“ “ “ Second “	3,739.57	
“ “ “ Third “	83.76	
	<hr/>	
Total receipts for the year,	\$7,153.73	

Expenditures.

Paid for losses, First Class,	\$236.75	
“ for losses, Second “	1,047.03	
“ bills payable,	1,400.00	
“ salary of secretary,	2,212.80	
“ compensation to directors,	62.73	
“ for stationery,	58.45	
“ express,	59.42	
“ traveling expenses,	74.40	
“ rent,	89.19	
“ printing and advertising,	133.84	
“ postage,	190.79	
“ interest on money borrowed,	710.71	
“ incidental expenses,	100.07	
Cash on hand,	777.55	
		\$7,153.73

The foregoing expenditures include all, or nearly all of the expenses of the year, and many expenses of previous years.

Means.

Unpaid assessments, First Class,	\$1,342.99	
“ “ Second “	2,826.41	
“ “ Third “	1,060.84	
Money in the hands of agents,	420.75	
Cash in the treasury,	777.55	
		\$6,428.54

Liabilities.

Due Somersworth Savings Bank,	\$4,300.00	
Interest due on same,	194.03	
		\$4,494.03
Excess of means over liabilities,		\$1,934.51

This company formerly effected insurance in three classes, but the third has been closed.

In October, 1858, this company adopted the following rates of cash premiums: First or Farmers' Class, from 1 to 2 per cent on the amount insured; Second, or Village Class, from 1 to 4 per cent on the amount insured on six years' policies. It is believed that this amount will cover all losses and expenses of

the company, as none but the best farm and village risks are taken. Any accumulated surplus is paid back to the insured on the termination of their policies. A premium note is taken to meet the requirements of the charter. No risk is taken for a greater sum than \$2,500.

The company has sustained seven losses during the year, all of which were out of this State.

FARMERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—
Gilmanton.

For the year ending January 5, 1861.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

John K. Woodman, President,	\$24.72
Josiah J. Bean, Secretary,	1,236.00
Alfred Prescott, Treasurer,	281.94
John K. Woodman, Director,	49.83
John C. Bean, “	44.47
Alfred Prescott, “	15.75
Lyman B. Fellows, “	12.44
George W. Moody, “	14.04
Richard H. Jones, “	20.75
Orrin Folsom, “ (clerk of board)	115.19
Thomas Adams, “	55.25
Elbridge G. Tappan, “	10.80
William R. Hutchinson, “	28.86
John Q. Adams, “	23.88
Elijah O. Bean, “	11.34
Benjamin B. Lamprey, “	14.14
Richard J. Varney, “	42.87
Seth Shackford, “	22.06
Horace Bodwell, “	2.75
Bradbury T. Brown, “	42.00
Henry E. Marsh, “	16.27
Alvah Foss, “	25.89
Charles E. Plumer, “	12.90

\$2,124.14

The president receives no salary as such, but is allowed one dollar per hundred for signing policies, and one dollar per day and four cents per mile travel, each way, to attend meetings of the company and directors, and at the same rate while engaged in adjusting losses or doing other business of the company. The secretary is allowed fifty cents for each policy issued by the company, which makes up his salary. The treasurer is allowed half of one per cent for all money paid out by him, and an extra sum for making assessments. The foregoing sums paid directors was for attending meetings, adjusting losses, and doing other business of the company, and for money paid out for expenses while in the service of the company.

Amount of property at risk,	\$11,826,302.00
" " premium notes,	598,691.83
" " cash premiums,	2,718.23
Number of policies issued the past year,	2472
" " expired,	1924
" " surrendered,	662
" " now in force,	16453
Amount of losses the past year,	\$26,885.77
" paid for losses,	23,489.43
" of assessments collected,	20,726.25

Expenses.

Amount paid officers,	\$2,124.14
" " agents for taking applica- tions,	655.50
" " incidental expenses,	180.17
" " for adjusting losses,	373.49
" " for printing and advertising,	32.88
	<hr/>
	\$3,366.18

Liabilities.

Borrowed money,	\$45,765.62
Unpaid losses ascertained,	2,296.34
" " estimated,	1,100.00
	<hr/>
	\$49,161.96

Means.

Unpaid assessments considered available,	\$15,500.00	
Money in the hands of agents,	2,713.87	
Money in the treasury,	4.58	
	<hr/>	\$18,218.45
Excess of liabilities over means,		<hr/> \$30,943.51

This company makes an assessment once in two years, to cover all its liabilities. The last assessment was made in June, 1859, and another will be laid next month, to cover the above indebtedness.

No risk is taken by this company to exceed \$1,500, and the present risks average a trifle short of \$700, and these are all considered of the best class of farm property. The rate of premium charged for six years, is from $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 7 per cent, 3 per cent of which is required to be paid in cash, and a note is taken for the balance, subject to assessments to pay losses that may occur during the existence of the policy on which it is predicated.

The average cost of insurance in this company, for twenty-two years, has been \$1.11 $\frac{1}{2}$ on a thousand dollars, each year. The whole number of losses in the last year, were 97, of which 77 were in this State, and 20 in other States.

The business of this company is managed by gentlemen of skill and experience, who thoroughly understand the principles of insurance, and devote all their time and energies to the interests of the company.

HILLSBOROUGH MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Amherst.

For the year ending March 5, 1861.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

Francis P. Fitch, President,	\$50.00
David Russell, Secretary and Treasurer.	225.00
Charles Richardson, Director,	32.00
Gilman Wheeler, “	48.75
William L. Carter, “	70.00

David Russell, as secretary, treasurer and director, receives a regular salary of \$225. The sums paid the other directors was for attending meetings of the board, and for other services rendered. Directors act as agents, and are allowed fifty cents for each policy issued through them.

Amount of property at risk,	\$738,101.00
“ premium notes,	60,367.83
“ cash premiums,	2,308.83
“ “ collected,	1,613.41
“ losses,	2,291.00
“ paid for losses during the year,	2,304.00
“ of assessments collected,	856.57
“ paid officers and agents,	569.05
“ “ for adjusting losses,	80.50
“ “ incidental expenses,	64.60
Number of policies issued,	278
“ “ expired,	88
“ “ surrendered,	31
“ “ now in force,	794

Liabilities.

Borrowed money,	\$2,418.11
Unpaid losses,	600.00
	<hr/>
	\$3,018.11

Means.

Amount of last assessments uncollected,	\$566.15
Other unpaid assessments considered good,	900.00
Money in the hands of agents,	695.42
“ treasury,	657.36
	<hr/>
	\$2,818.93

Showing an excess of liabilities over means of \$199.18. No assessment was made during the year. They assess once in two years to pay losses and other outstanding liabilities. Five per cent is the lowest rate at which risks are taken. Three per

cent of the premium is required to be paid at the time of issuing the policy. This company has introduced the new or high cash premium system, but takes risks on the old system, if applicants prefer it. None but the best risks are taken, and none for an amount exceeding \$2,500. Most of the risks of this company are in Hillsborough county. They have had eight losses during the year, all of which were in this State.

ROCHESTER MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPAN-
NY—Rochester.

For the year ending March 16, 1861.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

Micajah H. Wentworth, President.
 Enoch Whitehouse, Secretary and Treasurer.
 Franklin McDuffee, Director.
 C. S. Whitehouse, “
 Reuben Tilton, “
 Dominicus Hanson, “
 John Tredick, “
 Downing Varney, “
 W. K. Kimball, “
 J. D. Evans, “

The secretary and treasurer receives fifty cents for each policy issued, and the president two cents each for signing policies, which is all the compensation the company allows them. The other officers have received nothing for their services.

Amount of property at risk,	\$222,575.00
“ premium notes,	13,540.62*
“ cash premiums,	43.99
Number of policies issued the past year,	39
“ surrendered,	11
“ now in force,	271

Expenses.

Amount paid for office rent,		\$20.00
“ printing,		15.08
“ adjusting losses,		3.00
“ incidental expenses,		15.33

Liabilities.

Borrowed money,	\$180.00	
Due secretary and treasurer,	9.50	
	<hr/>	\$189.50

Means.

Money in the hands of agents,	\$15.93	
“ treasury,	9.80	
	<hr/>	\$25.73

Liabilities over means, \$164.07

Agents are allowed to receive one dollar for each policy from applicants. All applications are approved by two or more directors. From $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 12 per cent is charged for insurance for six years, 3 per cent of which is required to be paid in cash. None but the best village and farm risks are taken, and no one risk has been taken to exceed \$2,150. This company has never yet met with a loss.

AMOSKEAG MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—
Manchester.

For the year ending April 13, 1861.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

Isaac Riddle, President.
 E. T. Stevens, Secretary and Treasurer.
 Isaac Riddle, Director.
 J. T. P. Hunt, “
 S. D. Bell, “
 G. H. Kimball, “
 D. A. Bunton, “
 W. P. Riddle, “
 E. T. Stevens, “

Nothing has been paid officers the past year, and no sum has been fixed upon as compensation for their services.

Amount of property at risk,	\$90,830.35
“ of premium notes,	1,000.50
“ of cash premiums,	500.25
Number of policies issued the past year,	80
“ expired and discharged,	35
“ now in force,	105
Amount of losses the past year,	\$32.50
“ paid for losses,	32.50
“ “ for incidental expenses,	80.50

Liabilities.

Borrowed money,	\$200.00
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Means.

Cash and uncollected premiums,	\$110.25
Excess of liabilities over means,	\$89.75

Agents are allowed one dollar for each accepted application, and ten per cent for collecting cash premiums. This company takes farm and village buildings and their contents. They have met with two losses, both of which were in this State.

This company has adopted the advance premium system, at about the usual stock rates. On five years' policies, from one to one and a quarter per cent is required to be paid in cash, and a note for double the amount is taken, payable at such times, and in such proportions as the necessities of the company may require.

Respectfully submitted,

OTIS F. R. WAITE,

Insurance Commissioner.

May 20, 1861.

REPORT OF BENJAMIN M. COLBY.

To His Excellency the Governor, and the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives of the State of New-Hampshire :

The undersigned, Insurance Commissioner, having made personal examination into the condition and management of the several insurance companies hereinafter mentioned, respectfully submits the following

R E P O R T :

ROCKINGHAM FARMERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Exeter.

For the year ending October 31, 1860.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

	Paid salary.	Paid adjusting losses.	Paid attending Co. meetings.
William Conner, President,	\$5.00	\$7.00	\$17.90
George W. Webster, Director,		3.20	22.20
Nehemiah P. Cram, “		18.05	22.20
Joseph Judkins, “		14.45	25.80
Greenleaf Clark, “		▪	11.50
J. I. Robinson, Director a part of a year,		2.00	1.50
Charles E. Lane, Secretary and Treasurer, salary,			\$350.00
Making for salaries,			\$355.00
For attending meetings,			101.10
For adjusting losses,		\$44.70	
Add paid others,		3.50	
			\$48.20
Amount of property at risk,			\$3,250,320.00
“ premium notes in force,			174,228.12
“ received for cash premiums and discharged notes,			1,032.98

Number of policies issued the past year,	638
“ “ expired,	535
“ “ surrendered,	142
“ “ now in force,	4273
Amount of losses the past year,	\$1,740.60
Amount paid for losses the past year,	\$2,023.12
Amount of assessments collected and paid over to the treasurer,	\$297.00
Amount paid officers,	504.30
“ “ agents,	54.00
“ “ incidental expenses,	184.21
“ “ for adjusting losses the past year,	48.20

This company is administered upon the strictest principles of economy, and is in a healthy and prosperous condition,—taking only farm and detached village risks to insure, for which classes of insurance there is no better company in the State.

The amount of losses the past year has been increased somewhat from that of the previous year. The number of the losses has been 25, being all in this State. The company meet their liabilities without suit,—having, for the last two years, avoided all expenses of counsel and litigation, paying losses promptly.

The insured have, for the past two years, on the 5 per cent risks, paid only 50 cents yearly on \$1,000 insured; on the 5½ per cent risks, paid only 55 cents yearly on \$1,000 insured; on the 6 per cent risks, paid only 60 cents yearly on \$1,000 insured.

The average rate per cent paid since 1833 is only 2½ per cent per year on the *deposit note*.

Indebtedness of the Company.

Unpaid losses ascertained,	\$10.00
Borrowed money,	3,200.75
Interest on the same,	199.26
Unpaid company expenses,	4.00
	<hr/>
	\$3,414.01

Means.

Unpaid assessments of January 3, 1859, valued at	\$193.76
Money in hands of agents, and of members of the company,	275.31
Money in hands of treasurer,	417.09
Balance against the company,	2,527.85
	<hr/>
	\$3,414.01

Agents are allowed 5 per cent for collecting assessments,—the sum thus paid for the past year being \$51. The applications are approved by at least two directors, 3 per cent on the amount of this premium note being paid in advance. Value of property at risk is fixed by agent and applicant, which sum, in case of loss, if above the value of the property, is reduced.

CARROLL COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE
COMPANY—Sandwich.

From May 10, 1860, to April 25, 1861.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

Daniel C. Beede, Director and President.

Daniel H. Folsom, “

John Fellows, “

Henry A. Copp, “

Albert R. Kimball, “

Gilman Moulton, “

Agustine Blanchard, “

C. C. Fellows, Secretary and Treasurer, salary, \$100.

There is no property at risk. The affairs of the
company are being closed. The debts against
the company, May 10, 1860, were

\$2,100.95

Which sum has been reduced about

1,004.54

Leaving a balance of

\$1,096.41

Indebtedness of the Company.

Borrowed money, notes for losses, and interest added, nearly	\$1,096.41
Unpaid company expenses, nearly	300.00
	<hr/>
	\$1,396.41

Means.

Unpaid assessments, considered available, about	\$1,004.86
Balance against the company,	391.55
	<hr/>
	\$1,396.41

This sum may be reduced somewhat, if the assessments should be collected more closely than they have been judged available.

The directors have been very negligent with the agents, in not having them settle their accounts, and pay over the balance, if any, to the company. The attention of the company was called to this subject last year; still the agents' accounts are now open and uncertain.

There has been no record of the amount of cash received during the year. The officers have been paid only \$58.33 the past year. Incidental expenses the past year, \$24.

The last settlement made with the treasurer was July 27, 1857. Since then the records show that the treasurer has paid out \$7,479.72, and he does not appear to have kept any cash account of money received. The directors should examine into the affairs of the company, and ascertain, if possible, whether or not the actual funds of the company are not being paid out frivolously to agents and attorneys, on illegal or uncollectable claims now in suit in court.

GRANITE MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—
Webster.

For the year ending January 1, 1861.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

Moses Fellows, President, for attending meetings,	\$8.00
Simeon B. Little, Director, “ “	8.00
Enoch Couch, “ “	8.00
Thomas Elliott, “ “	8.00
Nathan Pearsons, “ “	8.00
Cyrus Adams, “ “	3.00
John T. Buck, “ “	3.00
Simeon B. Little, Secretary,	\$50.00
“ for policies,	85.00
“ Treasurer, a part of a year,	70.00
“ for assigning policies, paid by insured,	10.00
	<hr/>
	\$215.00
H. Fellows, Treasurer, for a part of a year,	\$20.00
Amount of property at risk,	\$1,017,882.00
“ premium notes,	58,789.99
“ cash premiums, being 3 per cent,	133.95
Number of policies issued the past year,	170
“ “ expired the past year,	215
“ “ surrendered the past year,	59
“ “ in force the past year,	1132
Amount of losses the past year,	\$3,300.00
“ “ paid the past year, including due before,	3,656.07
Amount of assessments the past year,	5,600.00
“ paid officers,	271.00
“ “ agents, nearly	91.70
“ “ incidental expenses,	64.18
“ “ adjusting losses,	14.40

Indebtedness of the Company.

Unpaid losses ascertained,	\$310.00
Borrowed money,	3,113.42
Unpaid company's expenses,	17.00
Treasurer, over-drawn,	21.64
	<hr/>
	\$3,462.06

Means.

Unpaid assessments, due prior to 1859, valued at	\$520.00
Net balance of last assessment, uncol- lected (commissions out),	2,250.00
Money in hands of agents,	197.10
Balance of debts over means,	494.96
	<hr/>
	\$3,462.06

No change has been made in the per cent for collecting assessments, since our last report. The applicant pays the agent fifty cents for the application, and fifty cents for the policy; and the company pays him an additional fifty cents. For collecting assessments, at a rate of $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 per cent, agents have been paid by the company during the past year, \$99.60, and for applications, \$85.

Directors determine the amount of the losses; the number of which has been eight, and those all within the State. Fourteen hundred and forty dollars has been paid for adjusting losses, at \$1.50 per day, and expenses.

Cash Receipts.

Collected of outstanding assessments of 1858, and previous years,	\$376.18
Collected of outstanding 3 per cents, due prior to January 1, 1860,	115.99
Collected of outstanding 3 per cents of 1860,	133.95
Collected on notes given up on policies surrendered, &c.,	35.77
Collected on assessments of 1860,	3,055.74
Money received on company's notes,	2,832.64
Treasurer over-drawn,	21.73
	<hr/>
	\$6,572.00

Disbursements.

Paid losses by fire,	\$3,656.07
“ agents for taking applications,	85.00
“ directors for services,	43.00
“ treasurers (Fellows and Little), as such,	90.00
“ secretary for services,	50.00
“ adjusting losses,	14.40
“ unexpended 3 per cent on policies surrendered, to be renewed,	3.55
“ making assessments and filling receipts,	30.34
“ company’s notes,	2,227.63
“ treasurer, balance due him January 1, 1860,	284.06
“ outstanding accounts and error in assessment receipt,	6.77
“ stationery, printing, &c.,	52.18
“ office rent,	12.00
“ interest on money advanced by treasurer,	17.00
	<hr/>
	\$6,572.00

There is a small falling off in the number of policies issued, and in the property at risk, during the past year, caused, no doubt, mostly from the fact that Canterbury, Wilmot, Andover, Sutton, New-London and Dunbarton, have each a town insurance company. Said towns, being in the immediate vicinity of the Granite Company, have, to a certain extent, curtailed its business.

NASHUA MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—
Nashua.

For the year ending May 1, 1861.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

Josephus Baldwin, Director and President.
Leonard W. Noyes, “
George Stark, “
Thomas Chase, “

E. P. Emerson, Director.
 George McQuesten, "
 Mark W. Merrill, "
 Samuel F. Wright, "
 Joseph F. Andrews, "
 Franklin Munroe, "
 Elijah Colburn, "
 John G. Blunt, "
 J. D. Otterson, "
 Franklin Foster, "
 Alvah Kimball, "
 Hiram T. Morrill, "
 John W. White, "
 D. T. Whittle, Secretary and Treasurer.

No officer receives any salary, but the secretary and treasurer have an office, wood and lights, found by the company.

Amount of property at risk,	\$217,321.00
" of premium notes,	2,698.04
" of cash premiums,	759.07
" collected,	759.07

Number of policies issued the past year, 34, beside the renewal receipts.

Number of policies expired and surrendered, 25, beside the renewal receipts.

Amount of losses the past year,	\$545.51
" paid for losses the past year,	437.51
" paid for incidental expenses,	209.71

Agents are paid \$1 for policy and application, and ten per cent of the cash premiums.

Before a policy is issued upon an application, three or more directors' approval is required.

The company have not been to any expense in adjusting losses. Two dollars per day, and expenses, are allowed while attending to this business. The amount of any one risk taken is \$3,000. There have been two losses, both in the State.

Indebtedness of the Company.

Unpaid losses ascertained,	\$108.00
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Means.

Money in the treasury,	\$297.96	
Money loaned out,	650.00	
	<hr/>	\$947.96
Means over liabilities,		<hr/>
		\$839.96

Account Current.

Cash in the treasury, May 1, 1861,	\$198.35	
Cash received last year,	759.07	
	<hr/>	\$948.42

Disbursements.

Paid losses,	\$437.51	
“ incidental expenses,	209.11	
“ on unexpired policy,	3.24	
Cash in treasury,	297.96	
	<hr/>	\$948.42

ASHUELOT MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—
Keene.

For the year ending December 31, 1860.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

William Dinsmore, President.
 Thomas M. Edwards, Director.
 Sumner Wheeler, “
 Frank S. Fisk, “
 William Haile, “
 Milton Harris, “
 Brown Nourse, “
 Asa H. Carpenter, “
 Charles H. Faulkner, “
 George W. Tilden, “
 A. A. Parker, “
 Marshall Kingman, “
 A. P. Howland, “
 Edward Farrar, Secretary; salary, \$150.
 Sumner Wheeler, Treasurer; salary, \$15.

Amount of property at risk,	\$1,548,490.00
“ property insured during the year,	479,803.00
“ cash premiums,	3,186.47
“ cash premiums collected,	2,765.20
Number of policies issued during the year,	537
“ “ expired and surrendered,	370
“ “ now in force,	1765
Amount of premium notes taken the past year,	\$12,489.03
“ “ now in force,	49,454.33

The amount of commissions accruing to agents the past year has been \$300.77, who now have \$52.30 in their hands belonging to the company. Compensation paid for adjusting losses, \$2 per diem, and expenses. The kinds of property insured, value of property fixed, the amount of the risk taken, and the losses determined, the same as last year.

The number of losses during the year has been thirteen, six of them in this State.

Account current by treasurer, ascertained January 14, 1861, namely,

January 10, 1860. Cash funds in the hands of the treasurer, as per report,	\$2,842.63	
Net balance of cash received of secretary,	2,767.40	
Cash received for interest,	57.62	
	<hr/>	\$5,667.65

Disbursements.

Amount paid for losses,	\$3,867.45
“ adjusting losses,	24.50
“ sundry incidental bills,	86.75
“ Edward Farrar, salary as secretary,	150.00
“ Sumner Wheeler, salary as treasurer,	15.00
“ returned premium on policy,	5.00

Amount paid directors, attending meetings,	\$8.00	
Balance in the treasury,	1,507.95	
	<hr/>	\$5,664.65

The amount of cash and notes, May 9, 1861, is \$1,674.79, to which should be added the cash premiums in the hands of agents, accruing since the annual meeting in January last.

CHESHIRE COUNTY MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY—Keene.

For the year ending August 31, 1860.

Officers, salaries and emoluments.

Larkin Baker, President. Received for attending annual meeting,	\$3.60
Ebenezer Morse, Director. Received for attending annual meeting,	2.00
Albro Blodgett, Director. Received for attending annual meeting,	6.80
Lawson Robertson, Director. Received for attending annual meeting,	3.40
Alvah Smith, Director. Received for attending annual meeting,	5.60
Daniel W. Farrar, Director. Received for attending annual meeting,	7.40
Ashbel Hamlin, Director. Received for attending annual meeting,	5.00
William P. Wheeler, Director. Received for attending annual meeting,	5.60
Levi Chamberlain, Director. Received for attending annual meeting,	5.60
	<hr/>
	\$45.00
Leonard Bisco, Secretary; salary,	\$110.00
Attending annual meeting,	5.60
	<hr/>
	\$115.60

Frederick Vose, Treasurer ; salary,	\$50.00	
Attending annual meeting,	2.00	
	<hr/>	\$52.00
Larkin Baker, received for adjusting losses,		23.80
Levi Chamberlain, for adjusting losses,	\$16.22	
Levi Chamberlain, counsel,	18.00	
	<hr/>	\$34.22
Ebenezer Morse, for adjusting losses,	\$8.46	
Ebenezer Morse, for auditing accounts,	1.00	
	<hr/>	\$9.46
The amount of property at risk is,		\$4,321,172.00
Amount of premium notes,		\$132,188.79
Amount of cash premiums, and are collected.		\$5,043.33

The company has suffered 28 losses during the past year, all but three in the State, making an aggregate loss of \$12,697.30 having paid losses \$10,232.64.

The directors, September 3, 1860, ordered an assessment of \$14,500.

Agents from September 5, 1859, to September 3, 1860, collected on back assessments \$308.64, which has been paid into the treasury.

The officers have received for salaries, and other services and expenses, during the year \$262.60, and agents the per cent on collecting cash premiums and assessments of \$1,071.72, being allowed only 5 per cent on assessments, and receiving therefor \$30.86.

Agents receive 50 cents for policy of the applicant.

The policies are issued through the agent, who approves the risk.

No change from last year in regard to the pay for adjusting losses, the per diem being \$2, together with the expenses while on this business.

The agent and applicant agree upon the value of the property asked to be insured, and the extent of any risk is not taken above \$2,500.

Indebtedness of the Company.

Unpaid losses, as ascertained, and interest on the same,	\$4,521.36	
Unpaid losses, estimated,	15.00	
Unpaid company expenses, and agents' commissions,	493.69	
Over-drawn on treasurer,	263.51	
Over-paid on premiums,	16.50	
	<hr/>	\$5,310.06

Means.

Balance of last assessments, valued at	\$125.00	
Balance of debts over means,	5,185.06	
	<hr/>	\$5,310.06

Account current from September 5, 1859, to September 2, 1860, inclusive.

Money in agents' hands, September 5, 1859,	\$859.89	
Money in the treasury,	3,415.47	
Cheshire Railroad bonds, \$2,500, and interest, \$150,	2,650.00	
Balance, cash received by treasurer, to September 3, 1860,	9,705.16	
Agents' per cent in premiums, \$1,071.72—\$522.61,	549.11	
Treasurer over-drawn,	263.51	
	<hr/>	\$17,443.14

Disbursements.

Paid losses, \$10,232.14, less interest on loss, discounted, \$130,	\$10,231.34
“ adjusting losses,	125.86
“ incidental expenses, &c.,	382.75
“ officers,	254.60

Paid agents' per cent, and commis- sions,	1,071.72	
“ company notes and interest,	5,376.79	
Returned, of over-paid premiums,	.08	
	<hr/>	\$17,443.14

Respectfully submitted,

BENJAMIN M. COLBY,

Insurance Commissioner.

June session, A. D. 1861.

GENERAL REMARKS.

In submitting the foregoing Reports, the undersigned have endeavored to give a clear and succinct idea of the business and standing of the several Mutual Fire Insurance Companies in this State, each one of which has been carefully examined by one of the Board of Insurance Commissioners. The companies now doing business have been found to be generally in a sound working condition, and transacting their business agreeably to their charters. Some of them are doing but a small amount of business, and their officers are giving to them but little attention; consequently they are not growing in strength or soundness, or gaining very much in the public confidence. In some of these companies the books are kept in a loose and unsatisfactory manner, while in others every thing appears correct and intelligible.

The small or lately chartered companies, we have found lacking in the vigor and systematic effort which characterize most of the older and larger ones. It is a mistake to suppose that the business of insurance companies, however small, can be successfully carried on without attention, a knowledge of the well established principles of insurance, and system on the part of the officers; or that good, capable men can be found willing to give their time and energies without a compensation in some degree commensurate with the service required. Many of these companies pay very small salaries to their officers, and some of them none at all, except, perhaps, a small and entirely inadequate sum to the Secretary and Treasurer, in whose hands is placed the management of all the affairs of the company, with hardly a word of counsel or encouragement from the officers, whose duty it is to watch over the general business of the company.

There is very general complaint that the business of the mutual companies in this State is not protected by statute law from the interference of foreign companies, as are those of other States doing business—and some of them extensively—in this. We would recommend the enactment of some law which will place the mutual companies of this State on an equal footing with those of other States. The falling off in business of our companies during the last year, which appears from the foregoing Reports, may be attributed, in part, we think, to the want of that protection which other States have extended to their home companies.

Many of the companies have changed from the system of assessing at regular intervals, or as occasion may require, for the payment of losses, to that of taking such sum on issuing policies as will cover all expenses and probable losses, and refunding the unexpended portion of the advance premium, as may properly belong to each, at the expiration of their policies; thus saving to the assured the large per cent which it costs to make and collect assessments, and the losses from bad or uncollectable debts. This we believe to be the system which all companies in this State will be compelled to adopt, in order to meet the exigencies of the times.

The Commissioners would tender their thanks to the officers of the several companies examined, for their kindness and attention, while in the discharge of their official duties.

OLIVER C. FISHER,
OTIS F. R. WAITE,
BENJAMIN M. COLBY,

Insurance Commissioners.

JUNE SESSION, 1861.

RAILROAD COMMISSIONERS' REPORTS.

To His Excellency, the Governor of the State of New-Hampshire :

The undersigned, constituting the Board of Railroad Commissioners of the State of New-Hampshire, in obedience to an act of the legislature, entitled "An act to render railroad corporations public in certain cases, and constituting a Board of Railroad Commissioners," have, during the past year, made examination into the condition of the several railroads within the jurisdiction of the State, as well as into the general management thereof for the past year, and now respectfully submit the following

REPORT :

The number of corporations chartered by the legislature, and operated in whole or in part within the State, remains the same as at our last report, namely, twenty-one, and they are as follows : The Nashua and Lowell, the Atlantic and St. Lawrence, the Peterborough and Shirley, the Northern, the Great Falls and Conway, the Sullivan, the Cochecho, the Ashuelot, the Eastern, the Cheshire, the Worcester and Nashua, the Concord, the Manchester and Lawrence, the White Mountains (N. H.), the Merrimack and Connecticut Rivers, the Wilton, the Boston and Maine, the Manchester and North Weare, the Contoocook River, the Boston, Concord and Montreal, and the Concord and Portsmouth. Six of these roads, namely, the Atlantic and St. Lawrence, the Boston and Maine, the Eastern, the Nashua and

Lowell, the Peterborough and Shirley, and the Worcester and Nashua, are parts of longer and important lines, extending into the neighboring States of Maine, Massachusetts and Vermont.

Eleven of the roads first above mentioned, are operated by lease or contract, by other connecting roads. They are as follows: The Atlantic and St. Lawrence, the Ashuelot, the Eastern, the Merrimack and Connecticut Rivers, the Manchester and Lawrence, the Concord and Portsmouth, the Wilton, the Manchester and North Weare, the Contoocook River, the Peterborough and Shirley, and White Mountains (N. H.).

BOSTON AND MAINE RAILROAD.

The annual examination of the books and papers of this corporation was made at the office of the treasurer, H. B. Wilbur, Esq., in Boston, May 1, 1861, and embraces a full account of the operations of the road for one year, ending December 1, 1860, at which time a full report of their doings was made to the Massachusetts legislature, and also a further account of receipts and expenditures for the next four months after the date of said returns. The Boston and Maine Railroad is about 74 miles long, beginning in Boston and running across the south-easterly portion of our own State, about 35 miles, to South Berwick Junction, in Maine, where it intersects with the Portsmouth, Saco and Portland Railroad; also with the Eastern Railroad of New-Hampshire.

The capital stock remains the same as at the date of our last report—\$4,155,700; and a detailed account of the investment thereof having heretofore been made a subject of special report by the commissioners, it is deemed at this time unnecessary to extend that report any further.

Income, for the year ending November 30, 1860.

From passengers on main road and branches,	\$428,249.43	
From passengers to and from other roads,	141,916.87	
	<hr/>	\$570,166.30
From freight on main road and branches,	\$285,512.17	
From freight to and from other roads,	88,134.62	
	<hr/>	\$373,646.79
From United States mails,		9,723.50
“ rents,		11,167.93
“ interest,		11,225.90
Portsmouth, Saco and Portland Railroad surplus,		15,000.00
		<hr/>
		\$990,930.42

Expenditures.

For repairs of road,	\$88,207.45
“ repairs of bridges,	18,164.04
“ renewals of iron,	15,130.90
Wages of switchmen, gatemen, sig- nalmen and watchmen,	21,223.12
Removal of ice and snow,	719.14
Repairs of fences and gates,	4,067.87
Horse power,	9,200.00
Repairs of locomotives,	37,706.86
“ “ passenger cars,	17,234.52
“ “ merchandise,	10,886.12
“ “ gravel cars,	126.69
Fuel—wood,	60,529.54
“ and coal,	16,336.94
Oil,	8,796.53
Waste,	1,955.73
Passenger expenses,	66,043.23
Freight expenses,	58,860.52
Gratuities and damages,	808.00
Taxes and insurance,	15,597.71
Repairs of stations and buildings,	39,045.06

Rent of Danvers Railroad,	\$7,500.00	
Salaries of president, treasurer, super- intendent, and all other expenses not found above,	\$17,070.85	<u>\$515,210.88</u>
Net income,		\$475,719.54
Depreciation of engines and cars,		<u>1,368.00</u>
		\$474,451.54
Two dividends, 4 per cent each,		<u>332,456.00</u>
Balance of surplus at end of the year,		\$141,895.54
Surplus as per last report,		<u>446,425.53</u>
		\$588,321.07
Deduct loss on assets,		<u>4,588.91</u>
Total surplus, November 30, 1860,		<u>\$583,732.16</u>
The above balance of surplus as above, is invested and accounted for as follows :		
Material on hand for use of road,	\$84,622.26	
Assets of doubtful value, which cost	4,667.57	
Loan to Newburyport Railroad,	300,000.00	
The balance has been expended in construction and equipment of road over and above stock issued,	194,442.33	
	<u>194,442.33</u>	\$583,732.16

Included in the foregoing are the earnings and expenses attending the operation of the Danvers Railroad and the Newburyport Railroad, which have been, by authority of law, leased to this corporation.

The rent for the use of the Newburyport Railroad has been prepaid for one hundred years, by a loan to them, for that time, not on interest, the sum of \$300,000.

Operations for the next four months.

	Receipts.	Expenses.	Net.
December,	\$75,250.08	\$43,760.10	\$31,489.98
January,	50,412.77	44,031.86	6,380.91
February,	50,979.77	35,431.71	15,548.06
March,	74,319.69	37,734.25	36,585.44
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$250,962.31	\$160,957.92	\$90,004.39

Indebtedness, December 1, 1860.

Dividend to be paid January 1, 1861,	\$166,228.00	
Due connecting roads,	37,478.80	
Due on notes payable, and bills,	121,396.56	
	<hr/>	\$325,103.36

Assets.

Material, wood, oil, &c.,	\$93,416.49	
Cash, notes, bonds, &c., considered good,	616,309.13	
Assets of doubtful value,	46,675.57	
	<hr/>	\$714,393.19

This road is under a further liability in a guarantee of the bonds of the Danvers Railroad to the amount of \$125,000, which becomes due in about twenty years—the Boston and Maine Railroad holding a lease of said road for a period of one hundred years, at the rate of \$7,500 per annum for rent.

A single glance at the above statement will give a correct idea of the standing of the Boston and Maine Railroad Corporation.

This road, during the last sixteen months, has increased its net receipts, over and above expenditure, \$42,110.72, and this sum would have been much larger but for the general prostration of business throughout the country.

It also appears that they have on hand, in cash assets, consisting of cash, notes, bonds, &c., a sum sufficiently large to pay off their entire indebtedness, and leave a balance of \$291,195.77, beside \$93,416.49 invested in material, wood,

oil, &c., together with assets of doubtful value, amounting to a considerable sum, a large portion of which may be used in operating the road.

Such an exhibition as the above of the affairs of this corporation is not only fortunate for its stockholders, but is highly flattering to its efficient managers who have its interests in charge, and the high price which its stock usually brings in the market, is a sure test of the appreciation that the public have of it, as a safe and sure railway investment.

MANCHESTER AND LAWRENCE RAILROAD.

The examination of the books and papers of this corporation was made at the treasurer's office, D. J. Daniels, Esq., in Manchester, May 4, 1861, and embraced a period of one year, ending March 31, 1861. The Manchester and Lawrence Railroad is about 26 miles in length, extending from Lawrence, Mass., to Manchester. This road continues to be operated by the Concord road, under a lease for five years, commencing December 1, 1856, and will terminate in November next. The mutual advantages of the present contract have been so apparent to both corporations as to induce them to form a business connection, providing substantially for the same division of profits as before, and to continue for twenty years.

It seems that this business connection has been submitted to the stockholders of both roads, and received their unanimous assent. The whole amount of receipts and expenditures of both roads will appear in that portion of this report under the head of the Concord Road.

Net income of both roads,		\$230,820.57
Three fifths to Concord Railroad,	138,492.34	
Two fifths to M. & L. Railroad,	92,328.23	
	<hr/>	\$230,820.57

The portion to Manchester and Lawrence Road is \$92,328.23,
which has been appropriated as follows :

Two dividends, 4 per cent each,	\$79,244.00	
Interest account,	5,693.65	
Outstanding claims settled,	321.83	
Commission on sale of new stock,	2,800.00	
Proportion paid on contract with Passumpsic Road,	1,000.00	
Old account charged off,	50.61	
Balance,	3,218.14	
	<hr/>	\$92,328.23

Assets.

Cash on hand,	\$26,039.72	
Notes receivable,	1,325.00	
Sundry accounts,	1,739.06	
Proportion due from joint roads,	25,520.56	
64 shares stock issued,	6,400.00	
	<hr/>	\$61,024.34

Liabilities.

Bonds,	\$14,600.00	
Unclaimed dividends,	1,508.00	
Stock	820.00	
Dividend payable May 1st,	39,744.00	
Balance of assets over and above all liabilities,	4,352.34	
	<hr/>	\$61,024.34

Trial balance, March 31, 1861.

DR.

Construction,	\$1,000,000.00	
Cash,	26,039.72	
Notes receivable,	1,325.00	
Sundry accounts,	1,739.06	
Telegraph,	4,770.35	
J. A. Gilmore, superintendent,	6,651.07	
Concord, Manchester & Lawrence R. R.	18,869.49	
Future income,	3,000.00	
Unissued stock,	6,400.00	
	<hr/>	\$1,068,794.69

CR.

Capital,	\$1,000,000.00	
Passumpsic Railroad,	3,000.00	
Income,	48,866.69	
Unclaimed dividends,	1,508.00	
Stock dividends,	820.00	
Bonds,	14,600.00	
	<hr/>	\$1,068,794.69

Since our last annual report this corporation has sold \$91,800 of its own stock upon very favorable terms, and the same has been applied in liquidating the bonds and other outstanding liabilities of the road, so that the directors now report the road entirely free from debt, except for a small amount invested in stock and materials for the joint operation of the two roads, beside leaving a balance of assets, over and above liabilities, amounting to \$4,352.34. It will be seen at a glance that the affairs of this corporation are in a flourishing condition—paying eight per cent dividends to the stockholders, beside nearly one per cent more to the State Treasurer, which relieves them from that amount of tax—with the stock above par and the company out of debt.

These facts can not fail to attract the notice of parties who are in search of safe and reliable railroad investments.

PORTSMOUTH AND CONCORD RAILROAD.

The annual examination of the books and papers of this corporation was made at the office of the Treasurer, in Portsmouth, Thomas D. Bailey, Esq., May 6, 1861, and embraces an account of the doings of the directors for one year, ending October 4, 1860.

This road is now being operated by the Concord Railroad Company, under a business contract entered into on the 11th day of September, 1858, for five years, at a yearly rent of

\$15,500, payable semi-annually. There is also a further stipulation that the said Concord Railroad shall expend, in permanent repairs and additions, not less than \$2,500 per year during the continuance of the contract.

Account of receipts.

From the late treasurer,	\$280.00	
“ lessees of road from rent and organization,	15,500.00	
“ assessment on stock issued to J. Hall,	90.00	
“ J. D. Pillow, as treasurer,	22.00	
“ old sleepers,	4.00	
“ freight bills,	103.20	
	<hr/>	\$15,999.21

Disbursements.

Expenses of organization,	\$500.00	
Paid attorney's bill and printing bill,	120.00	
Manchester branch,	75.00	
Railroad Commissioner,	23.00	
Rent of land at Concord,	39.64	
Expenses protecting spring from encroachments of the Aqueduct Co.,	176.49	
Printing and advertising,	47.14	
Refunded Wainwright & Tappan, and S. Fairbanks, and others, for moneys advanced to carry on suits against directors of the old corporation, and for expenses of organization,	1,159.50	
	<hr/>	\$2,141.37
Balance,		<hr/> \$13,857.84
From which deduct dividends as follows :		
Number 2, in April, 1860,	\$6,885.00	
“ 3, in September, 1860,	6,900.00	
	<hr/>	\$13,785.00
Surplus,		<hr/> \$72.84

This corporation is entirely free from debt, and there is no incumbrance whatever upon the railway stock or franchise.

In addition to the foregoing there is a further statement of earnings and expenses on the part of the lessees of the road, which is as follows :

Earnings and Expenses of the Concord and Portsmouth R. R.,

For 12 months ending March 31, 1861.

Earnings.

Passengers,	\$21,515.72	
Freight,	30,722.94	
Express,	600.00	
Mails,	2,405.57	
Rents,	323.00	
	<hr/>	\$55,567.23

Expenses.

Engine repairs,	\$4,319.10
Freight car repairs,	1,075.62
Passenger car repairs,	308.95
Hand car repairs,	50.30
Dépot repairs,	84.86
Stationary engine,	4.33
Bridge repairs,	14.64
Road repairs,	8,234.97
Gravel and wood car repairs,	8.22
Wood,	3,451.08
Oil,	539.76
Waste,	70.22
General running expenses,	237.60
Advertising,	23.00
Damages,	461.47
Freight expense,	2,556.30
Passenger expense,	2,443.23
Incidentals,	165.66
Water fixtures,	22.75
Insurance and taxes,	1,245.30
Permanent repairs,	1,527.31

Snow plow repairs,	\$8.39	
Fence repairs,	7.50	
Removing ice and snow,	43.71	
	<hr/>	\$26,905.30
Earnings above expenses,		28,661.93
		<hr/>
		\$55,567.23

The net earnings have been disposed of as follows:

Amount paid Concord and Portsmouth R. R. for rent,	\$15,500.00
“ paid over to C., M. and L. Railroad,	12,081.24
Less income and expense account prior to April 1, 1860,	1,080.69
	<hr/>
	\$28,661.93

CHESHIRE RAILROAD.

The annual examination of the books and papers of this corporation was made at the treasurer's office, F. W. Everett, Esq., in Boston, May 6, 1861, and embraces a period of one year, ending November 30, 1860. This road intersects with the Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad, at South Ashburnham, Mass., and extends to Bellows Falls, a distance of about 53 miles. The construction account has not been closed, and as it now stands on the books of the corporation, is \$3,073,855.76, and is represented by \$2,226,300 of capital stock, and the balance in bonds, floating debt and income account. With the exception of 681 shares, the capital stock stands as "preferred stock" on the books of the corporation.

Earnings.

Passengers,	\$103,776.29	
Freight,	196,320.77	
U. S. Mails,	7,500.00	
Rents, express, &c.,	7,448.42	
	<hr/>	\$315,045.48

Expenses.

Printing and advertising,	293.73	
Directors' expenses,	65.00	
Taxes and insurance,	2,174.24	
Salary of President 13 months,	1,516.58	
Salary of Treasurer,	1,200.00	
Railroad Commissioners and law ex- penses,	318.81	
Superintendent,	1,300.00	
Clerk, superintendent's department,	590.00	
Office expenses,	641.79	
Clerk, corporation,	50.00	
Expenses looking after cars and baggage,	24.17	
Fuel,	27,489.43	
Oil,	4,645.77	
Waste,	1,531.02	
Repairs of road,	20,189.29	
Repairs of bridges,	2,534.43	
Renewals of iron,	19,100.49	
Wages of switchmen,	772.90	
Wages of watchmen,	1,340.45	
Removing ice and snow,	445.36	
Repairs of fences and gates,	344.48	
Repairs of locomotives,	18,154.38	
Repairs of passenger cars,	3,719.35	
	<hr/>	\$108,441.67
Repairs of merchandise cars,		13,822.25
Repairs of gravel and all other cars,		77.07
Salaries and wages chargeable to freight department,		24,106.37
Salaries and wages chargeable to passenger department,		9,235.64
Gratuities and damages,		238.38
Repairs of station buildings and fixtures,		5,876.09
Mail service,		531.00
		<hr/>
Total expense of operating road,		\$162,328.47
New-Hampshire State tax,	\$3,220.58	
Rent of Vermont and Massachusetts Railroad Company,	39,000.00	
	<hr/>	\$42,220.58
		<hr/>
		\$204,549.05

Amount of earnings,	\$315,045.48
Amount of expenses,	204,549.05
	<hr/>
Balance of earnings,	\$110,496.43
Balance of interest, including interest on bonds,	48,003.64
	<hr/>
	\$62,392.79
Less sundry balances, dividends and coupons,	384.00
	<hr/>
Surplus of earnings for year ending November 30, 1860,	\$62,008.79
Surplus of earnings for year ending November 30, 1859,	164,208.10
	<hr/>
Present surplus earnings,	\$226,216.89

Indebtedness of the Company.

Bonds due July 1, 1863,	\$157,000
Bonds due July 1, 1875,	43,100
Bonds due January 1, 1877,	43,100
Bonds due January 1, 1880,	600,000
Notes payable,	27,240
	<hr/>
Total amount of indebtedness,	\$870,440

Assets as valued.

Notes receivable,	\$84,378.80
125 shares preferred stock,	2,500.00
Railroad bonds,	2,000.00
Cash on hand,	15,853.18
Due from Rutland and Burlington trustees, balance of account and interest,	12,120.32
Real estate and woodland,	23,175.24
	<hr/>
	\$140,027.54

Assets for use of the Road.

Fuel on hand,	\$15,090.50	
Oil,	80.55	
Renewals of iron and rails on hand,	15,993.12	
Material and new work on hand for repairs of locomotives,	18,931.16	
Repairs of passenger cars,	2,335.65	
Repairs of merchandise cars,	7,369.19	
Repairs of gravel cars,	7.56	
Repairs of road,	3,290.07	
Repairs of station buildings and fix- tures,	1,395.65	
Repairs of bridges,	75.00	
Repairs of fences,	15.75	
	<hr/>	\$64,584.20
Total amount assets,		<hr/> \$204,611.74

EASTERN RAILROAD.

The annual examination of the affairs of this corporation was made May 2, 1861, at the office of the treasurer, John B. Parker, Esq., in Boston, and embraces a period of one year, ending November 30, 1860. This road, about 16 miles in length, is a part of a continuous line extending from Boston to Portsmouth, and is operated by the Eastern Railroad company of Massachusetts, under a lease which was entered into about twenty-one years ago, for the term of ninety-nine years. The net earnings of the two roads are equally divided between the two corporations, in proportion to their capital stock respectively.

For several years past, this road has declared no dividend, its surplus earnings having been used to a very great extent in paying off the floating debt, and meeting a heavy loss that occurred in consequence of the defalcation of its late treasurer, whose accounts fell short nearly \$250,000. This year, however, a dividend of two dollars per share has been paid to the stock-

holders, with a reasonable prospect that the earnings of the road will warrant the payment of the usual dividends paid by first class roads.

As no separate account is kept of the operations of the road in New-Hampshire, the schedule annexed embraces the operations of the whole line of road in both States.

Income of both roads, for the year ending November 30, 1860.

From passengers,	\$534,194.20	
Freight,	147,766.63	
Mails,	9,624.00	
Rents,	9,061.85	
Miscellaneous,	18,577.45	
		<hr/> \$719,224.13

Expenditures.

Working road,	\$58,443.37	
Motive power and cars,	60,587.51	
Wood and coal,	45,027.66	
Oil and waste,	7,570.34	
Passenger department expenses,	81,470.13	
Freight department expenses,	17,074.73	
Gratuities and damages,	2,722.42	
Taxes and insurance,	9,748.55	
Repairs, station buildings, &c.,	7,854.75	
Grand Junction railroad,	11,000.00	
Renewals of iron,	39,429.80	
Miscellaneous,	11,521.86	
		<hr/> \$352,151.12

Net income,	\$367,073.01
Cost of New-Hampshire portion of road,	\$525,204.93
Cost of Massachusetts portion of road,	\$4,435,491.57
	<hr/> \$4,960,696.50
Bonds and State loan,	\$1,955,000.00

This corporation has on hand and could sell real estate in East Boston, to the amount of \$400,000, and retain enough for their immediate wants. This they may do when the state of the market will warrant such sale.

A single glance at the foregoing statement will show that this corporation is rapidly improving its condition. With a surplus income of \$367,073.01 for the present year, it being an increase of more than \$41,000 over last year, with the floating debt at this time all paid up, and the funded one placed in such a position as makes it easy of management—\$75,000 having been paid toward its extinguishment this year—with no reasonable doubt existing as to its being all paid on or before the year 1874, when it becomes due.

With such an array of facts in favor of this corporation, which a few years ago was laboring under a series of misfortunes, there is no good reason why the Eastern Railroad Company should not resume its original position as one of the best and safest railroad securities to be found in the country.

MANCHESTER AND NORTH WEARE RAILROAD.

The examination of the affairs of this corporation was made at the office of the Superintendent of the Concord Railroad, at Concord, May 9, 1861, and embraces a period of one year, ending March 31, 1861.

Earnings.

From passengers,	\$8,445.39
“ freight,	25,203.56
“ express,	300.00
“ mails,	2,601.02
	<hr/>
	\$36,549.97
Less amount paid other railroads,	15,411.78
	<hr/>
Balance,	\$21,138.19

This balance has been disposed of as follows :

Concord, Manchester and Lawrence Railroad, for operating,	\$6,240.00	
Dividend on 2000 shares,	14,898.19	
	<hr/>	\$21,138.19

This is a new corporation, organized under chapter 2155 of the Pamphlet Laws of 1858, and is composed of that portion of the Merrimack and Connecticut Rivers Railroad known as the "New-Hampshire Central Railroad," and was purchased at auction, by the present owners, June 10, 1859, and was duly organized under the act alluded to above, with a nominal capital of \$200,000, standing as all paid in. This line of road is about 19 miles in length, extends from Manchester to North Weare, and is operated by the Concord Railroad corporation.

PETERBOROUGH AND SHIRLEY RAILROAD.

The examination of the affairs of this corporation was made at the office of the treasurer, E. G. Lucas, Esq., in Boston, May 6, 1861. At the session of the Legislature for the year 1859, an act was passed, and approved June 24, for the relief of the stockholders and creditors of this corporation, whereby provision was made by which the corporation in New-Hampshire could sell all their right, title and interest in said road, to a corporation of the same name in Massachusetts.

Agreeably to this act, a meeting of the corporation was duly summoned by the clerk, to be held on the 4th of May, 1859, for choice of a board of directors; and also to see what arrangements could be made for the sale of the road, in accordance with the provisions of the act alluded to above. At this meeting it was voted that it was expedient to sell the road, franchise, &c., for the sum of \$67,700—that being the amount of the mortgage bonds secured on the same; and the trustees were directed to make such sale, and the directors of the corporation were authorized to join in making the necessary conveyance.

Pursuant to the authority vested in them, the officers of the corporation did, on the 24th day of March, 1860, sell to the

Peterborough and Shirley Railroad Company, of Massachusetts, all their right, title and interest in said road and franchise thereof, for the sum of \$67,700. The Peterborough and Shirley Railroad Company of Massachusetts was duly organized May 2, 1860, and consists of the following persons: namely, John J. Swift, Alvah Crocker, W. E. Faulkner, P. B. Brigham and L. W. Kingsbury.

The Peterborough and Shirley Railroad Company of Massachusetts, having sold all their right, title and interest in said road to the Fitchburg Railroad, the Peterborough and Shirley company has no longer a corporate existence on their books, but is simply regarded as so much property added to the corporation, and is treated as such.

It is understood, however, that there is still a distinct organization kept up in this State, and that a board of directors is in existence; but as no separate account is kept of the receipts and expenditures, we have nothing to communicate in reference to that matter.

GREAT FALLS AND CONWAY RAILROAD.

The annual examination of the books and papers of this corporation was made at the office of the treasurer, Albert A. Perkins, Esq., in Great Falls, May 21, 1861, and embraces a period of one year, ending September 1, 1860.

The construction account, inclosed, does not materially differ from what it was at the date of our last report; and inasmuch as it has been made a subject of special report by the railroad commissioners for several years past, a further statement of the items in detail seems to be uncalled for at this time.

The whole amount of cost of construction, as now standing on the books of the corporation, is \$426,905.01.

Earnings for the year ending September 1, 1861.

From passengers and mails,	\$15,010.06	
“ freight,	20,465.50	
	<hr/>	\$35,475.56

Expenses for same time.

Train expenses,	\$2,223.29	
Repairs of road,	6,818.36	
“ “ passenger cars,	108.93	
“ “ merchandise,	824.51	
“ “ locomotives,	1,096.50	
Oil and waste,	619.59	
Wood,	3,944.01	
Station expenses,	4,215.04	
Profit and loss,	214.78	
Taxes and insurance,	253.75	
	<hr/>	\$20,318.76
Net earnings,	\$15,156.80	

This balance has been expended in payments of interest on bonds, mortgages, &c., during the year.

Full statement of cash received and paid out during the year ending September 1, 1860.

Cash on hand, as per report, 1859,	\$4,637.08	
Received from earnings of road this year,	35,475.56	
	<hr/>	\$40,112.64

Paid out during the same time.

Coupons,	\$10,880.00	
On old notes,	1,921.72	
Interest on same,	1,311.39	
For land damage,	407.36	
Paid South Berwick Branch,	808.75	
Somersworth Machine Company,	76.49	
Sundry other accounts,	227.02	
Expense of operating road,	20,318.76	
Paid to connecting roads,	1,303.44	
Cash on hand to pay coupons falling due October 1, 1860,	2,857.71	
	<hr/>	\$40,112.64

Liabilities of the Company.

1st bonds, due January 1, 1862,	\$77,050.00
2d " " April 1, 1874,	96,400.00
3d " " past due,	56,842.00
Floating debt,	24,556.62
	<hr/>
Whole amount of floating and funded debt,	\$254,848.62

This road is now being operated by the trustees for the *third* mortgage bond-holders, they having taken formal possession of all its property, both real and personal, on the 18th of January, 1861.

The Eastern Railroad Company of New-Hampshire and Massachusetts having guaranteed the payment of the *second* mortgaged bonds to the amount of \$100,000, and it being understood that they only control the *third*, it is presumed they will assume the payment of the *first*, which will become due January 1, 1862, at which time, no doubt, the road will fall into their hands.

COCHECHO RAILROAD.

The annual examination of the books and papers of this corporation was made at the office of the treasurer, G. W. Benn, Esq., in Dover, May 6, 1861, and embraces a period of one year, ending November 30, 1860. This road extends from Dover to Alton Bay, and is about twenty-eight miles in length.

The construction account still remains open, as at the date of our last report, and new entries are being made to it from year to year, thereby rendering it very difficult to determine the exact amount paid, or fairly chargeable to the original cost of the construction, in distinction from the ordinary operations of the road.

The balance sheet, as made up to November 30, 1860, presents the following statement:

Credit side.

Capital stock,	\$389,047.60	
Bonds,	420,953.33	
Notes payable,	19,100.00	
Accounts,	1,383.16	
Profit and loss,	33,269.40	
	<hr/>	\$863,753.49

Debit side.

Construction, including grading, masonry, &c.,	\$825,199.51	
Land and land damages,	2,892.43	
Stock in steamer Dover,	12,750.00	
Oil and waste,	58.42	
Shops and shop stock,	9,144.94	
Notes receivable,	453.81	
Accounts,	10,483.96	
Cars,	1,200.00	
Cash,	1,570.42	
	<hr/>	\$863,753.49

Receipts of last year.

From passengers,	\$20,736.70	
“ freight,	27,280.57	
“ mails,	1,413.33	
“ miscellaneous,	615.50	
	<hr/>	\$50,046.10

Expenditures.

For station expenses,	\$2,759.78
“ train expenses,	2,391.78
“ track expenses,	5,699.31
“ repairs, cars,	2,856.33
“ “ engines,	1,516.41
“ “ bridges,	554.42
“ “ fences,	556.33
“ “ wood, oil and waste,	3,590.17

For general expenses,	3,359.19	
“ State, and other taxes,	447.27	
“ loss and damage on freight,	132.07	
“ insurance,	197.62	
“ advertising,	103.25	
“ accidents,	134.13	
“ discount on freight,	190.96	
	<hr/>	\$24,520.32
Balance,		<hr/>
		\$25,525.78
Paid interest on bonds,	\$26,032.00	
“ “ “ notes,	1,517.11	
	<hr/>	\$27,549.11
Excess of expenditures over receipts,	\$2,023.33	

Recapitulation.

Ordinary receipts,		\$50,046.10
Running expenses,	\$24,520.32	
Paid interest on notes,	1,517.11	
“ “ “ bonds,	26,032.00	
	<hr/>	
	\$52,069.43	
Less balance from profit and loss,	2,023.33	
	<hr/>	\$50,046.10

The bonds of this corporation, amounting to \$420,853.33, will become due in 1870, and there is now one year's interest outstanding against them. It will be seen that the net receipts over expenditures, for the last year, are not enough to pay the interest on these bonds, to say nothing about some \$20,000 of notes and other liabilities, so that it becomes perfectly apparent that this corporation must, sooner or later, fall into the hands of the bondholders.

ASHUELOT RAILROAD.

The annual examination of the affairs of this corporation was made at the office of John H. Elliot, Esq., in Keene, May 14, 1861. This road is about 24 miles in length, and extends from Keene to South Vernon, Vt., where it intersects with the Connecticut River Railroad, of Massachusetts. For several years past the Connecticut River Company have been operating the Ashuelot road on a lease that expired on the 31st day of December last. On the 1st day of January last this corporation fell into the hands of the trustees of the mortgage bond-holders, and was on that day temporarily leased to the Cheshire Railroad Corporation, with the stipulation that they should receive forty per cent per annum of the gross receipts, as rent for the use of the road. Negotiations are now in progress for the reorganization of the company by the conversion of its bonds into shares—the original issue of shares having been surrendered for the most part, agreeably to a vote of the company, upon the payment of the dividends due on the same.

Annexed is a statement of the financial standing of this corporation on the first day of January, 1861, as appears by the books of the late treasurer.

Capital.

Mortgaged bonds authorized, of which the ready bonds are	\$150,000	
Pledged bonds issued for the redemp- tion of guarantee stock,	45,000	
	<hr/>	\$195,000
2460 shares fully paid up,	\$246,000	
From which deduct the guarantee stock redeemed by bonds there- for,	41,000	
	<hr/>	\$201,000
Deficiency of capital supplied from dividend fund,		110,000
		<hr/>
		\$506,000

Investment.

Aggregate cost of road, including bridges, stations and other fixtures,	\$506,000
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Income.

DR.

Rent from ten years just expired, at \$30,000 per annum,	\$300,000	
Less balance unpaid,	300	
	<hr/>	299,700

CR.

Capital deficit,	\$110,000.00	
Profit and loss: viz., Coupons,	107,500.00	
Interest,	5,891.00	
New bridges,	3,398.27	
State tax,	6,420.73	
\$30 per share appropriated on 2100 shares for certificates given up,	63,000.00	
Balance reserved to pay office expenses,	2,950.00	
	<hr/>	\$299,700

It will be seen that the financial affairs of this corporation, thus far, proved disastrous to its original stockholders.

It is understood that a large portion of its bonds are held by the old members of the company; and considering the great advantages that have accrued to this section of the State, by the construction of this road, it would seem that the legislature should favorably consider any reasonable proposition that may be submitted to them, having reference to its re-construction and continued usefulness.

WORCESTER AND NASHUA RAILROAD.

The annual examination of the affairs of this corporation was made at the office of the treasurer, T. W. Hammond, Esq., in Worcester, May 4, 1861, and is brought down to the close of their fiscal year, ending November 30, 1860. This road extends from Nashua to Worcester, and is about 46 miles in length. The construction account having been closed for several years, and a detailed account of receipts and expenditures therefor having been made by former boards of Railroad Commissioners, a further statement of these items seems to be unnecessary at this time.

The investment is now represented by a capital stock of \$1,141,000, and bonds to the amount of \$150,000. Whatever expenses are incurred by way of enlargement or improving the property of the corporation, are at once met by the ordinary receipts of the road.

Income for the past year.

From passengers,	\$98,867.70	
“ freight,	125,840.02	
“ mails,	4,625.00	
“ express,	1,800.00	
“ rents,	1,333.91	
	<hr/>	\$232,446.63

Expenses.

For fuel,	\$20,385.66
“ repairs, exclusive of iron,	8,391.61
“ renewals of iron, including laying down,	19,893.50
“ repairs of locomotives, including \$8,500 paid for new engine “ Salisbury,”	15,472.34
“ repairs of passenger cars,	2,885.13
“ “ freight cars,	5,581.71
“ “ gravel and other cars,	304.19
“ “ bridges,	1,295.25
“ “ stations, buildings and fixtures,	5,185.16
“ waste,	320.15

For taxes and insurance,	\$1,746.99	
“ passenger expenses,	13,453.21	
“ freight expenses,	16,168.72	
“ oil and tallow,	1,876.69	
“ general expenses, including sala- ries, advertising, and mail ex- penses,	9,479.60	
“ wages of switchmen,	1,586.36	
“ “ watchmen,	885.65	
“ removing ice and snow,	837.72	
“ repairs of fences,	343.49	
“ gratuities and damages,	636.10	
	<hr/>	\$126,729.23
Net earnings,		\$105,737.40
From which deduct interest paid,	\$9,228.24	
And dividends paid in July and to be paid in January, amounting to \$4.50 per share,	68,499.00	
	<hr/>	\$77,727.24
Balance of earnings of the year,		\$28,010.16
Surplus not divided last year, \$67,047.18, from which \$50,000 has been used in payment of bonds, being a balance of income of last year,		17,047.18
Total surplus,		\$45,057.34
<i>Debts of the Company.</i>		
Bonds payable May 1, 1862,		\$8,500
“ “ May 1, 1863,		10,000
“ “ May 1, 1864,		17,500
“ “ May 1, 1865,		39,000
“ “ May 1, 1866,		75,000
Total amount of bonds,		\$150,000
Unclaimed dividends,		976
		<hr/>
		\$150,976
To which add dividend due January 7, 1861,		38.055
		<hr/>
		\$189,031

Assets.

Cash,	\$38,833.74	
Bills receivable,	236.00	
Wood lots,	3,782.75	
Lumber,	2,623.92	
Sundry accounts,	4,376.53	
Materials for working road,	46,332.77	
	<u> </u>	\$96,190.71
		<u> </u>
Liabilities over assets,		\$92,840.29

In addition to the assets above named, the company own real estate, not used for railroad purposes, valued by the Committee of investigation at \$24,583.

BOSTON, CONCORD AND MONTREAL RAILROAD.

The annual examination of the affairs of this corporation was made at the office of the treasurer, Theodore Stanwood, Esq., in Boston, May 16, 1861, and embraces a period of one year, ending March 31, 1861. This line of road extends from Concord to Wells River, Vt., and is about 93 miles in length. This corporation is also operating the White Mountains (N. H.) Railroad, under a lease of five years from February 1, 1859, at a rent of \$10,000 per annum, payable in monthly instalments, and the receipts and expenditures of that road are embraced in the report as given below.

Earnings of the Road.

From passengers,	\$79,865.30	
“ freight,	158,668.90	
“ U. S. mails,	10,219.77	
“ express,	3,000.00	
“ miscellaneous,	970.55	
	<u> </u>	\$252,724.52

Expenditures.

Maintenance of way,	\$41,927.70	
“ of motive power,	26,578.08	
Cost of working road,	48,957.48	
“ of management,	7,210.17	
Miscellaneous expenses,	6,378.12	
	<hr/>	\$131,051.55
Net earnings for the year,		\$121,672.97

Statement,

Showing the amount of cash received by the treasurer during the past year, and how the same has been appropriated.

Received.

Net income for the year,		\$121,672.97
From means on hand last year,—		
Bonds sold,	\$3,900.00	
Land sold,	2,000.00	
Estate of J. M. Merrill,	72.03	
Wood, oil, stock, &c., less than last year,	1,122.34	
	<hr/>	\$7,094.37
		\$128,767.34

Appropriated as follows:

Paid coupons,		\$62,172.00
“ interest,		602.47
“ notes payable,	\$18,800.00	
“ less discount for cash,	3,625.70	15,074.30
“ trustees of sinking fund,		12,500.00
“ Gilmore & Clapp,		27,060.00
“ J. Kimball, damages,		1,750.00
“ J. Eastman, for land,		172.00
“ Thomas Sayles, for patent,		157.50
“ law expenses, damages, &c.,		606.85
Cash on hand from business of the year,		8,672.22
		<hr/>
		\$128,767.34

In hands of Superintendent,	\$11,129.47	
Cash on hand,	18,237.24	
Bonds on hand,	11,500.00	
Notes receivable,	252.35	
Wells River Bridge stock,	1,500.00	
Steamboat stock,	3,500.00	
White Mountains (N. H.) Railroad stock,	5,500.00	
Sinking fund invested,	60,000.00	
Wood-land,	22,432.54	
Wood, oil, shop-stock, and material on hand,	22,648.07	
	<u> </u>	\$156,699.67

Indebtedness.

Bonds due in 1860, to be extended five years :

Bonds due in 1860, 6 per cent,	\$200,000.00	
Bonds due in 1860, 7 per cent,	300,000.00	
	<u> </u>	\$500,000.00
Bonds due in 1870, 6 per cent,	\$150,000.00	
Bonds due in 1870, 7 per cent,	200,000.00	
	<u> </u>	\$350,000.00
Sinking fund bonds, due in 1889,		200,000.00
Bills payable in bonds,		9,300.00
Coupons due and unpaid,		7,653.00
Gilmore & Clapp,		22,200.40
		<u> </u>
		\$1,089,153.40

The floating debt is		\$31,500.40
Made up of amount due Gilmore & Clapp, arising out of Warren H. Smith,	\$22,200.40	
Notes payable, due in June, this year,	9,300.00	
	<u> </u>	\$31,500.40

During the past year there has been paid to the trustees of the sinking fund, \$51,500, which, with the interest thereon, duly invested, now amounts to more than \$63,000.

The foregoing statement shows a material improvement in the present financial condition of this corporation as compared with last year. The business of the road shows a net gain of receipts over expenditures of the sum of \$62,624.20.

WILTON RAILROAD.

The annual examination of the books and papers of this corporation was made at the office of the treasurer, W. P. Ainsworth, Esq., in Nashua, May 17, 1861, and embraces a period of one year, ending March 31, 1861. This road is now being operated by the Nashua and Lowell Railroad corporation, under a lease which took effect the first day of April, 1860, at a yearly rent of \$14,000, payable semi-annually—on the first day of May and November.

No separate account of receipts and expenditures of this road is kept by the Nashua and Lowell Railroad company, but the trial balance below will give a correct idea of the financial standing of this corporation.

Balance Sheet.

DR.		
Roadway and superstructure,	\$218,979.75	
Depot buildings,	14,247.18	
Notes receivable,	150.00	
Bills receivable,	144.11	
Cash on hand,	7,846.18	
	<hr/>	\$241,367.22
CR.		
Capital stock,	\$212,000.00	
Sinking fund,	15,247.18	
Contingent fund,	2,884.73	
Funded debt,	4,000.00	
Interest on funded debt,	120.00	
Unclaimed dividends,	755.31	
Dividend, No. 25,	6,360.00	
	<hr/>	\$241,367.22

The new lease alluded to above, which was perfected with the Nashua and Lowell Railroad corporation on the first day of April, 1860, is one peculiarly advantageous to this road. By it the stockholders are to receive six per cent, payable semi-annually, for the first year, and six and one half per cent thereafter, beside a surplus of \$5,000, to enable them to erect new buildings on the line of the road.

This lease, which contemplates an existence of eighteen years from the day of its date, was ratified by the Railroad Commissioners, and approved by the Governor and Council, on the 29th day of June, 1860, for the term of five years—the longest term the law will allow them to approve a lease of this kind for one time. In submitting this lease for the approval of the regularly constituted authorities, the directors of this road have but given another evidence of their sound discretion and prudent forecast, which has ever characterized the managers of this road. By pursuing this course, they have placed themselves upon and within the statute, and should any controversy hereafter arise between the two roads, they can put themselves upon the law, and claim all its benefits;—an advantage some other roads, similarly situated, could not claim, should a legal test ever be applied.

NORTHERN RAILROAD.

The annual examination of the books and papers of this corporation was made at the office of the treasurer, G. A. Kettell, Esq., May 16, 1861. This road extends from Concord to White River Junction, at West Lebanon, and is about 69 miles long.

The Northern Road also own and occupy the Bristol Branch, about 12 miles in length, running from Franklin to Bristol.

Income for the past year.

From passengers,	\$95,176.78	
“ freights,	256,531.41	
“ United States mails,	8,499.90	
“ rents,	1,184.55	
“ express,	3,000.00	
“ miscellaneous,	5.00	
	<hr/>	\$364,397.64

Expenditures.

Passenger department,	\$9,406.00	
Merchandise department,	21,914.78	
Locomotive department,	63,080.97	
Maintenance of road,	56,295.56	
General expenses,	10,464.35	
Miscellaneous expenses,	14,041.25	
State and other taxes,	12,053.08	
Making plans of road and lands,	575.25	
New rails,	21,827.39	
Wood-sawing machine,	467.52	
	<hr/>	\$210,126.15
Net income,		154,271.49
Interest and dividends,		2,344.13
Balance of income per last report,		184,791.29
		<hr/>
		\$341,406.91
From which has been paid—		
Two dividends,	\$122,736.00	
Old balance, Grand Junction Rail- road, charged off,	1,640.28	
	<hr/>	\$124,376.28
		<hr/>
Balance,		\$217,030.63

This balance has been appropriated as follows :

\$225,000 second mortgage bonds of Northern Railroad Company, New-York,	\$11,250.00	
Fuel, shop stock, &c., on hand,	79,161.33	
703 shares Northern Railroad, New- Hampshire,	37,228.34	
Agents' department,	19,819.80	
Balance in cash assets, applicable to dividend, January 1, 1861,	69,571.16	
	<hr/>	\$217,030.63

Indebtedness.

Bonds in all,	\$235,800.00	
Coupons and unpaid dividends,	13,169.70	
Bills payable,	28,200.00	
	<hr/>	\$277,169.70

Assets.

Due on contracts,	\$175,161.27	
Cash,	21,301.90	
Bills receivable,	128,114.73	
Agents' department, balance,	19,819.80	
Post-office department,	1,620.96	
	<hr/>	\$346,018.66

INCOME OF THE BRISTOL BRANCH, FOR THE YEAR ENDING
MARCH 31, 1860.

Income.

From freight,	\$7,630.45	
“ passengers,	4,655.46	
“ rents,	61.00	
“ United States mails,	515.14	
“ express,	130.00	
	<hr/>	\$12,992.05

Expenses.

Repairs of road,	\$1,097.90	
Conductors and brakemen,	636.00	
Enginemén and firemen,	562.15	
Handling freight,	432.00	
Mail expense,	30.00	
Use of locomotives,	1,800.00	
“ of freight cars,	800.00	
“ of passenger cars,	630.00	
Repairs of depot,	39.16	
Materials for repairs of road,	314.69	
Oil,	2.50	
Freight expense,	4.88	
Passenger expense,	7.81	
	<hr/>	\$6,357.09
Balance,		\$6,634.96

Trial balance, March 31, 1861.

DR.

Construction,	\$3,068,400.00
Shop stock,	38,426.90
Fuel,	39,867.20

Waste,	271.89
Oil,	595.34
Ogdensburg Second Mortgage Bonds, 11,250.00	
703 shares Northern Railroad, New-Hampshire,	37,228.34
Contracts,	175,161.27
Cash,	21,301.90
Agents' department,	19,819.80
Post-office department,	1,620.96
Bills receivable,	128,114.73
Mechanics Bank,	542.00
Advances to other railroads,	20,000.00
	<hr/> \$3,562,600.33

CR.

Stock,	\$3,068,400.00
Income,	217,030.63
Bonds, April 1, 1864,	43,700.00
Bonds, April 1, 1874,	192,100.00
Dividends unpaid,	5,516.26
Contingent fund,	219.44
Coupons unpaid,	360.00
Coupons of April 1, 1861,	7,074.00
Bills payable,	28,200.00
	<hr/> \$3,562,600.33

This corporation has, during the past year, paid its usual dividends to the stockholders, beside canceling \$21,500 of its bonds; a large portion of which did not become due until April 1, 1864. The contingent fund now amounts to \$50,491.44, and consists of cash and cash assets, which are regarded as good and available beyond doubt. It will be seen that this corporation is generally improving its condition, and getting out of debt; and notwithstanding it may not have realized all the bright anticipations of its earlier friends, being rich remunerative stock, still the fact that it has enhanced the value of all kinds of property to an immense amount throughout that section of the State through which it passes, should console the stockholders that *somebody* has been benefitted, if not they themselves.

NASHUA AND LOWELL RAILROAD.

The examination of the books and papers of this corporation was made at the treasurer's office, W. P. Ainsworth, Esq., in Nashua, May 17, 1861. The capital of this corporation is fixed at \$600,000, all of which has been paid in, and every addition or improvement in the roadway, rolling stock, buildings, or any other necessary expense of whatever kind, is at once paid out of the ordinary income of the road.

The income and expense account, as represented below, includes the operation of the Nashua and Lowell, and also the Wilton road; the former operating the latter under a lease which took effect on the first day of April, 1860.

Income for the past year.

From passengers,	\$94,621.18	
“ freight,	144,085.40	
“ express,	2,996.85	
“ mails,	2,945.65	
“ interest,	2,256.72	
		\$246,905.80

Expenditures for the same.

Repairs of road,	\$29,144.83
“ of engines,	10,482.85
“ of freight cars,	9,686.66
“ of passenger cars,	6,361.44
“ of fences and houses,	8,271.78
“ of bridges,	4,559.59
“ of depots,	5,699.04
Fuel,	17,411.73
Oil and waste,	3,211.25
Engineers and firemen,	9,459.80
Conductors and brakemen,	5,359.03
Merchandise and depot expenses,	14,854.33
Station men,	5,338.31
Switchmen and gatemen,	3,139.47
Office expenses,	3,248.69
Miscellaneous expenses,	5,515.29
Advertising and stationery,	1,264.22
Taxes and insurance,	3,723.38
Rent,	17,605.29

Removing ice and snow,	1,258.34	
Wilton railroad, rent of road,	14,000.00	
		<u>\$180,666.87</u>

Net receipts, \$66,238.93

This balance has been appropriated as follows :

Eight per cent dividend,	\$48,000.00	
Carried to contingent fund,	18,238.93	
		<u>\$66,238.93</u>

Suspense account for the year ending March 31, 1861.

Balance, per last report, \$5,000.00

Payments therefrom.

Amount paid Wilton road, for repairs on Fuller bridge,	\$100.00	
Amount paid Wilton road, for depre- ciation on buildings,	300.00	
Amount paid Wilton road, for their portion of balance account,	926.53	
For balance carried to contingent fund account,	3,673.47	
		<u>\$5,000.00</u>

The contingent fund for the past year is as follows :

Balance brought forward,	\$88,098.77	
Amount brought from suspense account,	3,673.47	
Income and expense account of current year,	18,238.93	
		<u>110,011.17</u>

From which payments have been made as follows :

For land bought of Locks and Canal Company, Lowell,	\$1,254.92	
Land bought of J. W. Boynton, Lowell,	897.00	
Land bought of Livingston, Lowell,	1,000.00	
Land bought of R. Brinly, Tyngsboro',	1,500.00	
Registry of deeds,	3.00	
Balance,	105,356.25	
		<u>\$110,011.17</u>

Balance sheet, as made up to April, 1861.

DR.

Road-bed and real estate,	\$227,992.60	
Superstructure,	152,212.65	
Buildings and bridges,	106,388.59	
Engines,	43,350.00	
Passenger cars,	15,785.00	
Merchandise cars,	33,735.00	
Fixtures and stock in shop,	20,536.16	
Real estate in Lowell,	10,437.43	
Real estate in Chelmsford,	1,500.00	
Materials charged to B. & L. and N. & L. railroads,	32,949.41	
Notes receivable,	50,943.15	
Cash on deposit,	42,201.96	
Vermont Central Railroad, balance account,	263.52	
Contoocook Valley road account,	137.02	
Cost of new block on Canal street, Nashua,	11,040.76	
	<u> </u>	\$749,473.25

CR.

Capital stock,	\$600,000.00	
Unclaimed dividends,	4,267.00	
Wilton Railroad,	7,000.00	
Dividend No. 45, declared,	24,000.00	
Contingent fund,	105,356.25	
Stony Brook road,	8,850.00	
	<u> </u>	\$749,473.25

The Nashua and Lowell Railroad corporation continue to have the same business connection with the Boston and Lowell, Stony Brook, Salem and Lowell, and Lowell and Lawrence railroads, that they had at the date of our last report. These several roads were leased to the Boston and Lowell Railroad for the term of twenty years from October, 1858; thus combining six distinct roads under one general management. By this arrangement a very great saving must be made to the stockholders, by materially reducing the general expense of operating the roads,

and the public be better served, by a more safe, speedy, and economical transportation of freight and passengers.

It will be seen by the foregoing statement that the Nashua and Lowell Railroad company still continue to retain the same enviable reputation it has ever possessed, of being one of the safest, soundest, and best managed railroad corporations in the country.

Every improvement that can be suggested, which can at all minister to the safety or comfort of its patrons, is readily adopted by the liberal policy of its gentlemanly manager ; and the result is, the public appreciate this liberality by extending to the road a generous support ; thereby giving the stock a high rate of premium, which makes it eagerly sought as a safe investment.

CONCORD RAILROAD.

The examination of the affairs of this corporation was made at the office of the treasurer, N. P. Lovering, Esq., in Boston, May 4, 1861. This road runs with and continues to operate the Manchester and Lawrence road, under a lease for five years, which will expire on the first day of December next.

The income and expense account embraces the operations of both corporations ; the surplus at the end of the year being divided in the proportion of three fifths to the Concord, and two fifths to the Manchester and Lawrence road, in accordance with the provisions of the lease.

It is understood that a "business connection" has been formed between these two roads for twenty years, which is substantially an extension of the old contract, which expires at the end of the present year. This corporation is also operating the Portsmouth and Concord railroad, under a contract for five years from September 11, 1858.

Income of the Concord and M. & L. Railroads.

From passengers,	\$175,144.42	
“ freight,	290,376.33	
“ express,	7,156.28	
“ mails,	7,112.25	
“ rents,	4,023.50	
“ interest,	1,588.62	
“ Concord and Portsmouth rail- road, net receipts,	12,081.24	
	<hr/>	\$497,482.64

Expenses.

For engine repairs,	\$23,583.10
“ hand car repairs,	288.11
“ freight car repairs,	19,922.40
“ passenger car repairs,	10,305.66
“ gravel and wood car repairs,	201.56
“ snow plow repairs,	314.77
“ patterns,	209.47
“ shop tools,	1,248.57
“ general running expenses,	8,424.24
“ stationary engine,	527.35
“ wood,	50,345.71
“ depot repairs,	5,432.75
“ advertising,	234.90
“ damages,	4,243.23
“ oil,	4,217.95
“ waste,	741.19
“ freight expenses,	18,455.62
“ passenger expenses,	20,710.97
“ incidentals,	2,328.91
“ bridge repairs,	635.00
“ road repairs,	44,331.25
“ water fixtures,	439.18
“ insurance and taxes other than on capital stock,	4,421.18
“ removing ice and snow,	1,355.05
“ depot furniture,	110.00
“ miscellaneous,	1,055.75
“ engine house and turn-table repairs,	8,332.85

For fence repairs,	1,170.65	
“ State taxes,	14,274.67	
Rent of Methuen branch,	8,800.00	
Appropriated toward new depot at Concord,	10,000.00	
	<hr/>	\$266,662.07
Balance,		<hr/>
		\$230,820.57
Dividend, three fifths to Concord Railroad,	\$138,492.34	
Dividend, two fifths to M. & L. Railroad,	92,328.23	
	<hr/>	\$230,820.57
Net receipts, as before stated,		\$138,492.34

Appropriated as follows:

Two dividends, 4 per cent each,	\$120,000.00	
Balance over and above dividends paid, carried to deterioration and contingent fund,	18,492.34	
	<hr/>	\$138,492.35

Contingent fund.

Amount reported last year,	\$70,635.12	
Add net income this year,	138,492.34	
Received on interest account,	648.48	
	<hr/>	\$209,775.94
Less amount paid two dividends, 4 per cent,	\$120,000.00	
Less amount paid for outstanding claims, and liquidation of con- tract with Conn. & Pass. Rivers Railroad,	6,000.00	
	<hr/>	\$126,000.00
Present contingent fund,		<hr/>
		\$83,775.94

Property of the joint roads on hand :

Wood,	\$22,698.86	
Oil,	122.42	
Road repairs material,	19,358.67	
Shop repairs material,	36,541.64	
Waste,	80.37	
	—————	\$78,801.96

The contingent fund is invested in wood lot, and in wood and stock on hand, necessary for the current operation of the roads.

The Concord is one of the oldest railroad corporations in the State, and has always been a first class dividend-paying road. Running through a thickly settled portion of the country, and making important connections with other roads, it has always commanded a large portion of the public business. During the past year this corporation has paid its usual eight per cent dividend, beside adding \$18,492.34 to the present contingent fund, which now amounts to \$83,775.94.

With the same efficiency which has hitherto characterized the management of this road, it will always be a favorite with the public, not only as to its being the principal line of Northern travel, but as commending itself to capitalists as a safe investment.

CONTOOCOOK RIVER RAILROAD.

The examination of the affairs of this corporation was made at the office of the treasurer, G. A. Kettell, Esq., in Boston, May 10, 1861, and embraces a period of one year, ending March 31, 1861. By an act of the legislature, passed some four or five years since, for the relief of the "Contoocook Valley Railroad corporation," the roadway, franchise, and other property of the Valley corporation was sold, and, by the purchasers, organized into a new corporation, having the name of the Contoocook River Railroad, having a nominal capital of \$200,000 standing as all

paid in. This road extends from Contoocookville to Hillsborough Bridge, and is about 14 miles long.

Below is appended an account of the receipts and expenditures for the year ending March 31, 1861.

Income.

From passengers,	\$7,178.56	
“ freight,	10,226.09	
“ mails,	613.19	
“ express,	300.00	
	<hr/>	\$18,317.85

Expenses.

For repairs of road,	\$5,004.86	
“ “ “ fences and houses,	598.29	
“ taxes and insurance,	431.69	
“ fuel,	756.85	
“ oil and waste,	115.06	
“ use of locomotives,	1,442.52	
“ “ “ passenger cars,	205.00	
“ “ “ freight cars,	600.00	
“ wages of station and freight men,	1,508.79	
“ “ “ conductors and brakemen,	308.00	
“ “ “ engineers and firemen,	1,110.25	
“ miscellaneous items,	2,379.08	
	<hr/>	\$14,460.39
Balance,		<hr/> \$3,857.46

MERRIMACK AND CONNECTICUT RIVERS RAILROAD.

The examination of the affairs of this corporation was made at the office of the treasurer, G. A. Kettell, Esq., in Boston, May 10, 1861, and embraces a period of one year, ending March 31, 1861. Early in the year 1859, that portion of the Merrimack and Connecticut Rivers Railroad known as the New-

Hampshire Central Railroad, was disposed of by the trustees for the holders of the mortgage bonds of said road—in accordance with the provisions of an act of the legislature, passed June 26, 1858, relating thereto,—became separated from the Merrimack and Connecticut Rivers Railroad, as no longer constituting a part of the same, but is an independent corporation. The items below, therefore, relate only to that portion of the Merrimack and Connecticut Rivers Railroad formerly known as the Concord and Claremont Railroad.

This road is now operated by the trustees for the first mortgage bond-holders, and extends from Concord to Bradford, a distance of about 27 miles.

Income.

From passengers,	\$14,529.27	
“ merchandise,	20,717.93	
“ mails,	1,613.69	
“ express,	499.99	
“ miscellaneous,	206.00	
	<hr/>	\$37,566.88*

Expenses.

For repairs road,	\$7,844.56	
“ repairs fences and houses,	809.06	
“ taxes and insurance,	905.82	
“ fuel,	1,750.84	
“ oil and waste,	297.19	
“ repairs locomotives,	1,917.50	
“ repairs passenger cars,	181.61	
“ repairs merchandise cars,	1,250.34	
“ wages station and freight men,	2,312.04	
“ wages conductors and brakemen,	806.04	
“ engineers and firemen,	1,090.00	
“ miscellaneous,	3,946.32	
	<hr/>	\$23,111.32
		<hr/>
Balance for interest on bonded debt,		\$14,455.56

WHITE MOUNTAINS (N. H.) RAILROAD.

The examination of the affairs of this corporation was made at the office of the treasurer, Charles Minot, Esq., in Concord, May 16, 1861. This corporation is identical with the old White Mountains Railroad, which was sold at auction in November, 1858, to George Minot, Esq., and others of Concord, for the sum of \$24,000. The new corporation was soon after organized under the name of the White Mountains (N. H.) Railroad.

A committee of the board of directors negotiated a lease of this road to the Boston, Concord and Montreal Railroad corporation, on the first day of February, 1859, for the term of five years, at a yearly rent of \$10,000, payable in monthly installments, with the condition that the road should be kept in all respects in as good condition as it was at the time of the lease. No separate account of the receipts and expenditures of this road is kept by the Montreal corporation, but the operations of both lines are put into one general account.

Below is appended a statement of receipts and expenditures of this corporation for the year ending May 1, 1861.

Income.

From one year's rent of road to Boston, Concord and Montreal Railroad,	\$10,000	
From cars sold,	500	
	<hr/>	\$10,500

Expenditures.

For suit of Rand and others,	\$250.00	
“ Harry Hibbard's claim,	60.00	
“ express charge,	.25	
“ interest account on rent contract,	50.25	
“ Railroad Commissioners,	16.00	
“ dividend of November 1, 1860,	4,997.50	
“ dividend of May 1, 1860,	4,997.50	
	<hr/>	\$10,371.50
Balance of receipts over expenditures,		<hr/> \$128.50

ATLANTIC AND ST. LAWRENCE RAILROAD.

The annual examination of the books of this corporation was made at the office of C. E. Barrett, Esq., the treasurer, in Portland, April 25, 1861, and embraces a period of one year, ending December 31, 1860.

This line of road, extending from Portland, Me., to Island Pond, Vt., 149 miles, and running across the northern part of our own State, about 52 miles, is one of those great public enterprises, begun several years since, for the purpose of connecting tide water, at Portland, with the river St. Lawrence, at Montreal. This road is operated by the Grand Trunk Railway Company, of Canada, under a lease of nine hundred and ninety-nine years from the first day of July, 1853. The Atlantic and St. Lawrence Company built and now own the road from the wharves in Portland to Island Pond, and the schedules below embrace the operations of the road between those two points.

Construction account, or investment.

5891 shares federal currency, at \$100 each,	\$589,100.00	
3934 shares sterling currency, at \$484 each,	1,904,056.00	
109 fractional share rights, at \$16 each,	1,744.00	
		<hr/>
		\$2,494,900.00
City of Portland bonds,		2,000,000.00
Company's mortgage bonds,		988,000.00
Company's sterling bonds,		484,000.00
Bills payable,		7,000.00
Grand Trunk Railway Company,		2,009,575.57
		<hr/>
		\$7,983,475.57

The amount expended in construction and equipment is as follows:

Engineering,	\$128,519.66
Works and permanent way,	5,019,484.61
Stations, buildings and offices,	1,038,796.74

Advertising and printing,	146.03	
Locomotive stock,	393,398.33	
Merchandise car stock,	412,274.42	
General expenses,	514,714.76	
Passenger car stock,	60,062.01	
Miscellaneous,	49,048.27	
Telegraph,	10,800.27	
Steamship wharves,	26,694.39	
		<u>\$7,653,939.49</u>
		\$329,536.08

Less amount to debit of City of Portland Loan Sinking Fund, being amount paid commis- sioners of said fund,		236.250.00
		<u>236.250.00</u>
Balance,		\$93,286.08

This balance of \$93,286.08 is invested in shop stock, iron, fuel, &c., necessary for the operation of the road.

Income for the year ending December 31, 1860.

From passengers,	\$162,048.41	
From freight,	524,500.54	
From mails,	14,900.00	
From rents, &c.,	5,695.58	
		<u>\$707,144.53</u>
Expenditures,		529,826.55
		<u>529,826.55</u>
Balance,		\$177,317.98

The funded debt of the company is as follows :

City of Portland bonds, loaned to the company,	\$2,000,000.00
Bonds of the railroad company, dated April 1, 1851, on fifteen years, exclusive of those pledged to the city of Portland as collateral,	988,000.00
Bonds of the railroad company, dated November 1, 1853, on twenty-five years, payable in sterling currency,	484,000.00
Notes payable,	7,000.00
	<u>7,000.00</u>
Total amount of funded debt,	\$3,479,000.00

The sinking fund for the redemption of \$1,500,000 of the City of Portland Bonds, issued in favor of the road, amounted, on the 31st of December, 1860, to \$330,461.09.

During the past year the account with the Grand Trunk Company has increased from \$1,740,573.33 to \$2,009,575.57, it being an increase of more than \$269,000. A large portion of this sum has been expended in improving the road-bed and superstructure. During the short time this road has been in the hands of the Grand Trunk Company, all the bridges on the line have been rebuilt, and many of the wooden ones have given place to substantial iron structures.

The stockholders of this road have been very fortunate in leasing their road to the Grand Trunk Company on terms so highly favorable to themselves, provided the terms of the lease shall be fulfilled. By the terms of the lease they are to receive six per cent per annum on the par value of their stock, beside the payment of the interest on the funded debt, all of which has been promptly paid, with the exception of the last payment, which is now over-due.

It is understood that the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada is now involved in pecuniary embarrassments, and whether they will be able to meet all their engagements with the Atlantic and St. Lawrence Company, will depend upon the question whether the English government will lend them any further assistance—a question that is involved in considerable doubt at the present time.

SULLIVAN RAILROAD.

The examination of the books and papers of this corporation was made at the office of the Superintendent, Edward Thompson, Esq., in Charlestown, May 14, 1861, and embraces a period of one year, ending April 30, 1861.

This road extends from Bellows Falls to Windsor, Vt., and is about 26 miles in length. The Capital stock bonds, and original expenditures on account of construction and equipment, now stands on the books of the corporation at \$1,480,730.11 on each side.

Income for the year ending April 31, 1861.

From passengers,	\$28,004.73	
“ freight,	35,917.59	
“ mails,	2,968.00	
“ express,	1,149.96	
	<hr/>	\$68,040.28

Expenditures.

Repairs of road and fences,	\$17,249.47	
“ bridges,	397.76	
“ engines,	3,823.26	
“ passenger cars,	1,933.43	
“ freight cars,	2,202.33	
“ buildings,	713.20	
Wages of switchmen and watchmen,	1,348.30	
“ engineers and firemen,	2,169.22	
“ conductors and brakemen,	2,241.30	
Salaries of superintendent and clerks,	2,800.00	
Taxes and insurance,	2,087.31	
Wood and oil,	6,138.91	
Office expenses,	364.71	
Miscellaneous,	9,204.59	
	<hr/>	\$52,673.79
Balance of earnings,		\$15,366.49

Indebtedness.

First mortgage bonds,	\$500,000.00	
Second mortgage bonds,	250,000.00	
Interest unpaid,	267,166.74	
Floating debt,	10,043.10	
	<hr/>	\$1,027,209.84

In concluding our report for the present year, we beg leave to

call your attention again to the fact that several of these corporations have for a considerable time past, failed to meet their liabilities to the State, in reference to the payment of their portion of the State tax.

These delinquencies cover a series of years—from 1851 to the present time—and the aggregate of this indebtedness, as it appears by the books of the State Treasurer, is now \$9,617.88. The corporations that have failed to comply with the provision of the law, in reference to this matter, and the amount of the indebtedness of each, are as follows:

1851.			
Peterborough and Shirley Railroad,			\$423.47
1852.			
Peterborough and Shirley Railroad,			\$115.87
1853.			
Peterborough and Shirley Railroad,	\$123.21		
Portsmouth and Concord, “	1,163.99		
		<hr/>	\$1,287.20
1854.			
Peterborough and Shirley Railroad,	\$110.19		
Portsmouth and Concord “	441.40		
		<hr/>	\$551.59
1855.			
Peterborough and Shirley Railroad,	\$94.63		
Portsmouth and Concord “	480.15		
White Mountains “	139.20		
Great Falls and Conway, “	287.39		
		<hr/>	\$1,001.37
1856.			
Portsmouth and Concord Railroad,	403.24		
White Mountains “	255.66		
Great Falls and Conway “	301.46		
		<hr/>	\$960.36

1857.

Portsmouth and Concord Railroad,	\$548.29	
White Mountains	"	252.55
Great Falls and Conway	"	306.28
Cochecho	"	567.08
Sullivan	"	831.28
		<hr/>
		\$2,505.46

1858.

Sullivan Railroad,	\$535.56	
White Mountains Railroad,	177.99	
Great Falls and Conway Railroad,	214.66	
Cochecho Railroad,	425.35	
		<hr/>
		\$1,353.56

1859.

Sullivan Railroad,		\$408.02
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1860.

Cochecho Railroad,	\$556.14	
Sullivan Railroad,	1,454.84	
		<hr/>
		\$1,010.98
		<hr/>
Total amount,		\$9,617.88

At the last session of the legislature a resolution was passed, instructing the State Treasurer to collect the State tax for the year 1859, on the Peterborough and Shirley Railroad, and also to collect the State tax on the Sullivan Railroad, for the years 1857, 1858 and 1859, inclusive. The Peterborough and Shirley corporation has paid their tax for the year 1859, but it is understood that the Sullivan has not, for either of the years named above, and the State Treasurer will probably report what action has been taken in reference to that matter.

It will be seen, upon a review of the statements made in this report, in reference to the financial standing of the several railroad corporations in this State, that their condition, at the present time is full as satisfactory as it was at the date of our last annual report. During the first three quarters of the last year,

the net receipts of most of these roads were materially in advance of what they were for the same time the year previous. But owing to the general depression of business throughout the country, growing out of the unfortunate condition of our public affairs, the net receipts of the last quarter were materially below the average of the other three.

The dividend paying roads have uniformly divided their surplus earnings among their stockholders as usual, and in no case has the amount been less than it was last year.

The Eastern Railroad has been added to this class, and during the past year they have paid to their stockholders two dollars per share, with a reasonable prospect that ere long they will overcome their late financial difficulties, and assume their original position as one of the best dividend paying roads in the State. The Cheshire, and the Boston, Concord and Montreal roads, are not at present paying any dividends. Although less fortunate than some of their neighbors, still they are none the less deserving. They are, in a most commendable manner, lending all their energies to extricate themselves from debt, and it would seem that they are making good progress. These roads have been built at a very great cost, and they run through sections of the State that have been immensely benefitted by their construction; they have overcome difficulties, both natural and financial, that would have discouraged the hearts of most men less brave than their original constructors; yet they have been built, and are now in excellent running order; and it is to be hoped that the time is not far distant when the owners of these roads will begin to receive some slight return for the investment they have made, which has been so long delayed. Of some of the other roads it is hardly necessary to speak. By referring to their financial standing, it will be seen that they are in a hopeless state of insolvency, and the sooner they find their true level, and come to be rated at what they are really worth, the better it will be for the original stockholders and the public generally.

We feel called upon to direct your attention to a practice that

has of late come into existence on the part of some of our railroad corporations, in reference to contracts now existing for the operation of their roads. Section 55 of chapter 150 of the Revised Statutes, provides as follows :

“ No contract between two or more railroad corporations shall be legal or binding on either party, unless such contract shall be sanctioned in writing by the Railroad Commissioners, and approved by the Governor and Council. And in no case shall such contract be for a longer time than five years, and no such use of another road shall be allowed, unless by contract in writing, executed by both parties, and a copy filed with the Secretary of State.” Notwithstanding the existence of this law, several railroad corporations in this State are now being operated by connecting roads, under contract, for a term of years varying from five to twenty-five years.

Within a short time no less than five roads have been put under contract, and are now being operated by connecting roads, none of which have received the sanction or approval of the regularly constituted authorities, with the exception of the Wilton road. That road is now being operated by the Nashua and Lowell, they having complied fully with the provisions of the statute. In this way, roads have been united for twenty years, whose charters the legislature, not long since, positively refused to unite. But, by entering into business contracts, which we are constrained to believe does not receive the sanction of law, they are enabled virtually to accomplish, in an indirect way, what the legislature denied them from doing by legal enactment. If any two railroads have the right to unite their interests, without first getting permission from the State authorities, agreeably to the provisions of law, then they have the right to unite with any and all the other roads in the State, and the exclusive management of all these consolidated roads could be put under the direction of one set of officers, thereby creating a monopoly that the legislature never contemplated. There is no good reason why railroad corporations should be exempt from a fair show of competition

in business, any more than other corporations or individuals. Some of these roads were chartered with the knowledge and expectation that they would, to some extent at least, become competing lines of travel, and if they wish to unite their interests by putting two or more corporations under one general management, it is not oppression, neither is it unjust, that they should be obliged to comply with the reasonable provisions of the law alluded to above.

It may be, and probably is for the best interest of all parties concerned, that some of our railroads should be operated as they now are, by contract with other connecting roads that have the facilities for doing their business at a less cost than it is possible for them to do it for themselves. But it should be borne in mind, that a policy that is for the best interests of the public to pursue to-day, may become greatly changed twenty years hence. This law was undoubtedly passed to protect the public from any undue combinations on the part of our railroad corporations, and it is no more than reasonable that the people should demand that these contracts be submitted to the proper authorities, at least once in five years, for them to say whether they shall be continued or annulled, as the best interests of all parties shall seem to demand. We have endeavored to give this subject a careful consideration, and from the best information we have been able to obtain, we are led to believe that the practice alluded to is an unwarrantable assumption of power on the part of those corporations engaged in it, and one, if not soon checked, may, sooner or later, involve them in serious difficulty.

Justice to those corporations that have complied with the law alluded to, would seem to require that its provisions should be enforced upon all, or else be unconditionally repealed; and we submit it to the proper authorities to say, whether any further legislation is called for in reference to the matter.

There is one other subject that we deem it our duty to call your attention to, although it does not come strictly within our province; still, it being so intimately connected with the safety

of the public travel over our railroads, we do not feel at liberty to pass it over in silence. We allude to the safety of our railroad bridges.

Our attention has been more particularly called to this subject, from the fact that on the 29th day of September last, a bridge over the Salmon Falls river, on the Great Falls and Conway railroad fell while a train of cars was passing over it. This river is the dividing line between Maine and this State, and one half of this bridge was within the jurisdiction of New-Hampshire. At the time the bridge went down, there were upon it a first class engine, and four freight cars, loaded with white-oak wood, filling the entire length of the bridge between the abutments, and it is estimated that there was about 130 tons' weight upon it at the time. This was an *uncovered* truss bridge, of 157 feet span, and without a pier, and it fell *because of its own rottenness*.

A passenger car was attached to the train at the time of this accident, and was saved from sharing the fate of the rest of the train, by the presence of mind of the brakemen, who withdrew the coupling pin just in time to prevent it from going down.

This bridge was only about five years old, having been built in the winter of 1854-5; and it appeared, upon examination, that it was constructed of white sapling pine, and of light timber, and that the wood had become badly decayed where the iron rods were connected with the splice blocks. With the exception of about two inches on the outside, the substance of the timber was entirely gone. It would seem to be a providential and most fortunate circumstance that no lives were lost on that occasion, as those who had charge of the train had barely time to escape.

The recent accident on the Fall River railroad, in Massachusetts, by the breaking down of a short bridge, and the infliction of fatal injuries upon many of the passengers; and the more terrible accidents in the State of New-York by the breaking down of bridges, should admonish us as to the necessity of exercising the greatest prudence in the construction and care of these works.

Two years ago a bill was introduced into the legislature making it the duty of the Railroad Commissioners to make a thorough annual examination of the bridges, culverts, viaducts, track and rolling stock of all the railroads in this State, and report their condition to the Governor. This bill passed the House by a large majority, but failed to become a law in the Senate. Some of the New-England States have passed laws of a similar character to the one alluded to above, and it is believed, by many of our best railroad officers, that not only the safety of the traveling public, but the best interests of the corporations themselves, demand that we should have a law of that kind in our own State.

The broken and uneven face of the country throughout the State has called for the construction of a large number of railroad bridges, and many of these structures are large, and of very great cost, and the danger is, that some of those corporations that are the least able to incur the expense of their reconstruction, will allow them to go neglected a little too long.

We are decidedly of the opinion that there are several *uncovered* wooden structures, of the character of the one described, in daily use on some of our railroads, that are *entirely unsafe for the public travel*, and they are liable to go down at any moment, as did the one alluded to above. A proper regard for the lives of our fellow-citizens, and the safety of their property, would seem to demand that it should be made the duty of the Railroad Commissioners, or some suitable person appointed with special reference to that matter, to make a thorough examination of these works and report upon them, that the public may know something of their character.

With these few remarks we would respectfully submit the question to your Excellency, whether the public safety does not demand further legislation in this direction.

In all our examinations, we have had extended to us, as on former occasions, from the treasurers and other officers of the several roads, that attention and assistance which has tended very

much to make our interviews pleasant and agreeable; and for these gentlemanly courtesies, we beg leave to extend to them our grateful acknowledgements.

All which is respectfully submitted,

A. H. DUNLAP,
M. C. FORIST,
J. C. TILTON,

Railroad Commissioners.

Nashua, May 28, 1861.

STATE TREASURER'S REPORT.

STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE,
Treasurer's Office, June 1, 1861. }

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives :

GENTLEMEN : The State Treasurer, pursuant to statute, respectfully submits the following, being his Annual Report for the fiscal year ending June 1, 1861 :

Balance in the treasury June 1, 1860, as per report of last year,		\$22,444.62
<i>Receipts, on account of</i>		
State tax, 1859,	\$816.18	
State tax, 1860,	69,160.80	
	_____	\$69,976.98
Railroad tax, 1859,	\$167.70	
Railroad tax, 1860,	60,358.35	
	_____	\$60,526.05
Civil commissions, received of Thomas L. Tullock, Secretary of State,		\$902.00
State Reporter, William E. Chandler, amount received by him for copy- rights of volumes 20 and 38, New- Hampshire reports,	\$2,087.50	
Amount allowed for 275 volumes, each number deposited in State library,	1,925.00	
	_____	\$162.50

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Net income of State Prison, received of John Foss, warden—balance of last year's account,		\$1,234.78
Received of Edward Ballou, administrator on the estate of Thomas Storrs, late of Londonderry. There being no heir or devisee of the estate, this amount accrued to the State,		125.00
Loans for the temporary use of the State,	44,000.00	
For renewal of former loans,	1,000.00	
	<hr/>	\$45,000.00
		<hr/>
		\$200,371.93

P A Y M E N T S .

Governor.

His Excellency, Ichabod Goodwin,	1,000.00
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Secretary of State.

Thomas L. Tullock,	\$800.00
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Treasurer of State.

Peter Sanborn,	\$600.00
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Judges of the Supreme Judicial Court.

Samuel D. Bell,	\$2,000.00	
Asa Fowler,	1,350.00	
J. Everett Sargent,	1,800.00	
Henry A. Bellows,	1,800.00	
Charles Doe,	1,800.00	
George W. Nesmith,	1,800.00	
William H. Bartlett,	450.00	
	<hr/>	\$11,000.00

Appendix.

Judges of Probate.

William W. Stickney,	\$412.00	
Daniel G. Rollins,	225.00	
Warren Lovell,	142.00	
Joel Eastman,	150.00	
Hamilton E. Perkins,	300.00	
David Cross,	425.00	
Larkin Baker,	225.00	
Alvah Smith,	175.00	
Nathaniel S. Berry,	300.00	
Turner Stephenson,	150.00	
	<hr/>	\$2,504.00

Registers of Probate.

Samuel D. Wingate,	\$550.00	
Asa Freeman,	300.00	
William L. Avery,	137.25	
Daniel G. Beede,	200.00	
Isaac A. Hill,	400.00	
William Wetherbee,	143.75	
Josiah G. Dearborn,	431.25	
Silas Hardy,	300.00	
Edward Wyman,	225.00	
N. W. Westgate,	400.00	
Albro L. Robinson,	58.33	
John M. Whipple,	150.00	
	<hr/>	\$3,295.58

Attorney General.

John Sullivan,	1,800.00
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Adjutant General.

Joseph C. Abbott,	\$400.00
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Warden of State Prison.

John Foss,	\$800.00
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Chaplain of State Prison.

Samuel Cooke,	\$300.00
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Deputy Secretary of State.

Allen Tenny,	\$200.00
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Commissary General.

William O. Sides,	\$200.00
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State Reporter.

William E. Chandler,	\$400.00
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Librarian.

Allen Tenny,	\$58.00
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School Commissioners (salaries).

Henry L. Boltwood,	\$85.00	
Wilson S. Abbott,	85.00	
Daniel Hall,	37.50	
William D. Knapp,	37.50	
William N. Blair,	60.00	
Samuel D. Quarles,	80.00	
George W. Gardner,	65.00	
Horatio Merrill,	65.00	
Harry Brickett,	155.00	
Herbert B. Titus,	120.00	
Paul S. Adams,	90.00	
James W. Patterson,	185.00	
Francis L. Towne,	67.50	
Joseph B. Hill,	67.50	
	<hr/>	\$1,200.00

Accounts of School Commissioners.

Travel and attendance, August session,	154.60	
Travel and attendance, April session,	154.60	
James W. Patterson, preparing report, &c., 1860,	273.00	
Commissioners, for postage, stationery, &c.,	128.06	
	<hr/>	\$710.26

County Solicitors.

Charles H. Bell,	\$150.00	
Luther D. Sawyer,	30.00	
George W. Everett,	40.00	
Aaron F. Stevens,	100.00	
Levi W. Barton,	60.00	
Benjamin F. Whidden,	30.00	
F. A. Faulkner,	40.00	
	<hr/>	\$450.00

Clerks of Court.

Charles G. Conner and others, travel and attendance,	\$304.60
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State Printer.

George G. Fogg,	\$392.35	
Asa McFarland,	4,105.45	
Auditor's State Printer's account,	21.60	
	<hr/>	\$4,519.40

Publishing Laws, &c.

Publishers of newspapers, 1859,	\$86.40	
Publishers of newspapers, 1860,	910.00	
	<hr/>	\$996.40
New-Hampshire State Agricultural Society, for printing report,		600.00
Publishing bank returns,		173.00

House of Representatives.

Travel, June session, 1860,	\$3,250.00	
Attendance, June session, 1860,	18,666.50	
	<hr/>	\$21,916.50
Edward Sawyer, clerk, salary,		550.00

Honorable Senate.

Travel, June session, 1860,	\$130.20	
Attendance, June session, 1860,	730.00	
	<hr/>	\$860.20
Greenleaf Cummings, clerk, salary,		450.00

Honorable Council.

Travel and attendance, June session, 1860,	\$394.20	
Travel and attendance, November ses- sion, 1860,	237.20	
Travel and attendance, February ses- sion, 1861,	97.20	
Travel and attendance, May session, 1861,	437.20	
	<hr/>	\$1,165.80

Contingent Fund.

Joseph A. Cochran, and others,	\$323.85
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Orders on Legislative Resolves.

Amount of orders drawn by the Governor, in favor of sundry persons, by order of the legislature,	\$6,366.45
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Bounty on Wild Animals.

Selectmen of several towns, for bounty on bears, wild-cats, &c.,	\$120.00
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Support of Insane.

New-Hampshire Asylum, support of in- digent insane,	\$3,000.00	
Ezekiel Tibbets and others, insane convicts,	391.03	
	<hr/>	\$3,391.03

Education of Deaf and Dumb.

American Asylum, at Hartford,	\$1,383.33
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Education of Blind.

Perkins Institute, Boston,	\$1,000.00
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House of Reformation,

At Manchester, as per legislative resolve,	\$5,000.00
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New-Hampshire Asylum for the Insane.

Appropriation, June session, 1860 (buildings), \$5,000.00

State Prison.

New cabinet shop,	\$6,984.78	
Repairs on steam engine and cementing cellar,	700.00	
Library and stationery,	100.00	
	<hr/>	\$7,784.78
Repairs on State House,		\$981.73

Catharine Fisk's Legacy.

Eliza P. Hastings' annuity, 1860, \$250.00

Jacob Kimball's Legacy.

New-Hampshire Asylum for the Insane, for one
year's interest on amount held in trust, \$405.21

State Library.

For law books, \$380.00

Interest on Loans.

Amount paid sundry banks and individuals, \$5,782.83

Surplus Revenue Interest.

Wentworth's location, to June 1, 1859,	\$13.96	
Clarksville, to June 1, 1860,	9.32	
	<hr/>	\$23.28

Military Appropriations.

Joseph C. Abbott,	\$170.50	
William O. Sides, cleaning arms, 1860,	150.00	
T. J. Whittam, " 1859,	150.00	
O. Wentworth, " 1859, 1860,	100.00	
	<hr/>	\$570.50

Railroad Tax Dividends, 1856.

Paid several towns, \$37.32

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Railroad Tax Dividends, 1857.

Paid several towns, \$10.75

Railroad Tax Dividends, 1858.

Paid several towns, \$21.63

Railroad Tax Dividends, 1859.

Paid several towns, \$136.75

Railroad Tax Dividends, 1860.

Paid several towns, \$24,450.60

Railroad Deposits.

Paid Ira Haselton, Cochecho Railroad, \$2.92

Temporary Loan.

Paid sundry notes, \$44,000.00

Notes Payable.

Paid as follows :

Moody Kent, State Notes Nos. 73, 74, 75, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98,	\$9,000.00	
Albert Langmaid, No. 135,	1,000.00	
C. H. Woolson, No. 120,	1,000.00	
	<hr/>	\$11,000.00
		<hr/>
		\$175,681.70
Cash in the treasury, June 1, 1861,		24,690.23
		<hr/>
		\$200,371.93

SUMMARY.

Balance in the treasury, June 1, 1860, \$22,444.62

Receipts.

State Tax,	\$69,976.98
Railroad Tax,	60,526.05
Civil Commissions,	902.00
State Reporter,	162.50
Net income of State Prison,	1,234.78
Thomas Storr's estate,	125.00
Money borrowed,	45,000.00
	<hr/>
	\$177,927.31
	<hr/>
	\$200,371.93

Payments.

Salaries,	\$24,557.58
Accounts of School Commissioners,	710.26
County Solicitors,	450.00
Clerks of Courts,	304.60
State Printer,	4,519.40
New-Hampshire State Agricultural Society,	600.00
Publishing Laws,	996.40
Publishing Bank Returns,	173.00
Legislature,	24,942.50
Contingent Fund,	328.85
Orders on Legislative resolves,	6,366.45
Bounty on Wild Animals,	120.00
Insane, Deaf, Dumb and Blind,	5,774.36

House of Reformation,	5,000.00	
New-Hampshire Asylum for the Insane,	5,000.00	
State Prison (new Cabinet Shop, &c.),	7,784.78	
Repairs on State House,	981.73	
C. Fisk's legacy,	250.00	
J. Kimball's legacy,	405.21	
State Library,	380.00	
Surplus revenue interest,	23.28	
Railroad tax dividends,	24,657.05	
Railroad deposits,	2.92	
Military appropriation,	570.50	
Interest on debt and loan,	5,782.83	
Temporary loan,	44,000.00	
Notes payable,	11,000.00	
Cash in the treasury,	24,690.23	
	<hr/>	\$85,473.06
		<hr/>
		\$200,371.93

STATE OF THE TREASURY, JUNE 1, 1861.

Liabilities.

Notes payable,		\$50,850.00
Railroad tax dividends, 1853,	\$60.45	
“ “ “ 1854,	172.00	
“ “ “ 1855,	93.68	
“ “ “ 1856,	39.88	
“ “ “ 1857,	497.33	
“ “ “ 1858,	312.92	
“ “ “ 1859,	118.23	
“ “ “ 1860,	684.41	
	<hr/>	\$1,978.90
Railroad deposits,	\$166.67	
Literary fund (old account),	28.91	
	<hr/>	\$195.58

Appendix.

Trust Funds.

C. Fisk's legacy,	\$7,169.52	
J. Kimball's legacy,	6,753.49	
Principal of surplus revenue,	1,009.44	
Interest on surplus revenue,	866.84	
	<u> </u>	\$15,799.29
		<u> </u>
		\$68,823.77

Assets.

Cash on hand,		\$24,690.23
State tax, 1855,	\$2.80	
“ “ 1857,	2.80	
“ “ 1858,	3.50	
“ “ 1859,	16.03	
“ “ 1860,	839.20	
	<u> </u>	\$864.33
Railroad tax, 1851 and 1852,	\$539.34	
“ “ 1853 and 1854,	1,838.77	
“ “ 1855,	1,001.47	
“ “ 1856,	960.36	
“ “ 1857,	2,505.46	
“ “ 1858,	1,353.56	
“ “ 1859,	408.02	
“ “ 1860,	*1,249.59	
	<u> </u>	\$9,856.57
Net income from State Prison,		\$1,743.71
Deficiency account, being the excess of liabilities over assets, this day,		\$31,668.93
		<u> </u>
		\$68,823.77

*Sullivan Railroad,	\$454.84
Cochecho Railroad,	556.14
Great Falls and Conway Railroad (paid June 5, 1861),	238.61
	<u> </u>
	\$1,249.59

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Deficiency account, reported June 1, 1860,	\$50,987.15
Deficiency account, reported June 1, 1861,	31,668.93
	<hr/>
Decrease during the year,	\$19,318.22
Decrease during the year ending June 1, 1860,	\$22,299.32
Decrease during the year ending June 1, 1859,	18,708.14

PETER SANBORN, *Treasurer.*

CONCORD, N. H., June 1, 1861.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S REPORT,

STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
Concord, June 3, 1861. }

To His Excellency, ICHABOD GOODWIN,

Governor and Commander-in-Chief:

SIR: In compliance with the requirements of an act of Congress, approved May 8, 1792, and also an act passed June 27, 1857, I have the honor herewith to submit my Annual Report, containing abstracts of the returns made by the selectmen of the towns, and from companies, exhibiting the numerical strength of the Militia of the State for the year 1860-61; also a statement of the ordnance, small arms, and other military property now in the possession of the State, which is deposited in the arsenals at Portsmouth or Lancaster, in the hands of the Adjutant-General, and loaned to companies, towns or cities; and other matters which pertain to this department.

I have the honor to be, with the highest respect,

Your obedient servant,

JOSEPH C. ABBOTT,

Adjutant, Inspector and

Quartermaster-General.

REPORT.

*To His Excellency, the Governor and Commander-in-Chief,
exhibiting the condition of the Militia of New-Hampshire for
the year ending May 20, 1861.*

MILITARY DIVISIONS OF THE STATE.

DIVISIONS.

First Division—The counties of Rockingham, Strafford, Belknap and Carroll.

Second Division—Hillsborough and Merrimack.

Third Division—Cheshire, Sullivan, Grafton and Coös.

BRIGADES.

First Brigade—The county of Rockingham.

Second Brigade—The counties of Strafford, Belknap and Carroll.

Third Brigade—The county of Hillsborough.

Fourth Brigade—The county of Merrimack.

Fifth Brigade—The counties of Cheshire and Sullivan.

Sixth Brigade—The counties of Grafton and Coös.

OFFICERS OF THE NEW-HAMPSHIRE MILITIA.

Commander-in-Chief,

ICHABOD GOODWIN,

Portsmouth.

Adjutant, Inspector and Quartermaster-General,

JOSEPH C. ABBOTT,

Manchester.

Aids to the Commander-in-Chief.

Clement March,	Portsmouth.
Albert L. Jones,	Portsmouth.
Bradbury P. Cilley,	Manchester.
Joseph W. Robinson,	Concord.
Abiel Rolfe,	Fisherville.
Henry W. Rowell,	Littleton.
Abel H. Bellows,	Concord.
Otis Wright,	Nashua.
Gilbert Hills,	Amherst.
Isaac W. Farmer,	Manchester.

FIRST DIVISION.

<i>Major General,</i>	Charles A. Nason,	Hampton-Falls.
<i>Div. Inspector,</i>	Charles W. Sawyer,	Dover.
<i>Div. Q. Master,</i>	William O. Sides,	Portsmouth.
<i>Aid-de-Camp,</i>	Joseph C. Wiggins,	Sandwich.
<i>Aid-de-Camp,</i>	James M. Beede,	Meredith.

FIRST BRIGADE.

<i>Brig. General,</i>	R. J. Sanborn,	Deerfield.
<i>Brig. Major,</i>	Joseph P. Dudley,	Candia.
<i>Brig. Q. Master,</i>	Benjamin F. Brown,	Deerfield.
<i>Aid-de-Camp,</i>	T. W. Leach,	Newmarket.
<i>Judge Advocate,</i>	Samuel Goodall,	Portsmouth.

SECOND BRIGADE.

<i>Brig. General,</i>	Enoch Q. Fellows,	Sandwich.
<i>Brig. Major,</i>	John McMillan,	Conway.
<i>Brig. Q. Master,</i>	William A. Hurd,	Sandwich.
<i>Aid-de-Camp,</i>	Samuel Hidden,	Tamworth.
<i>Judge Advocate,</i>	Louis Bell,	Farmington.

SECOND DIVISION.

<i>Major General,</i>	Resigned.
<i>Div. Inspector,</i>	"
<i>Div. Q. Master,</i>	"
<i>Aid-de-Camp,</i>	"
<i>Aid-de-Camp,</i>	"

THIRD BRIGADE.

<i>Brig. General,</i>	George Stark,	Nashua.
<i>Brig. Major,</i>	Albin Beard,	Nashua.
<i>Brig. Q. Master,</i>	Samuel N. Bell,	Manchester.
<i>Aid-de-Camp,</i>	Oliver W. Lull,	Milford.
<i>Judge Advocate,</i>	William H. Gove,	Weare.

FOURTH BRIGADE.

<i>Brig. General,</i>	Robert N. Corning,	Concord.
<i>Brig. Major,</i>	Napoleon B. Bryant,	Concord.
<i>Brig. Q. Master,</i>	John Y. Mugridge,	Concord.
<i>Aid-de-Camp,</i>	William M. Parker,	Concord.
<i>Judge Advocate,</i>	Henry B. Leavitt,	Pittsfield.

THIRD DIVISION.

<i>Major General,</i>	Resigned.
<i>Div. Inspector,</i>	“
<i>Div. Q. Master,</i>	“
<i>Aid-de-Camp,</i>	“
<i>Aid-de-Camp,</i>	“

FIFTH BRIGADE.

<i>Brig. General,</i>	Resigned.
<i>Brig. Major,</i>	“
<i>Brig. Q. Master,</i>	“
<i>Aid-de-Camp,</i>	“
<i>Judge Advocate,</i>	“

SIXTH BRIGADE.

<i>Brig. General,</i>	Jacob Benton,	Lancaster.
<i>Brig. Major,</i>	Ira S. M. Gove,	Lancaster.
<i>Brig. Q. Master,</i>	Normand Smith,	Stewartstown.
<i>Aid-de-Camp,</i>	Levi B. Joslyn,	Lancaster.
<i>Judge Advocate,</i>	A. P. Carpenter,	Bath.

OFFICERS OF THE FIRST REGIMENT.

<i>Colonel,</i>	John H. Gage,	Nashua.
<i>Lieut. Colonel,</i>	Aaron F. Stevens,	Nashua.
<i>Major,</i>	Gilbert Wadleigh,	Milford.
<i>Adjutant,</i>	Charles E. Paige,	Nashua.

<i>Quartermaster,</i>	William P. Ainsworth,	Nashua.
<i>Paymaster,</i>	William W. Wallace,	Milford.
<i>Surgeon,</i>	James B. Greeley,	Nashua.
<i>Surgeon's Mate,</i>	Henry Boynton,	Milford.
<i>Chaplain,</i>	Martin W. Willis,	Nashua.

OFFICERS OF THE BATTALION OF THE AMOS-
KEAG VETERANS.

<i>Colonel,</i>	Thomas Rundlett,	Manchester.
<i>Lieut. Colonel,</i>	John S. Kidder,	Manchester.
<i>Major,</i>	Charles Stinson,	Dunbarton.
<i>Adjutant,</i>	Thomas P. Pierce,	Manchester.
<i>Quartermaster,</i>	W. W. Brown,	Manchester.
<i>Paymaster,</i>	S. C. Hall,	Manchester.
<i>Surgeon,</i>	Henry C. Parker,	Manchester.
<i>Surgeon's Mate,</i>	E. H. Davis,	Manchester.
<i>Chaplain,</i>	J. M. Coburn,	Manchester.

OFFICERS OF THE FIRST COMPANY.

<i>Captain,</i>	William B. Patten,	Manchester.
<i>Lieutenant,</i>	James M. Varnum,	Manchester.

OFFICERS OF THE SECOND COMPANY.

<i>Captain,</i>	Joseph M. Rowell,	Manchester.
<i>Lieutenant,</i>	William A. Putney,	Manchester.

OFFICERS OF THE THIRD COMPANY.

<i>Captain,</i>	E. B. Edwards,	Manchester.
<i>Lieutenant,</i>	Henry G. Lowell,	Manchester.

OFFICERS OF THE FOURTH COMPANY.

<i>Captain,</i>	Andrew C. Wallace,	Manchester.
<i>Lieutenant,</i>	John Q. A. Sargent,	Manchester.

OFFICERS OF THE FIFTH COMPANY.

<i>Captain,</i>	Bradbury P. Cilley,	Manchester.
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OFFICERS OF THE GOVERNOR'S HORSE GUARDS.

REGIMENTAL OFFICERS.

<i>Colonel,</i>	George Stark,	Nashua.
<i>Lieut. Colonel,</i>	Abel H. Bellows,	Concord.
<i>Major,</i>	Henry O. Kent,	Lancaster.
<i>Adjutant,</i>	Josiah B. Sanborn,	Concord.
<i>Judge Advocate,</i>	John P. Hale,	Dover.
<i>Paymaster,</i>	Frank Fuller,	Portsmouth.
<i>Quartermaster,</i>	Joseph Wentworth,	Sandwich.
<i>Surgeon,</i>	Charles P. Gage,	Concord.
<i>Assistant Surgeon,</i>	Josiah C. Eastman,	Hampstead.
<i>Chaplain,</i>	Martin W. Willis,	Nashua.
<i>Assistant Chaplain,</i>	Henry E. Parker,	Concord.

OFFICERS OF THE FIRST COMPANY.

<i>Captain,</i>	John H. George,	Concord.
<i>First Lieutenant,</i>	Edward H. Rollins,	Concord.
<i>Second Lieutenant,</i>	Benjamin Grover,	Concord.

OFFICERS OF THE SECOND COMPANY.

<i>Captain,</i>	John H. Gage,	Nashua.
<i>First Lieutenant,</i>	Oliver W. Lull,	Milford.
<i>Second Lieutenant,</i>	Joseph F. Andrews,	Nashua.

OFFICERS OF THE THIRD COMPANY.

<i>Captain,</i>	Micajah C. Burleigh,	Great-Falls.
<i>First Lieutenant,</i>	Frank W. Miller,	Portsmouth.

OFFICERS OF THE FOURTH COMPANY.

[The officers of this company were elected at the first annual meeting of the corps, but as they did not take their commissions no election was made in the company at the last annual meeting, and persons enlisting within its limits were attached to the first company.]

LAFAYETTE ARTILLERY (Lyndeborough).

Captain, Joseph H. Tarbell.
First Lieutenant, Eli C. Curtis.
Second Lieutenant, Charles H. Holt.

CANAAN GRENADIERS.

Captain, Jacob Peters.
Lieutenant, Gilman W. Clark.
Ensign, Augustus F. Blake.

MCCUTCHINS GUARDS (New-London).

Captain, —
Lieutenant, Samuel M. Carr.
Ensign, Austin W. Messer.

GRANITE STATE CADETS (Nashua).

Captain, George Bowers.
First Lieutenant, George H. Whitney.
Second Lieutenant, Jonathan Parkhurst.
Third Lieutenant, Benjamin F. Kendrick.
Fourth Lieutenant, F. Otis Munroe.

GRANITE STATE GUARDS (Great-Falls).

Captain, Ichabod Pearl.
First Lieutenant, Wm. B. Martin.
Second Lieutenant, Edward A. Rollins.
Ensign, Thomas Snow.

HOLLIS PHALANX.

Captain, George P. Greeley.
First Lieutenant, Nathan M. Ames.
Second Lieutenant, James M. Wheeler.
Third Lieutenant, Jackson E. Wheeler.

MECHANICS PHALANX (Manchester).

Captain, John N. Bruce.
First Lieutenant, W. N. Haradon.
Second Lieutenant, George Trueworthy.
Third Lieutenant, J. R. Bagley.
Fourth Lieutenant, E. D. Cilley.

ABBOTT GUARDS (Manchester).

Captain, John Bixby, Manchester.
First Lieutenant, Edwin E. Blake, Manchester.
Second Lieutenant, John R. Hines, Manchester.

PETERBOROUGH LIGHT INFANTRY.

Captain, Christopher A. Wheeler, Peterborough.
First Lieutenant, Samuel I. Vose, Peterborough.
Second Lieutenant, Samuel Jaquith, Peterborough.

UNION VOLUNTEERS (Danville).

Captain, David B. Currier, Danville.
First Lieutenant,
Second Lieutenant,

SULLIVAN GUARDS (Exeter).

Captain, Charles H. Bell, Exeter.
First Lieutenant, Wm. B. Morrill, Exeter.
Second Lieutenant, John Wheeler, Exeter.
Third Lieutenant, Adoniram J. Towle, Exeter.
Fourth Lieutenant, N. P. Bryant, Exeter.

GOODWIN GUARDS (Portsmouth).

Captain, William O. Sides.
First Lieutenant, Moses H. Tilton, Portsmouth.
Second Lieutenant, John S. Sides, Portsmouth.
Third Lieutenant, J. F. Jenness, Portsmouth.
Fourth Lieutenant, Lafayette V. Newell, Portsmouth.

PORTSMOUTH CITY GUARDS.

Captain, William Cornelius, Portsmouth.
First Lieutenant, John W. Huntress, Portsmouth.
Second Lieutenant, James A. Waterhouse, Portsmouth.

UNION GUARDS (Londonderry).

Captain, Cyrus Sanborn, Londonderry.
First Lieutenant, Albert P. Colby, Londonderry.
Second Lieutenant, Henry H. White, Londonderry.

COMPANIES WHICH ARE INACTIVE, OR HAVE NOT REPORTED:

Newcastle Light Guards,
 Wilson Rifles (Keene),
 Gilmanton Artillery,
 Westmoreland Rangers,
 Union Volunteers (Manchester).

ENROLLMENT AS PRESCRIBED BY LAW.

FIRST DIVISION.

<i>First Brigade,</i>	Rockingham,	5,069
<i>Second Brigade,</i>	Strafford,	1,955
<i>Second Brigade,</i>	Belknap,	1,746
<i>Second Brigade,</i>	Carroll,	2,004

SECOND DIVISION.

<i>Third Brigade,</i>	Hillsborough,	4,627
<i>Fourth Brigade,</i>	Merrimack,	5,045

THIRD DIVISION.

<i>Fifth Brigade,</i>	Cheshire,	3,058
<i>Fifth Brigade,</i>	Sullivan,	2,210
<i>Sixth Brigade,</i>	Grafton,	3,325
<i>Sixth Brigade,</i>	Coös,	1,439

Total,		30,478
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No returns have been received from the following towns and cities:

Rockingham County—Derry, Gosport, Fremont.

Strafford County—Barrington, Dover.

Belknap County—Barnstead.

Carroll County—Chatham.

Merrimack County—Hooksett.

Hillsborough County—Manchester, Weare.

Cheshire County—Marlow.

Sullivan County—

Grafton County—Campton, Hill, Piermont.

Coös County—Erroll, Milan, Shelburne, Wentworth's Location.

RETURNS FROM COMPANIES.

Amoskeag Veterans,	160
Governor's Horse Guards,	144
Lafayette Artillery,	49
Canaan Grenadiers,	37
McCutchins Guards,	38
Granite State Cadets,	50
Granite State Guards,	77
Hollis Phalanx,	50
Abbott Guards,	80
Mechanics' Phalanx,	50
Peterborough Light Infantry,	42
Sullivan Guards,	56
Goodwin Guards,	64
Union Volunteers,	34
Portsmouth City Guard,	44
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Total,	903
Total of enrolled men,	30,478

Whole number of enlisted and enrolled men,
as shown by returns, 31,381

DETACHMENTS FOR ACTUAL SERVICE.

The following are the officers of the First and Second Regiments, organized under the Proclamation of the President of the United States, dated April 15, 1861, and of the Governor of this State, dated the day following, the regiments having been enlisted for actual service :

FIRST REGIMENT.

Colonel, Mason W. Tappan.
Lieutenant-Colonel, Thomas J. Whipple.
Major, Aaron F. Stevens.
Adjutant, Enoch Q. Fellows.
Quartermaster, Richard N. Batchelder.
Paymaster, Moses K. Hazelton.
Surgeon, Alpheus B. Crosby.
Surgeon's Mate, Henry C. Shaw.
Chaplain, Stephen G. Abbott.

Appendix.

COMPANY OFFICERS.

COMPANY A.

Captain, Louis Bell.
Lieutenant, George W. Colbath.
Ensign, Oliver M. Clark.

COMPANY B.

Captain, Daniel R. Kédney.
Lieutenant, Charles W. Sawyer.
Ensign, Jasper G. Wallace.

COMPANY C.

Captain, John L. Kelley.
Lieutenant, Martin V. B. Richardson.
Ensign, Charles O. Jennison.

COMPANY D.

Captain, Ira McL. Barton.
Lieutenant, Edward Nettleton.
Ensign, Dexter G. Reed.

COMPANY E.

Captain, Richard O. Greenleaf.
Lieutenant, William F. Greeley.
Ensign, John W. Thompson.

COMPANY F.

Captain, Augustus S. Edgerly.
Lieutenant, George W. Handley.
Ensign, George W. Whipple.

COMPANY G.

Captain, Andrew J. Sargent.
Lieutenant, Horace T. H. Pierce.
Ensign, Charles H. Drummer.

COMPANY H.

Captain, Jeremiah D. Drew.
Lieutenant, John M. Clark.
Ensign, Israel L. Drew.

COMPANY I.

Captain, Edward E. Sturtevant.
Lieutenant, Henry W. Fuller.
Ensign, Enoch W. Goss.

COMPANY K.

Captain, Gilman E. Sleeper.
Lieutenant, Enoch Q. Fellows.
Ensign, Hollis O. Dudley.

SECOND REGIMENT.

Colonel, Gilman Marston.
Lieutenant-Colonel, Francis S. Fiske.
Major, Josiah Stevens, Jr.
Adjutant, Samuel G. Langley.
Quartermaster, John S. Godfrey.
Paymaster,
Surgeon, George H. Hubbard.
Surgeon's Mate, James M. Merrow.
Chaplain, Henry E. Parker.

COMPANY OFFICERS.

COMPANY A.

Captain, Tileston A. Barker.
First Lieutenant, Henry M. Metcalf.
Second Lieutenant, Herbert B. Titus.

COMPANY B.

Captain, Simon G. Griffin.
First Lieutenant, Charles W. Walker.
Second Lieutenant, Abiel W. Colby.

COMPANY C.

Captain, James W. Carr.
First Lieutenant, James H. Platts.
Second Lieutenant, Samuel O. Burnham.

Appendix.

COMPANY D.

Captain, Hiram Rollins.
First Lieutenant, Samuel P. Sales.
Second Lieutenant, Warren H. Parmenter.

COMPANY G.

Captain, Ephraim Weston.
First Lieutenant, Evarts W. Farr.
Second Lieutenant, Sylvester Rogers.

COMPANY E.

Captain, Leonard Drown.
First Lieutenant, William H. Smith.
Second Lieutenant, Ai B. Thompson.

COMPANY F.

Captain, Thomas Snow.
First Lieutenant, Joshua F. Littlefield.
Second Lieutenant, Harrison D. F. Young.

COMPANY I.

Captain, Edward L. Bailey.
First Lieutenant, Samuel G. Langley.
Second Lieutenant, Joseph A. Hubbard.

COMPANY H.

Captain, Ichabod Pearl.
First Lieutenant, Joab N. Patterson.
Second Lieutenant, William H. Prescott.

COMPANY K.

Captain, William O. Sides.
First Lieutenant, John S. Godfrey.
Second Lieutenant, John S. Sides.

In former annual reports made to your Excellency, and to other Commanders-in-Chief, the circumstances of the militia of this State have been such as not to demand a lengthy statement of its affairs. My former reports have been brief, since there was little important material which might properly be incorporated in them. But, in the year which closes with your official

term, the military affairs of the State have in a variety of ways received so much attention as to demand a more lengthy record. I omit the repetition of suggestions which I have heretofore made in regard to various subjects, and proceed at once to such matters as may be deemed worthy to be recorded in connection with the Militia of the State for the current year.

NASHUA ENCAMPMENT.

After the organization and display of the Governor's Horse Guards, alluded to in my last annual report, the principal event connected with the Militia was the encampment at Nashua. On the first of September last the following order was issued to Col. John H. Gage, commanding the First Regiment of Volunteer Militia :

STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
CONCORD, September 1st, 1860. }

GENERAL ORDER, }
No. 3. }

To Colonel John H. Gage, commanding the First Regiment of the New-Hampshire Volunteer Militia :

The Commander-in-Chief hereby orders an Encampment of your Regiment at Nashua, on the eleventh and twelfth days of October next. The Regiment of the Governor's Horse Guards, the Battalion of the Amoskeag Veterans, and the several other corps within the State, will be ordered within your command on those days, to await your orders.

The commanders of the corps will report themselves, with their commands, on Railroad Square, at ten o'clock, on the eleventh of the said month. The acting Quartermaster General will furnish tents for such as are not supplied, during the encampment.

By command of His Excellency,

ICHABOD GOODWIN,

Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

JOSEPH C. ABBOTT, *Adjutant-General.*

In accordance with this order, Col. Gage, on the 8th of September, 1860, issued the following order to his regiment.

HEAD QUARTERS FIRST REGIMENT
New-Hampshire Volunteer Militia, }
Nashua, September 8, 1860. }

REGIMENTAL ORDER, }
No. 1. }

By order of His Excellency, ICHABOD GOODWIN, Commander-in-Chief of the New-Hampshire Militia :

You are hereby ordered to appear on Railroad Square, in Nashua, on Thursday, the 11th day of October next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, with your command, armed and equipped as the law directs, for military duty, inspection and review—prepared for an encampment of two days, and there await further orders.

JOHN H. GAGE,

Col. First Regiment N. H. Militia.

CHARLES E. PAIGE, *Adjutant.*

As stated in General Order No. 3, orders were issued by yourself to the Governor's Horse Guards, to the Battalion of the Amoskeag Veterans, and to the other corps within the State, to appear at Nashua, on the 11th day of October, for encampment and review. I am happy to report that most of the organized military bodies within the State responded promptly to the order. Some, however, were excused from appearing, on account of their imperfect organization and discipline. The Horse Guards promptly responded, and the Colonel commanding immediately issued his orders to the corps.

CAMP GOODWIN.

The ground selected for the Camp, at Nashua, was situated at the north of the city, on a slope inclining toward the river, and

was named "Camp Goodwin" in honor of the Commander-in-Chief. The arrangements were perfected by Col. Gage, assisted by his staff, and before the 11th of October the Camp was laid out, the tents pitched, and all practicable preparations completed. On the 11th of October, in accordance with the order, the following corps reported themselves on Railroad Square :

Governor's Horse Guards,	<i>Colonel</i> —George Stark.
Amoskeag Veterans,	<i>Colonel</i> —T. T. Abbott.
Lafayette Artillery,	<i>Captain</i> —Joel H. Tarbell.
Canaan Grenadiers,	<i>Captain</i> —Jacob Peters.
McCutchins Guards,	<i>Captain</i> —Andrew J. Sargent.
Granite State Cadets,	<i>Captain</i> —George Bowers.
Hollis Phalanx,	<i>Captain</i> —George P. Greeley.
Abbott Guards,	<i>Captain</i> —William C. Knowlton.
Mechanics' Phalanx,	<i>Captain</i> —John N. Bruce.
Peterborough Light Infantry,	<i>Captain</i> —Chris'er W. Wheeler.
Sullivan Guards,	<i>Captain</i> —Charles H. Bell.
Goodwin Guards,	<i>Captain</i> —William O. Sides.
Union Volunteers,	<i>Captain</i> —David B. Carrier.

And were at once ordered into Camp.

They were formed on line at 11 o'clock, guards mounted, and the following order was promulgated by the Colonel commanding:

CAMP GOODWIN,
Head Quarters 1st Reg't N. H. V. M., }
Nashua, Oct. 11, 1860.

GENERAL ORDER, }
No. 2.

In compliment to His Excellency, the Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Militia of the State of New-Hampshire, to whose active sympathy and encouragement we are in a great measure indebted for the present revival of the military spirit in the State, it has been deemed fit and proper that the first encampment of the Militia under the new law and the new organization, and the first State encampment ever held within its

limits, should be honored with the name of "Camp Goodwin;" and it is hoped that all connected with it will put forth every effort to make the encampment successful as a military exercise, and an honor to the State.

In order to accomplish this desirable result, every soldier present must feel a personal determination to perform his whole duty, not only as a soldier, but as a gentleman and sober citizen; and must practice for the occasion the "Spartan" virtue of temperance and sobriety. It is, therefore, urgently requested that upon this occasion the use of ardent spirits in camp may be entirely dispensed with.

Owing to the late formation of some of the companies which will be at the encampment, it will be impossible to make a suitable General Order for guard duty. This, therefore, will be done by Special Orders, as early as practicable; and commanders, whose duty it will be to order the detachments, will take especial care that the best instructed officers and men are detailed for this duty.

The adjutant of each regiment will attend to the company roll-calls in the morning, noon and night, as he shall be directed, and specify, in a written report to his commander, the officers and men on duty, those on the sick list, and those absent.

No person not in uniform will be permitted to cross the chain of sentinels without a pass, and then only at "Guard Quarters," except persons having special permits to pass at any point on the line.

No soldier will leave camp without a written order from his commander, or accompanied by an officer.

The line will be formed at 10½ o'clock; guard mounting at 11 o'clock; prayer by the chaplain; battalion drill; at half past twelve, signal for dinner; at half past two, to the color; at half past three, Adjutant-General Abbott will inspect the troops; at five, to the color; at half past five, the retreat, immediately succeeded by the evening dress parade, at which time the General Orders for the next day will be read; signal for supper; evening

gun at sunset; at half past nine, tattoo; at eleven, taps, at which time all lights are to be extinguished, except at "head-quarters" and police guard tents, and the camp kept quiet till five o'clock the next day.

By command of

JOHN H. GAGE,

Col. First Regiment Commanding.

CHARLES E. PAIGE, *Adjutant.*

The first day was occupied in perfecting the details of the encampment, and in evolutions of the line.

The General Order for the second day was as follows :

HEAD QUARTERS 1ST REG'T N. H. V. M., }
Camp Goodwin, Oct. 12, 1860. }

GENERAL ORDER, }
No. 4. }

A national salute will be fired at sunrise, and Capt. Tarbell, of the Lafayette Artillery, is charged with the execution of this order. Reveille at 6 o'clock A. M.; breakfast call at 7 A. M.; guard mounting at half past eight; Colonels, Lieut. Colonels, Majors and Captains of companies, will at the same hour report at head quarters; to the color at nine o'clock; prayer by the Chaplain; drill till eleven.

Having been informed of the intention of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company, of Boston, to visit the camp, it is deemed eminently fit that proper respect should be paid to them on their arrival; and accordingly I have tendered them an escort from their quarters, the detail for which will be made by special order, in due time. They do not desire to go into the line, but will be received as distinguished visitors, and will witness the review. They will arrive about 11 o'clock.

Dinner call at 12 M. ; to the color at 2 P. M. ; at half past two the Governor will be received, with a salute of fifteen guns. Capt. Tarbell will see to the execution of the same. At three o'clock the troops will be received by the Commander-in-Chief, Gov. Goodwin. Immediately after the review the troops will take up their line of march for the city, accompanied by the Ancient and Honorable Artillery, where they will be dismissed ; and commanders of companies will see that their camp equipage is put in order at noon, for leaving camp.

By command of

JOHN H. GAGE,

Col. First Regiment Commanding.

CHARLES E. PAIGE, *Adjutant.*

This day was occupied in evolutions of the line, camp duties, inspection, the reception of the Commander-in-Chief, and review. On that day Brigadier-General Butler and Staff, Adjutant-General Schouler, of Massachusetts, Major Reynolds, Lieutenant Winder, and others of the United States Army, and the Ancient and Honorable Artillery, of Boston, and the Lowell Mechanics' Phalanx, were the guests of the camp. At half past two o'clock P. M. the Commander-in-Chief, accompanied by his Staff, Gen. Butler and Staff, Adjutant-General Schouler, Major Reynolds, Lieutenant Winder, and others, under the escort of the Horse Guards, proceeded to the camp, where they were received with proper military honors. The Ancient and Honorable Artillery were posted opposite the left. The troops were then reviewed by the Commander-in-Chief, after which they formed in column and marched to the city, where a line was formed opposite the Pearl street House, and the officers were addressed by the Commander-in-Chief, General Butler, and General Tyler, the commander of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery. The troops were then dismissed.

The Colonel commanding issued the following complimentary order on the second day :

HEAD QUARTERS FIRST REGIMENT
New-Hampshire Volunteer Militia,
Camp Goodwin, October 12, 1860. }

GENERAL ORDER, }
No. 5. }

The Colonel commanding takes this occasion to thank the troops now assembled in camp for their orderly conduct and creditable appearance on the field yesterday, and he ventures to hope that their conduct to-day will be equally creditable to them.

This first attempt in fifteen years toward the revival of the military spirit and fame of New-Hampshire, has attracted great and unusual attention, not only in our own State, but we have been notified that distinguished visitors from other States, from all directions and in large numbers, will honor us to-day with their presence. The criticism of eyes more accustomed than ours to the duties now in hand, will, I am assured, be kindly exercised, and should but stimulate us to the utmost attention in the performance of those duties. The commander, therefore, would impress upon every soldier in the encampment the importance of giving his entire and strict attention to the duties of the day in hand, so that nothing may be left undone to deserve the attention which this field has attracted, and with which we are so much honored.

By command of JOHN H. GAGE,

Col. First Regiment N. H. V. Militia.

CHARLES E. PAIGE, *Adjutant.*

This first considerable parade of the military within ten years was also the largest and most imposing ever known within the State in time of peace, as it was the first general encampment ever known in New-Hampshire. Your Excellency might be

allowed personal congratulation that under your administration an event occurred of so much importance to the military of the State, and that its success was largely due to the countenance which you gave it as Commander-in-Chief. It may be said with truth that as it was a most imposing collection of the military, it also, more than any previous event in the State during the year, engaged public attention, and that it attracted to it, without doubt, the largest and most brilliant collection of people ever assembled in the State. You may congratulate yourself also upon the excellent conduct, the discipline and the emulation of the troops; upon the quiet which, during the two days, pervaded the city, and upon the sobriety and good order among the multitude which were assembled on the occasion. This encampment must also have been gratifying to all good citizens, since it was relieved from the objectionable features attached to the old militia musters, and demonstrated that disorder and disturbance were not inseparable from a military parade.

I desire to acknowledge here the courtesy of Adjutant-General Schouler, of Massachusetts, who, as the State was then deficient in camp equipage, generously loaned tents and other articles for the occasion.

I desire also to mention the liberality of the citizens of Nashua in aiding the preparations, and their hospitality manifested throughout the encampment, and also to acknowledge the untiring efforts of Col. Gage, Brig. General Stark, and others, in their efforts to render the occasion successful. I also wish to acknowledge the courtesy of the several railroads leading to Nashua, for their liberality in the transportation of troops and stores.

ENLISTMENTS FOR ACTUAL SERVICE.

On the 15th of April the Secretary of War, in accordance with a proclamation of the President of the United States, made a requisition upon New-Hampshire for one regiment of foot volunteers, for actual service. Immediately upon receiving this requisition, the following order was issued by your Excellency :

STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Concord, April 16, 1861. }

To JOSEPH C. ABBOTT, *Adjutant and Inspector-General of the New-Hampshire Militia :*

SIR : The President of the United States having, in pursuance of the act of Congress approved February 28, 1795, called upon the State of New-Hampshire for a regiment of militia, consisting of ten companies of infantry, to be held in readiness to be mustered into the service of the United States for the purpose of quelling insurrection and supporting the government :

I, ICHABOD GOODWIN, Governor of New-Hampshire, command you to make proclamation, calling for volunteers from the enrolled militia of this State, to the number required, and to issue from time to time all necessary orders and instructions for enrolling and holding in readiness to be mustered into the service of said volunteer corps, agreeably to the aforesaid requisition.

ICHABOD GOODWIN,

Governor and Commander-in-Chief.

By the command of the Governor,

THOMAS L. TULLOCK, *Secretary of State.*

In accordance with your proclamation, and on the same day, the following order was issued from this office.

STATE OF NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, }
Concord, April 16, 1861. }

GENERAL ORDER, }
No. 6. }

In pursuance of a proclamation by the President of the United States, the Governor of this State, in a proclamation dated at Concord this day, has ordered the enlistment of one regiment of infantry within the State of New-Hampshire, to be held in readiness for service whenever called for.

The regiment will consist of one Colonel, one Lieutenant-Colonel, one Major, one Adjutant, one Quartermaster, one Quartermaster-Sergeant, one Paymaster, one Surgeon, one Surgeon's Mate, one Chaplain, one Sergeant-Major, one Drum-Major, and one Fife-Major.

Each company will consist of one Captain, one First Lieutenant, one Second Lieutenant, four Sergeants, four Corporals, two Musicians, and sixty-four Privates.

The officers of the volunteers will be commissioned according to the laws of the State of New-Hampshire.

None under the rank of commissioned officers will be received who are under the age of eighteen or over the age of forty-five.

Volunteers who shall be accepted will be uniformed, armed and equipped at the expense of the State, and their pay will be the same as that of the corresponding rank in the army of the United States.

Any military company at present existing, or any number of citizens desirous of associating for the support of the laws and the defence of their country, or any individuals desirous of enter-

ing upon the service of the United States, are requested to report themselves to this Department forthwith.

By order of His Excellency, the Governor and Commander-in-Chief:

JOSEPH C. ABBOTT,

Adjutant and Inspector-General.

It will be perceived that in this order the staff officers were designated according to the laws of this State, but on their being mustered into the service of the United States they were varied to correspond with the officers of the United States Army, as will appear by the Roster.

It was thought advisable to open recruiting offices and enlist the regiment in that way, in preference to ordering in companies already organized. Accordingly enlistment papers were issued for twenty-eight stations, in different parts of the State, and offices were there established for the enlistment of recruits. I also appointed Col. Henry O. Kent, of Lancaster, Major Frank S. Fiske, of Keene, and Col. Jeremiah C. Tilton, of Sanbornton, as special aids in the recruiting service.

On the 24th of April, it having appeared by the reports received, that a sufficient number of men had been enlisted for one regiment, orders were issued bringing them to the rendezvous.

The place selected for the rendezvous of the regiment was the County Fair Ground, one mile east of the State House in Concord, and on the 24th day of April the first recruits were ordered into camp. On the same day orders were issued to Colonel John H. Gage, of the First Regiment, to assume the temporary charge of the camp, and he accordingly repaired to the post. The following is the report submitted by Colonel Gage, on resigning the post to Colonel Tappan:

REPORT OF COLONEL GAGE.

NASHUA, N. H., May 24, 1861.

To JOSEPH C. ABBOTT, *Adjutant, Inspector and Quartermaster
General, New-Hampshire Volunteer Militia :*

The accompanying Order, issued from your office, was duly received :

[The order directed Colonel Gage to take temporary command of the Camp.]

In accordance with the above, and on the day of its date, I proceeded to Concord, and attended to the duties assigned me. The place of rendezvous I named "Camp Union," under which name it has since been known. My first active labors were directed to the preparation, in a manner as economical as possible, of suitable head-quarters for the convenient organization of the regiment. Only one company (the "Abbott Guards," from Manchester), appeared with officers in command. On the arrival of the other companies, in squads of from thirty to one hundred and more, each, they were placed temporarily under the command of those members who appeared best qualified to occupy the position, and were at once put upon squad drill. Upon the arrival of Colonel Tappan, Lieut. Col. Whipple and Major Stevens, I recommended to their favorable consideration the appointment of sixteen persons to command in the several companies; and am happy in the occasion to report that fifteen of the same were recommended to the Governor, and commissioned accordingly. Other officers were duly selected and commissioned to fill necessary offices, so that in eight days after my arrival the First Regiment New-Hampshire Volunteer Militia was organized, and by Major Eastman mustered into the service of the United States. The organization of the Regiment having been effected, Colonel Tappan expressed an earnest wish that I should drill the

same in regimental movements, and I did so until the 17th inst., at which time Colonel Tappan assumed the full command.

I wish to acknowledge the valuable coöperation of the several Field Officers, after their arrival, in perfecting the organization of the Regiment; and it affords me much pleasure to testify to the universal respect in which Col. Tappan is held by his command. The favor with which he is every where received by officers and soldiers, is fully warranted by his extreme care for, and attention to every necessity and want of his men. I herewith transmit to you a full and complete list of all the men and officers composing the Regiment, which, being in a succinct form, may be serviceable for future reference.

JOHN H. GAGE,

Col. First Regiment N. H. V. Militia.

Colonel Gage rendered valuable service in the organization of the Regiment, and by the thorough system and discipline which he introduced did much to promote its ultimate efficiency. On the departure of Col. Gage, Col. Tappan assumed the command, and has retained it since. The Regiment remained in camp until the 26th of May. They were thoroughly uniformed, armed and equipped, their outfit comprising both camp equipage and a baggage train, consisting of sixteen wagons, each drawn by four horses, and a comfortable ambulance for the sick, drawn by two horses. So perfect was the outfit of the regiment that universally, in the cities through which it passed, on its way to Washington, it was pronounced the best provided body of troops which had gone from New-England. Both the President, the Secretary of War, and General Scott, after reviewing them on their arrival at Washington, pronounced them superior, in their preparation for immediate service, to any regiment which had reported.

The outfit of the regiment was as follows :

FOR OFFICERS, FIELD AND STAFF.

One fatigue cap,
 One regulation hat,
 One regulation coat,
 One overcoat,
 One regulation blouse,
 Two pairs regulation pants,
 One pair flannel shirts and drawers,
 Two pairs socks,
 One pair spurs,
 One belt, sash and sword,
 One complete set horse equipments.

FOR COMPANY OFFICERS.

The army regulation dress throughout.

FOR PRIVATES.

One fatigue cap,
 Two flannel shirts,
 One pair drawers,
 Two pairs socks,
 One pair shoes,
 One pair pants,
 One coat,
 One flannel blouse,
 One army overcoat,
 One army blanket.

Each private also was furnished with a knapsack, haversack, canteen, cartridge-box, belt, cross-belt, cap-box and scabbard. The arms furnished were the plain percussion musket.

The camp equipage consisted of one hundred iron camp kettles, and two hundred and fifty mess pans to the regiment, together with tin plates, dippers, Dutch ovens, knives, &c. They were also furnished with tents, ample for the accommodation of the regiment, and with the baggage train already spoken of.

The first recruits which arrived in camp were accommodated in the show building used by the Agricultural Society, but very

soon this was entirely insufficient, and it was found necessary to erect long ranges of temporary buildings around the north side of the grounds. The head-quarters of the field and staff officers were established in a building which had already been erected, but this being insufficient for their accommodation, other buildings were erected adjoining. The Quartermaster's department was established on the east of the main building, as were also the quarters of the company officers. Two buildings were erected, distant from the other quarters, for a hospital, which was furnished under the direction of the steward. For several weeks after the organization of the camp, the subsistence department was under the charge of Joseph G. Wyatt, Esq., of Concord, who furnished the provisions, which were cooked in a building adjoining the main building of the fair ground. The subsistence furnished by Mr. Wyatt was of excellent quality, well prepared, and I believe, on an examination, will be found to have been furnished at very reasonable rates. The subsistence was supplied by Mr. Wyatt from the arrival of the first company until the 14th of May, when the troops, having been mustered into the service of the United States, were put upon rations.

The uniforms, equipments and outfit of the regiment were furnished on contract, and, considering the state of the market for military goods at the time the articles were procured, I believe it will be found that they were procured on very reasonable terms. It is hazarding nothing to say that no regiment from any State has been fitted out more economically. You will allow me to testify to the untiring vigilance and activity of Colonel Tappan, Lieutenant Colonel Whipple and Major Stevens, with their staff, and of the company officers generally, after they assumed the command; and also to acknowledge the services of Brigadier General Fellows, in promoting discipline. I take this opportunity, also, to acknowledge the liberality of the officers of the several railroads of the State, together with others in Maine and Massachusetts, in passing troops and freight free. Particular acknowledgments are due to the Concord,

Manchester and Lawrence Railroad, which was more severely taxed than any other, for their uniform attention. In arranging the heavy train, consisting of forty cars, in which the regiment left Concord, the President and Superintendent gave their personal attention, and accompanied the regiment to Nashua.

On the 25th day of May the First Regiment left the camp for Washington. Their march to the railroad station was witnessed by nearly the entire population of the city, amid the utmost enthusiasm. A salute was fired on their departure. At Manchester, Nashua, and Groton, Massachusetts, they were also reviewed with salutes, while at Worcester they were honored with a military and civic procession, and a dinner was given them by the city. At New-York they were received by the Sons of New-Hampshire. They arrived at Washington, and entered into camp without material delay or accident.

SECOND REGIMENT.

It having been decided to form a Second Regiment, the Field Officers were appointed, and Portsmouth was selected as the place of rendezvous. This was done both on account of the conveniences for barracks at that place, and because there seemed to be a necessity for garrisoning Fort Constitution, in that harbor. This camp did not, like that at Concord, come under my especial supervision, but Col. Kent was stationed there to act as my Assistant. He arrived at Portsmouth on the 30th day of April, established an office in the old custom-house, and immediately commenced preparations for the reception of the enlisted men. He has attended to the arrangement of the quarters, to the reception of the companies of recruits as they have arrived, to receiving and distributing stores, and to all other matters which would have fallen under my supervision. The business was transacted with promptness and good judgment. He gave his personal attention constantly to the wants of the camp both in arranging the quarters, in superintending the subsistence, and in the other duties which devolve upon him. His report, which will be found in another place, will give the details of his service.

On the 30th of April an order was issued to Brigadier General Stark to repair to Portsmouth and take charge of the preliminary organization of the Regiment. His report, which is presented below, gives a systematic and clear statement of affairs at the camp, which, in his first general order, he named Camp Constitution.

REPORT OF GENERAL STARK.

CAMP CONSTITUTION,
Portsmouth, June 2, 1861. }

SIR :—I have to report that, in accordance with orders issued through your department, dated April 30, 1861, and received

May 2, detaching me to take command of recruits to be assembled at this place, I reported for duty here on the third of May, and assumed command on the fourth. There were then about four hundred recruits arrived, including the Portsmouth volunteers, and temporarily quartered in the city : viz.,

Claremont volunteers, Capt. Austin,	80
Granite State Guards, Great Falls, Capt. Pearl,	81
Abbott Guards, Manchester, Capt. Knowlton,	74
Laconia volunteers, Capt. Wyman,	71
Goodwin Guards, Portsmouth, Captain Sides,	95
Total,	<hr/> 401

Arrangements having been already commenced for converting the Rope Walks and adjoining buildings, in the southerly part of the city, into barracks, the recruits were moved in on the same day, and regular duties of camp established. A copy of general order No. 1, prescribing the routine of camp, was then issued.

You will perceive that it also embraces an order for captains to collect from their men all pistols, knives, and other small arms in their possession, and to deposit them for safe-keeping in the Arsenal.

I take this occasion to refer to the fact, that the furnishing such arms to soldiers by towns or individuals, is considered by army officers to be of more than doubtful expediency, and it is believed that the same money expended in extra flannels, rubber blankets, and other articles of bodily comfort and protection, would be of far greater value in promoting the efficiency of our regiments. Our almost entire freedom from accident or casualty in this camp may be attributed in a measure to the precautions taken in this respect.

On the 6th day of May, in accordance with the instructions of the Commander-in-Chief, Capt. Pearl was detached from his command from camp and sent to Fort Constitution, with orders to act in conjunction with the United States officer stationed there, for the defence of the place. His men, and others since detached to join him, have been exercised daily in the management of the

guns, so that we now have an efficient force there for working the heavy battery already mounted.

I would suggest, however, that some practice in firing would be eminently useful, and that ammunition for that purpose should be furnished by the State.

The amount now on hand belonging to the government is small, and can not be used for practice.

On the 7th of May additional companies, ordered to this post, commenced to arrive, and reported in the following order: viz.,

May 7, Cheshire Light Guard, Capt. Barker,	78 men.
“ 7, Manchester Mechanics Phalanx, Capt. Bruce,	78 “
“ 8, Milford volunteers, Capt. Gillis,	94 “
“ 8, Keene volunteers, Capt. Handerson,	69 “
“ 8, Concord volunteers, Capt. Drown,	75 “
“ 9, Littleton volunteers, Capt. Rowell,	70 “
“ 10, Lancaster volunteers, Capt. Gove,	79 “
“ 11, Conway volunteers, Capt. Chapman,	35 “

Total arrivals up to 10th of May, being all three months men, 979. A constant daily routine of discipline and company and battalion drill was maintained in camp, under the practical supervision of Col. Pierce, and if uniforms, equipments and other outfit could have been in readiness seasonably, the Second Regiment would have been in marching condition about the 20th of May.

Previous to that time, however, orders arrived from the War Department to send no more three months men, but to enlist a regiment for three years; and on the 19th of May notice was given in general order, by direction of the Commander-in-Chief, that the opportunity to enlist in the three-years regiment would be offered first to the three-months men assembled in the camp. Enlistment papers were accordingly distributed on the 21st, and four hundred and ninety-six, from the original three-months men, reënlisted for three-years: viz.,

From Claremont company,	53
“ Lancaster company,	44
“ Conway company,	20
“ Milford company,	21

From Keene (2) companies,	90
“ Laconia company,	37
“ Littleton company,	34
“ Portsmouth company,	70
“ Manchester (2) companies,	71
“ Concord company,	56
	<hr/>
Total,	496

These men, having left their homes and business with the expectation of returning in three months, were allowed a furlough of from three to six days, to enable them to return and arrange their affairs for a longer absence.

They have since mostly reported for duty. The remainder of the three months regiment was then transferred to barracks at Fort Constitution; and soldiers enlisted for three years to complete the new regiment, commenced arriving on the 26th of May, and reported as follows :

May 26, Dover Volunteers, Captain Rollins,	99
“ 27, Exeter volunteers, Capt. Smith,	58
“ 28, Hampton volunteers, Capt. Dunbar,	42
“ 28, Rifle rangers (Manchester), Capt. Carr,	100
“ 28, Goodwin rifles (Concord), Capt. Griffin,	90
“ 29, Contoocook volunteers, Capt. Patterson,	72
“ 29, Canaan volunteers, Capt. Smith,	14
“ 30, Peterborough volunteers, Capt. Weston,	50
	<hr/>
Total new arrivals,	525
Reënlisted men,	496
	<hr/>
Total for three years,	1,021
Remainder of three-months enlistment,	483
	<hr/>
Total sent to this post,	1,504
Now in barracks or on leave,	963
In Fort Constitution,	274
In Camp Union,	38
Discharged,	172
Absent without leave,	57
	<hr/>
	1,504

On the 27th of May Capt. Chapman, with 37 men, was detached, by order of the Governor, to take charge of the State property left by the First Regiment at Camp Union, in Concord, and now remains at that post.

The number of men to whom discharges have been granted to this time, is one hundred and seventy-two; of whom one hundred and twenty-one have been discharged on surgeon's certificate of disability, forty on order from the Governor, and eleven on recommendation of captains.

It is probable that in passing muster by the United States mustering officer, the number of discharges for physical disability will be increased.

I would respectfully suggest that if, in future, recruiting officers are authorized and directed to employ surgical aid to examine applicants before enlisting them, a very considerable saving in expense may be effected.

The hospital arrangements of the camp, made under the skillful direction of Dr. Hubbard, the surgeon of the regiment, have been well adapted to the wants of our men, and the amount of sickness has been small. No deaths have occurred, and there is now no case of serious illness in the hospital.

The Quartermaster's department has been very satisfactorily managed under the supervision of Henry O. Kent, Assistant Adjutant-General. Tents, camp stores, equipments, and some uniforms, are yet wanted to complete the outfit. As soon as these are furnished by the contractors, the regiment can be put in marching condition.

Four full companies were mustered yesterday and to-day into the United States service. The remaining six companies will also be mustered in as soon as the captains and lieutenants are designated by the proper authorities.

The field officers of the three-years regiment having now arrived, and signified their readiness to assume command within a few days, I would respectfully suggest that instructions be given me in regard to the three-months men remaining, and that after

delegating the command of the fort to some officer of suitable rank, the duties of this post do not appear to require that I should be continued in my present command.

Your obedient servant,

GEORGE STARK,

Brig. Gen. Third Brigade, N. H. V. M.

J. C. ABBOTT, *Adjutant-General.*

REPORT OF COLONEL KENT.

PORTSMOUTH, June 2, 1861.

To Joseph C. Abbott, Adjutant, Inspector and Quartermaster-General:

SIR:—I have the honor to submit at this time a brief report of my proceedings at Portsmouth, under your order detailing me to act as your aid during the continuance of troops at that place.

On the 30th of April I received your order, and the same day proceeded to Portsmouth, and commenced the necessary preparations for the reception of troops. In commencing, it is proper perhaps to state, that two distinct posts have been garrisoned at that point from the recruits arriving at that rendezvous. The importance of the Navy Yard had induced General Wool, on the notification of His Excellency, Gov. Goodwin, to direct him to prepare for its defence, and orders were issued to him from that source, upon the Commandant of the Yard, for such munitions of war as might be demanded. Previous to my arrival this important post had been garrisoned by a company of local volunteers. The extensive rope-walk of Jeremiah Johnson, Esq., situated in the south part of the city, was procured and fitted for barracks for the regiment. The men were arranged by companies on either floor, and a common space reserved at the end of each allotment, for general use. Officers' quarters, both field, staff, and company, were provided. There have been at one time over 1000 men quartered here, and I think I am

warranted in saying, with entire comfort. The cooking arrangements were prepared with the utmost regard to the comfort of the men, and the best materials have been provided. The arrangements for the temporary provisioning of the men were made by His Excellency, Gov. Goodwin, with Mr. W. S. Hadley, and they have been carried out with great success. All the various appliances and appurtenances of barrack life, deemed necessary, were procured, deeming the health and cheerfulness of the troops of permanent importance, and believing that every thing conducive thereto should be performed, having a due care to the interests of the State.

Fort Constitution, situated at the entrance of the harbor, and three miles below the city, had garrison accommodations for one company. As three hundred men have since been stationed there, additions have been made to its capacity for the reception of troops. The soldiers' barracks, inside the wall, were further filled with bunks, and bed sacks procured. Outside the walls, but within the garrison limits, arrangements similar to those at the camp were prepared in the various houses upon the premises. The cooking has been done both within and without the walls, by the same parties, and with the same bill of fare as at the camp.

Before the completion of these arrangements, the detachments of recruits began to arrive, and at an early period a regiment of 780, in accordance with the first call of the President, was accommodated at the camp, and men equivalent to two companies were stationed at the Fort.

Government having called for but one regiment for three months, and no orders for the enrollment of another having been received, affairs became somewhat embarrassing, until orders were received for the enlistment of a regiment for three years, and the opportunity for this enlistment was first offered to the three-months men in garrison here. It is a sufficient tribute to the patriotism of the men to say, that of the entire number (about 800, after the examination of the Surgeon), 496 enlisted

immediately for three years, or during the war. Additional companies, already enlisted for three years, were then ordered to report at this rendezvous by you. The three-months men at the camp were ordered to the Fort, and the three-years men there ordered to the camp. The new regiment, comprising 1,046 men, several companies originally up to the full complement, became proportional parts of new companies, and combinations were necessary. This result I believe to have been accomplished by the judicious action of the field officers, with eminent success. The regiment is now full, and will, within a few days, be mustered into the service, and a garrison of sufficient size will remain at the fortifications in the harbor.

There have been in Portsmouth, at both posts, in all, over 1500 men. Those discharged were returned to their homes, and those remaining were supplied with uniforms. As yet, only the regiment have received a full supply of clothing and equipments. Neither overcoats or equipments have been delivered to the three-months men.

During the time the troops have been at this point, a very commendable degree of order has been preserved, and the camp has been almost entirely free from the vices which sometimes attend the congregating of so numerous a body of men.

I have delivered the new percussion musket to eight companies of the line. The Cheshire Light Guard, Capt. Barker, have received the minnie musket, and act as grenadiers, and the Goodwin Rifles have received the Sharp's rifle and saber bayonet.

Brig. General Stark, who exercises command of the camp until the acceptance of the command by its direct officers, has rendered the State efficient service in the proper control of the men, and in discharging his various difficult duties has exercised ability, decision and promptness, much to the advantage of the discipline of the camp. There have been received, in the clothing department nearly enough articles of clothing and equipment

to supply the troops, and before this reaches you enough will have been received and delivered to complete the residue.

When the regiment shall have assumed a war footing, and been placed under the control of its immediate officers, there will still remain a considerable force of men at the Fort to be provided for, both as to their discipline and supply. There will also remain a large amount of property at the camp when the regiment moves, most of which is but slightly injured, and should be retained for future use, or might, with judicious care, be disposed of with advantage to the State. There will also remain a valuable amount of clothing, equipments and munitions of war.

These should be invoiced, packed and stored, perhaps in the State arsenal, to await further demands from the State, or the troops already enlisted.

In closing my report to this date, I may add, as a final resume, that from 800 recruits enlisted for three months, 500 soldiers for three years were found, and that the regiment soon reached its full complement of 1046 men; that a complete regiment will within a very short period be ready to move, excellently provided for, in sound health and high spirits; that the Fort, defending the entrance to the harbor, is securely garrisoned, and that its garrison are fully provided with requisite clothing. In five days from the reception of your order, permanent and comfortable accommodations were erected, that have since been occupied by 1500 men, and all provisions were made for their support. In justice to the material of which this regiment and garrison is composed, I may add that sobriety, comfort and contentment, mingled with good order and a visible determination to become perfect in the art of war, has pervaded alike the officers and men, and has rendered the history of the troops while in camp at once commendable to themselves and honorable to the State.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully,

HENRY O. KENT,

Aid to the Adjutant-General.

I am happy to say that the second regiment is now nearly ready to march. Col. Pierce having resigned, and Col. Marston having entered upon his duties, the officers have been nearly all designated, and the regiment put in thorough organization. Nothing of importance, of which I am aware, has been omitted in the outfit, but, aided by the experience of fitting out the first regiment, many things necessary to comfort and efficiency have been supplied. It is believed that although the first regiment was better fitted than any which had left New-England, the second will be still better prepared for service. The high character and ability of the field officers, as well as those of the line, will also insure the success of the regiment when they arrive at the scene of action.

RECORD OF THREE-MONTHS ENLISTMENTS.

The following is the number of recruits enlisted at the different stations for three months, with the names of the recruiting officers :

Concord,	E. E. Sturtevant,	223
Salem,	J. D. Drew,	62
Bradford,	M. W. Tappan,	10
Portsmouth,	W. O. Sides,	37
Dover,	G. W. Cobbatt,	230
Manchester,	J. L. Kelly,	135
Newport,	I. McL. Barton,	40
New-London,	A. J. Sargent,	12
Lancaster,	I. S. M. Gove,	62
Laconia,	W. H. Wyman,	60
Claremont,	W. P. Austin,	81
Conway,	Joshua Chapman,	23
Hampton,	C. F. Dunbar,	53
Peterborough,	E. Weston,	75
Littleton,	W. H. Rowell,	56
Plymouth,	J. H. Thompson,	13
Keene,	H. C. Handerson,	130
West Lebanon,	F. Comings,	35
Contoocookville,	J. N. Patterson,	43
Nashua,	R. O. Greenleaf,	73
North Stratford,	S. E. Chase,	18

Appendix.

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Exeter,	C. H. Bell,	53
Niagara Co.,	A. S. Edgerly,	77
Abbott Guards,	W. H. D. Cochrane,	78
Cheshire Lt. Guards,	T. A. Barker,	77
Mechanics Phalanx,	J. N. Bruce,	77
Granite State Guards,	Ichabod Pearl,	77
Milford Co.,	George Gillis,	94
		<hr/>
		2054

THREE-YEARS ENLISTMENTS.

The following are the three-years enlistments, so far as reported at this office :

Hampton,	C. F. Danbar,	47
Peterborough,	E. Weston,	50
Dover,	A. H. Young,	101
Contoocookville,	J. N. Patterson,	67
Nashua,	J. H. Rhodes,	61
West Lebanon,	F. Comings,	5
Exeter,	C. H. Bell,	60
Lancaster,	I. S. M. Gove,	1
Newmarket,	B. N. Towle,	17
Canaan,	F. A. Smith,	13
Concord,	S. G. Griffin,	75
Bristol,	Jas. T. Sanborn,	12
Manchester,	Jas. W. Carr,	101
Alton,	George D. Savage,	22
		<hr/>
		522
Men enlisted by Geo. W. Towle, but not returned to this office,		52
		<hr/>
		574
Reënlisted at Camp Constitution,		596
		<hr/>
Total of three-years men, as reported to this office,		1170

RECAPITULATION.

Total of three-months men,	2054
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Disposed of as follows :

Number discharged, missing or deserted,	536
“ in camp,	142
“ reënlisted for three years,	596
“ in the first regiment,	780
Total of three-years men,	1170

Disposed of as follows :

Number discharged, missing or deserted,	21
“ in Camp Union,	38
“ in Fort Constitution,	41
“ in quarters and not attached,	24
“ in second regiment,	1046

At the time this report closes, discharges are being made in the force at Fort Constitution, so that there will soon be but a small number of men quartered there. The enlistment stations are all closed.

It is, I trust, sir, not unfitting, in closing this summary of the more important matters connected with the militia for the year, to recur to the experience of the last few years and its results. Three Governors have been in the executive chair since I have held this position, and now another is just commencing. At the commencement of Governor Metcalf's term the militia was in the lowest possible condition. It improved slightly under his successor, and very considerably in your own term. During all this time it was impossible to induce the legislature to regard with favor any measure designed for organizing an efficient militia. It was the result of this policy which caused New-Hampshire to be last in the field in the present war. Now, the change in public sentiment is no less decided than that in the affairs of the nation. The emergency demands action, and it is, fortunately for the honor of New-Hampshire, not too late to reverse a mistaken policy, or to correct errors in consequence

of which the State was found unprepared for the war. That all necessary but no superfluous measures will be adopted can not be doubted, because to doubt it would be to distrust the loyalty and honor of a State whose patriotism has always been beyond suspicion.

I am, sir, with the highest respect, your ob't serv't,

JOSEPH C. ABBOTT,

Adjutant, Inspector and Quartermaster-General.

A STATEMENT

Showing the amount of arms, accouterments, &c., in the possession of the State.

DESCRIPTION.	In the Arsenal.	With troops, and towns, and Adj't Gen'l.	Aggregate.
Brass six pounders,	8	12	20
" four "	6	14	20
Iron six pounders,	9		9
" twenty-four pounders,	3		3
" thirty-two "	11		11
Sponges and rammers,	11	46	57
Ladles and worms,	11	39	50
Ammunition boxes,	18	64	82
Tube boxes,	7	92	99
Lint stocks and port fire stocks,	3	38	41
Lead aprons,	7	30	37
Drag ropes,		38	38
Sets of horse harness,		48	48
Trail hand-spikes,		49	49
Flint muskets,	208	660	868
Percussion muskets,	268	1577	1925
Bayonets,	268	1577	1925
Rifles,	100	866	966
Sabers, holsters & cavalry equipments,		130	130
Pistols,		102	102
Infantry equipments,		394	394
Drums,		459	459

A STATEMENT,

*Showing the amount of arms, accouterments, &c., designed for
the volunteers in actual service.*

DESCRIPTION.	In the Arsenal.	With Troops, towns, and Adj't Gen'l.	Aggregate.
Sharp's rifles,		100	100
Percussion muskets,		2780	2780
Bayonets,		2780	2780
Cartridge boxes, scabbards and belts,		1865	1865
Knapsacks,		1800	1800
Haversacks,		2846	2846
Canteens,		2846	2846
Swords and belts,		76	76
Pistols,		16	16
Horse equipages,		16	16
Baggage wagons,		37	37
Hospital wagons,		2	2
Sets of four horse harnesses,		36	36
Sets of two horse harnesses,		2	2

HOUSE OF REFORMATION.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES.

To His Excellency the Governor, and the Honorable Council :

The Trustees of the House of Reformation ask leave to present their

FIFTH ANNUAL REPORT.

In presenting this, our fifth annual report, it will be remembered that it is but little more than three years since the building was dedicated and ready to receive the inmates.

By the blessing of Divine Providence, general health has prevailed throughout the institution, and death has not been permitted to make its inroads upon any of the inmates.

The running expenses of the Institution for the past year have been kept as low as possible, as will be seen by reference to the Reports of the Superintendent and Treasurer, both of which will be laid before you. It has been the great aim of the Trustees and Superintendent to keep the expenses of the Institution as low as possible, consistent with the grand aim and object for which it was instituted ; and to secure this, the most rigid economy has been practiced in every department.

The running expenses of the Institution for the past year have been	\$5,741.29
Of this sum there has been expended in permanent improvements, near	800.00
There are at the present time outstanding bills against the Institution,	\$2,875.24

Less amount due from towns, cities, and other sources, the sum of	\$1,209.10
Leaving a balance of	\$1,666.14
unprovided for. The above statement includes the interest due the Portsmouth Savings Bank, of	\$480.00

In accordance with a resolution passed at the June session of the Legislature of 1860, to build a barn and wood-shed for the better accommodation of the Institution, the Trustees are happy to say that the shed, for storing the wood and farming tools, has been completed and paid for. The barn is now in process of construction, and will be completed on or before the middle of June next.

The barn is 100 feet long, 42 feet wide, 18 feet post, with a cellar underneath the whole building; is well walled up and underpinned. The frame and all the material for building the barn were furnished by contract, and also the labor in building, and was given to the lowest proposition; and we feel confident that the Legislature will be perfectly satisfied with the rigid economy which has been practiced by Mr. Shattuck in its construction. And here we would say that we have reserved funds for the payment of the barn, as soon as completed.

It will be seen, as before stated, that the actual indebtedness of the Institution, at the commencement of this year, (May 1, 1861), is \$1,666.14.

With this amount of actual indebtedness, it will be obvious to all, that the Trustees must ask for the small appropriation of twenty-five hundred dollars, with which to pay our present indebtedness, and to enable the Superintendent to purchase articles for the present wants of the Institution.

It is evident that, to purchase for cash, much can be saved; and while fully aware of the increased expenses of the State this year, owing to our national troubles, yet we trust that the small sum required by us to pay our honest debts will most cheerfully be appropriated.

The Trustees would say, in this connection, that they have sold two small lots of land, of the estate received of the late Hon. James McKean Wilkins; one lot in Goffstown, at auction, for

	\$241.00
One lot in Manchester, to Mr. Plumer,	460.00
Interest to May 7, 1861,	16.40
Rent from the Acre Lot House,	235.91
	\$953.31

This sum being paid to the Trustees on the 7th day of May, 1861, does not appear in the Treasurer's account, but is in the hands of the Secretary of the Board of Trustees (Hon. D. A. Bunton), and is reserved for the payment of the barn, as soon as completed.

The whole cost of barn and woodshed, when completed, will not exceed \$2,500.

The Acre Lot House is well rented, and, should business be prosperous in the city of Manchester, we may hope to realize from rent of this house at least the sum of \$500.

The quarterly meetings of the Trustees have been regularly held during the year, and a careful examination into the condition of the Institution has been made. One or more of the Trustees have visited the Institution, in accordance with the provisions of the act, once in two weeks. These visits have been exceedingly interesting, and greatly aid in sustaining a lively interest in the moral and religious welfare of the inmates.

A school has been taught during the winter and spring months, closing the fifth day of April, by Mr. Nathan Southard, with most commendable improvement.

The examination at the close of the school was highly satisfactory to all, and reflected great credit upon both teacher and scholars. There was a large number of visitors present at the examination. The exercises consisted of Reading, Spelling, Geography, Arithmetic, Declamations, Dialogues, Penmanship, &c., interspersed with singing. The Governor elect, Hon. NATHANIEL S. BERRY, was present. Many of the clergymen from

Manchester, Rev. Messrs. Savage and Webster, from Bedford ; Col. Sanborn, State Treasurer, from Concord ; John B. Clarke, Esq., of the Manchester Mirror, and a large number of ladies and gentlemen from the city of Manchester ; and all expressed themselves highly gratified at the progress made. The Institution and farm, we are pleased to say, are still under the care of Brooks Shattuck, Esq., and his excellent lady, who, by their untiring devotion to the interest of the Institution, are giving increasing evidence of their admirable fitness for the important trust committed to their care.

The report of the Superintendent, which will accompany this, giving you the details of the Institution, will be found deeply interesting to all. It will also be found, by reference to his report, that the number of inmates has increased during the past year, from 41 to 58, notwithstanding the number discharged by the expiration of the time for which they were committed, and some others whom we felt obliged to give their alternate sentence to the State Prison. We believe, had the Institution remained strictly a State Institution, as was originally designed, the inmates would have been more than one hundred and fifty ; thus bringing many under the influence of good moral and religious training, who are now suffered to go uncared for until they become dangerous to society, or until their crimes are so great that their alternate sentence is from two to three years in the State Prison. This is, we believe, owing to the law making towns and cities liable for the support of the boys and girls sent to the Institution. One moment's reflection will convince any one how pernicious is the influence of one of those boys or girls, having grown bold in sin and hardened in crime, upon those already commencing a better life ; and this would in a great degree be remedied by making it a strictly State Institution, because the boys would be sent here before they had passed all hope of reform.

We beg of you, gentlemen, not to lose sight of the great object of the Institution. It is not a place for the punishment of hardened criminals, but wholly reformatory in character, object and aims.

The Trustees feel that, with all these things against the Institution, it is still accomplishing a great and good work, and each year gives increasing evidence of the necessity of this Institution; and we verily believe that it is second to no other in the State, in its grand objects and aims.

We have been brought to the close of another year of active operation of the Institution; and while we feel that virtue is a plant of slow growth, by reason of the unpreparedness of the soil, yet we believe much good is being accomplished to those under our care, and that the fruit thus blossoming will ripen into a rich and blessed harvest.

Religious services are held at the Institution on the Sabbath, through the great kindness of the clergymen of the several denominations of the city of Manchester, and this without the hope or expectation of reward further than the good their instruction may do the inmates. We feel greatly obliged to those kind hearted gentlemen who have so generously given their services as religious teachers. We are also under great obligations to those ladies and gentlemen from the city of Manchester, for their offices of kindness as teachers in the Sabbath School; and we may confidently hope and expect that, with the blessing of God upon their faithful labors and earnest prayers, much good will be accomplished.

In conclusion, permit us to hope that you will most cheerfully grant us the pecuniary aid we ask, and lend to this Institution your fostering care.

Much money is spent to punish crime; *our* work is to *prevent* crime, and thus save money. Is it not a grand work to save those boys who would otherwise be lost? To reform them, and thus make them good and useful citizens? This is the work for which we humbly ask your aid and your kind consideration.

All of which is most respectfully submitted,

HORTON D. WALKER, *for the Trustees.*

SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

To the Honorable Board of Trustees of the House of Reformation for Juvenile and Female Offenders against the Laws :

GENTLEMEN: I submit to you, in compliance with law, my Fourth Annual Report, showing its progress and condition another year.

TABLE NO. 1,

Shows the number received and discharged, and the general state of the School for the year ending April 30, 1861.

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
In the House, April 30, 1860,	34	7	41
Committed since,	33	8	41
<hr style="width: 100%;"/>			
Whole number in the House during the year,	67	15	82
Discharged at the expiration of their term,	6	1	7
Escaped,	7		7
Sent to State Prison,	1	1	2
Sent to alternative sentence,	1	5	6
Remaining in the House, April 30, 1861,	53	8	61

The boy who was sent to Prison was reported in our last report as escaped.

TABLE NO. 2,

Shows the admissions, discharges, escapes, and the number of inmates at the close of each month.

	Admissions.		Discharged.		Escaped.	Sent to Alternative sentence.	No. at close of month.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.			Boys.	Girls.	Total.
May, 1860,		1	2				32	8	40
June, 1860,	5		1		1		35	8	43
July, 1860,	6						41	8	49

August, 1860,	5	3	1	1	3		42	10	52
September, 1860,	3		1			1	43	10	53
October, 1860,	2	1				1	44	11	55
November, 1860,	1	1	1	1		1	44	10	54
December, 1860,	1					1	45	9	54
January, 1861,	1	1				1	46	9	55
February, 1861,	2			1		1	48	7	55
March, 1861,	1				2		47	7	54
April, 1861,	6	1				1	53	8	61

TABLE NO. 3,

Shows by what authority committed.

	1861.	Previously.	Total.
By Supreme Judicial Court,	3	13	16
By Concord Police Court,	2	4	6
By Dover Police Court,	3	5	8
By Manchester Police Court,	18	14	32
By Nashua Police Court,	5	7	12
By Portsmouth Police Court,	4	6	10
By justices of the peace,	6	13	19
Total,	41	62	103

TABLE NO. 4,

Shows term of commitment.

	1861.	Previously.	Total.
During minority,	21	23	44
For ten years,	1		1
For eight years,	1		1
For six years,	1		1
For five years,	1	2	3
For four years,		5	5
For three years,	3	9	12
For two years,	10	8	18
For one year,	3	15	18
Total,	41	62	103

TABLE NO. 5,

Shows the offences for which committed.

	1861.	Previously.	Total.
Assault,	2	2	4
Barn-burning,		1	1
Drunkenness,		2	2
Horse stealing,		1	1
House and shop breaking,	4	4	8
Stealing,	10	32	42
Street begging,		1	1
Stubbornness,	2		2
Truancy,	4		4
Vagrancy,	19	19	38
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total,	41	62	103

TABLE NO. 6,

Shows the alternative sentence.

State Prison 5 years,		1
“ “ 4 “		2
“ “ 3 “		6
“ “ 2 “		14
Jail 90 days,		12
“ 60 “		8
“ 30 “		11
“ 10 “		1
House of Correction, 6 months,		20
“ “ 3 “		4
“ “ 2 “		3
“ “ 1 “		6
Fined,		15
		<hr/>
		103

TABLE NO. 7,

Shows the number of admissions from each county, and their legal residence.

Counties.	Towns.	Having no legal residence in State.		1861.	Previously.	Total.
		1861.	Previously.			
Belknap,	Alton,			1		1
“	Gilmanton,				1	1

Cheshire,	Chesterfield,			1	1
"	Swanzey,			1	1
Grafton,		1	1		2
"	Thornton,			1	1
Hillsborough,		21	15		36
"	Hillsborough,			1	1
"	Manchester,			1	3
"	Mason,				1
"	Nashua,			2	5
Merrimack,		1	2		3
"	Concord,			5	5
"	Dunbarton,			1	1
"	Northfield,			1	1
"	Newbury,			1	1
Rockingham,		7	3		10
"	Hampton,			1	1
"	Hampstead,			1	1
"	Kingston,			1	1
"	Newmarket,			2	2
"	Portsmouth,			4	4
"	Raymond,			1	1
Strafford,		3	8		11
"	Dover,			1	1
"	Rochester,			1	1
Sullivan,				1	1
"	Claremont,			1	1
"	Washington,			1	1
Total,		33	29	6	35
					103

TABLE NO. 8,
Shows Nativity.

	1861.	Previously.	Total.
Born in Canada,		1	1
Born in Connecticut,		1	1
Born in England,	2		2
Born in Ireland,	2	4	6
Born in Maine,	2	1	3
Born in Massachusetts,	12	11	23
Born in New-Hampshire,	20	35	55
Born in New-York,		3	3
Born in Ohio,	1		1

Born in Prince Edward's Island,		2	2
Born in Rhode-Island,	1	1	2
Born in Vermont,	1	3	4
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total,	43	62	103

TABLE NO. 9,

Shows age when committed.

	1861.	Previously.	Total.
Eight years old,	2	1	3
Nine years old,	3	3	6
Ten years old,	3	3	6
Eleven years old,	2	3	5
Twelve years old,	3	11	14
Thirteen years old,	6	6	12
Fourteen years old,	6	7	13
Fifteen years old,	4	12	16
Sixteen years old,	12	16	28
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total,	41	62	103

TABLE NO. 10,

Shows moral, social and home influences before commitment, gathered from their statements and other sources.

	1861.	Previously.	Total.
Have lost fathers,	15	34	49
Have lost mothers,	12	13	25
Have father and mother,	2	6	8
Have step fathers,	1	5	6
Have step mothers,	1	6	7
Have mothers intemperate,	4	8	12
Have fathers intemperate,	11	36	47
Have fathers without a regular occupation,	10	31	41
Have had pernicious examples from fathers, mothers, brothers, or sisters,	18	31	49

Who have received penal punishment,	6	10	16
Who were mostly idle previous to commitment,	17	46	63
Who were untruthful,	37	52	89
Who were addicted to profane language,	20	48	68
Who were Sabbath breakers,	14	50	64
Who had not regularly attended Sabbath School,	20	47	67
Who had not regularly attended church,	25	46	71
Who had frequented places of questionable amusement,	17	41	58
Who slept in barns, sheds, boxes, and similar places,	16	34	50
Who had used tobacco,	17	22	39
Who had used intoxicating drinks,	17	32	49
Arrested once before,		11	11
Arrested twice before,	6	6	12
Arrested three times before,	2	7	9
Arrested four times before,	3	3	6
Arrested five times before,	1		1
Arrested six times before,	1	3	4
Arrested eight times before,	1	1	2
Arrested nine times before,		6	6
Arrested ten times before,	1	2	3

TABLE NO. 11,

Shows their educational attainments when committed, and at the present time.

Of the 103 received :

	1861.	Previously.	Total.
Did not know the alphabet,	3	7	10
Knew alphabet only,	7	13	20
Could read and spell easy lessons,	8	21	29
Had studied arithmetic,	3	11	14
Knew the multiplication table,	6	11	17
Had studied geography,	6	12	18
Could not write,	37	48	85

Of the 61 now in the school:

	1861.	Previously.	Total.
Can write a legible hand,	6	18	24
Can write in first lessons,	16	14	30
Can read and spell in easy lessons,	18	15	33
Can read in Fourth Reader,	7	20	27
Have learned the multiplication table,		21	21
Have been through Colburn's arithmetic,	2	16	18
Have cyphered through division,		8	8
Have cyphered in fractions,		4	4
Have studied Emerson's arithmetic,		4	4
Have studied chemistry and geology, as applied to agriculture,		15	15

TABLE NO. 12,

Shows an Inventory of Stock and Farming Utensils, April 30, 1861.

3 yokes oxen,	\$350.00
4 cows,	150.00
2 three years old bull (half blood Jersey),	35.00
1 horse,	175.00
3 old hogs,	60.00
13 hens,	6.50
2 ox carts,	70.00
1 farm wagon,	35.00
1 buggy wagon,	35.00
1 horse cart and harness,	60.00
1 sleigh,	25.00
2 buffalo robes,	15.00
1 wheel-barrow,	3.00
2 ox-sleds,	9.00
1 horse traverse sled,	7.00
1 harness,	15.00
2 stone drags,	3.00
5 plows,	48.00

TABLE NO. 13,

Shows an Inventory of Household Furniture, as follows :

BOYS' SLEEPING HALL.

66 iron bedsteads,	\$250.00
66 straw ticks and bedding,	495.00
50 chairs,	15.00
6 fire pails,	1.20
1 double bed and bedding,	25.00
1 iron sink,	5.00
3 registers,	6.00
1 lamp,	1.50
	<hr/>
	\$798.70

TABLE NO. 14.

CHAPEL AND SCHOOL ROOM.

26 double desks and 52 chairs,	\$125.00
75 chairs,	25.00
School books,	35.00
Lamps and reflectors,	10.00
1 box stove and funnel,	20.00
1 iron sink,	5.00
1 black board,	1.50
1 wood box,	1.00
1 cap stand,	1.50
1 table,	2.00
1 looking glass,	1.00
1 broom, dust pan and brush,	.75
1 4½ octave melodeon,	40.00
1 clock,	3.50
1 spittoon,	.25
	<hr/>
	\$271.50

TABLE NO. 15.

SEWING ROOM AND TAILORS' SHOP.

1 table,	\$2.00
12 chairs,	4.00
1 coal stove and funnel,	15.00

1 iron sink,	5.00
3 pairs shears,	1.50
1 broom, dust-pan and brush,	1.00
1 wash bowl,	.50
1 looking glass,	.50
1 clock,	3.50
Clothes stand and fixings,	3.50
1 pair button-hole shears,	.50
1 coal hod and shovel,	1.25
27 new woolen jackets,	54.00
39 pairs new woolen pants,	78.00
72 pairs new socks,	20.00
6 new shirts,	3.00
56 pairs old woolen pants,	25.00
65 old woolen jackets,	30.00
110 old shirts,	25.00
110 pairs old socks,	5.50
115 pairs old drilling pants,	25.00
112 old drilling jackets,	20.00
55 old caps,	12.00
25 yards cotton sheeting,	2.25
50 yards drilling,	7.50
Girls' clothing,	50.00
Thread, buttons, &c.,	5.00
Total,	<hr/> \$400.50

All the making and repairing of clothes has been done in this room.

TABLE NO. 16.

BOYS' DINING HALL.

13 tables,	\$25.00
62 stools,	12.00
1 iron sink,	5.00
1 box stove and funnel,	30.00
1 broom, dust-pan and brush,	1.00
1 register,	3.00
62 knives and forks,	4.50
62 plates,	3.75
62 spoons,	1.50

62 three-pint basins,	6.00
62 bowls,	6.00
2 soup pails,	1.00
1 cap stand,	1.50
	<hr/>
	\$100.25

TABLE NO. 17.

WASH ROOM.

2 washing vats,	\$14.00
13 wash-boards,	4.00
1 copper kettle and fixtures,	20.00
1 iron cauldron,	6.00
7 wash-tubs,	4.00
1 box-stove and funnel,	12.00
Lot of clothes-pins, baskets, lines, &c.,	4.00
	<hr/>
	\$64.00

TABLE NO. 18.

BOYS' COOK ROOM.

1 portable oven and funnel,	\$50.00
1 cook stove and utensils,	20.00
1 sink,	6.00
1 table,	5.00
1 set cupboards and drawers,	10.00
1 bread closet,	3.00
2 bread troughs,	1.50
3 wooden trays,	2.50
1 copper kettle and fixtures,	20.00
1 thirty gallon iron cauldron kettle,	5.00
9 iron bread pans,	5.00
23 tin bread pans,	5.00
2 tin pails,	1.00
2 wooden pails,	.50
6 chairs,	1.50
Other ware and fixtures,	15.00
	<hr/>
	\$151.00

TABLE NO. 19.

LAUNDRY ROOM.

1 laundry stove and funnel,	\$12.00
2 tables and covering,	9.00
18 flat irons,	7.00
6 pairs drying bars,	8.00
4 chairs,	1.00
	<hr/>
	\$37.00

TABLE NO. 20.

FAMILY COOK ROOM.

1 dining table,	\$11.00
12 chairs,	4.00
1 bureau,	7.00
1 iron sink and fixtures,	10.00
1 copper pump and pipe,	8.00
2 mirrors,	3.50
2 cupboards and drawers,	14.00
1 cook stove and funnel, zinc, &c.,	20.00
1 side table,	1.50
1 clock,	3.50
Crockery and tin-ware,	25.00
Knives, forks, wooden-ware, &c.	15.00
	<hr/>
	\$122.50

TABLE NO. 21.

OFFICE.

1 office table,	\$20.00
12 office chairs,	20.00
1 coal stove, funnel and zinc,	25.00
1 coal hod and shovel,	1.25
1 mirror,	2.50
Books, stationery, &c.,	40.00
	<hr/>
	\$108.75

TABLE NO. 22.

Shows amount of Produce raised, and estimated value.

33 tons of hay,	\$495.00
12 tons of corn fodder,	84.00
350 bushels of corn,	315.00
875 bushels of potatoes,	400.00
200 bushels of turnips,	40.00
23 bushels of green beans,	12.00
6 bushels of dry beans,	20.00
20 bushels of green peas,	10.00
75 bushels of beets,	30.00
140 bushels of carrots,	30.00
2500 lbs. squashes,	25.00
3000 cabbages,	210.00
Other garden vegetables,	10.00
70 lbs. poultry,	7.00
800 lbs. pork, slaughtered,	80.00
450 lbs. butter,	90.00
2500 quarts of milk,	75.00
2 veal calves,	10.00
100 dozen eggs,	15.00
100 bushels of apples,	30.00
3 barrels of cider,	6.00
4 cart loads of pumpkins,	6.00
	<hr/>
	\$2,000.00

RECAPITULATION.

Farming tools and stock,	\$1,338.60
Furniture and bedding,	1,691.95
Clothes and clothing,	362.25
Provisions and groceries,	150.00
Fuel and lights,	100.00
Miscellaneous,	30.00
	<hr/>
	\$3,672.80

The facts brought to light in the preceding tables teach a lesson both instructive and impressive. The history of thirty-three boys and eight girls contains facts deeply important to every well

wisher of the rising generation. To know their parental education, and the many influences that have been at work to entice them from the path of virtue, speak for themselves and carry with them their own convincing power. Society owes it to her own preservation that facts of such fearful import should be carefully considered, and their bearing correctly marked.

ESCAPED FROM THE SCHOOL.

It will be seen by table one that seven boys have escaped from the School. Various things have combined to this result. In the first place, the law making parents, guardians or towns responsible for a dollar per week, precludes the most hopeful subjects of reform. Again, some of our help have not been fitted for reformatory laborers, and this has contributed not a little to make the inmates restless.

IMPROVEMENTS.

We have continued our improvements on the farm as time would permit. A building, 55 feet long, 26 feet wide and two stories high, has been built; the basement for a wood-shed and tool-room, the second story to be used as a work-shop. A flight of stairs communicates with the school-room, work-shop and wood-shed. A barn, 100 by 42, and 18 feet post, has been erected, and will be completed by the 20th of June. The entire cost of both buildings will not exceed \$2,000.

HEALTH.

The general health of the inmates is now good, and has been, with few exceptions, during the year. Last February about thirty of the boys had the mumps.

We can but feel that a merciful Providence has been mindful of our little charge, in exempting them from sickness and death.

SCHOOL.

During the past winter a school of 17 weeks has been kept, where the inmates were taught reading, spelling, writing, arith-

metic and geography. The term was commenced by myself, and continued five weeks, when I found it impossible to give my attention to it. Mr. Nathaniel Southard was engaged for the remainder of the term, and we are happy to bear testimony to his faithfulness and fidelity to the trust committed to his hands.

LIBRARY.

Seventy-five volumes have been added to our Library by purchase. We are under obligation to the following gentlemen for valuable books: Dea. Robert McGaw, of Merrimack; Nathaniel White, Esq., of Concord; Hon. Horton D. Walker, of Portsmouth, and Col. William Kent, of Concord.

MORAL AND RELIGIOUS INSTRUCTION.

Morning and evening the inmates assemble in the chapel room for prayer and reading the Bible. A Sabbath School has been sustained through the past Summer and Fall by the kindness of the following ladies and gentlemen: Mrs. Judd, David Crowell, J. T. Ayer, Dr. S. Bunton, Dennis Cassida, Thomas Gay, J. S. Bartlett, D. C. Gould, Jr., Mr. Sawyer, Mr. Coult, and Mr. Baker. We express our gratitude to them, and other ladies and gentlemen of Manchester, who have greeted us with words of kindness and love.

There have been religious services on each Sabbath evening, conducted by the following clergymen of Manchester: viz., Rev. G. Pierce, Rev. William Richardson, Rev. Mr. Bowman, Rev. G. S. Dearborn, Rev. J. Currier, Rev. B. F. Bowles, Rev. B. H. Davis, Rev. J. M. Bailey, Rev. K. S. Hall, Rev. S. S. Hunting, Rev. I. G. Hubbard, Rev. Mr. Davis, Rev. Mr. Locke, Rev. Mr. Russell, and Mr. M. L. Stevens, to whom we tender our heartfelt acknowledgments.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

Our kindly remembrances are due to the editors and publishers of the following publications, which have so cheered and gladdened us from week to week: viz., Journal of Agriculture,

Daily Mirror, Union Democrat, Democrat and American, New-Hampshire Statesman, Independent Democrat, New-Hampshire Telegraph, Dover Enquirer, Portsmouth Journal, Rockingham Weekly Chronicle, National Eagle, Cheshire Republican, Great Falls Advertiser, Winnipisaukee Gazette, and New-England Farmer (monthly), Boston. Also our thanks are due to Mr. Nathaniel White, of Concord, for supplying our family with Hall's Journal of Health and the Home Monthly.

EXPENSES.

There was expended during the year ending April 30, 1861, the sum of	\$5,741.29
Of the above sum, there was expended in permanent improvements the sum of	\$800.00

RESOURCES.

Whole amount received and now due from towns, cities and counties, for board,	\$2,694.34
From the farm and stock sold,	541.76
From all other sources,	12.23
	<hr/>
Total,	\$3,248.33
There are now outstanding debts against the Institution of	\$2,875.24
Due the Institution from all sources,	1,209.10
	<hr/>
Leaving a balance of	\$1,666.14

against the Institution, for which there is no provision made.

We take great pleasure in bearing testimony to the kind, reciprocal feelings existing among those now associated with me in labor, care and responsibility, and the ability and faithfulness with which they have discharged their duties. They have merited our gratitude and affection.

CONCLUSION.

We are under increased obligations to the Board of Trustees for their coöperation with us, and their kind forbearance in the discharge of our duties.

GENTLEMEN:—Another year has passed away, to add one more to the years of eternity. The work in which you are engaged is a noble work; it is labor that will pay; it will pay the State for all her care; it will pay the Board for all their solicitude; it will pay the faithful laborer for all his toil.

May Providence continue to smile upon and bless all our efforts.

BROOKS SHATTUCK, *Superintendent.*

HOUSE OF REFORMATION, Manchester, April 30, 1861.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

To His Excellency the Governor, and the Honorable Council of
the State of New-Hampshire :

The Treasurer of the House of Reformation respectfully pre-
sents his

THIRD ANNUAL REPORT,

For the year ending April 30, 1861.

The Treasurer charges himself as follows :

For cash on hand, April 30, 1860,	\$98.10	
For amount received from the State,	5,000.00	
For amount received from Superintendent,	2,582.28	
	<hr/>	\$7,680.38

He credits himself for the following payments :

Trustees.

Vouchers.

1 Horton D. Walker,	\$95.30	
2 D. C. Churchill,	20.50	
3 William P. Wheeler,	17.86	
4 B. W. Jenness,	61.26	
5 T. Pearsons,	26.53	
6 William Kent,	43.20	
7 N. Parker,	26.50	
	<hr/>	\$291.15

Interest.

8 Portsmouth Savings Bank,	\$480.00	
	<hr/>	\$480.00

Insurance.

9 Horton D. Walker,	\$21.25	
10 Horton D. Walker,	63.75	
	<hr/>	\$85.00

Groceries and Provisions.

11 T. A. & A. J. Lane,	\$147.76
12 T. A. & A. J. Lane,	85.85
13 T. A. & A. J. Lane,	140.37
14 Cook & Miller,	3.74
15 Hurd & Goodwin,	92.60
16 J. O. Clark,	50.47
17 Cook & Miller,	8.62
18 D. B. Wilson,	7.00
19 D. L. Willey,	25.89
20 Hoyt & Frost,	14.98
21 Brigham & Pratt,	3.00
22 Brigham & Pratt,	4.38
23 C. H. Hoyt,	1.50
24 Cook & Miller,	7.58
25 David Annis,	2.50
26 A. H. Dunlap,	.12
27 Pierce & Wheeler,	.62
28 J. P. Rowell,	43.07
29 A. H. Dunlap,	3.03
30 D. & D. B. Wilson,	14.52
31 Fisher & Cram,	1.34
32 Thomas G. Banks,	10.40
33 Page & Wilson,	118.49
34 Cook & Miller,	16.28
35 J. O. Clark,	69.87
36 J. O. Clark,	69.50
37 T. A. & A. J. Lane,	193.32
38 Page & Wilson,	110.98
39 Cook & Miller,	6.72
40 Hoyt & Frost,	3.74
41 H. Durgin,	4.00
42 Soap man,	12.25
43 T. A. & A. J. Lane,	175.62
44 Hoyt & Frost,	71.10
45 J. Abbott & Co.,	6.00
46 L. Fitts,	10.50
47 Brigham & Pratt,	1.67
48 Brigham & Pratt,	4.50
49 Concord & L. Railroad,	1.00
50 J. S. Holt,	15.50
51 Hoyt & Frost,	.50

52 Paschal Preston,	2.50	
53 Adam Potter,	3.50	
54 J. S. Kidder,	.09	
55 D. B. Wilson,	14.00	
55½ Hurd & Goodwin,	43.58	
	<hr/>	\$1,624.25

Clothing and Bedding.

56 Barton & Co.,	\$11.76	
57 Barton & Co.,	12.17	
58 Eben Ferren,	28.44	
59 Eben Ferren,	17.12	
60 Eben Ferren,	31.88	
61 D. L. Willey,	5.10	
62 William Bailey,	8.80	
63 William Bailey,	8.52	
64 Barton & Co.,	9.68	
65 Denny, Rice & Co.,	9.68	
66 William Bailey,	3.95	
67 George A. Barnes,	5.18	
68 C. P. Brooks,	.54	
69 L. H. Brown,	1.13	
70 Plummer & Chandler,	1.10	
71 Eben Ferren,	57.72	
72 William Bailey,	25.52	
73 E. Ferren,	18.78	
74 Denny, Rice & Co.,	79.20	
75 William Bailey,	22.27	
76 H. R. Chamberlin,	12.00	
77 H. R. Chamberlin,	.50	
78 Jackson & Kimball,	37.37	
79 H. R. Chamberlin,	6.75	
80 Barton & Co.,	67.59	
81 E. Ferren,	12.13	
82 Putney & Fearing,	3.84	
83 G. Thompson,	4.97	
84 T. Murphy,	.25	
85 Jonathan Pressey,	4.50	
86 Thomas Morgan,	1.00	
87 N. Nichols,	.32	
88 William G. Hoyt,	9.25	
89 H. R. Chamberlin,	13.75	
	<hr/>	\$532.76

Boots and Shoes.

90 Robinson & Parker,	\$43.21	
91 Robinson & Parker,	23.48	
92 Robinson & Parker,	67.93	
93 Robinson & Parker,	22.44	
94 Robinson & Parker,	43.84	
95 Robinson & Parker,	69.41	
96 J. Stickney, Jr.,	7.14	
	<hr/>	\$277.45

School Books and Stationery.

97 William H. Fisk,	\$2.74	
98 Hersey & Tilton,	23.17	
99 Hersey & Tilton,	3.18	
100 Hersey & Tilton,	10.82	
101 William H. Fisk,	2.94	
102 S. D. Farnsworth,	8.50	
103 J. M. Campbell,	2.00	
104 John B. Clarke,	3.50	
105 William H. Fisk,	23.51	
106 Hersey & Tilton,	6.45	
107 J. M. Campbell,	12.00	
108 J. H. Foster,	3.84	
109 Henry Hoyt,	15.00	
110 N. Southard,	.16	
111 N. Southard,	.62	
112 N. Southard,	.25	
	<hr/>	\$118.68

Medicine and Medical Services.

113 Dr. W. D. Buck,	\$25.50	
114 W. Neilson,	2.85	
115 E. F. Rogers,	.25	
116 J. Butterfield,	1.42	
117 D. J. Butterfield,	1.00	
118 E. F. Rogers,	.50	
119 Dr. W. Neilson,	8.43	
120 Dr. W. Neilson,	7.31	
	<hr/>	\$47.26

Fuel.

121 E. P. Johnson,	\$12.40	
122 E. P. Johnson,	13.47	
123 E. P. Johnson,	16.00	
124 E. P. Johnson,	15.38	
124½ " " "	32.00	
	—	\$89.25

Furniture.

125 Hartshorn & Pike,	\$17.40	
126 A. O. Parker,	10.80	
127 A. O. Parker,	1.25	
128 Dudley & Parker,	13.16	
129 Dudley & Parker,	9.81	
130 Hartshorn & Pike,	7.21	
131 Hartshorn & Pike,	5.33	
132 D. G. Roberts,	1.50	
133 Robert Gilchrist,	3.34	
134 Robert Gilchrist,	1.71	
135 Dudley & Parker,	6.39	
136 Hartshorn & Pike,	33.15	
137 A. Houghton,	35.75	
138 Dudley & Parker,	2.41	
139 A. O. Parker,	1.42	
140 Straw & Tewksbury,	8.75	
141 Dudley & Parker,	4.47	
142 J. M. & S. F. Stanton,	46.55	
143 Robert Gilchrist,	.45	
144 Hartshorn & Pike,	35.65	
	—	\$246.50

Blacksmith Work.

145 Robert Gilmore & Co.,	\$9.44	
146 Robert Gilmore & Co.,	9.91	
147 Robert Gilmore & Co.,	8.96	
148 J. T. Slattery,	32.90	
149 Robert Gilmore & Co.,	4.52	
150 Whitfield Gilman,	3.50	
151 L. H. Gage,	.37	
152 Robert Gilmore & Co.,	9.48	
153 Robert Gilmore & Co.,	3.08	
	—	\$82.16

Postage.

154 Post-Office,	\$4.15
155 Post-Office,	4.21
156 Post-Office,	4.10
157 Post-Office,	1.80
158 Post-Office,	4.59
	<hr/>
	\$18.85

Tools and Implements.

159 H. G. Wilson,	\$1.42
160 Alpheus Branch,	4.63
161 C. & L. Railroad Co.,	.25
162 N. Preston,	22.50
163 John B. Varick & Co.,	17.96
164 Daniels, Forsaith & Co.,	6.38
165 John Varick & Co.,	28.59
166 Varick & Martin,	26.82
167 Varick & Martin,	54.01
168 Daniels, Forsaith & Co.,	12.30
169 Varick & Martin,	12.70
170 John B. Varick,	19.09
171 Daniels, Forsaith & Co.,	46.14
172 Daniels, Forsaith & Co.,	2.14
173 Daniels, Forsaith & Co.,	27.59
174 Daniels, Forsaith & Co.,	14.56
175 J. Stickney, Jr.,	3.63
176 Ed. Branch,	5.10
177 Walter Adriaance,	1.25
178 J. S. Little,	.60
	<hr/>
	\$307.66

Farm Improvements.

179 J. H. Vance,	\$7.00
180 Hall & Perkins,	.95
181 George W. Cate,	.50
182 N. Breed,	5.00
183 O. Bailey, Jr.,	18.00
184 Hill & Langley,	75.00
185 N. Preston,	5.00
186 E. P. Johnson,	28.86
187 Hill & Cilley,	40.00

188 J. D. Wadleigh,	48.00	
189 C. & L. R. Road,	21.06	
190 Daniels, Forsaith & Co.,	12.13	
191 Hall, Perkins & Co.,	7.60	
192 Hall, Perkins & Co.,	4.15	
193 Hall, Perkins & Co.,	3.33	
	—	\$276.58

Farm Stock.

194 D. B. Durgen,	\$127.32	
195 Horatio Rowe,	115.00	
	—	\$242.32

Building Improvements.

196 J. T. Ayer,	\$21.23	
197 J. T. Ayer,	18.00	
198 J. T. Ayer,	6.25	
199 E. G. Haynes,	25.30	
200 A. C. Wallace,	7.63	
201 A. C. Wallace,	27.69	
202 A. C. Wallace,	6.98	
203 W. P. Stratton,	7.75	
204 D. B. Eastman,	1.80	
	—	\$122.63

Labor.

205 Brooks Shattuck,	\$700.00
206 M. A. Flint,	9.85
207 D. C. Lamprey,	16.00
208 D. G. Roberts,	67.25
209 D. G. Roberts,	61.50
210 D. G. Roberts,	26.00
211 J. A. Nichols,	34.00
212 M. A. Elint,	15.00
213 M. A. Flint,	41.86
214 Susan Drew,	8.00
215 C. M. Boyce,	8.00
216 Lydia McMurphy,	48.00
217 Adeline P. Hammon,	6.00
218 S. C. Gilman,	1.25
219 G. B. Fogg,	.12
220 J. Keys,	22.33

221 D. G. Roberts,	45.00
222 D. G. Roberts,	60.78
223 Mrs. D. G. Roberts,	26.00
224 Mrs. D. G. Roberts,	3.00
225 D. G. Roberts,	61.50
226 D. G. Roberts,	8.00
227 D. C. Lamprey,	24.00
228 Mary Jane Anderson,	73.50
229 George E. Keys,	.12
230 George E. Keys,	50.04
231 Wm. Wilder,	.20
232 Laura H. Gowing,	28.50
233 Nathan Flint,	94.16
234 Annie E. C. Watson,	15.00
235 Mary H. James,	8.67
236 Mary H. James,	10.00
237 A. E. C. Watson,	5.00
238 D. G. Roberts,	16.00
	—
	\$1,594.63

Barn and Shed.

239 John B. Varick,	\$10.17
240 S. & T. J. Wiggin,	.38
241 A. C. Wallace,	216.83
242 S. & T. J. Wiggin,	10.27
243 J. T. Ayer,	2.50
244 Whitfield Gilman,	16.50
245 A. Walker & Co.,	27.61
246 J. C. Tasker,	5.00
247 Waldron & Allen,	115.00
248 A. R. Brown,	3.00
249 Paschal Preston,	71.00
250 Hill & Cilley,	4.75
251 B. J. Cole & Co.,	781.93
	—
	1,264.94

Miscellaneous.

252 F. G. Bean,	\$1.00
253 Samuel Hall,	3.00
254 R. Pattee Call,	.61
255 Hill & Cilley,	16.50

256 Hill & Cilley,	7.50	
257 Cheney & Hill,	.25	
258 Boston Telegraph Company,	.78	
259 Samuel Hadley,	2.00	
260 B. Shattuck,	40.24	
261 D. G. Roberts,	1.13	
262 A. Shattuck,	2.00	
263 Vermont & Boston Telegraph,	3.77	
264 A. B. Shattuck,	2.54	
265 M. A. Flint,	2.35	
266 George W. Cheney,	2.00	
267 Hill & Cheney,	.25	
268 H. W. Cooper,	25.90	
269 Hill & Cilley,	16.85	
270 Hill & Cilley,	1.25	
271 Brooks Shattuck,	37.24	
272 Joseph Rowell,	34.62	
273 Brooks Shattuck,	13.24	
274 Cheney, Hill & Co.,	.50	
275 Cheney, Hill & Co.,	.25	
276 H. T. Nichols,	6.00	
277 Weekly Farmer,	1.00	
278 E. E. Sturtevant,	3.50	
279 Nathan Flint,	3.09	
280 Nathan Flint,	3.50	
281 Cheney & Hill,	1.19	
282 Brooks Shattuck,	43.15	
283 Brooks Shattuck,	3.30	
284 J. S. Perkins,	1.00	
285 O. N. Gould,	2.75	
286 Joseph B. Clark,	1.00	
287 Hurd & Whitmore,	5.50	
288 Thomas L. Tullock,	3.00	
	<hr/>	\$293.75
Whole amount of expenditures brought forward,		\$7,996.12
Whole amount of receipts brought forward,		\$7,680.38
		<hr/>
Balance due the Treasurer,		\$315.74

FREDERICK SMYTH, *Treasurer.*

April 30, 1861.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Concord, May 25, 1861. }

Having examined the account of the Treasurer of the House of Reformation, herein named, we find it correctly cast, and vouchers for all the items therein named, and approve the same.

REED P. CLARK, }
D. R. BURNHAM, } *Auditors.*

INSANE ASYLUM.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF VISITORS.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives :

In pursuance of the law establishing the New-Hampshire Asylum for the Insane, the Board of Visitors have visited and inspected the Institution, examined into the condition of the patients, the regulations and general management of the Asylum, and respectfully report that the Institution is in a creditable condition ; that the Managers, so far as they are able to judge, exercise a faithful and humane supervision over the patients, and that in all respects its beneficent objects are well subserved.

N. S. BERRY, *Governor.*

HERMAN FOSTER, *President of the Senate.*

EDWARD A. ROLLINS,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

RICHARD P. J. TENNEY, }

DANIEL SAWYER, }

MOODY CURRIER, }

CHARLES F. BROOKS, }

D. R. BURNHAM, }

Councillors.

CONCORD, June 11, 1861.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES.

To the Honorable Legislature of the State of New-Hampshire :

The Trustees of the New-Hampshire Asylum for the Insane present this their

TWENTIETH ANNUAL REPORT.

About nineteen years have passed since the Asylum was first opened for the treatment of patients. Its early friends and projectors, in their efforts for its establishment, boldly asserted that, once in operation, it would be productive of great good to the insane, and a credit to the philanthropy of the State. Does its past history substantiate this assertion ?

Its records show that, from October, 1842, to May, 1861, it has had under treatment eighteen hundred and forty-one patients, eight hundred and three of whom have been discharged as "recovered," three hundred and sixty-two as "partially recovered," and one hundred and ninety-six of those living at the end of the fiscal year, April 30, 1861, were inmates of the institution. In other words, about forty-four per cent of this whole number have left the Asylum restored to soundness of mind, about twenty per cent greatly improved, while about ten per cent are still under treatment.

When it is considered that a very large number of these were either in feeble health or hopelessly insane when committed, the percentage of full and partial recoveries will appear as large as could have been reasonably expected. The Asylum has also supported this large number of insane persons at a less price than they could have been properly supported at their homes, and cheaper than similar accommodations could have been procured for them in almost any other institution of a like character.

This remark is made with the full knowledge that some selectmen of towns, and other individuals in the State, have at times asserted that they could support their insane for a less sum than (\$2.75) two dollars and seventy-five cents per week, the regular Asylum price, and that in some instances it may have been done. But the treatment, generally, in such cases afforded cuts off from the patient all hopes of recovery, and pains the heart of the philanthropist to witness; for cages, out-houses, chains and neglect are branded as obsolete by all enlightened friends of the insane.

Mrs. Fanny S. Sherman, formerly of Lancaster, late of Exeter, who died about a year since, left to the Asylum a legacy of (\$5,000) five thousand dollars, for the benefit of the indigent insane. It was supposed, until recently, that her will might be contested, and such legal measures were taken by the Treasurer, under the direction of the Trustees, as seemed necessary, in order to secure to the Asylum this bequest. Information, however, has been recently received from the executor, that the will's validity will not probably be called in question, and that the praiseworthy and benevolent intentions of the testatrix will not be opposed. The interest of this bequest, applied from year to year, in accordance with the conditions upon which it has been made, will meet a class of cases ever existing at the Asylum, which the usual annual appropriation of the State relieves but in part.

It will be remembered that the Legislature, at its last session, made an appropriation of \$5,000 for the purpose of enlarging the Asylum center building. The work contemplated has been completed by an addition upon the west of equal width with this structure, twenty-six feet in depth and five stories in height. This has cost about (\$750) seven hundred and fifty dollars more than the appropriation, but two hundred and fifty dollars less than the estimate of the Trustees. All bills incurred in its construction have been paid, and the amount over and above the appropriation has been drawn from the income of the perma-

ment funds of the Asylum, heretofore wholly devoted to repairs of buildings and improvement of grounds. It is respectfully suggested that this amount be refunded, at some future time, to the Asylum, by the State.

Nothing could have been done which would have added more to the comfort and convenience of the officers and employees of the institution than the erection of this enlargement. The center building had ever remained of its original size, notwithstanding three additional wings had been constructed, and accommodations provided for the increased number of two hundred and twenty-five patients, instead of ninety-six, the number for whom provision was originally made. The increased number of employees, all of whom, with the exception of the attendants, lodge in the center building, together with the enlarged operations of the culinary apartments, have, of late years, caused discomforts and inconveniences that additional accommodations only could remedy.

By this addition, the kitchen is increased in size; a new, well ventilated and perfectly lighted dining-room is secured, together with valuable closet-room, long needed. Its upper stories afford a number of family and sewing rooms, as well as apartments for sick patients, and lodging chambers for employees. The Superintendent has also been enabled to introduce certain changes in the manner of conducting some portions of the ordinary daily labor of the house, which have rendered it more systematic and effective. For a more particular account of the cost of this addition, you are respectfully referred to the accompanying report of the building committee.

The Asylum was never in a more prosperous condition than at the present time. The whole number of patients on the 31st day of May last, was (201) two hundred and one—the largest number it had ever before had. But its eminent success during the year has been due in a great measure to the skillful and unwearied efforts of the Superintendent, Dr. Bancroft, who has borne a weight of responsibility and performed an amount of

labor, for which any ordinary pecuniary recompense is but a partial compensation, and which an honorable ambition and an earnest desire to do good only could have prompted.

It is also just that the Trustees should here express their appreciation of the valuable and effective services of the Assistant Physician, Dr. William W. Godding, whose fidelity and ability justly entitle him to commendation.

CHARLES BURROUGHS, *President.*

C. H. PEASLEE,
J. A. RICHARDSON,
TIMOTHY HAYNES,
J. F. HALL,
JOHN PRESTON,
EDWARD WYMAN,
JOHN H. WHITE,
GEORGE B. TWITCHELL,
W. MELCHER,
SAMUEL HERBERT,
JOSEPH B. WALKER,

} *Trustees.*

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

To the Trustees of the New-Hampshire Asylum for the Insane :

In accordance with the requisitions of the act establishing the New-Hampshire Asylum for the Insane, the Superintendent respectfully presents the following

R E P O R T :

On the first day of May, 1860, there were in the Asylum one hundred and eighty-four patients ; ninety-five males and eighty-nine females.

There have been admitted since that time, to the first day of May, 1861, one hundred and six patients ; forty-eight males and fifty-eight females, making in all who have been under treatment in the Asylum during the year, two hundred and ninety patients ; one hundred and forty-three males and one hundred and forty-seven females.

There have been discharged during the year seventy-eight, forty-three males and thirty-five females ; and sixteen have died, twelve males and four females. This leaves in the house on the first day of May, 1861, one hundred and ninety-six patients ; eighty-eight males and one hundred and eight females.

The largest number of patients at any one time has been two hundred, and the smallest number one hundred and eighty-one.

The daily average residence through the year has been one hundred and ninety, rejecting the fraction ; that of males being ninety and that of females one hundred.

Of all admitted during the last year only fifty-six were recent attacks of insanity, while fifty, or nearly one half, were persons in whom the disease had existed for longer or shorter periods; in most, more than one year, and in many, several years; and nearly all the latter class had passed the period which affords much hope of recovery. This fact is important to be noticed as connected with the statistics of recovery from insanity in hospitals, and in many instances will explain the great diversity of per centage of recovery in different institutions. Various circumstances bring into some institutions a much larger per centage of recent attacks, while others, differently situated, receive a larger proportion of chronic cases. In the former we find the per centage of recoveries much higher. In the long run the same thing appears in comparing one year with another in the same institution. Eighty per cent of the recoveries of the past year have been from those admitted while the disease was recent, while only twenty per cent are from those who were allowed to remain without proper treatment for a long time after the attack.

There are always a few among those recorded as "recovered," who are not restored to complete mental integrity, but who, being in possession of reason, and capable of resuming their usual avocations, are entitled to be regarded as recovered, although the mental energies have suffered some detriment. Such cases of recovery are more likely to be found among those admitted late. The community should not disregard the thing shown by these facts, namely, the vital importance of immediate hospital treatment, on the first appearance of insanity.

In forty cases of those admitted, there was clear hereditary predisposition to insanity. In thirteen, there was suicidal propensity.

Eighty-one were committed by friends, twenty-one by towns, three by order of courts, and one by order of the Governor.

Of the seventy-eight discharged, thirty-four—nineteen men and fifteen women—were recovered; and the same number—nineteen men and fifteen women—improved. Nine of this num-

ber were so far improved as to give promise of ultimate recovery, and some have since recovered; others still, so far improved as to enter upon regular and responsible labor. Ten of those discharged were unimproved. Of these, two had organic disease of the brain when brought to us, and three others were proper subjects of treatment, but unfortunately were without friends of sufficient intelligence to direct, and they were allowed to remain only a few days.

Of the sixteen deaths, six were aged persons, who had long been in the house, worn out at last by chronic insanity. Two were old residents in the house, one dying of apoplexy, and the other of paralysis. Another, a resident of many years, died of consumption. The others were here but short periods. One, a man over eighty, broken by intemperance, in a state of senile dementia, died in twenty days after admission. A woman, brought in a state of extreme prostration from ill-health and wounds received in attempts at suicide, died exhausted on the fourteenth day. Another aged lady, who was brought in the last stage of senile dementia, died on the tenth day. The four remaining ones—who died of maniacal exhaustion—lived severally, nineteen, eleven, ten, and five days after admission.

For reference, these statistical statements are arranged in tabular form.

TABLE I.

Showing the number admitted from each County, and from other States.

Rockingham,	15	Sullivan,.....	3
Strafford,.....	10	Grafton,.....	10
Belknap,	1	Coos,.....	4
Carroll,.....	3	Other States,.....	16
Merrimack,.....	16		
Hillsborough,.....	21	Total,.....	106
Cheshire,..	7		

TABLE 2.

Showing the civil state of those admitted.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Married,.....	11	28	39
Single,.....	34	25	59
Widows,.....		5	5
Widowers,.....	3		3
Total,.....			106

TABLE 3.

Showing the ages of those admitted.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
From 15 to 20 years,.....	5	3	8
“ 20 to 30,.....	17	12	29
“ 30 to 40,.....	9	14	23
“ 40 to 50,.....	9	16	25
“ 50 to 60,.....	4	7	11
“ 60 to 70,.....	3	5	8
“ 70 to 80,.....	1	1	2
Total,.....			106

TABLE 4.

Showing the occupations of those admitted.

Farmers,.....17	House builder,....	1
Shoemakers,..... 2	Porter,.....	1
Carriage makers,.... 2	Coachman,.....	1
Teachers, ... 3	Domestic occupations,.....	29
Designer,.....1	Factory operatives,.....	8
Stone Mason,.... 1	Milliner,.....	1
Dyers,.....2	Tailoresses,	3
Blacksmith, 1	Doctress,.....	1
Engineer,.....1	Clerks,.....	2
Cabinet worker,.....1	Dressmaker,.....	1
Common laborer, 1	No regular occupation,.....	27

TABLE 5.

Showing the stage of disease when admitted, and number of first admissions.

Recent attacks,.....	56	Under hospital treatment
In the chronic stage,.....	50	first time,.....
		In some hospital before,.....
		35

TABLE 6.

Showing the causes assigned by friends for the insanity of those admitted.

Intemperance,.....	10	Hardships and ill-treatment,..	3
Ill health,.....	5	Vicious excesses,..	1
Masturbation,.....	7	Puerperal,.....	1
Epilepsy,.....	4	Critical period of life,.....	2
Trouble in love affairs,.....	6	Hard work,.....	3
Death of near friends,.....	5	Spiritualism,.....	4
Uterine disease,.....	1	Measles,.....	2
Bad trades,.....	1	Fever and losses,.....	1
Opium eating,.....	1	Extraction of teeth,.....	1
Anxiety in business affairs,..	2	Dyspepsia,.....	1
Wound,.....	1	Domestic troubles,.....	1
Injury on the head,.....	1	Worms,.....	1
Smoking tobacco,.....	1	No cause assigned,.....	40

TABLE 7.

Showing the form of the disease in those admitted.

Acute mania,.....	38	Dementia,.....	24
Sub-acute mania,.....	17	Melancholia,.....	9
Chronic mania,.....	12	Hysterical mania,.....	1
Monomania,.....	3	Ungovernable appetites,.....	4

TABLE 8.

Statistics from the opening of the Asylum to May 1, 1861.

Year.	Admitted.	Discharg- ed.	Recover- ed.	Partially Recovered	Unim- proved.	Died.	Whole number.	Remain- ing.
1843	76	29	12	10	6	1	76	47
1844	104	81	37	20	19	5	151	70
1845	88	82	37	17	22	6	158	76
1846	98	76	26	23	16	11	174	98
1847	89	87	38	17	23	9	187	100
1848	92	83	29	20	26	8	192	109
1849	81	76	36	15	11	14	190	114
1850	103	90	45	18	20	7	217	127
1851	88	98	45	25	16	12	215	117
1852	107	106	66	13	16	11	224	118
1853	132	107	65	25	11	8	250	143
1854	141	123	63	24	22	14	284	161
1855	95	91	50	20	9	12	246	155
1856	85	96	66	13	7	10	250	154
1857	97	81	47	15	7	12	251	170
1858	76	77	34	20	5	18	246	169
1859	98	85	31	22	18	14	267	182
1860	85	83	38	16	12	17	267	184
1861	106	94	34	34	10	16	290	196
Whole number ever admitted,								1841

Nothing has occurred to distinguish the past from other years. It has been one of quiet usefulness, and a larger number by twenty have enjoyed the care of the institution than any previous year.

The desirableness of increased facilities for the occupation and amusement of patients has been steadily kept in view, and additions made as fast as the means at command would allow. A magic lantern, with colored views, has been procured, and was used during the winter. Even from the small number of representations we were able to exhibit, the patients have derived much pleasure. A new and commodious bowling room has been built for the female patients, which will furnish them much healthful exercise as well as amusement. It is arranged so as

to open into an inclosure for out-door exercises, and entirely secluded from observation.

The committee appointed at your last annual meeting to superintend the erection of an extension of the center building, if funds should be appropriated by the Legislature for that purpose, at once, on the passage of an act by the Legislature appropriating five thousand dollars, entered upon the discharge of their duties, although the amount appropriated was less than the estimates by one thousand dollars.

The opening of the west end of the building was a source of much annoyance through the summer and fall, but before cold weather it was entirely inclosed, and before the close of winter nearly all the new part was ready for occupancy. That the necessity for this addition was by no means over stated in my last report, is proved by greatly increased facility and comfort with which all duties in the center are performed.

A considerable enlargement of the kitchen is secured, and in place of the small, dark, badly ventilated dining-room, we have a large, commodious and pleasant one. The sick room and sewing room for female patients have proved very serviceable. Without farther particularizing, the addition to the building greatly enhances our comfort and increases our facilities for the proper care of patients.

The following is a list of the farm and garden products for the last year :

Hay,	63 tons.
Straw,	17 "
Potatoes,	360 bushels.
Carrots,	160 "
Turnips,	75 "
Corn,	364 "
Beans,	55 "
Rye,	63 "
Pumpkins,	14 loads.

Oats,	270 bushels.
Peas,	24 “
Apples,	100 barrels.
Pork,	5994 pounds.

To the proprietors of the several newspapers published in Concord we are indebted for their regular issues and many exchanges, and we are under especial obligations to the proprietors of the Congregational Journal for several copies each week. Also to the proprietors of the Nashua Telegraph, and Gazette; the Enquirer, and Morning Star, Dover; N. H. Gazette, Portsmouth; N. H. Gazette, and Democrat, Laconia; N. H. Sentinel, Keene; Coös Republican, Lancaster, and the Daily Evening Traveler, Boston. Our hearty thanks are due to Mr. B. B. Davis and Choir, for concerts of music at different times, which have always given great pleasure to our patients and family. Although there have been many changes in the employees during the year, for reasons of health or otherwise, we have generally been fortunate in securing the services of faithful, conscientious and efficient persons to fill the several places, and these qualities have done much for the comfort and happiness of the patients. To the present able assistant officers, the institution and myself personally, are much indebted for their valuable services.

I desire again, gentlemen, to express my deep sense of your personal kindness and prudent counsel in the performance of the difficult and delicate duties of my trust. May the same kind Providence which has hitherto fostered this institution still watch over and guard its interests, and make it increasingly useful to all who may need its aid.

J. P. BANCROFT, *Superintendent.*

N. H. ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE, May 1, 1861.

TREASURER'S REPORT.

To the Trustees of the New-Hampshire Asylum for the Insane :

The Treasurer respectfully presents the following statement of receipts and expenditures from May 1, 1860, to April 30, 1861, inclusive :

DR.

To cash on hand May 1, 1860,	\$629.37
“ received for board of patients,	25,879.55
“ “ of State Treasurer, for interest on Kimball legacy,	405.20
“ “ of State Treasurer, as appropriation for indigent insane,	3,000.00
“ “ for interest and dividend,	1,400.00
“ “ for articles sold,	219.27
“ “ from the executors of the estate of Abiel Chandler,	71.25
	\$31,604.64

CR.

By amounts paid for provisions,	\$11,284.00
“ “ salaries and wages,	7,892.97
“ “ additions and repairs,	4,002.08
“ “ household utensils, furniture, &c.,	1,139.45
“ “ clothing, bedding, boots and shoes,	1,839.24
“ “ fuel,	2,142.28
“ “ lights,	728.00
“ “ medicines,	133.68
“ “ freight, postage and express,	263.24
“ “ trustees' expenses,	115.00
“ “ books, papers, printing, and sta- tionery,	119.59
“ “ burial expenses,	207.53

Appendix.

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By amounts paid for stock, and farm improvements,	1,054.12
“ “ insurance on buildings,	40.25
“ “ miscellaneous items,	106.12
	\$31,067.55
Whole amount expended,	537.09
By cash on hand, May 1, 1861,	
	\$31,604.64

The following table exhibits the various sources from which the support of patients has been derived.

Counties and States.	Private individuals.	Towns.	Counties.	State.	Total.
Rockingham,	\$1,542.51	\$1,766.32	\$959.24		\$4,268.07
Stafford,	1,016.72	628.04			1,644.76
Belknap,	348.02	166.24			514.26
Carroll,	691.09	340.16	73.25		1,104.50
Merrimack,	2,315.21	1,219.39	1,019.83		4,554.43
Hillsborough,	1,956.87	2,139.44	248.10		4,344.41
Cheshire,	644.14	536.65	147.32		1,328.11
Sullivan,	350.31	660.45	201.20		1,211.96
Grafton,	1,055.40	1,180.18	491.06		2,726.64
Coös,	498.72				498.72
State,				391.04	391.04
Other States,	3,292.65				3,292.65
Total,	13,711.65	8,636.87	3,140.00	391.04	25,879.55

The assets of the Asylum are as follows :

Funds paying interest,	\$30,753.49
Accounts on books,	2,000.00
Cash,	537.09
	\$33,290.58

J. P. BANCROFT, *Treasurer.*

N. H. ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE, May 1, 1861.

AUDITOR'S REPORT.

I have examined, with due care, the accounts of the Treasurer for the fiscal year ending May 1, 1861, inclusive.

The books are well and satisfactorily kept. The accounts are all well and properly vouched, and I believe correctly cast.

I find the receipts to be	\$31,604.64
The expenditures and disbursements,	31,067.55
	<hr/>
Balance in the hands of the Treasurer,	\$537.09

In conducting this examination, I am satisfied the business department of this Asylum does not suffer for want of financial ability in the Superintendent and Treasurer.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

J. F. HALL, *Auditor.*

June 5, 1861.

REPORT OF THE BUILDING COMMITTEE.

The undersigned, having been appointed by the Trustees a committee to procure and superintend the erection of an enlargement of the center building of the Asylum, have attended to their duties, and submit the accompanying detailed statement of their disbursements and receipts.

J. P. BANCROFT,
 JOSEPH B. WALKER, } Committee.
 TIMOTHY HAYNES, }

Disbursements by the Building Committee for extension of the Center Building.

1860.

		No. V.	
Aug. 11.	Cash paid H. & L. Dow, carpenter work,	\$25.00	1
Sept. 10.	“ Geo. Hutchins & Co., glass,	21.29	2
“ 14.	“ H. L. Dow, carpenter work,	16.00	3
“ 15.	“ E. H. Smiley, lumber,	44.28	4
“ 15.	“ R. M. & M. H. Kimball, lumber,	80.15	5
“ 15.	“ Isaiah Webber, lumber,	22.26	6

Sept.	20.	Cash paid G. W. Ordway, stone foundation,	56.19	7
"	22.	" William McCauley, painting,	35.00	8
"	28.	" William Thompson, mason work,	85.00	9
"	29.	" J. P. Currier, stone work, caps and sills,	17.50	10
Oct.	1.	" H. & L. Dow, carpenter work,	200.00	11
"	4.	" Henry Smith, mason work,	3.50	12
"	4.	" Patrick Gannon, "	1.75	13
"	10.	" Daniel Sullivan, "	1.00	14
"	10.	" W. R. Holt, pine boards,	123.63	15
"	12.	" J. L. Smith, floor boards,	108.00	16
"	12.	" William Lee, mason work,	1.00	17
"	16.	" James E. Brown, chestnut lumber,	30.45	18
"	19.	" J. G. Sinclair, lumber,	44.05	19
"	22.	" H. & L. Dow, carpenter work,	50.00	20
"	23.	" William M. Carter, lumber,	207.06	21
"	23.	" Lyman R. Fellows, mason work,	471.42	22
"	24.	" John Richardson, timber,	287.60	23
"	25.	" T. B. Tamblyn, slating,	129.73	24
"	27.	" C. H. V. Cavis, surveying,	2.00	25
"	27.	" H. & L. Dow, carpenter work,	40.00	26
"	31.	" Allison & Eastman, paints,	61.56	27
"	31.	" George E. Fitch, iron work,	28.73	28
Nov.	5.	" William McCauley, painting,	35.00	29
"	6.	" S. A. Currier, lathing,	14.90	30
"	7.	" H. & L. Dow, carpenter work,	200.00	31
"	8.	" J. R. Bowers, brick,	356.03	32
"	8.	" Wm. Thompson, mason work,	90.30	33
"	15.	" J. Grundy Bro's, bath fixtures,	40.94	34
"	17.	" H. & L. Dow, carpenter work,	109.00	35
"	19.	" W. R. & A. M. Kimball, lathing,	10.50	36

Nov. 23.	Cash paid Lockwood, Lumb & Co., plumb- ing,	20.00	37
" 28.	" Wm. Thompson, mason work,	476.50	38
Dec. 3.	" C. W. Saunders, gutter,	91.00	39
" 5.	" H. & L. Dow, carpenter work,	30.00	40
" 7.	" Geo. Hutchins & Co., lime and cement,	172.46	41
" 8.	" H. & L. Dow, carpenter work,	70.00	42
" 8.	" R. G. Cutting, planing and lumber,	102.66	43
" 8.	" Shadrach Seavey,	7.00	44
" 12.	" H. & L. Dow, carpenter work,	100.00	45
" 12.	" Wm. McCauley, painting,	28.75	46
" 24.	" Warde & Humphrey, nails, &c.,	229.17	47
" 25.	" H. & L. Dow, carpenter work,	100.00	48
" 29.	" Lockwood, Lumb & Co., plumb- ing,	205.13	49
" 29.	" Braman, Perham & Co., steam coils and screen,	95.73	50
" 29.	" Augustus Lacerte, painting,	15.00	51
1861.			
Jan. 15.	" H. & L. Dow, carpenter work,	63.67	52
" 15.	" Rixford & Bunker, sash and doors,	142.39	53
" 15.	" H. & L. Dow, carpenter work,	426.01	54
" 16.	" Wm. McCauley, painting,	29.00	55
" 16.	" Augustus Lacerte, painting,	17.00	56
Feb. 1.	" Horace Call, hanging bells,	8.15	57
" 5.	" John B. Giles, stone steps,	20.14	58
" 9.	" A. C. Holt, planing and matching,	91.37	59
" 15.	" Wm. McCauley, painting,	18.00	60
" 19.	" W. S. Putnam, gas fixtures,	127.83	61
" 21.	" J. P. Currier, stone work on steps,	15.00	62

\$5,752.78

Appendix.

Receipts.

Cash received of the State Treasurer,	\$5,000.00	
Cash received of N. H. Asylum,	752.78	
	<hr/>	\$5,752.78

May 15, 1861. We have examined the foregoing accounts, and find them well vouched and correctly cast.

JOHN H. WHITE, }
J. A. RICHARDSON, } *Auditors.*

STATE PRISON--WARDEN'S REPORT.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives, in General Court convened :

IN accordance with the requirements of the law of the State relative to the duties of the Warden, I respectfully submit my Report of the affairs of the New-Hampshire State Prison for the past year.

FINANCIAL.

The financial condition of the institution, taking into consideration the sudden crisis of the present year, which has produced a stagnation in almost every branch of manufacturing pursuits, and the loss of the time of some sixty men, who were temporarily thrown out of employment by the erection of the New Cabinet Shop, exceeds my expectations. The usual table annexed to this Report shows that the profits of the year's business, over and above all expenses, are \$2,958.75, of which sum \$2,192.58 is cash on hand.

CONTRACTS AND BUSINESS.

Notwithstanding the depression of business, and an immense falling off in their sales, Messrs. Isaac Elwell & Son, contractors in the Cabinet Shop, have fulfilled punctually all their engagements; and the institution has been indeed fortunate during the present prostration of business, in being able to look to contractors of such responsibility and promptitude. Justice to them, however, requires me to say that their receipts for the last six months have not equalled one third part of their

expenses incurred. They are making no sales at present, and the prospect for the coming year is not flattering. Under such unlooked for circumstances, I would suggest that it will be no more than justice for the proper authorities, after suitable examination, to favor Messrs. Elwell & Son, by making allowances to them which will enable them to continue to employ the men under their charge, and to perform their present contract, until its expiration on the 1st day of March, 1862. Messrs. Fellows & Langley, contractors for the work of the convicts in the Shoe Shop, continued to employ their men until the 1st day of May, when that branch of business came to a perfect standstill. Their contract having expired on the 1st day of November, I have not been able to renew it; and at the present time we have the men from the Shoe Shop to manage with as best we can.

The course to be pursued for the employment of the convicts, in case business continues to diminish, will be one of considerable difficulty, and is worthy of the careful consideration, not only of the officers of the Prison, but of the Legislature. The present condition of affairs seems, however, to be unavoidable, and we must make the best of it, looking to future years of prosperity for a recompense.

IMPROVEMENTS—NEW CABINET SHOP.

The greatest improvement that the Prison has seen for many years is the new Cabinet Shop, which has been completed within the last year. It is one hundred and fifty-six feet long, and forty feet wide; the lower story fourteen feet, and the upper twelve feet high. The building is constructed in the most thorough and workmanlike manner, and reflects great credit upon the contractors, Messrs. Ordway & Robinson, for the masonry; and Mr. L. H. Clough, for the wood-work; and upon Mr. Edward Dow, the architect. I may say, also, that I have never known work performed within the walls by contractors who have more fully understood their business, or who

have less disturbed the internal arrangements and discipline of the Prison, than in the present case. For full details relative to the cost of the new shop I refer to the report of the Building Committee, Messrs. Isaac Elwell, Edward H. Rollins and Edward Dow. That portion of the old shop which remains standing has been fitted up with an engine room, a room for drying lumber, a blacksmith shop, a tailor's shop, and a wash-room.

PRISON CELLAR.

The legislative appropriation of last year, of one hundred dollars, for cementing and finishing the cellar under the new shop has been applied with beneficial results. Instead of a wet, badly ventilated cellar, unfit for the preservation of provisions, we now have a dry, well ventilated, cemented room, seventy feet long, thirty feet wide, and seven and one half feet high; commodious and satisfactory in every particular.

NEW BOILER.

In my last year's report I spoke of the steam-heating apparatus in the prison hall as expensive in its consumption of fuel, and inadequate, by one half, to warm properly the hall. Since that time I have taken the responsibility of purchasing and putting in, at an expense of almost \$450, a new boiler, of sufficient capacity to keep the premises warm and comfortable throughout the winter. I feel sure that the members of the Legislature, when they examine the difference between the old and the new boiler, will readily sanction the expenditure.

In connection with the heating apparatus, I have fitted up, by means of a coil of pipe, a dry room, for drying clothes, which, although not expensive, is of great importance; as heretofore, in case of a long storm, it has been impossible sufficiently to dry the clothes of so large a number of men out doors, and in many instances the health of the men has been impaired in consequence of damp clothing.

DISCIPLINE OF THE PRISONERS.

During the year very little punishment has been resorted to, and there has been no insubordination since the expiration of the sentence of the desperadoes, Edward Wales and William H. Moore, alluded to in my last Report.

During the winter I visited several prisons in New-York and Pennsylvania, the Maryland prison at Baltimore, and the penitentiary of the District of Columbia, and my examinations gave me every reason to be satisfied with our own institution. I am confident that there is no prison within my knowledge that surpasses ours in point of discipline and good order, combined with a freedom from frequent punishments.

NUMBER OF PRISONERS.

The number now confined in the prison is one hundred and seventeen males and two females. During the year forty-two have been committed to the prison; twenty-nine have left, nineteen being discharged by the expiration of their sentence, and ten being pardoned; while four have died.

DEATHS.

The first death during the year was that of John Willey, of Barrington, on the 26th of July last, of typhoid fever; a man thirty years of age, committed for two years, for arson. The second that of Joshua Eaton, of Sandwich, on the 27th of July, aged eighteen, confined for the term of six years, for manslaughter. The third that of Henry Smith, of Salem, Mass., on the 24th of October, of apoplexy, aged fifty. The fourth and most remarkable case was that of Charles Dixon, of Rhode-Island, aged about twenty-four, sentenced almost two years before his death to imprisonment for life, for the crime of rape. He committed suicide on the 1st day of September, after three previously unsuccessful attempts. About six months before his death, he subsided into a melancholy condition, often saying he wished himself dead, and first attempted to kill himself by cut-

ting his arm, from which he lost large quantities of blood. After his discovery I remonstrated with him, and endeavored in every possible way to overcome his melancholy, but without effect, and he made another unsuccessful attempt at suicide, by cutting his throat; after which I sent for his brother in Rhode-Island, who on his arrival reasoned with him, and succeeded in overcoming his despondency, but only for a short time, and he made another attempt, rushing from his cell the instant it was unlocked by the officer, and leaping from the gallery head foremost, a distance of eight feet downward, striking his head upon the granite floor below. It seemed incredible that he could survive such an injury, but he recovered in a very few days. After this attempt I had the strictest watch kept over him, searching him every night in the most scrutinizing manner, and the officers on guard went to his cell every five minutes during the night. Notwithstanding all our precautions, however, he managed to get a piece of a jig-saw, two inches long, and one quarter of an inch wide, which he sharpened, and taking it to bed with him, bringing the bed-clothes close about his neck, so that the officer would notice nothing unusual, he cut his throat and bled to death, apparently without a groan or struggle. The Deputy Warden, the next morning, noticing that he did not come out with the other men, went immediately to his cell, and, on removing the clothes from his neck, found his throat cut, and the bed-clothes saturated with blood; but he still showed faint signs of life, and lived almost two hours.

The general state of health that has prevailed during the year appears from the report of the physician, Dr. Timothy Haynes; a most skillful physician.

ESCAPES.

On the 4th day of September last John Hale escaped by scaling the prison wall, seventeen feet high, and went to Manchester, where he stole a horse and wagon, and succeeded in getting two hundred miles away before he was captured.

STATE REFORM SCHOOL.

Three prisoners have been received from the State Reform School during the year: Jeremiah Mahoney, nineteen years of age, committed for four years, for burglary; Mary Hambleton, eighteen years of age, committed for three years, for larceny; and Charles E. Jones, of Alton, aged nineteen years, committed for two years, for burglary.

MORAL DISCIPLINE, SABBATH SCHOOL, LIBRARY, &C.

Our worthy chaplain, Rev. Samuel Cooke, has labored faithfully for the welfare of those under his charge, and his report shows the success which has attended his efforts. The Sabbath School continues to be indebted to the Christian-like efforts of the students of the Methodist Biblical Institute, whose interest has not been allowed to diminish. In this world they may receive no reward for their kind instruction to the unfortunate prisoners, but certainly not among the least of the good deeds that may be placed to their account hereafter, will be their self-sacrificing labors for the spiritual welfare of the outcast and the convict. The effect of our Sunday exercises has also been greatly aided by the presence in the choir of Prof. B. B. Davis, of Concord, who for two years past has every Sunday devoted his time and talent to our service. The library of the prison has been increased, by the appropriation made in June last of one hundred dollars for that purpose, and now contains a choice and admirable assortment of books.

OTHER OFFICERS OF THE PRISON.

A successful administration of the affairs of the prison always depends much upon the faithfulness and ability of the subordinate officers; and in closing this report I must acknowledge my great obligations to my deputy, Mr. Moses F. Rodgers, whose peculiar fitness for his responsible position another year's experience has clearly proved. His unwearied exertions for the

prosperity of the institution entitle him unqualifiedly to the character of a faithful and efficient officer. I also wish to say that Mr. Jonathan George, George W. Ham and L. H. Clough, officers at the cabinet shop, and Mr. Gust. Sargent, in charge of the hall and cook room, have all been connected for a long period with the prison, and have spared no pains to do all their duties promptly and thoroughly.

My indebtedness also to the Board of Visitors, particularly to His Excellency Governor Goodwin, and Hon. Thomas L. Tullock, Secretary of State, for advice and important assistance, is most cordially acknowledged, and those gentlemen have contributed not a little to the success which has attended the management of the prison while under my supervision.

All of which is most respectfully submitted—

JOHN FOSS, *Warden.*

Concord, June 1, 1861.

FINANCIAL TABLES.

TABLE A.

Showing the result of the Transactions of the Prison from June 1, 1860, to June 1, 1861.

Inventory of property on hand June 1, 1861, as appraised by Messrs. Sawyer, Clark and Weston,	\$7,558.86
Cash on hand June 1, 1861,	2,192.58
Cash deposited in State Treasury, being balance of cash on hand June 1, 1860,	1,234.78
Amount due from appropriation for cementing cellar, for cash paid out over and above appropriation,	8.10
	\$10,994.32
Inventory of property on hand June 1, 1860, as appraised by Messrs. Sawyer, Clark and Weston,	\$6,665.79
Cash on hand June 1, 1860,	1,234.78
Amount due from United States Government, for support of United States convict,	135.00
Gain to the institution from June 1, 1860, to June 1, 1861, one year,	2,958.75
	\$10,994.32

TABLE B.

Showing the receipts and expenditures from June 1, 1860, to June 1, 1861.

RECEIPTS.

For labor in cabinet shop,	\$6,536.00
For labor in shoe shop,	4,076.08
From visitors,	373.26

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For support of United States convict,	110.00	
From sale of old shoe shop, &c.,	103.00	
		<u> </u>
	\$11,198.34	
Increase in appraisal of steam engine and fixtures,	495.50	
		<u> </u>
Total amount of receipts,		\$11,693.84

EXPENDITURES.

Provision account.

Stock on hand, June 1, 1860,	\$793.33	
Since purchased,	3,978.06	
		<u> </u>
		\$4,771.39
Sales,	\$99.27	
Stock on hand June 1, 1861,	1,009.19	
		<u> </u>
		\$1,108.46
Leaving for amount expended,		<u> </u>
		\$3,662.93

Clothing and bedding account.

Stock on hand June 1, 1861,	\$729.48	
Since purchased,	768.38	
		<u> </u>
		\$1,497.86
Sales,	\$2.81	
Stock on hand June 1, 1861,	843.16	
		<u> </u>
		\$845.97
Leaving for amount expended,		<u> </u>
		\$651.89

Light and fuel account.

Stock on hand June 1, 1860,	\$100.25	
Since purchased,	562.97	
		<u> </u>
		\$663.22
Stock on hand June 1, 1861,		56.00
		<u> </u>
Leaving for amount expended,		\$607.22

Appendix.

Furniture account.

Stock on hand June 1, 1860,	\$1,681.67	
Since purchased,	331.56	
	<hr/>	\$2,013.23
Stock on hand June 1, 1861,		1,822.73
		<hr/>
Leaving for amount expended,		\$190.50

Expense account.

Stock on hand June 1, 1860,	\$118.36	
Since purchased,	770.55	
	<hr/>	\$888.91
Stock on hand June 1, 1860,		122.36
		<hr/>
Leaving for amount expended,		\$766.55

Hospital stores.

Stock on hand June 1, 1860,	\$28.75	
Since purchased,	43.78	
	<hr/>	\$72.53
Stock on hand June 1, 1861,		27.50
		<hr/>
Leaving for amount expended,		\$45.03

Discharged convicts.

Amount expended,	\$206.88
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Repairs and improvements.

Amount expended,	\$104.70
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Salaries of officers.

Amount expended,	\$2,499.39
Total amount of expenditures,	\$8,735.09
Gain to the institution from June 1, 1860, to June 1, 1861,	2,958.75
	<hr/>
	\$11,693.84

TABLE C.

Cash Account.

DR.

To balance on hand June 1, 1860,	\$1,234.78
To amount received for convict labor, from June 1, 1860, to June 1, 1861,	11,646.95
To amount received from visitors,	373.26
To amount received from the United States government, on account,	245.00
To amount received from sale of old shoe shop, and sundry articles sold,	135.62
To amount received from the State treas- ury, for cementing cellar, as per reso- lution of legislature,	100.00
To amount received from the State treasury for library, as per resolution of legislature,	100.00
	<hr/> \$13,835.61

CR.

By amount paid, as per vouchers, for ordinary operations of the prison,	\$10,200.15
By amount paid out on appropriation for cementing cellar, as per vouchers,	108.10
By amount paid out for library, as per vouchers,	100.00
By amount paid into State treasury, as per the treasurer's receipt, the same being balance of cash on hand June 1, 1860,	1,234.78
By balance, cash on hand June 1, 1861,	2,192.58
	<hr/> \$13,835.61

Appendix.

TABLE D.

<i>Appropriation for cementing cellar.</i>		DR.
To cash paid out, as per vouchers,		\$108.10
	CR.	
By cash received of State treasurer,	\$100.00	
By balance carried to stock account,	8.10	
	<hr/>	\$108.10

TABLE E.

<i>Library account.</i>		DR.
To cash paid out, as per vouchers,		\$100.00
	CR.	
By cash received of State treasurer,		\$100.00

PRISON STATISTICS.

TABLE NO. 1.

The whole number of Convicts in Prison,

June 1, 1860, was		110
The number received under warrants from the courts during the year ending May 31, 1861, was	39	
Received from the State Reform School,	3	
	—	42
		152
 <i>Discharged between June 1, 1860, and May 31, 1861.</i>		
By expiration of sentence,	19	
By remission of sentence,	10	
By death,	4	
	—	33
		119

TABLE NO. 2.

Ages of Convicts now in Prison.

From 15 to 20 years,		12
20 to 25 years,		34
25 to 30 years,		30
30 to 40 years,		19
40 to 50 years,		19
50 to 60 years,		3
60 to 70 years,		2
		119
Total,		119

TABLE NO. 3.

Ages of Convicts received last year.

From 15 to 20 years,	9
20 to 25 years,	10
25 to 30 years,	11
30 to 40 years,	6
40 to 50 years,	4
50 to 60 years,	1
60 to 70 years,	1
	<hr/>
Total,	42

TABLE NO. 4.

Crimes of Convicts now in Prison.

Arson,	2
Attempt to burn,	1
Attempt to rob,	1
Attempt to kill,	4
Altering railroad switch,	1
Attempt at rape,	1
Attempt to extort money,	1
Burning barns,	4
Burning mill,	1
Burglary,	27
Breaking and entering,	3
Breaking and stealing,	19
Forgery,	2
Highway robbery,	4
Murder,	5
Obtaining money by false pretenses,	2
Obstructing railroad,	2
Passing counterfeit money,	2
Rape,	2
Receiving stolen goods,	1
Stealing,	16
Stealing money,	5

Appendix.

593

Stealing horse,	7
Stealing cattle,	3
Stealing sheep,	2
Stealing and forgery,	1
Total,	<hr/> 119

TABLE NO. 5.

Crimes of Convicts received during the year.

Attempt at robbery,	1
Attempt to kill,	1
Breaking and entering,	2
Breaking and stealing,	11
Burglary,	8
Burning a barn,	1
Highway robbery,	2
Murder,	1
Receiving stolen goods,	1
Rape,	2
Stealing,	4
Stealing horses,	2
Stealing cattle,	2
Stealing sheep,	1
Stealing money,	3
Total,	<hr/> 42

TABLE NO. 6.

Period of Sentences of Convicts now in Prison.

For 3 months,	1
6 months,	1
1 year,	4
1 year and 6 months,	1
38	

For 2 years,	10
3 years,	36
4 years,	14
5 years,	17
6 years,	7
7 years,	9
8 years,	2
8 years and 3 months,	2
9 years,	1
10 years,	6
12 years,	1
15 years,	1
20 years,	1
30 years,	2
life,	3
	<hr/>
Total,	119

TABLE NO. 7.

Period of Sentences of Convicts received last year.

For 3 months,	1
6 months,	1
1 year,	4
1 year and 6 months,	1
2 years,	4
3 years,	18
4 years,	2
5 years,	3
6 years,	2
7 years,	1
9 years,	1
10 years,	2
20 years,	1
30 years,	1
	<hr/>
Total,	42

TABLE NO. 8.

States and Counties of which Convicts now in Prison are natives.

Canada,	6
Cuba,	1
England,	3
Ireland,	7
Maine,	12
Massachusetts,	16
New-Hampshire,	52
New-York,	5
New-Jersey,	1
Nova-Scotia,	1
New-Brunswick,	1
Pennsylvania,	2
Scotland,	1
Vermont,	9
Wisconsin,	1
District of Columbia,	1
Total,	<hr/> 119

TABLE NO. 9.

States and Countries of which Convicts received last year were natives.

Canada,	2
District of Columbia,	1
Ireland,	4
Maine,	4
Massachusetts,	4
New-Hampshire,	19
New-York,	3
Nova-Scotia,	1
New-Brunswick,	1

Pennsylvania,	2
Vermont,	1
	<hr/>
Total,	42

TABLE NO. 10.

Convicts now in Prison were convicted as follows :

Belknap,	2
Cheshire,	3
Carroll,	4
Coös,	1
Grafton,	9
Hillsborough,	48
Merrimack,	15
Rockingham,	12
Strafford,	18
Sullivan,	7
	<hr/>
Total,	119

TABLE NO. 11.

Convicts received during the year were convicted as follows :

Carroll,	4
Grafton,	1
Hillsborough,	22
Merrimack,	5
Rockingham,	6
Strafford,	2
Sullivan,	2
	<hr/>
Total,	42

TABLE NO. 12.

Employment of convicts.

Cabinet Shop,	67
Shoe Shop,	35
Shop waiters,	3
Fireman,	1
Cooks,	2
Washing and mending,	2
Whitewashing,	1
Hall Sweepers,	2
Lumpers,	3
Tailor,	1
Females,	2
Total,	<hr/> 119

TABLE NO. 13.

Number of Convicts in the Prison, committed, discharged, pardoned, deceased and escaped, in each year, since the establishment of the Institution, in 1812.

Year.	In Prison.	Committed.	Discharged.	Pardoned.	Removed to Insane Asylum.	Died.	Escaped.
1812	1	1					
1813	12	11					
1814	22	14	4				
1815	23	14	5	2			5
1816	48	31	5	1			
1817	59	29	13	3		1	1
1818	69	26	16				
1819	72	16	20	1		1	2
1820	61	18	15	2		2	
1821	65	23	15	2		2	
1822	58	16	19	2		3	
1823	66	26	11	5		1	
1824	62	19	17	5		1	
1825	66	24	13	3		1	2
1826	59	13	15	4		1	
1827	48	12	14	7		2	
1828	86	20	8	4			
1829	50	11	9	7		1	
1830	68	31	9	4			
1831	81	24	8	3			
1832	82	19	10	6		1	
1833	81	16	8	9			1
1834	79	13	4	11			
1835	78	23	6	16			
1836	86	21	8	4		1	2
1837	72	12	15	10		1	
1838	70	5	4	3			
1839	73	30	10	15		2	
1840	78	24	4	14		1	
1841	48	28	13	7		2	

Table of Convicts in the Prison, discharged, died, etc.,—Continued.

Year.	In Prison.	Committed.	Discharged.	Pardoned.	Removed to Insane Asylum.	Died.	Escaped.
1842	92	20	9	3			
1843	99	28	17	4			
1844	89	25	19	15		1	
1845	81	14	8	12		2	
1846	74	30	12	22		1	
1847	61	14	12	13		1	
1848	77	42	11	14			1
1849	82	17	9	2		1	
1850	91	36	10	14	1	2	
1851	92	26	7	11		1	1
1852	111	44	11	11		6	
1853	109	24	9	15		2	
1854	105	28	13	13		6	
1855	97	26	10	17	1	6	
1856	94	32	19	8		3	
1857	86	23	27	9		4	
1858	110	49	14	9			
1859	105	37	22	16	1	3	
1860	110	35	18	10	1	1	
1861	119	42	19	10		4	
		<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
		1171	574	378	4	68	15

REGISTER OF CONVICTS IN PRISON JUNE 1, 1861.

NAMES.	WHERE BORN.	IN WHAT COUNTY CONVICTED.	FOR WHAT CRIME.	SENTENCE.
Alfred Hill,	Newmarket, N. H.	Rockingham.	Murder.	For life.
William Trask,	Swansey,	Cheshire.	"	"
Nathan Green,	New-Boston, N. H.	Hillsborough.	Attempt to burn.	10 years.
Reuben Wright,	Busford, C. E.	Grafton.	Obtaining money, false pret.	12 "
John Wendell,	Kingston, C. W.	Sullivan.	Stealing horse and wagon.	8 "
Frank Brown,	Plymouth, Mass.	Merrimack.	Stealing horse and wagon.	5 "
David Hull,	Canada,	Belknap.	Attempt to kill.	8 years, 3 months.
Cornelius Haskell,	Warner, N. H.	Merrimack.	Murder.	For life.
George W. Clark,	Norway, Me.	Merrimack.	Altering railroad switch.	7 years 3 days.
Henry Leader,	England.	Merrimack.	Attempt to kill.	7 years 5 days.
John S. Emmons,	Alexandria, N. H.	Cheshire.	Obtaining money, false pret.	7 "
Oliver K. Bradford,	Acworth, N. H.	Hillsborough.	Burglary.	6 years 6 days.
John Brown,	Scotland,	Rockingham.	Breaking, with intent to steal.	5 "
George Seavey,	Roston, Mass.	Grafton.	Burning.	7 years 5 days
Israel Chase,	Bath, N. H.	"	Burglary.	4 "
Mitchel Chase,	Lisbon, "	"	"	4 "
Russel Hutchins,	Bath, N. H.	"	Stealing.	4 "
Ralph Butler,	Rogers, N. J.	Hillsborough.	Forgery.	6 years 4 days.
James K. Williams,	Grafton, N. H.	Sullivan.	Stealing.	0 "
Stearns K. Abbott,	Norwich, Vt.	Strafford.	Breaking and stealing.	4 "
Charles Murray,	Lowell, Mass.	"	Breaking and stealing.	5 "
Timothy R. Perkins,	Rochester, N. H.	Cheshire.	"	6 "
David C. Stone,	Fitzwilliam, "	Sullivan.	Burning barn.	10 years 10 days.
Henry Willard,	Langdon, "	Strafford.	Obstructing railroad.	7 years 2 days.
Gilbert Stone,	Canada,	"	"	8 years.
Andrew Wentworth,	Center-Harbor, N. H.	Merrimack.	Burglary.	3 "
Charles Smith, alias Palmer,	Boston, Mass.	"	Stealing sheep.	4 years 1 day.
C. D. Thompson, " Tukesbury,	Portland, Me.	"	Burglary.	4 years.
Edward E. Bullard,	Amherst, N. H.	Hillsborough.	Stealing watch.	5 "
Edgar M. Hardy,	Pelham,	"	Burglary.	6 "
Luther J. Austin,	Haverhill, Mass.	Rockingham.	Burning mills.	4 "
Enoch B. Hayes,	Dover, N. H.	Strafford.	Stealing horse.	5 "
James Dearborn,	Concord, N. H.	"	Stealing money.	4 "
James M. Dearborn,	"	"	"	4 "
Joseph M. Deahers,	Barrington, N. H.	"	"	4 "
John Hale,	Waterford, Me.	"	"	4 "
Stephen F. Pickering,	Portland, Me.	Hillsborough.	Stealing money.	3 "

William M. Shaw,	Portland, Me.	Hillsborough.	Burglary.	5 years.
Charles Ainsworth,	Waitsfield, Vt.	"	Stealing.	3 "
Peter Harrison,	England.	"	Burglary.	3 "
Alonzo Z. Whitman,	Westminster, Vt.	"	Forgery.	5 "
Dustin M. Washall, Jr.,	Manchester, N. H.	Merrimack.	Burglary.	3 "
Leverett Robbins,	Boston, Mass.	Rockingham.	Stealing horses	3 "
John Richardson,	Bedford, N. H.	Stratford.	Stealing horse.	3 "
Timothy McKean,	Nashua, "	"	Burglary.	3 "
Christopher Kourke,	Ireland.	"	Stealing ox.	3 years.
Joel W. Holmes,	Cambridge, Vt.	Merrimack.	Breaking and stealing.	5 "
Patrick Scannel,	Boston, Mass.	"	"	3 "
John T. Bishop,	Ireland.	Hillsborough.	Stealing.	3 "
Everett Gilman,	Mira, Wis.	Hillsborough.	Burglary.	2 "
Charles H. Leonard,	Hopkinton, N. H.	"	Stealing.	2 "
John H. Nud,	Dracut, Mass.	"	Stealing and forgery.	5 years 2 days.
Charles Fyer,	Brownington, Vt.	Coos.	Horse stealing.	4 "
James H. Rigney,	Littleton, N. H.	Hillsborough.	"	5 "
John Shine,	Boston, Mass.	"	Burglary.	3 years 2 days.
Edward Lyons,	Boston, Mass.	"	Horse stealing.	4 "
James Fitz or Fitzgerald,	"	"	Larceny.	5 "
Amasa E. Brown,	Berkshire, Vt.	"	"	3 "
Lewis Porter,	Franklin, "	"	Burglary.	3 years 2 days.
James P. King,	Boston, Mass.	"	Horse stealing.	4 "
Walter W. Comstock,	Boston, Mass.	"	Burglary.	3 "
John Ferguson,	Newport, N. H.	Sullivan.	Attempt to kill.	2 "
William H. Allen,	Ireland.	"	Attempt to extort money.	2 "
William Kirby,	Hudson, N. Y.	Merrimack.	Burglary.	3 "
Daniel Rowe,	Ireland.	Belknap.	Breaking and stealing.	7 "
John C. Eaton,	Dover, N. H.	Stratford.	Highway robbery.	10 "
Henry Curtis,	Clinton, Me.	"	"	8 days.
Stephen Smith,	Watertown, N. Y.	"	Passing counterfeit money.	7 "
Frank S. Wright,	Bingham, Me.	"	Burning barn.	2 days.
Samuel C. Lemos,	Ryegate, Vt.	"	Murder.	8 days.
James R. Hapney,	Lee, N. H.	Rockingham.	Breaking and stealing.	30 years 30 days.
Francis R. Johnson,	Bangor, Me.	"	Burning.	8 years.
Ira S. Brown,	Antrim, N. H.	Hillsborough.	Passing counterfeit money.	5 "
James Stoddard,	Weare, "	"	Burglary.	2 days.
Joseph Elliott,	Cuba.	"	"	5 days.
William Rice,	Mason, N. H.	"	Burning barn.	3 "
Faruun Clark,	Merrimack, N. H.	"	Attempt at rape.	1 day.
Amasa A. Arlin,	Washington, N. H.	"	Stealing money.	4 "
Ed D. Smith,	Northfield, N. H.	Merrimack.	Burglary.	3 "
John Adams,	Milton, Ca.	"	"	10 years 3 days.
John P. Webster,	Ireland.	Hillsborough.	"	5 "
	Gilford, N. H.	"	Stealing horse.	2 days.
		"		1 "
		"		3 "

NAMES.	WHERE BORN.	IN WHAT COUNTY CONVICTED.	FOR WHAT CRIME.	SENTENCE.
William Hopkins,	Portsmouth, N. H.	Hillsborough.	Breaking and stealing.	4 years.
John Martin,	Londonderry, "	"	Receiving stolen goods.	3 "
John Anderson,	Andover, Mass.	"	Breaking and stealing.	5 "
Charles Howard,	Albany, N. Y.	"	"	3 "
William J. Dubois,	Liberty, N. Y.	Sullivan.	Burglary.	3 "
Stephen R. Dwell,	Hopkinton, N. H.	Rockingham.	Attempt to kill.	30 years 10 days.
Richard S. Richardson,	Vershire, Vt.	"	Murder, 2d degree.	3 "
Benjamin D. Watson,	Portsmouth, N. H.	"	Stealing money.	3 "
Benjamin D. Watson,	Portsmouth, N. H.	"	Burglary.	3 "
Benjamin D. Watson,	Nova Scotia,	Hillsborough.	"	3 "
William Holbrook,	Ireland.	"	"	3 "
William Mooney,	Rochester, N. Y.	"	Breaking and stealing.	3 "
Henry Smith,	Ireland.	"	Stealing cattle.	6 "
Catherine Leary,	Derry, N. H.	"	"	6 "
Elisha T. Hoit,	Geotown, Mass.	"	Stealing money.	3 "
John E. Worcester,	Geotown, Mass.	"	Highway robbery.	3 "
Frank Osgood, alias Williams,	Philadelphia, Pa.	"	"	3 "
Cyrus Robbins,	Nashua, N. H.	"	"	3 "
Goodwin Robbins,	"	"	"	3 "
George H. Murry,	Lowell, Mass.	"	Stealing grain.	1 year 6 months.
James Gee,	Bangor, Me.	"	"	1 "
Thomas D. Forshner,	Philadelphia, Pa.	Grafton.	Rape.	10 years 3 days.
Francis Bolio,	Concord, N. H.	Sullivan.	Horse stealing.	3 "
Mary J. Hamelton,	Littleton, "	Stratford.	Burglary.	3 "
William H. Heath,	Boscawen, "	Merrimack.	Stealing sheep.	7 "
William Abbott,	Alexandria, "	"	Rape.	2 "
George W. Davis,	Great Falls, "	"	Larceny.	2 "
Patrick Lee,	Ireland.	Stratford.	Stealing money.	2 "
John Campbell,	St. Johns, N. B.	Merrimack.	Stealing and stealing.	2 "
John P. Addison,	Georgetown, D. C.	Rockingham.	Stealing.	2 "
Willard W. Caswell,	Northwood, N. H.	"	"	2 "
Theodore G. Allard,	Conway, "	Carroll.	Breaking and stealing.	1 "
Jeremiah Wiggitt, Jr.,	Moultonborough, N. H.	"	"	1 "
John W. Evans,	"	"	"	3 months.
Charles E. West,	Jay, Me.	"	Burning barn.	6 "
Edwin S. Jenkins,	Eastport, Me.	Hillsborough.	Breaking and entering.	20 years 2 days.
Matthew Riley,	Scotland, Me.	"	Breaking " stealing.	3 "
Jeremiah Mahony,	Lawrence, Mass.	"	Breaking and entering.	4 "
Maxim Guyon,	St. Charles, C. E.	"	Attempt at robbery.	9 "
Charles E. Jones,	Alton, N. H.	"	Breaking and stealing.	2 "

PHYSICIAN'S REPORT.

To His Excellency the Governor, and the Honorable Council :

GENTLEMEN :—I have the honor to submit the following report of the medical department of the New-Hampshire State Prison, for the year ending May 31, 1861 :

The number of patients admitted into the hospital the past year has been thirty. The greatest number of patients under treatment at one time was six.

During the year four deaths have occurred, to wit, July 26, John Willey, of Barrington, aged 30, of typhoid fever ; July 27, Joshua Eaton, of Sandwich, aged 18, of typhoid fever ; September 1, Charles Dixon, of Smithfield, R. I., aged 24, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a rude instrument made of a piece of saw-plate, two inches long and one quarter wide, fixed into a bit of wood for a handle.

Dixon was found in his cell on the morning of September 1, with an extensive wound upon his neck, great loss of blood, delirious, and died in a few hours. He had attempted suicide three times during the six months previous to his death. First, by cutting his throat with an awl, made pointed and sharp on one side, when he came very near dying. Second, he made a fearful wound upon the fore-arm, severing one of the arteries, and causing a considerable loss of blood. Third attempt was to leap over the railing in the hall, eight feet, striking his head on the stone pavement below, without much injury. October 24, Henry Smith, of Salem, Mass., aged 50, died of apoplexy.

With the exception of ten or twelve cases of lung and typhoid fever, the patients admitted into the hospital have soon recovered and been able to attend to their labor.

Since the capacious and well constructed workshop has been occupied by the prisoners, we have had much less lung and bronchial disease to treat.

To the various officers of this institution I am under renewed obligation for their gentlemanlike deportment, and ever willing coöperation to assist and aid me in the discharge of my duties.

With great respect,

TIMOTHY HAYNES,

Physician of State Prison.

May 31, 1861.

CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

To His Excellency the Governor, and the Honorable Council :

GENTLEMEN :—The moral and religious interests of the inmates of the New-Hampshire State Prison have received undiminished attention during the year just closed. I have visited the prisoners in their cells in health, and when sick have ministered to their wants in the hospital, and have given such advice and counsel as I deemed best calculated to promote their reformation. I have endeavored to impress upon their minds the justness of their punishment, and the necessity, on their part, of a strict compliance with the rules and regulations of the Institution. I have had no other intercourse with the prisoners than what has been necessary in learning some of them to read, and imparting such instruction to *all* as in my judgment is best calculated to promote their temporal and spiritual welfare. I have also sought to learn so much of their past history and present views and feelings as would best enable me to adapt my instructions and reproofs directly to their individual cases and circumstances.

In the same routine of the duties of a Chaplain, from year to year, there is not much scope for variety, and there must of necessity be a degree of sameness in his reports. It is, however, with a somewhat enlarged experience that I present to your honorable body the records of my labors for the past year.

In using my exertions to promote the good of the prisoners, and the harmony and general interest of the Institution, I have become painfully familiar with prison life in many of its details. To do good to persons of depraved appetites and perverse dispositions requires great wisdom, patience and forbearance.

These men are objects of compassion, possessing precious and immortal souls, for whom Christ died. I find many of the convicts intelligent, thinking men, and who listen with respectful attention to my public ministrations and private instruction and counsel. There is much said about prison reform, prison discipline, and prison management. But any plan which does not propose as its chief object the reformation of the convict; which does not aim to improve his principles, enlighten his mind, and renew his heart, ought not to meet the approval of an enlightened christian community. These unfortunate and unhappy men confined in our Penitentiaries are imprisoned in most cases for a short term of years; and it ought to be borne in mind, too, that many of them are the victims of intemperence and its attendant evils, and they should not be sent back into respectable communities, after having served out their time, with principles more corrupt, and hearts more depraved, and minds more darkened, to enter upon a fresh course of crime. We should rather act more wisely, and try to reform them. We should use our best exertions to redeem them to society and to God. If benevolence and love and good will does not extend to them the hand of charity, what hope is there left for them?

It is certainly an error to suppose that those whose sins have found them out, and who, in consequence of it, have been sentenced to a convict's life, are necessarily greater sinners than many who walk our streets in fine apparel, or ride in splendid carriages, and pass among men as respectable citizens. And it is equally an error to suppose, because of isolation from society, the convict has lost all his human sympathies, and can not be influenced by the same motives which control the actions of other men. It is not so. In the prisoner's bosom love and affection still burn; it may be with only a flickering, fitful flame, but it is one which may be kindled into a blaze by gentleness and good will. Stimulate them to exercise the good that is in them; draw out their sympathies; let them feel that you regard them as men, though erring ones, and that you earnestly desire their

reformation, and elevation to the dignity of true manhood, and you have struck a key-note to their natures, and every chord will vibrate to your touch.

To see fully the difficulty of reforming convicts, the circumstances of their former lives and habits must be taken into consideration. When their history is rightly understood, the foundation of their crime is generally found to have been laid far back of their actual transgression. Children, early left as orphans; the want of education and moral training; the example of vicious, intemperate parents and guardians, and bad associates, are generally among the prominent causes of crime and ruin. Indeed, take the history of the convict from sources that can be relied on, and follow him from his cell door back to his cradle, and carefully observe the influences that have surrounded him, and he will generally appear more an object of pity than of scorn and contempt. The wonder will be that he breasted the storm, and withstood the current so long.

I have taken considerable pains to get at, so far as possible, the early privileges and privations of those who are so unfortunate as to be sent to this place. Of the 110 prisoners who were here at the commencement of this year, and the 42 who have since been committed, over 60 have been cradled in the lap of intemperance, and its accompanying wretchedness and degradation. Their moral feelings were early blunted by the profligacy of those who, by precept and example, should have encouraged and directed them onward in the path of virtue. Fifty-six report themselves as having been intemperate, and that this was the immediate cause of their crime. This is a dark picture, but it is true to the life. Here is a field for laborers. Here are pearls of great price, but they lie deeply imbedded beneath bad training, bad precept, and worse example. Here is a work for the hands, the head, and the heart; a place to try the power of precept and example too. The hope of a healthful reformation lies in the fact that the word of God is a fire and a hammer to break in pieces the flinty heart.

With regard to the public services of the Sabbath, nothing of a very marked character has taken place. I think no congregation in the State, of the same number of persons, gives more respectful attention to the ministrations of the gospel than do the inmates of this prison. During religious service not a foot is heard to move, to interrupt the solemnities of the occasion. There is not observed a sleepy or trifling person among them all. Their example in this respect is worthy of being imitated by many of our fashionable religious congregations, and even churches. There is often witnessed an earnest look and a tearful eye, as they are told of the ability and willingness of Christ to save, even to the uttermost, all that come to him. I think I have reason to hope that saving impressions have been made on some hearts which will result in the soul's salvation. In the moral and religious improvement of the prisoners much remains to be done; but the endeavors that are now made are judicious, and to a good degree successful. Of this, however, time will determine what can not be known with certainty now. A copy of the Bible is placed in the cell of every prisoner, to be his constant companion and faithful monitor in his hours of solitude and moments of reflection. This gift of God to man should be considered indispensable by every friend of humanity. The young and the old will cleanse his way by taking heed to its teachings.

The Sabbath School has been maintained but a part of the year, but during the time it has been in session it has been very interesting and profitable. It would be productive of much more good if it could be maintained through the entire year. The attendance of the convicts is a voluntary act. No one is compelled to attend. The number who have attended is more than one half of the whole number of the prisoners. The school is one of the most interesting agents of moral reform. During the sitting of the Legislature, several of the members attended our chapel service, and also the Sabbath School. Remarks were made by some of these gentlemen, well suited to impress the minds

of the prisoners with the importance of a reformation of heart and life, and so to conduct themselves that when freed from their confinement they might redeem their character, and be a blessing to their families and friends. Many thanks are due the Mayor of this city, Doctor Willard, Col. William Kent, and Doctor Sargent, for the interest they have taken in the prisoners' welfare, and their very timely remarks on the subjects of *temperance* and *moral reform*, which, if heeded, will prove a safeguard against temptation to crime in future years. The young men of the Methodist Biblical Institute have rendered very essential service as teachers in the Sabbath School. For this labor of love they have our sincere thanks, and trust they will receive of the Saviour of sinners a disciple's reward.

The Library is respectable, so far as numbers are concerned. But more than one half of the books have been in use many years, and are so mutilated and defaced as to be of little or no use at all. The mental and moral influence that a good, well selected library exerts, can hardly be overrated. I deem such influences among the most powerful agencies of reform connected with the Prison. In distribution of the books, each man's capacity, taste, and preferences are gratified, so far as it can consistently be done. An interesting history, a voyage, a travel, a memoir, or a story, will serve to beguile many a tedious hour, when shut out from the world, and locked in a cell during the gloomy hours of night.

The appropriation made at the last session of the Legislature for the purchase of books and stationery, has all been expended as was directed. Good judges of books think the selection was judicious and valuable. These volumes are highly prized by the prisoners, and they are read with a great deal of interest.

None of the books that have been purchased the two past years have been injured so as to be thrown entirely aside; yet by constant use, and by hands not always as clean as they should be, they have become soiled and injured, and need to be replaced by others. Beside, those who make books at the present day do

not mean they shall last long. They were put together in the most slighty manner. They mean the trade shall live if those who purchase the books fail. There needs to be as liberal an appropriation for the year to come, as was made the past year. The most of the prisoners are very fond of reading, and they not only want *good* books, but those that look inviting.

Death has visited this Prison, and removed four of our number to that land from whence no traveler ever returns,—where the prince and the beggar, the innocent and the guilty, shall lie until the heavens and the earth shall be no more. Where, says Job, the prisoners rest together, and they hear not the voice of the oppressor. The small and the great are there, and the servant is free from his master.

I have much pleasure in stating that great pains are taken to keep the Prison cleansed. And the general healthy state of the convicts speaks loudly in praise of the officers for their wisdom and fidelity. Few if any institutions of this kind can be found where a board of officers are more faithful and diligent in discharge of the trust reposed in them. Every man is expected to know his place, and to perform his duty. And all is being done which can be, under existing circumstances, for the security and comfort of the prisoners.

In conclusion, I would say the Warden and his Deputy have my sincere thanks for the facilities which they have so cheerfully afforded me in discharge of my duties, and for their hearty cooperation in every work designed for the good of those committed to my charge.

And, gentlemen, thankful for the confidence which you have manifested toward me in this gloomy, yet interesting field of labor, and praying that you and myself may have the guidance and blessing of God in all our future labors and responsibilities, I subscribe myself,

Yours very respectfully,

SAMUEL COOKE, *Chaplain.*

Concord, June 1, 1861.

INVENTORY.

The undersigned, appointed Appraisers of the personal property of the New-Hampshire State Prison, having attended to their duty, submit the following report :

Warden's Office.

1 salamander safe,	\$225.00
1 large desk,	15.00
1 table,	1.75
1 settee,	2.00
1 box and contents,	.75
1 stove and funnel,	4.50
Desk and furniture,	1.50
1 spittoon,	.25
1 office trunk,	1.00
1 Revised Statutes,	1.00
Lot of paper,	1.50
Lot of bill heads,	9.00
2 brass padlocks,	.50
1 pair pistols,	5.00
1 revolver,	12.00
1 Clark's revolver,	5.00
1½ dozen office chairs,	16.00
1 office chair, extra,	3.00
1 Merrimack County map,	4.50
2 baskets,	.62
1 wooden clock,	1.00
1 United States map,	2.50
Lot envelops,	1.25
4 sets hand-cuffs,	8.00
1 set leg-irons,	3.50
1 pitcher,	.25
2 window curtains,	.50
1 set leather muffs,	1.00
1 duster,	.50
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	\$328.37

Guard Room.

1 steam heater,	\$30.00
1 bed and fixtures,	6.50
1 stove and pipe,	5.00
1 clock,	8.00
1 looking-glass,	.25
Broom, duster and brush,	.50
1 coal-hod,	.62
Ammunition and box,	2.00
2 blunderbusses,	1.50
1 watering-pot,	.25
1 wood-box,	.37
1 spittoon,	.10
1 desk,	10.00
1 book-case,	25.00
1 Roman short sword,	1.50
1 inkstand,	.50
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	\$92.09

Hospital.

4 iron bedsteads and bedding,	\$26.00
3 cot beds and bedsteads,	9.00
1 bed pan,	1.00
3 chairs,	.75
1 light-stand,	.25
1 stove and funnel,	9.50
1 brass clock,	3.00
1 desk,	2.00
8 sheets,	1.33
1 pair pillow-cases,	.17
1 medicine case,	12.00
2 tooth extractors,	2.50
Lot pressed herbs,	.50
Lot medicines,	4.17
2 demijohns and contents,	.75
1 bucket and salts,	.42
1 bucket sulphur,	.25
1 jar and snuff,	1.75
1 jug sarsaparilla,	.33
2 tin cans,	1.50
1 dozen mustards,	1.25

1 stomach pump,	\$14.00
5 boxes Russia salve,	.83
1 syringe,	.33
17 corn brooms,	4.25
Lot of pipes,	.25
15 tea spoons,	.25
45 tin coffee cups,	4.50
4 tin dippers,	.50
2 pepper boxes,	.10
3 trusses,	2.50
7 water buckets,	1.17
44 cakes shaving soap,	1.38
Tin box and contents,	.25
24 wooden combs,	.12
12 pitchers,	2.00
25 shirts,	11.43
2 pairs drawers,	.96
43 pairs socks,	14.33
8 new vests,	8.00
12 new coats,	25.00
4 pairs new pants,	10.00
7 new caps,	1.40
1 pair leather mittens,	.75
1 window brush,	.50
1 jug,	.20
1 force pump,	10.00
15 sheet iron pans,	6.25
100 pairs new blankets,	100.00
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	\$299.68

Cook Room.

12 dry casks,	\$2.40
15 empty flour barrels,	.90
3 barrels white beans,	17.50
Lot of old iron and copper,	10.00
1 safety valve,	3.00
1 globe valve,	1.50
1 water guage,	15.00
Lot of paint, &c.,	1.00
150 gallons molasses,	37.00
700 pounds rice,	35.00

15 bushels corn meal,	\$11.25
7 bushels rye meal,	5.95
75 pounds fish,	1.69
6½ pounds pepper,	.84
4 pounds ginger,	.50
40 pounds coffee,	3.40
6 bags fine salt,	1.20
95 pounds tobacco,	14.25
38 pounds tobacco,	7.60
7 meal bags,	1.40
33 gallons vinegar,	5.50
1 tub,	1.00
1 platform scales,	3.00
2 molasses guages,	1.00
1 portable oven,	30.00
3 baskets,	.50
1 hash chopper,	.50
1 cask of sugar,	70.00
2 large skimmers,	1.00
1 fire shovel,	1.00
1 broom,	.30
110 tin coffee cups,	6.60
238 tin basins,	12.00
1 pitcher,	.17
1 bucket and salt,	.17
3 pounds pepper,	.50
1 molasses can,	.50
2 tin measures,	.30
4 bottles,	.30
1 small brass kettle,	.25
3 sieves, and bread knife,	1.00
Lot of spoons and knives,	1.00
1 fire shovel,	.25
12 sheet iron bread pans,	1.20
20 cast iron bread pans,	6.67
3 earthen pots,	.30
Lot of tin ware,	.40
1 meat fork and scraper,	.33
1 hammer,	.10
2 dry measures,	.17
3 small tubs,	.50
4 tubs,	2.00

4 water pails,	\$0.67
2 lanterns,	1.00
4 lamps,	.50
2 bread pans,	.30
1 bake pan,	.17
2 old tables,	1.00
2 cupboards,	3.00
1 bread trough,	2.50
1 brass clock,	1.50
1 water cistern faucet,	10.00
2 slates,	.20
1 bucket and boxes,	.17
2 yeast tubs,	1.50
3 chairs,	.75
1 steam pump,	100.00
1 barrel and flour,	.50
1 water steam box,	10.00
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	\$453.65

Prison Cellar.

9½ barrels beef,	\$104.50
6 large barrels of beef,	99.00
58 meat barrels,	29.00
2¾ barrels pork,	68.75
3 bushels salt,	.75
100 pounds beets,	2.00
41 bushels potatoes,	16.40
2 firkins,	.25
1 set scales,	5.00
1 meat bench,	2.00
1 meat ax and hook,	.25
Tar and rosin,	5.00
2 tubs soap grease,	3.00
1 water faucet,	1.25
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	\$337.15

Prison Yard.

Lot steam pipe,	\$22.00
1 piece shafting,	3.00
Lot of old bricks,	3.00

Lot of old iron,	\$12.00
1 iron kettle,	1.50
1 ash hod,	2.00
116 night buckets,	50.00
4½ cords hard wood,	22.50
1 cord soft wood,	2.00
1 wheel-barrow,	2.50
1 iron rake,	.25
1 ax and shovel,	.75
2 wood saws,	1.00
1 slate,	.25
Skids and ladder,	.50
1 cot bedstead,	.50
1 grate pattern,	2.50
2 balls and chain,	1.25
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	\$127.50

Store House.

62 bushels corn,	\$55.80
5½ bushels rye,	5.50
1350 pounds rice,	67.50
2 bags corn meal,	3.50
14 meal bags,	2.33
1 platform scales,	12.00
80 gallons vinegar,	10.00
2 barrels flour,	12.00
50 bushels beans,	100.00
2844 pounds fish,	63.99
1 copper pump and pipe,	4.00
Lot lead pipe,	.50
10 gallons fluid,	7.50
Lot sole leather,	5.17
1 steam water-guage,	15.00
1 chain pump,	2.00
7 pairs boots and shoes,	12.00
2 jack screws,	5.00
Adz and old iron,	.75
2 globe valves,	2.00
5 steam cocks,	4.00
Lot of old copper,	1.00
107 potato sacks,	6.42

400 pounds of old iron,	\$4.00
Lot of bolts and nuts,	.50
1 flue brush,	2.50
Lot steam-pipe,	20.00
8 iron pulleys,	13.00
1 crimping machine,	.17
1 pulley,	1.00
1 cross-cut saw,	1.00
1 cast-iron pump,	2.00
4 shafting hangers,	12.00
Lot of funnel,	4.00
1 splitting machine,	8.00
150 pounds old iron,	1.50
19 windows,	25.00
2 iron rods,	.25
50 pounds hoop iron,	4.00
10 new buckets,	5.00
1 set of measures,	1.25
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	\$503.13

Prison Wall.

2 stoves and funnels,	\$3.00
1 tin horn,	.25
2 guns,	4.00
2 pitchers,	.33
2 hammers,	.25
2 brooms,	.10
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	\$7.93

Washroom.

7½ barrels soap,	\$30.00
2 iron squares,	.40
Lot of drills and hammers,	3.50
5 shovels and spades,	2.50
3 hoes,	.17
1 garden rake,	.33
2 water faucets,	1.00
1 saw and auger,	.50
2 crow bars,	2.00
50 pounds old iron,	.50
3 scalding tubs,	.75

60 pounds soap grease,	\$3.60
1 copper pump and pipe,	8.00
2 bathing tubs,	12.00
2 cast-iron boilers,	35.00
1 washing machine,	2.00
Steam coil in dry room,	18.00
2 wash tubs,	.62
5 water buckets,	.50
2 wash boards,	.20
2 fire shovels,	.10
1 table,	.17
1 bench,	.50
5 baskets,	.50
46 old woolen blankets,	9.20
116 shirts, old,	29.00
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	\$161.04

Tailor's Shop.

6 pairs of old pants,	\$1.50
12 old spencers,	6.00
3 vests,	.50
7 new aprons,	.88
5 old aprons,	.17
2 slates,	.25
1 box,	.25
4 pairs shears,	.50
15 caps, old,	.90
116 sets flannel drawers and shirts,	50.00
1 brush and 2 chisels,	.25
1 axe,	.50
1 tape measure and square,	.25
3 whitewash brushes,	1.50
1 stove and funnel,	4.50
1 shovel,	.25
Lot of buttons,	.33
2 sand sieves,	.50
42½ yards cloth,	21.21
4 pairs new pants,	7.48
1 plane, saw and trowel,	1.00
1 oil gauge,	1.00
4 pairs suspenders,	.25
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	\$99.76

Blacksmith Shop and Engine Room.

1 cast iron forge,	\$10.00	
1 steam engine,	800.00	
4 steam boilers,	500.00	
1 steam guage,	30.00	
6 wrenches,	5.00	
1 clock,	1.50	
3 pipe tongs,	3.00	
1 check-valve,	2.50	
Rubber hose,	5.50	
7 wrenches,	2.00	
14,400 pounds shafting,	1,200.00	
	<hr/>	\$2,559.50

Cabinet Shop.

1 copper pump and sink,	\$6.00	
1 copper pump and sink,	6.00	
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Shoe Shop.

21 bushels shoe pegs,	\$21.00	
100 pairs lasts,	25.00	
75 feet wax leather,	13.50	
20 pounds sole leather,	3.33	
1 sand paper machine,	7.00	
1 rolling machine,	8.00	
1 skiveing machine,	2.50	
1 desk,	2.00	
1 welt machine,	2.00	
1 sewing machine,	110.00	
35 shoe benches,	12.00	
3 standing benches,	3.00	
1 pump and sink,	6.00	
14 tubs and pails,	1.50	
1 can and oil,	2.75	
35 sets of shoe bench tubs,	100.00	
1 stove and funnel,	13.00	
1 stove and funnel,	2.50	
1 grindstone and frame,	2.50	
1 clock,	2.00	
4 stitching horses,	12.00	

1 leather rack,	\$2.00
1 stock and bit,	.62
1 hand-saw,	.25
1 iron vise,	1.00
½ keg tar,	.50
4 iron pots,	1.00
3 pounds machine thread,	2.00
1 pair boot fronts,	.75
1 quire sand-paper,	.20
6 new welt knives,	1.50
7 machine needles,	.84
3 hammers,	1.00
6 shank irons,	4.00
6 set of tubs for harness benches,	2.00
1 gross pegging awls,	1.25
3 pairs shoe uppers,	1.50
36 pounds shoe nails,	2.88
1 ladder,	.75
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	\$375.62

Prison Chapel.

1 seraphine and cover,	\$75.00
6 chairs,	3.00
1 stool,	.75
22 settees,	50.00
1 violin,	2.00
1 signal bell,	2.00
1 spittoon,	.25
1 foot stool,	.25
Lot stove funnel,	5.50
12 yards curtains,	5.00
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	\$145.75

Prison Barn.

1 dry cask,	\$1.00
4 dry casks,	1.00
1 paint stone muller,	.75
1 gig wagon,	70.00
1 job wagon,	65.00

1 single harness,	\$25.00
1 single harness,	20.00
1 saddle and bridle,	7.00
1 pung sleigh,	9.00
1 single sleigh,	30.00
1 axe,	.50
3 whiffletrees,	1.25
2 yokes for harness,	1.00
1 harness,	1.00
2 buffalo robes,	6.00
1 claw and crow bar,	2.00
1 shawl robe,	2.00
1 horse blanket,	1.00
1 string of bells,	3.00
2 forks,	1.00
1 hay fork,	.17
1 potato digger,	.25
1 card, curry and brush,	.30
Set of blocks and rope,	2.50
1 hay cutter,	4.50
3 rakes,	.75
Lot of hay,	25.00
Lot of old lightning rods,	5.00
Lot of chairs,	2.00
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	\$287.97

Piggery.

1 wheel-barrow,	\$4.00
1 plow,	3.00
1 iron pig trough and stove,	1.00
6 cords of wood,	24.00
1 wood saw,	.75
1 scythe and snath,	.75
8 hogs,	160.00
1 ladder,	.75
1 old iron forge,	4.00
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	\$198.25

Prison Hall.

1 brass clock,	\$5.00
110 cell stools,	11.00

117 beds and fixtures,	\$292.50
1 steam condenser,	18.00
1 thermometer,	1.25
1 hall bell,	.75
1 roster,	1.50
1 table,	.37
1 barber's chair,	1.00
Barber's tools,	2.75
1 watch clock,	50.00
2 pairs steps,	1.00
1 wad drawer,	.25
Set of stencil plates and brush,	.50
1 prison hook,	.25
2 chests,	1.50
1 saw plate,	.50
6 iron spoons,	.25
13 knives and forks,	1.00
1 coal sieve,	.75
1 stove and funnel,	7.00
Cell furniture,	3.50
2 water buckets,	.50
7 dippers and 2 water pots,	1.25
1 water bucket,	.10
1 slate,	.15
3 brooms,	.37
1 shovel,	.75
117 water pitchers,	11.70
Shovel and tongs,	.60
117 pepper boxes,	3.00
1 steam boiler,	75.00
1 steam guage,	25.00
1 steam boiler and fixtures,	450.00
1 looking glass,	.25
1 poker and measure,	.50
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	\$969.79

Warden's Department.

2 stone jars,	\$0.50
4 barrels and vinegar,	10.00
1 wash board,	.30
1 cook stove and furniture,	23.00

1 portable oven,	\$12.00
1 wood box,	.62
1 shovel, duster, brush and broom,	.62
4 chairs,	1.00
3 lamps,	.87
1 water cistern and faucet,	10.00
1 can, tunnel and fluid,	1.75
1 table,	1.00
1 clock,	1.50
12 dining chairs,	4.80
1 dining table,	2.00
1 stove and funnel,	7.00
$\frac{3}{4}$ barrel crackers,	2.00
1 refrigerator,	12.00
1 stove and funnel,	6.00
1 wood box,	.75
1 spittoon,	.30
1 sofa,	.14
1 sewing machine,	50.00
3 lamps,	.62
1 center table and cover,	5.00
1 wood box,	.75
1 chamber set,	15.00
1 stove and funnel,	5.00
1 spittoon,	.30
1 carpet,	12.00
1 bed and bedding,	16.00
1 chamber,	1.00
1 basin and pitcher,	.75
1 comforter,	1.00
1 stove and funnel,	7.00
1 table,	1.50
1 looking-glass,	.33
2 chairs,	1.00
1 bureau,	3.50
1 bedstead, bed and bedding,	13.00
3 chairs and looking-glass,	.75
1 chamber,	.20
2 bedsteads and bedding,	30.00
2 chairs and looking-glass,	.75
1 chamber,	.25
100 pounds saleratus,	5.00

36 sheets,	\$18.00
25 pairs pillow-cases,	6.25
2 brooms,	.37
Old carpet,	.50
1 chair,	.25
1 bed and bedding,	8.00
32 pounds of starch,	3.20
4 comforters,	5.00
3 woolen blankets,	4.50
5 pillows,	2.00
25 pounds hops,	2.50
184 yards sheeting,	17.53
31 yards drilling,	4.00
41 yards striped shirting,	5.33
153 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards ticking,	21.84
18 aprons,	2.25
6 towels,	.60
17 shirts,	10.20
12 straw ticks,	15.00
1 cloth for tick,	.95
2 sheets,	.50
1 solar lamp,	1.00
12 pillow-cases,	1.50
263 yards prison cloth,	131.50
14 yards padding,	3.50
1 looking-glass,	.25
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	\$549.23

Female Department.

1 iron bedstead and bedding,	\$9.00
1 stove and funnel,	4.00
1 stove and funnel,	4.00
1 bedstead, bed and bedding,	9.00
5 chairs,	1.00
10 shirts,	5.00
2 rifles,	6.00
8 guns,	8.00
1 brass pistol,	1.00
1 slop bucket,	1.25
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	\$48.25

Appendix.

625

Deputy Warden's Department.

2 door scrapers,	\$0.50	
1 water tank and faucet,	2.00	
2 wood-boxes,	1.50	\$4.00

Recapitulation.

Warden's office,	\$328.37
Guard-room,	92.09
Hospital,	299.68
Cook room,	453.65
Prison cellar,	337.15
Prison yard,	127.50
Prison wall,	7.93
Blacksmith shop and engine room,	2,559.50
Cabinet shop,	12.00
Wash-room,	161.04
Store-house,	503.13
Tailor's shop,	99.76
Prison hall,	969.79
Shoe shop,	375.62
Chapel,	145.75
Piggery,	198.25
Prison barn,	287.97
Warden's department,	549.23
Female prison,	48.25
Deputy Warden's department,	4.00
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Whole amount,	\$7,560.66

All of which is respectfully submitted,

DANIEL SAWYER,
 EPHRAIM WESTON, } *Appraisers.*
 MORRIS CLARK, }

REPORT OF EDWIN A. BOARDMAN.

ABSTRACT OF SALES.

Abstract of the whole amount of sales of liquors made to the different cities and towns in New-Hampshire, by E. A. Boardman, from May 21st, 1860, to May 20th, 1861, inclusive :

Gross sales for May, 1860, from 21st, inclusive : \$769.44

Consisting of

19½ bbls. N. E. Rum,	gals. 818	\$310.84
6¾ do. Alcohol,	" 274	164.90
1½ do. Gin,	" 60	56.50
Brandies,	" 25	82.50
Whiskies,	" 65	67.50
Wines,	" 14	42.00
2 half bbls. Ale,		10.00
London Porter,	7 doz.	18.37
Demijohns, kegs and trucking,		16.83
		\$769.44

Gross sales for June, 1860, \$2,476.78

Consisting of

52 bbls. N. E. Rum,	gals. 2195½	829.26
15 do. Alcohol,	" 610	370.00
7 do. Gin,	" 310	297.63
Brandies,	" 94	332.25

Appendix.

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Whiskies,	gals.	334	\$387.74
Wines,	"	52½	127.00
St. Croix Rum,	"	10	10.00
London Porter,	23 doz.		59.24
Gin Schnapps,	3 cases,		15.00
Demijohns, kegs and trucking,			48.66
			<hr/>
			\$2476.78

Gross sales for July, 1860,

\$2,454.20

Consisting of

61½ bbls. N. E. Rum,	gals.	2660	\$1004.77
15½ do. Alcohol,	"	666½	400.90
10½ do. Gin,	"	462½	400.98
Brandies,	"	65	171.00
Whiskies,	"	211	251.62
Wines,	"	71	172.50
Scotch Ale,	2 doz.		4.00
Flasks and bottles,			8.18
Demijohns, kegs and trucking,			40.25
			<hr/>
			\$2454.20

Gross sales for August, 1860,

\$2,514.76

Consisting of

68½ bbls. N. E. Rum,	gals.	2885	\$1094.80
18 do. Alcohol,	"	744	448.90
10 do. Gin,	"	435	338.58
Brandies,	"	92	297.75
Whiskies,	"	216	196.50
Wines,	"	14	41.50
St. Croix Rum,	"	5	5.00
London Porter,	10 doz.		26.62

1 half bbl. Ale,	\$5.00
Demijohns, kegs and trucking,	60.11

\$2514.76

Gross sales for September, 1860, \$2,856.51

Consisting of

69 bbls. N. E. Rum,	gals. 2908	\$1052.17
21 do. Alcohol,	" 903	541.80
7½ do. Gin,	" 340	279.51
Brandies,	" 179½	548.63
Whiskies,	" 199½	184.86
Wines,	" 66	139.37
St. Croix Rum,	" 5	5.00
London Porter and Ale,	17 doz.	38.37
Catawba Brandy,	1 case,	9.50
Demijohns, kegs and trucking,		57.30

\$2856.51

Gross sales for October, 1860, \$2,002.94

Consisting of

54 bbls. N. E. Rum,	gals. 2240	\$804.88
17 do. Alcohol,	" 765	460.25
8½ do. Gin,	" 373	317.77
Brandies,	" 52	181.75
Whiskies,	" 113	119.87
Wines,	" 32	59.12
Jamaica Rum,	" 5	7.50
London Porter,	4 doz.	10.75
Demijohns, kegs and trucking,		41.05

\$2002.94

Appendix.

629

Gross sales for November, 1860,

\$1,534.68

Consisting of

43½ bbls. N. E. Rum,	gals. 1852	\$668.40
12½ do. Alcohol,	“ 518	311.05
2 do. Gin,	“ 90	59.13
Brandies,	“ 26	67.13
Whiskies,	“ 225	231.24
Wines,	“ 35	77.50
St. Croix Rum,	“ 67	67.50
London Porter,	2 doz.	2.75
Gin Schnapps,	1 case,	5.00
Catawba Brandy,	1 case,	9.50
Demijohns, kegs and trucking,		35.61
		<hr/>
		\$1,534.68

Gross sales for December, 1860,

\$1,457.87

Consisting of

44½ bbls. N. E. Rum,	gals. 1858	\$668.97
9½ do. Alcohol,	“ 397	238.50
6 do. Gin,	“ 255	214.32
Brandies,	“ 32	114.25
Whiskies,	“ 145	138.75
Wines,	“ 8	24.00
St. Croix Rum,	“ 10	10.00
London Porter,	4 doz.	10.50
Demijohns, kegs and trucking,		38.58
		<hr/>
		\$1,457.87

Gross sales for January, 1861,

\$1,374.73

Consisting of

32½ bbls. N. E. Rum,	gals. 1359	\$485.04
9½ do. Alcohol,	“ 410	228.48

9 bbls. Gin,	gals.	403	\$292.87
Brandies,	"	12	42.50
Whiskies,	"	210	249.11
Wines,	"	16	48.00
Demijohns, kegs and trucking,			28.73

\$1,374.73

Gross sales for February, 1861,

\$1,135.35

Consisting of

30½ bbls. N. E. Rum,	gals.	1278	\$434.78
10½ do. Alcohol,	"	428	242.16
6 do. Gin,	"	261	236.20
Brandies,	"	18	71.25
Whiskies,	"	69	82.50
Wines,	"	19	52.50
Demijohns, kegs and trucking,			15.96

\$1,135.35

Gross sales for March, 1861,

\$1,328.38

Consisting of

30 bbls. N. E. Rum,	gals.	1259	\$433.25
10½ do. Alcohol,	"	430	233.42
5½ do. Gin,	"	243	233.00
Brandies,	"	26	103.75
Whiskies,	"	142	179.24
Wines,	"	43	91.50
London Porter and Ale,	8 doz.		19.50
Demijohns, kegs and trucking,			34.72

\$1,328.38

Appendix.

631

Gross sales for April, 1861, \$2,354.00

Consisting of

32 bbls. N. E. Rum,	gals. 1337	\$427.84
19 do. Alcohol,	" 823	406.82
11 do. Gin,	" 472	464.20
Brandies,	" 155	520.75
Whiskies,	" 179	229.75
Wines,	" 78	153.25
London Porter and Ale,	23 $\frac{1}{4}$ doz.	60.69
Catawba Brandy,	2 cases,	19.00
1 cask of Ale,		6.00
Demijohns, kegs and trucking,		65.70
		<hr/>
		\$2,354.00

Gross sales for May, 1861, to 20th, inclusive, \$1,489.24

Consisting of

33 bbls. N. E. Rum,	gals. 1399	\$447.76
11 do. Alcohol,	" 463	233.33
7 do. Gin,	" 329	224.24
Brandies,	" 52	161.62
Whiskies,	" 298	279.36
Wines,	" 43	91.50
1 cask Ale,		5.00
St. Croix Rum,	10	10.00
Demijohns, kegs and trucking,		36.43
		<hr/>
		\$1,489.24

Gross sales for the year, \$23,748.88

RECAPITULATION.

New-England Rum,	\$8,662.76
Alcohol,	4,280.51
Gins,	3,414.93
Brandies,	2,733.00
Whiskies,	2,598.04
Wines,	1,119.74
St. Croix and Jamaica Rums,	115.00
Porter and Ale,	276.79
Gin Schnapps,	20.00
Flasks and Bottles,	8.18
Demijohns, kegs and trucking,	519.93
	<hr/>
Errors excepted.	\$23,748.88

E. A. BOARDMAN.

Boston, May 27, 1861.

LIST OF AGENTS IN NEW-HAMPSHIRE.

List of cities and towns in New-Hampshire, and the names of the Agents (with amounts) who have ordered Liquors from E. A. BOARDMAN, from May 21, 1860, to May 20, 1861, inclusive :

Andover,	George W. Thompson,	\$41.66
Alstead,	C. H. Bemis,	410.29
Amherst,	J. F. Whiting,	75.47
Boscawen,	W. A. Huntress,	113.69
Barnstead,	Timothy Emerson,	322.92
Bethlehem,	C. G. Eastman,	50.25
Berlin,	Insley Bean,	208.59
Chesterfield,	E. P. Wetherell,	56.57
Canaan,	Moses G. Kelley,	112.60
	J. T. Milton,	477.34
Cornish,	J. O. Wyman,	80.65
Canterbury,	J. K. Taylor,	155.75
Concord,	Calvin Thorn,	1056.55
	A. A. Dow,	698.47
Charlestown,	F. W. Putnam,	323.04
Claremont,	T. R. Gowdey,	31.91
Chester,	C. S. Wilcomb,	158.38
Candia,	W. D. Ladd,	31.28
Dorchester,	A. Blodgett, Jr.,	283.04
Dublin,	G. A. Gowing,	26.80
Dalton,	M. H. Rix,	189.77
Dover,	J. E. Lothrop,	269.19
	Charles A. Tufts,	875.36
Dummer,	H. M. Abbott,	95.79

Enfield,	E. C. Chandler,	287.76
	G. W. Johnson,	176.90
Ellsworth,	Jonathan Ferrin,	50.12
Eaton,	Thomas R. Giles,	48.04
	Jacob Manson,	41.62
Epping,	Geo. Sawyer,	125.43
	Geo. E. Lawrence,	46.55
Franklin,	M. M. Burbank,	25.15
	Lewis Lord,	275.44
Freedom,	John Philbrick,	371.45
Francestown,	W. H. Johnson,	79.82
Farmington,	L. Wentworth,	304.00
Gilford,	J. L. Odell,	414.25
Goshen,	Dexter Dodge,	223.22
	S. G. Pike,	31.55
Gorham,	John Brewer, Jr.,	69.25
Groton,	C. H. Woodward,	84.13
Grafton,	A. L. Haskins,	177.38
Gilmanton,	C. A. Hatch,	443.58
	L. H. Mudgett,	492.88
	Rice Gilman,	21.25
Hill,	Gardner Evans,	388.34
Hanover,	J. A. Smith,	484.16
Hinsdale,	O. J. Martin,	46.95
Haverhill,	H. M. Marsh,	90.56
	Geo. W. Mason,	118.70
	S. F. Hook,	500.61
	Nelson H. Ladd,	85.39
Henniker,	James P. Baker,	35.82
Holderness,	J. R. Willouby,	551.61
Hudson,	Geo. W. Hills,	403.61
Jaffrey,	Ebenezer Upton,	82.55
	Charles H. Powers,	142.08
Keene,	David Hutchins,	3.75
Lebanon,	G. S. Kendrick,	512.99

Lisbon,	Bela Young,	440.16
	B. F. Wells,	142.12
	Geo. Pearsons,	64.37
Loudon,	H. J. Osgood,	199.47
	Lyman D. Clough,	92.97
Lyme,	John P. Breck,	322.38
Lancaster,	H. Twitchell,	129.01
Marlborough,	S. A. Richardson,	207.64
Manchester,	John A. Perry,	250.45
Milan,	Geo. Russell,	218.39
Marlow,	M. Perkins,	96.47
Milford,	H. Eldredge,	327.88
Meredith,	B. D. Plaisted,	64.82
Madison,	J. J. Merrow,	64.20
Monroe,	Horace Duncan,	173.44
	James A. Moore,	237.68
Newport,	T. A. Twitchell,	76.67
	E. L. Twitchell,	111.71
New-London,	J. C. Pattee,	109.70
Northwood,	H. L. Carter,	187.32
Northumberland,	C. H. Rich,	152.98
New-Hampton,	R. L. Robinson,	23.36
	Wm. Boswell,	167.91
Ossipee,	S. J. Stevens,	127.27
Orford,	A. C. Cushman,	183.65
Plymouth,	J. H. Wilkinson,	134.41
	S. Sanborn,	109.33
	G. Fellows,	167.83
	L. S. Gordon,	78.43
Plainfield,	S. D. Stone,	282.73
	Wm. D. Colby,	179.19
	Bradbury Dyer,	32.52
Piermont,	A. C. Walker,	147.41
Peterborough,	Asa Davis,	473.87
Raymond,	D. A. Bean,	186.15

Rumney,	Isaac Hadley,	\$181.27
Richmond,	Amos Gurnsey,	88.17
Rindge,	Wm. S. Rugg,	117.38
Sunapee,	W. A. Angell,	59.27
Sandwich,	Geo. W. Mann,	441.63
Strafford,	John Tuttle, Jr.,	118.35
	John J. Leighton,	64.51
	John B. Foss,	135.61
Somersworth,	M. V. Peavey,	194.24
Stoddard,	C. A. Blodgett,	38.78
Springfield,	L. S. Heath,	281.86
	Joseph M. Roby,	23.29
Tamworth,	S. E. Remick,	83.82
	F. N. Burleigh,	119.15
Troy,	A. M. Caverly,	134.17
Tuftonborough,	John L. Hersey,	77.22
Unity,	C. R. Lewis,	53.34
Walpole,	Walton Mead,	236.71
	R. L. Ball,	43.16
Washington,	Martin Chase,	112.28
West Springfield,	P. Loverin,	142.36
	Joseph Davis, Jr.,	45.74
Wolfborough,	C. R. Coleman,	318.10
	John G. Cate,	92.86
Webster,	G. W. Stevens,	125.22
Wilton,	F. Hutchinson,	145.60
West Northwood,	B. F. Towle,	151.76
Warner,	Thomas Chase,	699.41
Woodstock,	J. Tourtillott,	77.48
		<hr/>
		\$23,748.88

LITERARY FUND FOR 1861.

REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS.

In obedience to the provisions of the Revised Statutes, the Commissioners of the Literary Fund respectfully submit to the Honorable Legislature the following report :

Cash on hand, being the proportion due sundry unincorporated places from former dividends, not distributed, is \$28.91.

The amount paid into the Treasury the present year, by the several banking institutions, is as follows :

Banks.	Amount.
Ashuelot, Keene,	\$500.00
Amoskeag, Manchester,	1,000.00
Belknap County, Laconia,	400.00
Bank of New-Hampshire, Portsmouth,	750.00
Bank of Lebanon, Lebanon,	500.00
Cochecho, Dover,	500.00
City, Manchester,	750.00
Claremont, Claremont,	500.00
Citizens', Sanbornton,	350.00
Connecticut River, Charlestown,	500.00
Cheshire, Keene,	500.00
Cheshire County, Keene,	500.00
Carroll County, Sandwich,	250.00
Derry, Derry,	300.00
Dover, Dover,	500.00
Farmington, Farmington,	375.00
Francestown, Francestown,	300.00
Farmers & Mechanics', Rochester,	300.00
Granite State, Exeter,	500.00
Great Falls, Somersworth,	750.00
Indian Head, Nashua,	750.00
Lake, Wolfborough,	375.00
Langdon, Dover,	500.00

Mechanicks, Concord,	500.00
Merrimack County, Concord,	400.00
Manchester, Manchester,	625.00
Mechanics and Traders', Portsmouth,	705.00
Monadnock, Jaffrey,	250.00
Merrimack River, Manchester,	750.00
Nashua, Nashua,	625.00
New-Ipswich, New-Ipswich,	500.00
Newmarket, Newmarket,	400.00
Piscataqua Exchange, Portsmouth,	1,000.00
Pawtuckaway, Epping,	250.00
Pittsfield, Pittsfield,	250.00
Peterborough, Peterborough,	250.00
Pennichuck, Nashua,	500.00
Pine River, Ossipee,	250.00
Rochester, Rochester,	400.00
Rockingham, Portsmouth,	1,000.00
State Capital, Concord,	750.00
Salmon Falls, Rollinsford,	250.00
Strafford, Dover,	600.00
Sugar River, Newport,	250.00
Souhegan, Milford,	500.00
Somersworth, Somersworth,	500.00
Union, Concord,	500.00
Warner, Warner,	250.00
Weare, Hampton-Falls,	250.00
Winchester, Winchester,	500.00
White Mountain, Lancaster,	250.00
Valley, Hillsborough,	250.00

\$25,155.00

Deduct overpaid for the year 1860,

156.34

\$24,998.66

NATHANIEL S. BERRY,	} Commissioners
ALLEN TENNY,	
PETER SANBORN,	
	} for said
	} Fund.

Concord, N. H., June 26, 1861.

REPORT OF THE STATE LIBRARIAN.

To the Honorable Senate and House of Representatives :

Agreeably to the requirements of the law of 1846, the undersigned respectfully submits the following Annual Report :

The appropriation of three hundred dollars, made by the last Legislature, has been expended in supplying the missing volumes of the judicial reports of other States, and the sets of such reports are now believed to be complete.

An improvement in the arrangement of the books has been made during the year, and an addition of between four and five hundred volumes has been made by the expenditure of the annual appropriation and exchange.

No new suggestions occur to the undersigned to make in relation to the Library ; but he repeats his recommendation, made in a previous report, that a larger annual appropriation for the increase of the Library would greatly subserve the public interest.

ALLEN TENNY, *State Librarian.*

LIBRARY ROOM, June 15, 1861.

LIST OF LAW BOOKS

PURCHASED TO

FILL UP SETS OF REPORTS FROM OTHER STATES.

- Connecticut Reports, vols. 10, 14 and 15.
Johnson's Reports, vols. 6 and 12.
Caines' Reports, 3 vols.
Caines' Cases, 2 vols. in one.
Johnson's Cases, 3 vols.
Barbour's Reports, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10.
Comstock's Reports, vols. 3 and 4.
Sanford's Chancery Reports, 4 vols.
Pennington's Reports, 1 vol.
Cox's Reports, 1 vol.
Southard's Reports, 2 vols.
Halstead's Reports, 7 vols.
Harrison's Reports, vols. 1, 2 and 4.
Zabriskie's Reports, 1 vol.
Saxton's Chancery Reports, 1 vol.
Paige's Chancery Reports, 11 vols.
Sanford's Reports, vols. 3, 4 and 5.
Duer's Reports, 6 vols.
Sergeant & Rawle, 17 vols.
Penn. State Report, 1-17, and vols. 26 and 27.

Concord, April 18, 1861.

MAINE.

- Maine Reports, vol. 45. 1 copy, bound.
Laws of Maine, 1860. 1 copy, pamphlet.

VERMONT.

- Laws of Vermont, 1859. 1 copy, bound.
Vermont Senate Journal, 1859. 1 copy, bound.
Vermont House Journal, 1859. 1 copy, bound.
Report of Board of Education, 1859. 1 copy, pamphlet.
Second Registration Report, 1858. 1 copy, bound.
Vermont Reports, vol. 31. 1 copy, bound.

CONNECTICUT.

- Journal of the House of Representatives, 1860. 1 copy, pamphlet.
Public Acts of Connecticut, 1860. 3 copies, pamphlet.
Transactions of Connecticut State Agricultural Society, 1858. 1 copy, bound.
Journal of the Senate, 1860. 1 copy, pamphlet.
Reports to the General Assembly of Connecticut, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
Private Acts of Connecticut, 1860. 1 copy, pamphlet.
Connecticut Reports, vol. 28. 1 copy, bound.

MASSACHUSETTS.

- General Statutes of Massachusetts, 1860. 2 copies, bound.
Plymouth Colony Records, 1653-1679, vol. 10. 1 copy, bound.
Acts and Resolves, 1860. 2 copies, pamphlet.
Cushing's Reports, vol. 12. 1 copy, bound.
Public Documents of Massachusetts, Nos. 1 to 6, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
Public Documents of Massachusetts, Nos. 7 to 42, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
Gray's Reports, vol. 13. 1 copy, bound.

NEW-YORK.

- New-York Reports, vol. 20. 1 copy, bound.
 Laws of New-York, 1860. 2 copies, bound.
 Index to Documents. 1 copy, bound.
 Index to Laws, 1777-1858. 1 copy, bound.
 Assembly Documents, vols. 1 to 6, 1860. 6 copies, bound.
 Senate Journal, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
 Assembly Journal, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
 Barbour's Supreme Court Reports, vol. 31. 1 copy, bound.
 New-York Reports, vol. 10. 1 copy, bound.
 Barbour's Supreme Court Reports, vol. 30. 1 copy, bound.
 Parker's Criminal Report, vol. 4. 1 copy, bound.
 New-York Reports, vol. 21. 1 copy, bound.

NEW-JERSEY.

- Laws of New-Jersey, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
 Beasley's Reports, vol. 1. 1 copy, bound.
 Stockton's Reports, vol. 3. 1 copy, bound.

PENNSYLVANIA.

- Laws of Pennsylvania, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
 Pennsylvania State Reports, vol. 35. 1 copy, bound.
 Pennsylvania Senate Journal, 1860. 1 copy, pamphlet.
 Pennsylvania House Journal, 1860. 1 copy, pamphlet.
 Pennsylvania Legislative Documents, 1860. 1 copy, pamphlet.

KENTUCKY.

- Revised Statutes of Kentucky, vol. 1. 1 copy, bound.
 Revised Statutes of Kentucky, vol. 2. 1 copy, bound.
 First Report of the Kentucky Agricultural Society. 1 copy,
 bound.
 Second Report of the Kentucky Agricultural Society. 1 copy,
 bound.
 Metcalf's Kentucky Reports, vol. 2. 1 copy, bound.

LOUISIANA.

- Legislative Documents, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
 Acts of Louisiana, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
 Journal of the Senate, 1860. 1 copy, pamphlet.
 Journal of the House, 1860. 1 copy, pamphlet.

CALIFORNIA.

- Statutes of California, 1860. 2 copies, bound.
 Journal of the Senate, 1860. 2 copies, bound.
 Appendix to Senate Journals, 1860. 2 copies, bound.
 Journal of the Assembly, 1860. 2 copies, bound.
 Appendix to Assembly Journals, 1860. 2 copies, bound.
 California Reports, vol. 13. 2 copies, bound.

IOWA.

- Iowa Reports, vol. 8. 1 copy, bound.
 Revision of 1860 (Laws of Iowa). 2 copies, bound.

TERRITORY OF NEBRASKA.

- House Journal of the Legislative Assembly, 1859. 1 copy,
 pamphlet.
 Council Journal of the Legislative Assembly, 1859. 1 copy,
 pamphlet.

OHIO.

- Proceedings of State Board of Equalization. 1 copy, bound.
 Senate Journal, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
 House Journal, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
 Laws of Ohio, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
 Ohio State Reports, vol. 9. 1 copy, bound.
 Ohio Agricultural Report, 1859. 1 copy, bound.
 Executive Documents, part 1, 1859. 1 copy, bound.
 Executive Documents, part 2, 1859. 1 copy, bound.

MARYLAND.

- Maryland Code Public Local Law, vol. 1. 1 copy, bound.
 Maryland Code Public Local Law, vol. 2. 1 copy, bound.
 Laws of Maryland, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
 House Documents, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
 Senate Journal and Documents, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
 Journal of the House of Delegates, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
 Wingate's Maryland Register, 1860-61. 1 copy, bound.
 Maryland Reports, vol. 15. 1 copy, bound.
 Maryland Reports, vol. 16. 1 copy, bound.

WISCONSIN.

- Laws of Wisconsin. 1 copy, bound.
 Wisconsin Reports, vol. 8. 1 copy, bound.
 Senate Journal, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
 Assembly Journal, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
 Governor's Messages and Accompanying Documents, 1860. 1
 copy, bound.
 Laws of Wisconsin, 1860. 1 copy, bound.
 Transactions State Agricultural Society, 1858-59. 2 copies,
 bound.
 Wisconsin Reports, vol. 9. 1 copy, bound.
 Wisconsin Reports, vol. 10. 1 copy, bound.

VIRGINIA.

- Acts of Assembly, 1859-60. 1 copy, bound.
 Documents, 1859-60, part 1. 1 copy, bound.
 Documents, 1859-60, part 2. 1 copy, bound.
 Documents, 1859-60, part 3. 1 copy, bound.
 Documents, 1859-60, part 4. 1 copy, bound.
 Documents, 1859-60, part 5. 1 copy, bound.
 Documents, 1859-60, part 6. 1 copy, bound.
 Journal H. Delegates. 1 copy, bound.

MISSOURI.

Missouri Reports, vol. 29. 1 copy, bound.

GEORGIA.

Georgia Reports, vol. 27. 1 copy, bound.

Georgia Reports, vol. 28. 1 copy, bound.

TEXAS.

Texas Reports, vol. 22. 1 copy, bound.

Texas House Journal, 1859-60. 1 copy, bound.

Texas Senate Journal, 1859-60. 1 copy, bound.

Texas Laws, 1859-60. 1 copy, bound.

TERRITORY OF WASHINGTON.

Journal of Council, 1860. 1 copy, pamphlet.

Journal of House of Representatives. 1 copy, pamphlet.

Laws of Washington Territory. 1 copy, pamphlet.

TOWN OF GLOUCESTER.

History of the town of Gloucester, Mass. 1 copy.

BOOKS PRESENTED BY MASON W. TAPPAN.

Covode Investigation, 1860. 1 copy.

CANADA.

Legislative Council Journal and Appendices, for 1859, vol. 4 and 5. 1 copy.

Consolidated Reports of Canada. 1 copy.

Consolidated Reports of Upper Canada. 1 copy.

Statutes of 1860. 1 copy.

Trade Returns for 1858 and 1859. 1 copy.

Eastern Townships Scenery and Pamphlets. 1 copy.

Session Papers, 1 to 5, and 6 to 16, vol. 18, No. 1, and vol. 18, No. 2, 1860. 2 copies.

Journals Legislative Assembly, vol. 18, 1860. 1 copy.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

- Acts, Reports and Resolutions of the General Assembly of South-Carolina, 1859. 1 copy, bound.
 Acts, Reports and Resolutions of the General Assembly of South-Carolina, 1858. 1 copy, bound.

ALABAMA.

- Journal of the Senate, 1860. 1 copy, pamphlet.
 Journal of the House, 1860. 1 copy, pamphlet.
 Acts of Alabama, 1859-60. 1 copy, bound.

TENNESSEE.

- Laws of Tennessee, 1859-60. 1 copy, bound.
 Public Documents Tennessee Legislature, 1859-60. 1 copy, bound.
 Senate Journal, 1859-60. 1 copy, bound.
 Report of the Joint Select Committee to investigate offices of Comptroller and Secretary of State. 1 copy, pamphlet.
 House Journal, 1859-60. 1 copy, bound.
 Head's Reports, vol. 1. 1 copy, bound.
 Head's Reports, vol. 2. 1 copy, bound.

UNITED STATES.

- House Journal, 36th Congress, 1859-60. 2 copies, bound.
 Foreign Relations, vol. 5, from 1819 to 1826. 1 copy, bound.
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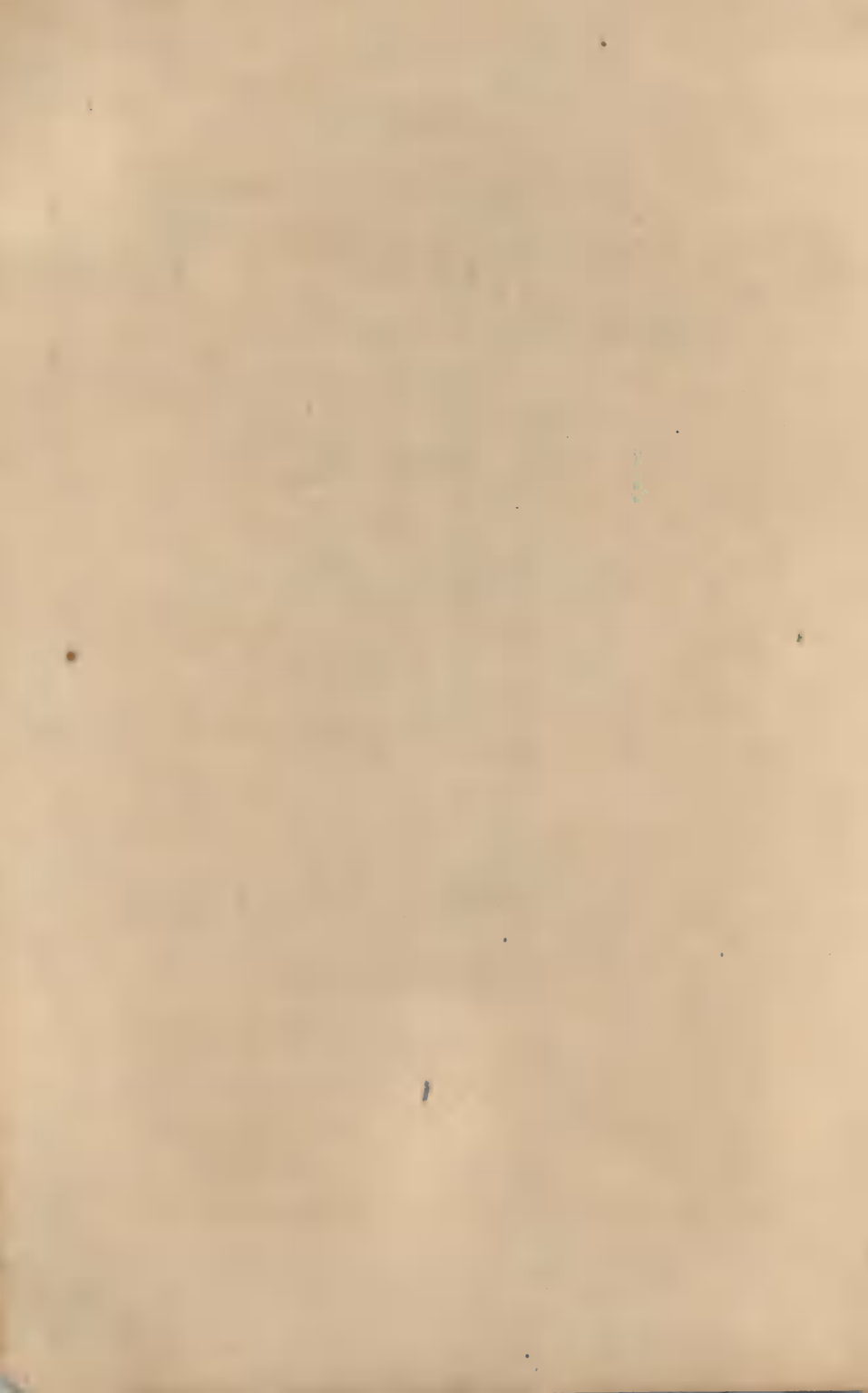
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